

الإدارة العامة للتعليم الخاص
مدرسة التميز النموذجية
قسم اللغة الإنجليزية



المراجعة النهائية
قواعد

الصف التاسع
الفصل الدراسي الأول
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Grade Nine

Grammar Revision

Unit 1

*نضيف للفعل S مع:

He = Ali	+ Verb → + s
She = Huda	
It = Cat	

Ali usually reads the Quran.

* يأتي المضارع البسيط مع:

every....	كل	always	دائما	usually	عادة
sometimes	أحيانا	often	غالباً	rarely	نادراً

* لنفي جملة في المضارع البسيط نأتي بـ (don't / doesn't) قبل الفعل:

I	Play	with a ball every day.
You		
We	don't play	
They		
He (Ali)	plays	
She (Huda)		
It (Cat)	doesn't play	

* لعمل سؤال في المضارع البسيط نبدأ بـ (Do / Does) كالآتي:

Yes/No Question:

Statement	Question
Yes, I <u>like</u> to go on an expedition.	Do you like to go on an expedition?
Yes, she <u>gets</u> the highest mark in the class.	Does she get the highest mark in the class?
No, we <u>don't</u> go abroad.	Do you go abroad?





Past Simple

الماضي البسيط

○ يتكون الماضي البسيط من التصريف التالي:

- I visited my uncle yesterday.
- We met Sara last week.

○ يأتي الماضي البسيط مع:

yesterday	أمس	Last.....	 الماضي	ago	منذ
In the past	في الماضي	once	ذات مرة	in 2015	في أي سنة ماضية

○ لنفي زمن الماضي البسيط نضع (didn't) قبل الفعل:

- I visited my uncle yesterday.
- I **didn't** visit my uncle yesterday.
- I met Sara last week.
- I **didn't** meet Sara last week.

○ لعمل سؤال في الماضي نبدأ بـ (Did) كالآتي:

Yes/No Question:

Statement	Question
Yes, I went to the cinema yesterday.	Did you go to the cinema yesterday?
No, my father didn't buy that car.	Did your father buy that car?



A) – Choose the correct answers from a, b, c and d:

1. Reem never on the school walls.
a) write b) writes c) wrote d) writing
2. Ali always his grandparents at the weekend.
a) visiting b) visit c) will visit d) visits
3. We usually messages to our friends.
a) send b) sends c) sending d) will send
4. My father sometimes me with my homework.
a) help b) helps c) helped d) helping
5. Hamad his teeth before sleeping yesterday.
a) brushes b) brushed c) brush d) brushing
6. Seif the piano last Monday.
a) played b) play c) playing d) plays
7. Aseel a gold medal in 2017.
a) win b) won c) wins d) winning

B) – Do as required in brackets:

1. My father usually.....(**give**) me pocket money at the weekend.
- 2- My little brother (**break**) my camera yesterday. (**Correct**)
- 3-A good student always (**revise**) his lessons regularly. (**Correct**)
- 4-In the past, expeditions.....(**be**) too risky. (**Correct**)
- 5-Sara wears a new dress for the wedding party.

(Ask a question)



Unit 2 Grammar



will + inf	Be going to + inf
1. Sudden decision قرار مفاجيء e.g.: The phone is ringing. I <u>will</u> answer it. 2. Predictions without evidence تنبؤات من دون دليل e.g.: I think there <u>will</u> be flying cars in 2050. 3. Making offers العروض e.g.: You look busy; I <u>will</u> help you. 4. Promises الوعود e.g.: Don't worry. I <u>will</u> be careful.	1. Plans خطط e.g.: I <u>am</u> going to buy a new car next week. 2. Predictions with evidence تنبؤات بدليل e.g.: The sky is full of dark clouds. It <u>is</u> going to rain.

A) – Choose the correct answer(s) from a, b, c and d:

1. I haven't decided where to spend my upcoming vacation; maybe, I to Spain.

- a) will go b) am going to go c) went d) was going

2. I think you.....the new movie – No Time to Die.

- a) liking b) are going to like c) will like d) has liked

3. Oh! We don't have any bread. I some from the bakery.

- a) bought b) am going to buy c) will buy d) buy

4. I want to borrow your suitcase because I Mom in Scotland next week.

- a) will visit b) am going to visit c) visited d) visit

5. You lost your wallet. Don't worry, I for your meal.

- a) will pay b) am going to pay c) paid d) pay



6. I've already made so many sandwiches. Dad us to the park.

- a) will take b) is going to take c) took d) taking

A. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

1. Look at the clouds! I think that it soon.

- a. is going to rain b. rains c. rained d. raining

2. books did you read? Your language got better.

- a. Where b. How many c. How much d. Who

3. I think that she us tomorrow. She told me that yesterday.

- a. visit b. visited c. will visit d. have visited

B. Do as shown between brackets:

4. We (travel) to Paris next holiday.

(correct)

.....

5. There are 10 cups on the table.

(Ask a question)

.....

6. They will spend their vacation in Thailand.

(Make negative)

.....



Unit 3 Grammar

If + Past Simple, would / wouldn't + V

e.g.: If I **had** enough money, I *would buy* a new car.

e.g.: If you **went** to bed earlier, you *wouldn't be* tired.

e.g.: I *would tell* Dad the truth if I **were** you.

Relative Pronouns

	Usage	Example
who	relates to people	The <u>musician</u> who wrote this song is Spanish.
which	relates to things / animals	This is the <u>cake</u> which Mum made.
whose	refers to possession	The <u>boy</u> whose <u>phone</u> just rang should stand up.

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

1. If I were hungry, I a sandwich.

- a) will make b) have made c) would make d) made

2. If he his homework every day, he would get better marks.

- a) did b) is doing c) does d) was doing



3. If our parents were here, they us what to do.

- a) told b) will tell c) have told d) would tell

4. I would help her if she me.

- a) asks b) asked c) will ask d) would ask

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

1. I talked to the girl.....car had broken down in front of the shop.

- a) who b) where c) which d) whose

2. That's Peter, the boy.....has just arrived at the airport.

- a) who b) where c) which d) whose

3. Thank you very much for your e-mail, ...was very interesting.

- a) who b) where c) which d) whose

4. The children.....shouted in the street are not from our school.

- a) who b) where c) which d) whose

B. Do as shown between brackets:

4. If I (be) him, I would donate my money to charity. (Correct)

.....

5. The man left quickly. The man's car is red. (Use: whose)

.....

.....

6. If the team trained more, they would win the match. (Make negative)

.....



Unit 4 Grammar

Present Continuous for future

استخدام المضارع المستمر للتعبير عن المستقبل

للتعبير عن أشياء تم الترتيب لها في المستقبل نستخدم زمن المضارع المستمر:

لاحظ: تكوين الفعل في زمن المضارع المستمر:

I	am		
He / She / It / singular	is	v + ing	+
We / You / They / plural	are		

- I'm meeting my friends tonight.

لاحظ: كلمات تدل على المضارع المستمر للتعبير عن المستقبل:

- tomorrow - tonight - next / soon / in the future / in a week / in 2040 / this weekend

لاحظ: نستخدم (am, is, are + v + ing) مع كلمة دالة على المستقبل للتعبير عن ترتيبات مستقبلية:

- I'm eating at Hardees tonight.
- Dad is taking us to Aqua Park tomorrow.
- They are opening a new school next week.

لاحظ: لنفي فعل في المضارع المستمر نستخدم not بعد am, is, are

I	am	am not		
He / She / It / singular	is	is not (isn't)	v + ing	+
We / You / They / plural	are	are not (aren't)		

لاحظ: طريقة النفي في المضارع المستمر:

- Ahmed is working tomorrow. (Make Negative)
- Ahmed is **not** working tomorrow.

لاحظ: يمكن استخدام الاختصارات 'm / 's / 're

لاحظ: لتكوين سؤال بـ هل في المضارع المستمر نبدأ بـ Am, Is, Are

Yes, the girls are painting this weekend. (Ask a question)
Are the girls painting this weekend?

لاحظ: لتكوين سؤال يبدأ بـ Wh في المضارع المستمر:

The girls are painting tomorrow. (Ask a question)
What are the girls doing tomorrow?



Exercises

A) – Choose the correct answer(s) from a, b, c and d:

1. I the train to Paris tomorrow.
a) take b) am taking c) is taking d) took
2. We.....with Susan at 3 o'clock tomorrow afternoon.
a) met b) would meet c) were meeting d) are meeting
3. They to New York tomorrow morning.
a) is flying b) flew c) are flying d) have flown
4. We.....at Joe's Cafe tonight. We've already booked the table.
a) are eating b) ate c) have eaten d) are eaten
5. He.....at Damascus Airport tomorrow morning about 7.30.
a) arrives b) has arrived c) am arriving d) is arriving
6. The students the Scientific Center next Sunday.
a) visit b) are visiting c) have visited d) is visiting
7. Tonight, I "Furious 8" at home alone.
a) watched b) have watched c) am watching d) watch
8. What time are Paul and Paula for dinner tonight?
a) coming b) came c) comes d) come
9. We..... a barbecue at the weekend. We've invited lots of people.
a) had b) are having c) have d) would have
10. Our teacher has booked a bus because the class a museum next week.
a) has visited b) visited c) is visiting d) visit



A. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

1. What are you doing tomorrow evening? I..... volleyball with my friends.
a. am playing b. play c. playing d. played
2. Listen! These girls loudly. Let's go to another place to talk.
a. speak b. are speaking c. spoke d. were speaking
- 3 The students the scientific center next Sunday. I'm going with them.
a. visit b. are visiting c. visiting d. is visiting

B. Do as shown between brackets:

4. My father is reading a novel tomorrow evening. **(Ask a question)**

.....

5. She is preparing dinner tonight. **(Make Negative)**

.....

6. - My parents (attend) my graduation party on Wednesday. **(Correct)**

خمسة وعشرون عاماً من التميز



القواعد GRAMMAR

Present continuous Passive

المبني للمجهول في زمن المضارع المستمر

مفعول أصبح فاعل	am is are	being	الشكل الثالث للفعل (v3)	by	فاعل أصبح مفعول	
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فاعل

subject

فعل

verb

مفعول

object

Active → Omar is writing letters now.

Passive → Letters **are being** written by Omar now.

past continuous Passive

المبني للمجهول في زمن الماضي المستمر

مفعول أصبح فاعل	was were	being	الشكل الثالث للفعل (v3)	by	فاعل أصبح مفعول	
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فاعل

subject

فعل

verb

مفعول

object

Active → Omar was writing letters yesterday.

Passive → Letters **were being** written by Omar yesterday.

المبني للمجهول مع الأفعال الناقصة

.....	فاعل أصبح مفعول	by	الشكل الثالث للمفعول (v3)	be	Model verb	مفعول أصبح فاعل
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Passive → Basketball **will be** played by Hamad tomorrow.

A) – Choose the correct answer(s) from a, b, c and d:

1. English in many countries of the world.

- a) speaks b) is spoken c) spoke d) is speaking

2. The oldest house in the USA in 1624.

- a) was built b) is being built c) will be built d) built

3. Two car thieves by the police last night.

- a) are arrested b) were arrested c) arrested d) were arresting

4. Pizza with cheese and tomatoes.

- a) makes b) is made c) is making d) will make

5. Corals to make jewellery.

- a) are collecting b) will collect c) was collected d) are collected

6. Hundreds of houses by the Great Fire of London.

- a) is destroyed b) were destroyed c) destroyed d) will destroy

7. Three people in the fight last night.

- a) are hurting b) are hurt c) were hurt d) will be hurt

8. All my letters and postcards by the postal services.

- a) are losing b) is lost c) lose d) were lost

9. Two windows during yesterday's party.

- a) is broken b) were breaking c) broke d) were broken

10. Girls and boys the same things in our school.

- a) are taught b) are teaching c) was being taught d) teach

11. Sugar and tobacco on large fields in Brazil.

- a) grow b) are growing c) grew d) are grown

12. All the windows of the house at the moment.

- a) are cleaning b) are being cleaned c) clean d) were cleaned



13. "*Hamlet*" and "*Romeo and Juliet*" by William Shakespeare.

- a) were writing b) wrote c) were written d) write

14. Many people in the Second World War.

- a) are killed b) were killing c) killed d) were killed

15. An e-mail to my Dad a few hours ago.

- a) sends b) was sent c) can be sent d) is sending

16. The car this evening.

- a) will wash b) will be washed c) will washed d) will be wash

17. Their house every year.

- a) is painting b) was painted c) is pained d) paints

18. We *will* by that teacher

- a) teach b) have taught c) be taught d) being taught

19. The money *stolen* by the thieves if you leave it there.

- a) was b) will be c) was being d) is

20. This problem by your brother yesterday.

- a) was solved b) will be solved c) is solved d) solves

B) – Change into passive:

1. Millions of fans **will see** the final game tomorrow.

2. The publishers **are reading** the book.

3. Many people **use** bicycles as a means of transport.

4. They **were rebuilding** the old road when I drove by.



القواعد GRAMMAR

زمن المضارع التام Present Perfect Tense

يستخدم زمن المضارع التام للتعبير عن حدث في الماضي دون ذكر وقت حدوثه:

لاحظ: تكوين الفعل في زمن المضارع التام:

I / We / You / They / plural	have	P.P (v3)	+
He / She / It / singular	has		

- I have visited Failaka Island.
- Fahad has watched that film.

لاحظ: كلمات تدل على زمن المضارع التام: **ever / never / since / for / just / already / yet**

يستخدم زمن المضارع التام للتعبير عن:

I have visited Europe since 2010.	1	خبرات سابقة
We have been friends for 2 years.	2	حدث بدأ في الماضي وما زال قائم
The bus has just arrived.	3	حدث انتهى للتو
Omar has broken his arm.	4	حدث في وقت غير معروف

لاحظ: نستخدم ever للسؤال عن تجارب شخصية: Have you ever driven a car?

لاحظ: نستخدم never للتعبير عن النفي وتأتي في الجملة بعد have أو has: No, I have never driven a car.

لاحظ: نستخدم not في نفي المضارع التام: Mr. Ali has started the lesson.
Mr. Ali has not started the lesson.

لاحظ: نستخدم just / already في الجملة المثبتة: I have just finished my homework.
I have already finished my homework.

لاحظ: نستخدم yet في النفي والسؤال: Mr. Ali has not started the lesson yet.
Has Mr. Ali started the lesson yet?

لاحظ: لتكوين سؤال بهل في زمن المضارع التام نبدأ ب Have / Has: Yes, I have baked a pizza.
Have you ever baked a pizza?

لاحظ: لتكوين سؤال يبدأ ب Wh: When have you done your homework?
How long have they waited for the bus?

القواعد GRAMMAR

Present Perfect continuous Tense

زمن المضارع التام المستمر

يستخدم زمن المضارع التام المستمر للتعبير عن حدث بدأ في الماضي و مازال مستمر دون توقف حتى الوقت الحاضر:

لاحظ: تكوين الفعل في زمن المضارع التام المستمر:

I / We / You / They / plural	have	been	v + ing	+
He / She / It / singular	has			

- I **have been** visiting Failaka Island.
- Fahad **has been** watching that film.

لاحظ: كلمات تدل على زمن المضارع التام المستمر:

all (day , week , ...) / the whole ... / since / for

يستخدم زمن المضارع التام المستمر للتعبير عن:

1- حدث بدأ في الماضي واستمر دون توقف حتى الوقت الحاضر.

- Salim **has been** sleeping all day long.
- 2- نشاط حدث بشكل متكرر وعلى نحو مستمر حتى الوقت الحاضر.
- We **have been** learning English for 10 years.
- 2- تفسير و توضيح لوضع قائم الآن.
- I **have been** running; that's why I'm very tired.

لاحظ: لاحظ نستخدم not في نفي المضارع التام المستمر:

- Mr. Ali **has been** starting the lesson.
- Mr. Ali **has not been** starting the lesson.

لاحظ: لتكوين سؤال بهل في زمن المضارع التام المستمر نبدأ بـ **Have / Has**:

- Yes, the boys **have been** training for two hours. (Ask a question)
- **Have** the boys **been** training for two hours?

لاحظ: لتكوين سؤال يبدأ بـ **Wh** في زمن المضارع التام المستمر:

- The boys **have been** training for two hours. (Ask a question)
- How long **have** The boys **been** training?

لاحظ: الفرق بين الجملتين:

- 1- My mother **has made** the cakes **for** two hours.
- 2- My mother **has been making** the cakes **for** two hours.

- في الجملة الأولى ← تم الانتهاء من الحدث.

- في الجملة الثانية ← مازال الحدث مستمراً.



A) – Choose the correct answer(s) from a, b, c and d:

1. Julie to drive for six years!

- a) has been learning b) learns c) is learning d) have learnt

2. Mum three cakes. They look delicious!

- a) has been making b) have made c) has made d) is making

3. My parents at the airport yet.

- a) don't arrive b) hasn't arrived c) can't arrive d) haven't arrived

4. Have you ever.....to Canada?

- a) be b) been c) being d) will be

5. Ali has..... played tennis in the club.

- a) yet b) for c) since d) just

6. We have studied English September.

- a) yet b) for c) since d) just

7. I haven't seen that movie.....along time.

- a) yet b) for c) since d) just

8. Sami hasn't finished his report.....

- a) yet b) ever c) never d) already

Do as shown in brackets:

1- The doctors (**just finish**) the operation. (**Correct**)

2- I (**wait**) for Dana since 2 o'clock. (**Correct**)

3- Sami has already paid the electricity bill. (**Make negative**)

4- Ahmed has been teaching Maths since 1996. (**Ask a question**)

6- Laura has (**long – beautiful – blonde**) hair. (**Re-order**)

7- Samer bought a (**new- black – leather**) sofa in the sales. (**Re-order**)



Key Answer

UNIT ONE

1. Reem never on the school walls.
a) write **b) writes** c) wrote d) writing
2. Ali always his grandparents at the weekend.
a) visiting b) visit c) will visit **d) visits**
3. We usually messages to our friends.
a) send b) sends c) sending d) will send
4. My father sometimes me with my homework.
a) help **b) helps** c) helped d) helping
5. Hamad his teeth before sleeping yesterday.
a) brushes **b) brushed** c) brush d) brushing
6. Seif the piano last Monday.
a) played b) play c) playing d) plays
7. Aseel a gold medal in 2017.
a) win **b) won** c) wins d) winning

1-My father usually... **gives** **(give)** me pocket money at the weekend.

2. My little brother ... **broke** **(break)** my camera yesterday.

3-A good student always **revises** **(revise)** his lessons regularly.

4-In the past, expeditions..... **were** **(be)** too risky

5-Sara wears a new dress for the wedding party.

what does sara wear dress for the wedding party?

(Ask a question)



UNIT TWO

A) – Choose the correct answer(s) from a, b, c and d:

1. I haven't decided where to spend my upcoming vacation; may be, I to Spain.

- a) **will go** b) am going to go c) went d) was going

2. I think you.....the new movie – **No Time to Die.**

- a) liking b) are going to like c) **will like** d) has liked

3. Oh! We don't have any bread. I some from the bakery.

- a) bought b) **am going to buy** c) will buy d) buy

4. I want to borrow your suitcase because I Mom in Scotland next week.

- a) will visit b) **am going to visit** c) visited d) visit

5. You lost your wallet. Don't worry, I for your meal.

- a) **will pay** b) am going to pay c) paid d) pay

6. I've already made so many sandwiches. Dad us to the park.

- a) will take b) **is going to take** c) took d) taking

A. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

1. Look at the clouds! I think that it soon.

- a. **is going to rain** b. rains c. rained d. raining

2. books did you read? Your language got better.

- a. Where b. **How many** c. How much d. Who

3. I think that she us tomorrow. She told me that yesterday.

- a. visit b. visited c. **will visit** d. have visited

B. Do as shown between brackets:

5. We (travel) to Paris next holiday. (correct)

are going

6. There are 10 cups on the table. (Ask a question)

How many cups are there on the table?

7. They will spend their vacation in Thailand. (Make negative)

They will not spend their vacation in Thailand



UNIT THREE

1. If I were hungry, I a sandwich.

- a) will make b) have made c) **would make** d) made

2. If he his homework every day, he would get better marks.

- a) **did** b) is doing c) does d) was doing

3. If our parents were here, they us what to do.

- a) told b) will tell c) have told d) **would tell**

4. I would help her if she me.

- a) asks b) **asked** c) will ask d) would ask

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

1. I talked to the girl.....car had broken down in front of the shop.

- a) who b) where c) which d) **whose**

2. That's Peter, the boy.....has just arrived at the airport.

- a) **who** b) where c) which d) whose

3. Thank you very much for your e-mail, ...was very interesting.

- a) who b) where c) **which** d) whose

4. The children.....shouted in the street are not from our school.

- a) **who** b) where c) which d) whose

B. Do as shown between brackets:

1-If I (be) him, I would donate my money to charity. (Correct)

.....**were**.....

.....

2-The man left quickly. The man's car is red. (Use: whose

The man whose car is red left quickly

3-If the team trained more, they would win the match. (Make negative)

If the team didn't train more, they wouldn't win the match



UNIT FOUR

A) – Choose the correct answer(s) from a, b, c and d:

1. I the train to Paris tomorrow.
a) take **b) am taking** c) is taking d) took
2. We.....with Susan at 3 o'clock tomorrow afternoon.
a) met b) would meet c) were meeting d) **are meeting**
3. They to New York tomorrow morning.
a) is flying b) flew **c) are flying** d) have flown
4. We.....at Joe's Cafe tonight. We've already booked the table.
a) **are eating** b) ate c) have eaten d) are eaten
5. He.....at Damascus Airport tomorrow morning about 7.30.
a) arrives b) has arrived c) am arriving d) **is arriving**
6. The students the Scientific Center next Sunday.
a) visit **b) are visiting** c) have visited d) is visiting
7. Tonight, I "Furious 8" at home alone.
a) watched b) have watched c) **am watching** d) watch
8. What time are Paul and Paula for dinner tonight?
a) **coming** b) came c) comes d) come
9. We..... a barbecue at the weekend. We've invited lots of people.
a) had b) **are having** c) have d) would have
10. Our teacher has booked a bus because the class a museum next week.
a) has visited b) visited c) **is visiting** d) visit



A. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

1. What are you doing tomorrow evening? I..... volleyball with my friends.

a. am playing

b. play

c. playing

d. played

2. Listen! These girls loudly. Let's go to another place to talk.

a. speak

b. are speaking

c. spoke

d. were speaking

3 The students the scientific center next Sunday. I'm going with them.

a. visit

b. are visiting

c. visiting

d. is visiting

B. Do as shown between brackets:

8. My father is reading a novel tomorrow evening.

(Ask a question)

What is your father doing tomorrow evening?

9. She is preparing dinner tonight.

(Make Negative)

She is not preparing dinner tonight.

10. - My parents (attend) my graduation party on Wednesday.

(Correct)

are attending

UNIT FIVE

1. English in many countries of the world.

a) speaks

b) is spoken

c) spoke

d) is speaking

2. The oldest house in the USA in 1624.

a) was built

b) is being built

c) will be built

d) built

3. Two car thieves by the police last night.

a) are arrested

b) were arrested

c) arrested

d) were arresting

4. Pizza with cheese and tomatoes.

a) makes

b) is made

c) is making

d) will make



5. Corals to make jewellery.

- a) are collecting b) will collect c) was collected d) **are collected**

6. Hundreds of houses by the Great Fire of London.

- a) is destroyed b) **were destroyed** c) destroyed d) will destroy

7. Three people in the fight last night.

- a) are hurting b) are hurt c) **were hurt** d) will be hurt

8. All my letters and postcards by the postal services.

- a) are losing b) is lost c) lose d) **were lost**

9. Two windows during yesterday's party.

- a) is broken b) were breaking c) broke d) **were broken**

10. Girls and boys the same things in our school.

- a) are taught** b) are teaching c) was being taught d) teach

11. Sugar and tobacco on large fields in Brazil.

- a) grow b) are growing c) grew d) **are grown**

12. All the windows of the house at the moment.

- a) are cleaning b) **are being cleaned** c) clean d) were cleaned

13. "*Hamlet*" and "*Romeo and Juliet*" by William Shakespeare.

- a) were writing b) wrote c) **were written** d) write

14. Many people in the Second World War.

- a) are killed b) were killing c) killed d) **were killed**

15. An e-mail to my Dad.....a few hours ago.

- a) sends b) **was sent** c) can be sent d) is sending

16. The car.....this evening.

- a) will wash b) **will be washed** c) will washed d) will be wash



17. Their house every year.

- a) is painting b) was painted **c) is painted** d) paints

18. We *will* by that teacher

- a) teach b) have taught **c) be taught** d) being taught

19. The money *stolen* by the thieves if you leave it there.

- a) was **b) will be** c) was being d) is

20. This problem by your brother yesterday.

- a) was solved** b) will be solved c) is solved d) solves

B) – Change into passive:

1-Millions of fans **will see** the final game tomorrow.

The final game will be seen by millions of fans

2-The publishers **are reading** the book.

The book is being read by the publisher

3-Many people **use** bicycles as a means of transport.

Bicycles are being used as a means of transport.

4-They **were rebuilding** the old road when I drove by.

The old road were being rebuilding when I drove by

خمسة وعشرون عاماً من التميز

UNIT SIX

A) – Choose the correct answer(s) from a, b, c and d:

1. Julie to drive for six years!

- a) **has been learning** b) learns c) is learning d) have learnt

2. Mum three cakes. They look delicious!

- a) has been making b) have made **c) has made** d) is making

3. My parents at the airport yet.

- a) don't arrive b) hasn't arrived c) can't arrive **d) haven't arrived**



4. Have you ever.....to Canada?

a) be

b) been

c) being

d) will be

5. Ali has..... played tennis in the club.

a) yet

b) for

c) since

d) just

6. We have studied English September.

a) yet

b) for

c) since

d) just

7. I haven't seen that movie.....along time.

a) yet

b) for

c) since

d) just

8. Sami hasn't finished his report.....

a) yet

b) ever

c) never

d) already

Do as shown in brackets:

1- The doctors **have just finished** the operation. (Correct)

2- I **have been waiting** for Dana since 2 o'clock. (Correct)

3- Sami has already paid the electricity bill. (Make negative)

Sami has not paid the electricity bill

4- Ahmed has been teaching Math since 1996. (Ask a question)

How long has Ahmed been teaching Math?

6- Laura has (**long – beautiful – blonde**) hair. (Re-order)

... **beautiful long blonde**

7- Samer bought a (**new- black – leather**) sofa in the sales. (Re-order)

new black leather





مدرسة التميز النموذجية
(ابتدائي - متوسط - ثانوي)
الجهاز الفني التربوي

منصات التميز التعليمية

لزيارة منصة التميز التعليمية في اليوتيوب امسح الباركود التالي :



لزيارة منصة التميز التعليمية في تليجرام امسح الباركود الخاص بقناة كل فصل مما يلي :



الصف الرابع



الصف الثالث



الصف الثاني



الصف الأول



الصف التاسع



الصف الثامن



الصف السابع



الصف السادس



الصف الخامس



الصف الثاني عشر
أدبي



الصف الثاني عشر
علمي



الصف الحادي عشر
علمي



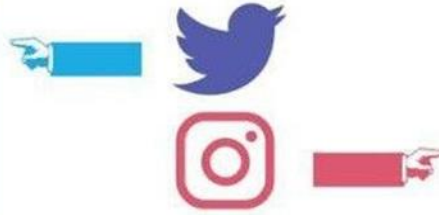
الصف الحادي عشر
أدبي



الصف العاشر



لزيارة صفحتنا في تويتر



لزيارة صفحتنا في الانستقرام

عنواننا : خيطان - ق ٤ - ش ١٠٠