Grade 09

2nd Term

Remedial Exercises

Grade 09

2nd Term 2025-2026

Unleash your Powers!

Scan. Enter. Explore.

Designed by:

Mr. Muhammad Ahmad Fathy

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A MESSAGE TO
Grade 9 Students

Dear Student,

Get ready to begin an exciting journey toward success, ***excellence,*** *and achievement in English!*

This booklet is your chance to challenge yourself, strengthen your skills, and discover how much you can achieve with hard work and **determination.**

Every lesson you study, every exercise you complete, and every effort you make brings you one step closer to your goals.

Never forget that success is not for the lazy or the fearful, but for those who believe in themselves, work hard, and refuse to give up.

So start with confidence, study with passion, and let this booklet be the beginning of your legendary success story.

Mr. Muhammad Ahmad Fathy

wishes you success & excellence.

Find me on:

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Grade 9

UNIT 5

The Power of SPORTS

Reading Lessons

- The Power of Sports
- The Rise of E-sports



Grammar

- The Past Perfect Tense
- If "Third Conditional"



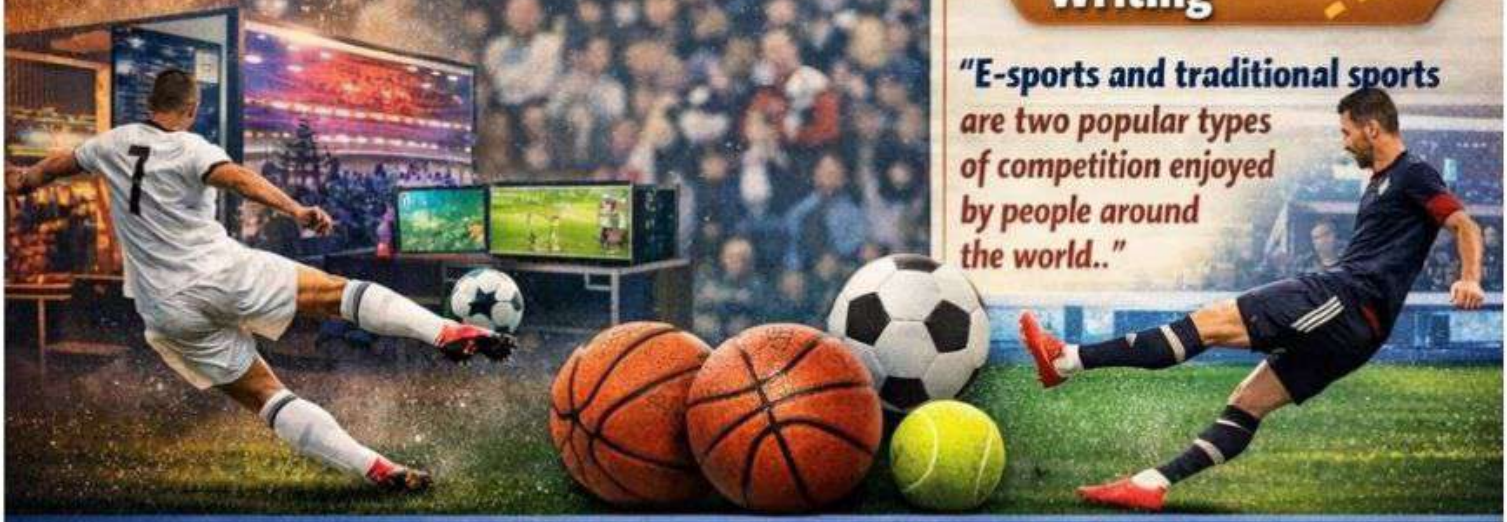
Comprehension

@ The Dodo Bird



Writing

"E-sports and traditional sports are two popular types of competition enjoyed by people around the world.."



Designed by: Mr. muhammad Ahmad Fathy

Grade 09 - 2nd Term - 2025-2026

Unit 5 : The power of Sports



Unit 5 : The power of sports

U.5-L.1 The power of sports P.19			U.5-L.5 The Rise of E-sports P.24		
enthusiastically	(adv.)	بحماس	emerge	(v.)	يظهر - يبرز
require	(v.)	يتطلب- يحتاج	rapidly	(adv.)	بسرعة
injury	(n.)	إصابة	platform	(n.)	منصة
compete	(v.)	ينافس	massive	(adj.)	ضخم - هائل
individually	(adv.)	بشكل فردي	evolve	(v.)	يتطور
boost	(v.)	يعزز – يقيم	intensively	(adv.)	بشكل مكثف
self-confidence	(n.)	الثقة بالنفس	strategy	(n.)	استراتيجية / خطة
fulfilling	(adj.)	مريح	professional	(adj.)	محترف
athlete	(adj.)	لاعب ألعاب القوى	experienced	(adj.)	ذو خبرة - خبير
key	(n.)	دلالي – هام - ضروري	nutritionist	(n.)	أخصائي تغذية
flexibility	(n.)	مرونة	genuine	(adj.)	حقيقي / أصلي
strategic	(adj.)	استراتيجي	dedication	(n.)	تفانٍ - اخلاص
technique	(n.)	تقنية	income	(n.)	دخل
performance	(n.)	أداء	fame	(n.)	شهرة
persistence	(n.)	المثابرة	addicted	(adj.)	مدمن
significant	(n.)	بارز – هام	pursue	(v.)	يلاحق
unite	(v.)	يوحد			
diverse	(adj.)	متنوع			
mutual	(adj.)	مشترك			
adopt	(v.)	يبدأ – يتبنى			
recreational	(adj.)	ترفيهي			

Linkers Bank

In conclusion	moreover	also	furthermore
في الختام	بالإضافة	أيضاً	و أيضاً

Grammar	1	The Past Perfect Tense
	2	If “ Third Conditional”

I. "Vocabulary"

A) Choose the correct answer from a,b,c and d:-

1. **Playing sports helps young people build strong ..... and believe in themselves.**
   a. strategy b. income c. self-confidence d. fame

2. **A professional athlete must ..... the advice of an experienced coach.**
   a. boost b. adopt c. unite d. emerge

3. **Social media has become a popular ..... for sharing ideas.**
   a. injury b. platform c. technique d. nutritionist

4. **A balanced diet is ..... for athletes to stay healthy.**
   a. massive b. key c. diverse d. recreational

5. **With hard work, new talents can ..... and become known.**
   a. pursue b. require c. emerge d. compete

6. **The coach designed a clear ..... for the team.**
   a. income b. fame c. injury d. strategy

7. **She decided to ..... her dream of becoming an athlete.**
   a. boost b. unite c. pursue d. evolve

8. **The team worked in a ..... way to win.**
   a. massive b. mutual c. fulfilling d. addicted

9. **Regular exercises can ..... your health.**
   a. boost b. require c. adopt d. compete

10. **An ..... nutritionist helps athletes choose healthy food.**
    a. significant b. diverse c. recreational d. experienced

11. **Success in sports needs a lot of ..... and hard work every day.**
    a. fame b. income c. dedication d. injury

12. **The athlete's ..... improved after months of regular training.**
    a. performance b. platform c. duty d. impact



B) Fill in the spaces with words from the list:-

injury – platform – emerged – compete – enthusiastically

12. Many new talents ..... during the competition last year.
13. A serious ..... can stop a player from training for months.
14. Adham ..... raised his hand to answer the question.
15. Players must ..... in tournaments to improve their skills.

self-confidence – strategy – boost – pursue – fulfilling

16. Practicing regularly can ..... your abilities and make you stronger.
17. Students with high ..... speak in public without fear.
18. Achieving your goals gives a ..... feeling of happiness.
19. The coach explained a new ..... to help the team win.

technique – flexibility – evolve – adopt – professional

20. New players must ..... modern methods to succeed.
21. His ..... improved after training with an experienced coach.
22. Yoga improves both strength and ..... for athletes.
23. Over time, athletes can ..... and reach a higher level.

dedication– performance – income – rapidly – strategic

24. Hard work can increase your ..... and makes you rich.
25. He learned the plan ..... to avoid any mistakes.
26. A lot of ..... is required to become a top athlete.
27. The singer's ..... impressed everyone during the concert.

II. "Reading Comprehension"

Read the following passage carefully, then answer the questions that follow:

Many species have disappeared because of people. One of the most famous is the dodo, a large bird that could not fly. People told stories about the dodo, calling it fat, slow, or lazy. They also said humans hunted it until none were left. When such animals disappeared, the environment became less rich.

The dodo lived only on Mauritius, a small island east of Africa near Madagascar. Before people came, the island had no mammals. The dodo's ancestors were pigeons that had flown there long ago. They found fruit, clean water, and no enemies. Over many years, they grew bigger and stopped flying.



When Europeans reached Mauritius, the Dutch **settled** and stayed there in 1638. They turned land into farms and brought chickens, cats, deer, and even rats. People hunted dodos, but the real danger was these new animals. Dodos used to bury their eggs in the forest to protect them, but rats and cats ate them. Cows and sheep ate the plants the dodo needed. Dodos moved further into the island and left **their** nests unprotected. Forests were also cut down for farms.

The last dodo was seen in 1662, when sailors caught a male and a female dodo. At that time, no one knew the dodo was disappearing. People did not even have the word "extinction" in this meaning until the 1700s. In 1833, scientists used the dodo to prove that humans could cause a bird to disappear. The Dutch left Mauritius in 1710, but by then many animals and plants were already gone forever.

A. From a, b, c or d, choose the most suitable answer:

09. The best title for this passage would be:

a. Mauritius Forests
b. Extinction of The Dodo
c. Animals of Mauritius
d. The Dutch in Mauritius

10. The underlined word 'settled' in the 3rd paragraph means: -

a. lived
b. bought
c. ate
d. painted

11. The underlined word 'their' in the 3rd paragraph refers to:

a. rats b. cows

c. dodos d. eggs

12. According to the passage, why did dodos stop flying?

a. They grew bigger. b. There were no enemies in Mauritius.

c. They were caught by sailors. d. They went further into the island.

13. According to the passage, what happened to the dodos' eggs?

a. The Dutch brought them to Mauritius.

b. Cats and rats ate them.

c. The dodos buried them in forests.

d. Cows and sheep ate their food.

14. The writer's purpose in writing this passage is to:

a. explain how humans caused the extinction of the dodo.

b. describe the geography of Mauritius.

c. show us that the dodo bird is fat and slow.

d. tell a story about the Dutch sailors.

B. With reference to the passage, answer the following questions:-

15. What happened to the forests of Mauritius after the Dutch arrived?

.....

16. When did the Dutch left Mauritius?

.....

III. " GRAMMAR"

The Past Perfect Tense زمن الماضي التام



التعريف

يُستخدم زمن الماضي التام للتعبير عن حدث **حدث قبل حدث آخر في الماضي.**

بمعنى آخر: لو عندنا حدثين في الماضي، **الحدث الأول يُصاغ بالماضي التام والحدث الثاني يُصاغ بالماضي البسيط.**

Keywords كلمات داله

After
As soon as } Subject + had/ hadn't + p.p ... , ماضـــي بســـيط
Because

ماضـــي بسيـــــط **after** Subject + had/ hadn't + p.p ...
as soon as
because

Before
By the time ماضـــي بسيـــــط , Subject + had/ hadn't + p.p ...
When

Subject + had/ hadn't + p.p ... **before** ماضـــي بسيـــــط
by the time
when

Examples

- ☐ I had finished my homework before my mother came home.
  → كنت قد أنهيت واجبي قبل أن تعود أمي إلى المنزل.
- ☐ She had already left when I arrived at the station.
  → كانت قد غادرت بالفعل عندما وصلت إلى المحطة.
- ☐ After Adham had finished his homework, he played FiFa 26 on his PS.
  → بعد ما انتهى أدهم من واجبه ، لعب فيفا 26 على البلاي ستيشن



A) Choose the correct answer from a,b,c and d:

1. Adham ..... his homework after he had come back from school.
   a. finishes b. had finished c. finished d. finishing
2. Hana ..... all the exercises before the teacher checked them.
   a. completing b. will complete c. had completed d. completes
3. As soon as we had arrived at the cinema, the movie ..... .
   a. started b. will start c. is starting d. had started
4. He didn't go to class because he ..... his homework the night before.
   a. hadn't done b. does c. did d. is doing
5. By the time the teacher arrived, we ..... the desks carefully.
   a. arranged b. have arranged c. arrange d. had arranged
6. Before the boy went to bed, he ..... his room neatly.
   a. had cleaned b. cleans c. is cleaning d. cleaned
7. We had already eaten by the time the guests ..... at our house.
   a. had arrived b. will arrive c. arrived d. have started
8. He ..... to class because he hadn't done his homework the night before.
   a. went b. didn't go c. goes d. had gone
9. When we reached the cinema, the movie ..... .
   a. begins b. began c. had begun d. begun
10. The students ..... video games after they had written all their essays.
    a. played b. have played c. play d. had played
11. Before the boy went to bed, he ..... his room neatly.
    a. had cleaned b. cleans c. is cleaning d. cleaned
12. The girl smiled because she ..... her lost notebook by the time the bell rang.
    a. finds b. had found c. finds d. has found
13. As soon as the children ..... dinner, they went to sleep.
    a. have b. is having c. had had d. will have

B) Do as shown between brackets:

14. The girl (finish) reading the book by the time the library closed.

..... . (Correct)

15. After Cristiano Ronaldo had scored the goal, he (celebrate) with his teammates.

..... . (Correct)

16. He called his friend after he (complete) his project.

..... . (Correct)

17. Adham (clean) his room before his parents returned home.

..... . (Correct)

18. The teacher had checked all the assignments by the time the students (come) to class.

..... (Correct)

19. Because she had studied all the vocabulary, she (get) the full mark.

..... . (Correct)

20. The children (build) a sandcastle after the tide had gone out.

..... . (Correct)

21. The man had arrived at the station before the train (leave).

..... . (Correct)

22. They (prepare) the classroom decorations as soon as the principal had approved the plan

..... (Correct)

23. She packed her suitcase after she (check) the weather forecast.

..... . (Correct)

24. Adham (watch) C.Ronaldo play several matches before he decided to join football.

..... . (Correct)

If "Third Conditional" الحالة الثالثة



التعريف

تُستخدم للتحدث عن **أشياء لم تحدث في الماضي**، أي للتعبير عن **الندم أو الافتراض عن الماضي.**

بمعنى آخر: نتخيل **ماذا كان سيحدث لو حدث شيء مختلف في الماضي.**

كنت هوصل بدري لو كنت نزلت من البيت بدري"

معنى الجمله اني لا وصلت بدري و لا نزلت ، أنا بس بفترض.

Form الصيغة

If + الفاعل + had + (التصريف الثالث) ..... , الفاعل + would have + (التصريف الثالث)

Examples

☐ **If I had studied harder, I would have passed the exam.**
→ لو كنت قد درست بجد أكثر، لكنت نجحت في الامتحان.

☐ **If Khaled had trained well, he would have won the match.**
→ لو كان خالد قد تدرب جيدًا، لكان فاز بالمباراة.

☐ **She would have arrived on time if she had left home early.**
→ كانت ستصل في الموعد لو خرجت من البيت مبكرًا.

☐ **If they had listened to the teacher, they would have understood the lesson.**
→ لو كانوا قد استمعوا إلى المدرس، لفهموا الدرس.

☐ **He wouldn't have felt tired if he had slept early.**
→ لم يكن ليشعر بالتعب لو نام مبكرًا.

☐ **What would you have done if you had seen a snake?**
→ ماذا كنت لتفعل لو كنت رأيت ثعباناً؟

C) Choose the correct answer from a,b,c and d:

1. If Cristiano Ronaldo ..... harder in that match, he would have scored more goals.

   a. performs b. had performed c. has performed d. perfoming

2. If the team had played better defense, they ..... the championship.

   a. had won b. won c. would have won d. wins

3. If the coach had chosen the right strategy, the players ..... better.

   a. would have performed b. perform c. will perform d. performed

4. If the boy ..... his homework earlier, he would have gone out with his friends.

   a. finished b. had finished c. has finished d. finishes

5. If the teacher had explained the lesson clearly, the students ..... it.

   a. will understand b. understand c. would have understood d. understanding

6. I ..... at work earlier if I hadn't missed the bus.

   a. would have been b. be c. had been d. will be

D) Do as shown between brackets:

7. If the weather (be) .....warmer, we would have gone on a school trip.

   ..... . (Correct)

8. The project would have succeeded if the team (work) ..... together.

   ..... (Correct)

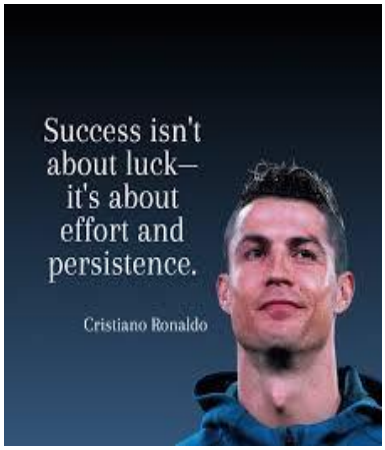
9. If I had known about the meeting earlier, I (attend) it.

   ..... . (Correct)

10. They (avoid) the problem if they had followed the instructions.

    ..... . (Correct)

IV.Writing



" E-sports and traditional sports are two popular types of competition enjoyed by people around the world.."

Plan and write a two-paragraph report about E-sports and physical sports, explaining how they are similar and how they are different.

Introduction:

.....

Paragraph (1): Similarities between E-sports and physical sports.

Topic sentence:

.....

Supporting details:

.....
.....
.....

Concluding sentence:

.....

Paragraph (2): Differences between E-sports and physical sports.

Topic sentence:

.....

Supporting details:

.....
.....
.....

Concluding sentence:

.....

Conclusion:

.....

Grade 09 Unit 6

Sustainability:

Smart Solutions for a better planet

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El Professor English
مناهج اللغة الإنجليزية

Reading Lessons

1. Should Cities become smart?
2. A Sustainable Life: Small Choices, Big Impact

Grammar

1. **Linkers of contrast**
   while, although, however, on the other hand
2. **Passive voice**
   (present continuous– past continuous – past perfect)

Writing Topic

Smart Cities? Yes or No?

Additional Comprehension

- **Eagles**

Brought to you by:
Mr. Muhammad Ahmad Fathy

Unit 6 : Sustainability: Smart Solutions for a Better Planet

الوحدة السادسة: ✨🌍الاستدامة: حلول ذكية من أجل كوكبٍ أفضل



Unit 5 : The power of sports

U.6-L.1 Should Cities become smart? P.31			U.6-L.5 A Sustainable Life:Small Choices, Big Impact P.36		
flow	(v.)	يتدفق / يسير	resource	(n.)	مصدر
Smoothly	(adv.)	بسلاسة / بسهولة	rely on	(Ph. v.)	يعتمد على
alert	(n.)	تنبيه / إشعار	thoughtful	(adj.)	مدروس / واعي
increasing	(adj.)	متزايد	appliance	(n.)	جهاز منزلي
traffic jam	(n.)	ازدحام مروري	solar panel	(n.)	لوح شمسي (لوح الطاقة الشمسية)
costly	(adj.)	مكلف	conservation	(n.)	الحفاظ على الموارد
risky	(adj.)	خطيـر	crucial	(adj.)	ضروري جدا
firmly	(adv.)	بقوة / بثبات	leak	(n.)	تسرب (ماء)
sustainability	(n.)	الاستدامة (الحفاظ على البيئة و مواردها)	lower	(v.)	يقلل / يخفِض
upgrade	(v.)	يطور-يحَدِث	precious	(adj.)	ثمين / غالي
privacy	(n.)	خصوصية	considerable	(adj.)	كبير / ملحوظ
data	(n.)	بيانات - معلومات	emit	(v.)	يطلق/ينبعث (غازات)
engaging	(adj.)	ممتع / جذاب	locally	(adv.)	محلياً
monitor	(v.)	يراقب / يتابع	eco-friendly	(adj.)	صديق للبيئة
public transport	(n.)	النقل العام	permanent	(adj.)	دائم / مستمر
report	(n.)	تقرير / بلاغ			
concern	(n.)	قلق / مخاوف			
Current	(adj.)	حالي			

Linkers Bank

While	Although	However	On the other hand
بينما	بالرغم من	و مع ذلك، و لكن	على الجانب الاخر – على النقيض

Grammar		
	1	Linkers of Contrast (while, although, however, on the other hand)
	2	Passive Voice (Present Continuous - Past Continuous - Present Perfect)

I. "Vocabulary"

A) Choose the correct answer from a,b,c and d:-

1. Using ..... products helps protect the environment and reduce pollution.
   a. costly b. eco-friendly c. risky d. current
2. The teacher explained the lesson ....., so the students understood it.
   a. smoothly b. firmly c. risky d. locally
3. The scientist wrote a detailed ..... about the experiment and its results.
   a. traffic jam b. concern c. data d. report
4. It is ..... to drink enough water every day to stay healthy.
   a. costly b. engaging c. crucial d. permanent
5. Clean water is a valuable ..... for us, so we mustn't waste it.
   a. data b. resource c. alert d. monitor
6. Many students ..... their teachers for guidance before exams.
   a. rely on b. lower c. emit d. upgrade
7. She gave a ..... gift to her best friend to show she cared.
   a. current b. risky c. thoughtful d. costly
8. A refrigerator is a useful kitchen ..... that keeps food fresh.
   a. appliance b. concern c. leak d. solar panel
9. Driving carelessly can be very ..... and cause serious accidents.
   a. precious b. engaging c. firmly d. risky
10. Solar energy comes from the sun using a ..... to produce clean electricity.
    a. monitor b. eco-friendly c. solar panel d. report
11. Fixing a water ..... at home can save money and prevent damage.
    a. conservation b. leak c. alert d. data
12. There was heavy ..... this morning, so many people arrived late.
    a. locally b. engaging c. current d. traffic jam
13. The new iPhone was very ..... , so only a few people could buy it.
    a. firmly b. costly c. permanent d. eco-friendly

B) Fill in the spaces with words from the list:-

alert - report – current – flow – monitor

14. The river will ..... through the valley after the rain.
15. Parents should ..... their children's activities online.
16. The school sent a/an ..... about the weather change.
17. The doctor wrote a short ..... about the patient.

smoothly - costly – risky – traffic jam – concern

18. Getting stuck in a ..... can make people late.
19. Pollution is a serious ..... in many cities.
20. Owning a big house can be very ..... to many families.
21. The dancer moved ..... across the stage.

crucial – resource – precious - leak – lower

22. Clean water is a ..... gift that we must protect.
23. It is ..... to save energy and water.
24. Water is an important natural ..... for everyone.
25. We should ..... waste to protect the environment.

privacy - upgrade –emit - data – locally

26. Cars ..... harmful gases into the air, which may cause pollution.
27. Companies collect ..... to improve their services for their customers.
28. People should protect their ..... online, especially on social media.
29. The company plans to ..... its computers next year

II. "Reading Comprehension"

Read the following passage carefully, then answer the questions that follow:

Eagles are among the most powerful and admired birds in the world. Well-known for their sharp vision and strong wings, these majestic creatures have fascinated people for generations. Eagles inhabit almost every continent except Antarctica and typically choose tall mountains, cliffs, or large trees as nesting sites for their impressive homelands.



One of the most famous species is the bald eagle, found in North America, where it inhabits areas near lakes, rivers, and coastal regions. Despite its name, the bald eagle is not bald at all. Its head is covered with white feathers, which contrast beautifully with its dark brown body. It became a national symbol of strength and freedom in the United States in 1782.

Eagles have excellent eyesight—up to four times better than that of humans. This powerful vision allows them to see small animals like rabbits or fish from high above the ground. Once they spot their prey, they dive quickly and silently, using their sharp talons to catch it. Despite their strength, eagles are still endangered. Pollution, deforestation, and hunting once pushed many eagle species close to extinction. Conservation programs and strict legal protection have helped their numbers increase again.

Eagles teach us not only about the wild but also about survival and patience. They wait for the right moment to act and use their strengths wisely. Watching an eagle fly high in the sky can remind us to rise above our problems and see life from a higher view.

A. From a, b, c or d, choose the most suitable answer:

09. The best title for this passage would be:

a. Nesting Sites of the Eagles

b. Eagles: Kings of the Sky

c. The Hunting Habits of Birds

d. The Problem of Pollution in Forests

10. The underlined word "inhabit" in the 1st paragraph means:

a. protect b. create c. live d. find

11. The underlined word "they" in the 3rd paragraph refers to:

a. animals b. rabbits c. fish d. eagles

12. According to the passage, what have helped the numbers of eagles grow again?

a. Strict legal protection b. The people of the USA
c. Other powerful birds d. The high mountains

13. According to the passage, all of the following sentences are true about the bald eagle except:

a. It has a sharp eyesight.
b. It has dark brown feathers on its body.
c. It became a symbol of strength and freedom in the United States.
d. It has no hair or feathers on its head.

14. The purpose of the writer in writing this passage is to:

a. show how eagles hunt for fish.
b. describe how powerful are the eagles.
c. discuss laws about birds.
d. explain where eagles live.

B. With reference to the passage, answer the following questions:-

15. What are eagles well-known for?

.....

16. Why are eagles close to extinction?

.....

III. " GRAMMAR"

أدوات الربط للتعبير عن التناقض Linkers of Contrast
(while, although, however, on the other hand)

أدوات الربط دي بنستخدمها لما نحب نقول فكرتين متضادتين أو مختلفتين في نفس الكلام.

مثلاً: أنا أحب المدينة لكن أحيانًا تكون مزعجة.

1 While (بينما / في حين)

الاستخدام ✓

بتربط فكرتين متناقضتين في نفس الجملة

المكان في الجملة ✓

في البداية أو في المنتصف

أمثلة

While my sister prefers pasta, I like pizza.

(بينما أختي تفضل المكرونة، أنا أحب البيتزا)

I like pizza, while my sister prefers pasta.

(أنا أحب البيتزا، بينما أختي تفضل المكرونة)

2 Although (على الرغم من / رغم أن)

الاستخدام ✓

بتربط فكرتين متناقضتين في جملة واحدة، وغالبًا معناها "رغم أن شيء حصل، إلا أن شيء آخر مختلف"

المكان ✓

في البداية أو في المنتصف.

أمثلة

Although the movie was long, it was exciting.

(على الرغم من أن الفيلم كان طويلًا، كان ممتعًا)

The movie was exciting although it was long.

(الفيلم كان ممتعًا رغم أنه طويل)

3 However (لكن / ومع ذلك)

الاستخدام ✓

بنستخدمها لما يكون عندك جملتين منفصلتين وفي الجملة الثانية بتقول عكس الأولى

المكان ✓

تأتي في بداية الجملة الثانية. قبلها نقطه وبعدها فاصله.

أمثلة

I like living in a big city.

However, it is sometimes noisy.

(أحب العيش في مدينة كبيرة. ومع ذلك، تكون مزعجة أحيانًا)

4 On the other hand (من ناحية أخرى)

الاستخدام ✓

بتقدم الجانب الآخر أو الرأي المعاكس لفكرة سابقة

المكان ✓

في بداية جملة جديدة أو بعد فاصلة منقوطة

مثال

-Online classes are flexible; on the other hand, face-to-face lessons encourage participation.

الدروس أونلاين مرنة؛ من ناحية أخرى، الدروس المباشرة تشجع المشاركة

Linkers of Contrast

أدوات التعبير عن التناقض

While

In the same sentence

- **While** I like tea, my brother prefers coffee.
- I enjoy reading, **while** my sister loves sports.

Although

At the start or in the middle

- **Although** it was raining, we decided to go for a walk.
- She enjoyed the trip **although** it was tiring.

However

At the start of the second sentence

- I wanted to buy the new phone. **However**, it was too expensive.
- It was late. **However**, we finished our work.

On the other hand

For the opposite side

- Online learning is flexible; **on the other hand**, classroom lessons encourge participation.
- Cats are quiet. **while** her friend prefers the countryside.

- My room is small. **However**, it's very cozy.
- **Although** he tried his best, he didn't win the game.
- Sarah likes the city life, **while** her friend prefers the countryside.

Designed by: Mr Muhammad Ahmad Fathy

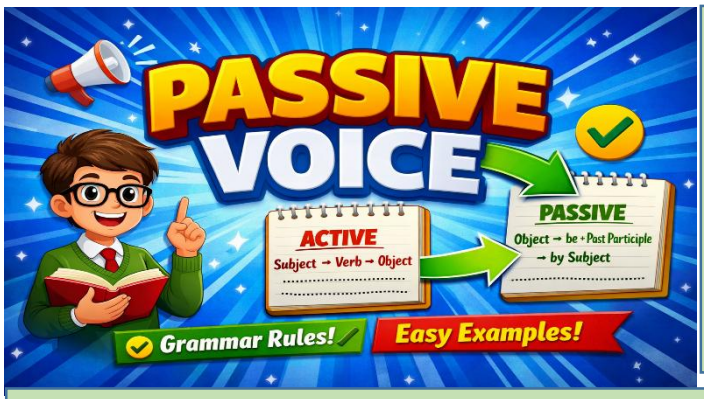
A) Choose the correct answer from a,b,c and d:

1. I enjoy swimming in summer, ... my brother prefers playing football outside.
   a. while b. although c. however d. on the other hand
2. I was very tired yesterday. ....., I continued studying for the exam.
   a. while b. although c. however d. on the other hand
3. The weather was cold all day. ....., we went to the beach anyway.
   a. while b. although c. however d. on the other hand
4. ..... my sister likes strong coffee, I prefer tea in the morning.
   a. while b. although c. however d. on the other hand
5. I wanted to go out with friends ..... it started raining heavily.
   a. while b. although c. however d. on the other hand
6. Some people like city life very much; ..... others prefer the quiet countryside.
   a. while b. although c. however d. on the other hand
7. ..... it was late at night, we finished our work quickly.
   a. while b. although c. however d. on the other hand
8. I like online classes at home. ....., face-to-face lessons are more interactive.
   a. while b. although c. however d. on the other hand
9. Eating fast food is quick. ..... , home-made meals are usually healthier.
   a. while b. although c. however d. on the other hand
10. The movie was funny and enjoyable. ....., it was too long for me.
   a. while b. although c. however d. on the other hand
11. .....traveling is exciting, it can be expensive sometimes.
   a. while b. although c. however d. on the other hand

B) Do as shown between brackets:

12. It was raining. We decided to go for a walk.
   ..... (join using: Although)
13. I wanted to buy the new phone. It was too expensive.
   ..... (join using: However)
14. Online learning is flexible. Classroom lessons encourage participation.
   ..... (join using: on the other hand)
15. My brother enjoys football. I prefer reading books.
   ..... (join using: While)

Passive Voice المبني للمجهول
(Present Continuous - Past Continuous - Present Perfect)
في (المضارع المستمر – الماضي المستمر – المضارع التام)



✓ Passive Voice (المبني للمجهول)

نستخدمه عندما لا نعرف الفاعل (من قام بالفعل)،
أو لا نهتم بالفاعل، أو نريد التركيز على **المفعول به**

مثال

Active: Ahmed is writing the lesson.
Passive: The lesson is being written.

المبني للمعلوم: أحمد بيكتب الدرس.
المبني للمجهول: الدرس بيتكتب.

➖ Form الصيغة

علشان نحول الجملة من المبني للمعلوم إلى المبني للمجهول، لازم نكون قادرين اننا نحدد 3 حاجات مهمه جدا في الجملة، وهما:

1. "الفاعل و الفعل و المفعول به" .
2. طبعاً لازم نحدد زمن الجملة (هل هي في **المضارع المستمر** ولا **الماضي المستمر** ولا **المضارع التام**)؟

سامعك بتسأل و بتقول، طب وانا أعرف ازاى أحدد الأزمنه دي؟ سهله جداً. شوف يا سيدي .. هعمل لك جدول لطيف يعرفك الفرق بين الأزمنه التلاته

Tense الزمن	Example مثال	Form صيغة الفعل	Passive جملة المبني للمجهول
المضارع المستمر	Ali is playing football	am, is, are + فعلing	Football is being played.
الماضي المستمر	Ali was playing football	was, were + فعلing	Football was being played.
المضارع التام	Ali has played football	has, have + V.3	Football has been played.

عرفنا الفرق بين الـ 3 أزمنه دلوقتي و عرفنا ازاى نحولهم للمبني للمجهول؟

-يبقى لما نلاقي الجمله فيها am, is, are + v+ing يبقى الجمله دي في المضارع المستمر و نحولها للمبني للمجهول ازاى ؟

- نحدد الفاعل و الفعل و المفعول به، بعدين نبدأ بالمفعول به و بعد كده نشوف الجمله دي في أي زمن؟ نعرف الزمن ازاى؟ نشوف فعل الجمله اللى انا كاتبهولك باللون البنفسجي في الجدول. ولازم نراعي المفعول به (هل هو مفرد ولا جمع؟) ، شوف الأمثله

The maid **is cleaning** the room. → The room is being cleaned.
The maids **are cleaning** the rooms. → The rooms are being cleaned
The maid **was cleaning** the room. → The room was being cleaned.
The maids **were cleaning** the rooms . → The rooms were being cleaned.
The maid **has cleaned** the room. → The room has been cleaned.
The maids **have cleaned** the rooms. → The rooms have been cleaned.

المبني للمجهول

المضارع المستمر. الماضي. المستمر. المستمر. المضارع التام

Passive Voice

Present Continuous (Present Continuous)



- Ronaldo is scoring a goal.
- A goal is being scored by Ronaldo.



- They are interviewing Ronaldo.
- Ronaldo is being interviewed by them.

الماضي المستمر (Past Continuous)



- The coach was helping Ronaldo.
- Ronaldo was being helped by the coach.



- Ronaldo was thanking the fans after the match.
- The fans were being thanked after the match.

المضارع التام (Present Perfect)



- Ronaldo has won the cup.
- The cup has been won by Ronaldo.



- Ronaldo has signed the shirts.
- The shirts have been signed by Ronaldo.

C) Choose the correct answer from a,b,c and d:

1. A new bridge ..... now in the center of the city.
   a. is built b. is being built c. was being built d. has been built
2. The report ..... already, so the manager can read it.
   a. is finishing b. is being finished c. has been finished d. was being finished
3. The dinner ..... while the guests arrived.
   a. was cooking b. is being cooked c. has been cooked d. was being cooked
4. Listen! A beautiful song ..... right now.
   a. is being sung b. was being sung c. has been sung d. sings
5. The letters ..... just, so they will arrive soon.
   a. are sending b. were being sent c. have been sent d. has sent
6. The windows ..... when the storm started.
   a. were being cleaned b. are being cleaned c. have been cleaned d. cleaned
7. The house ..... as the workers were fixing it.
   a. was painting b. is painted c. has been painted d. was being painted
8. The project ..... yet, so the team is still working.
   a. hasn't been completed b. isn't completed c. completes d. doesn't complete
9. Many cars ..... at the present time in this factory.
   a. produced b. are being produced c. were being produced d. have produced
10. The documents ..... while the meeting was going on.
    a. typed b. are typing c. have typed d. were being typed

Do as shown between brackets:

11. The teacher is explaining the lesson now to the students in the classroom. (Change into passive)
    .....
12. The mechanic is fixing the car at the moment because it stopped working. (Change into passive)
    .....
13. The company is building new houses at the present time for many families. (Change into passive)
    .....

14. Listen! The baby is breaking the glass right now in the kitchen. (Change into passive)

.....

15. The workers were painting the walls when the electricity went off suddenly. (Change into passive)

.....

16. The nurse was taking care of the patient while the doctor was checking the reports. (Change into passive)

.....

17. The students were writing the exam as the teacher was watching them carefully. (Change into passive)

.....

18. The police have caught the thief already, so the streets are safer now. (Change into passive)

.....

19. The chef has prepared the meal just, so dinner will be served soon. (Change into passive)

.....

20. The workers haven't repaired the broken door yet, so we cannot enter the room. (Change into passive)

.....

21. The children are planting trees now in the school garden for Earth Day. (Change into passive)

.....

22. The manager is holding an important meeting at the moment with the staff. (Change into passive)

.....

23. The engineers are designing a new machine at the present time to improve production. (Change into passive)

.....

24. The workers were cleaning the streets while the rain was falling heavily. (Change into passive)

.....

25. The students haven't finished the assignment yet, so they need more time. (Change into passive)

.....

IV.Writing



" Around the world, smart cities are becoming popular because they help people live more comfortably, however, opinions differ. Some people are for smart cities, while others are against them."

Plan and write a two-paragraph report explaining both views and giving your own opinion.

Introduction: (Introducing the topic)

.....

Paragraph (1): (Argument for)

Topic sentence:

.....

Supporting details (Arguments for):

.....

.....

.....

Concluding sentence:

.....

Paragraph (2): (Argument against)

Topic sentence:

.....

Supporting details (Arguments for):

.....

.....

.....

Concluding sentence(Your opinion):

.....

Conclusion:

.....

Grade 09 Unit 7 :

Your Idea, Your Business

Reading:

- L.1 Turning Ideas into Reality
- L5 Small Businesses with Big Ideas

Grammar:

- 1. Reported Speech: Yes/No Questions and Wh- Questions Present Simple and Past Simple

Writing:

- the skills that teenagers need when starting a business, and the role of the local community in helping their businesses grow.

Grammar:

- 1. Reported Speech: Yes/No Questions and Wh- Questions
  - Present Simple and Past Simple
- 2. Prepositions: during, for, by, between

Reading Comprehension: Wolves





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https://t.me/englishkuwaitq8

YouTube: @muhamedfathy283

Designed by: Mr. Muhammad Ahmad Fathy

Unit 7 : Your Idea, Your Business
الوحدة السابعة: فكرتـك هي مشروعـــك ..



Unit 7 : Your Idea, Your Business

U.7-L.1 Turning Ideas into Reality P.43

teenager	(n.)	مراهق	interest	(n.)	اهتمام / هواية
entrepreneur	(n.)	رائد أعمال	gradually	(adv.)	تدريجياً
Imagination	(n.)	الخيال	expert	(n.)	خبيـــر
opportunity	(n.)	فرصة	transform	(v.)	يحـوِل
handmade	(adj.)	مصنوع يدوياً	eye-catching	(adj.)	جذاب/ لافت للنظر
visible	(adj.)	مرئي / واضح	responsibility	(n.)	مسؤولية
unexpected	(adj.)	غير متوقع	marketing	(n.)	تسويق
budgeting	(n.)	إعداد الميزانية / تخطيط المصروفات	satisfy	(v.)	يُرضي/ يُلَبِي
expense	(n.)	مصروف / نفقة	scent	(n.)	رائحة عطرية
independent	(adj.)	مستقل	experiment	(n.)	تجربة
adaptable	(adj.)	قادر على التكيف / مرن	purchase	(v.)	يشتري
handle	(v.)	يتعامل مع	spending	(n.)	إنفاق / مصروفات
local	(adj.)	محلي	critical	(adj.)	نقدي / مهم
financial	(adj.)	مالي	appealing	(adj.)	جذّاب
feedback	(n.)	رأي	request	(v.)	يطلب
promote	(v.)	يروج لـ	custom	(adj.)	مخصص/حسب الطلب
form	(n.)	شكل / نوع	Part-time	(adj.)	دوام جزئي
struggle	(v.)	يكافح / يواجه صعوبة	high-quality	(adj.)	عالي الجودة
balance	(n.)	توازن	trend	(n.)	موضه / اتجاه
delay	(n.)	تأخير	vibrant	(n.)	مفعم بالحيوية/زاهي
remarkably	(adv.)	بشكل ملحوظ			

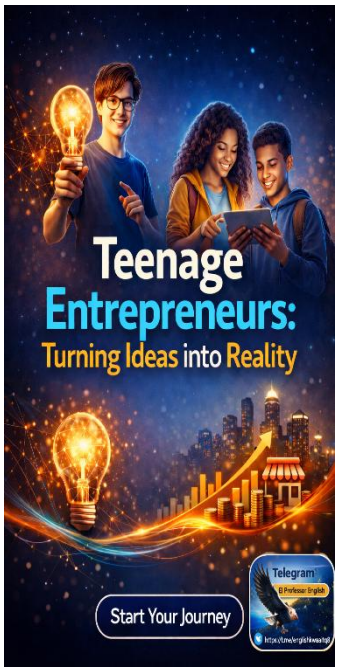
Linkers	Because	Therefore	As a result	So	Consequently
	بالإضافة	على سبيل المثال	بالرغم من	و مع ذلك، و لكن	برغم

Grammar		
	1	Reported Speech: Yes/ No Questions and Wh- Questions Present Simple and Past Simple
	2	Prepositions: during, for, by, between

I. "Vocabulary"

U.7-L.1 " Teenage Entrepreneurs: Turning Ideas into Reality "

Student's Book P.43



Word	المعنى	Word	المعنى	Word	المعنى
teenager		unexpected		local	
entrepreneur		budgeting		financial	
imagination		expense		feedback	
opportunity		independent		promote	
handmade		adaptable		form	
visible		handle		Struggle	
balance		delay		remarkably	

A) Choose the correct answer from a,b,c and d:-

1. The artist uses his ..... to design creative products.
   a. interest b. imagination c. budgeting d. trend
2. The man saved money to cover every business ..... .
   a. balance b. responsibility c. expense d. delay
3. The company decided to ..... its brand through social media.
   a. purchase b. promote c. request d. handle
4. Hana prefers buying ..... gifts made by local artists.
   a. adaptable b. visible c. handmade d. critical
5. Good ..... is necessary to organize your monthly income.
   a. marketing b. spending c. experiment d. budgeting
6. The opportunity was small but ..... important.
   a. gradually b. locally c. smoothly d. remarkably
7. Adham had to ..... many challenges in his new job.
   a. struggle b. transform c. request d. handle
8. The mountains are clearly ..... during the day.
   a. vibrant b. visible c. adaptable d. handmade
9. Asmaa is completely ..... and makes her own decisions.
   a. financial b. local c. independent d. adaptable

10. Every entrepreneur looks for a new ..... in the market.
a. delay b. balance c. opportunity d. experiment
11. The sudden noise was totally ..... .
a. adaptable b. visible c. unexpected d. vibrant
12. Employees must be ..... to succeed in changing environments.
a. independent b. adaptable c. critical d. local
13. There was a long ..... before the train arrived.
a. expense b. responsibility c. delay d. trend
14. The manager asked for honest ..... from his team.
a. experiment b. interest c. responsibility d. feedback
15. Water can take a different ..... in cold weather.
a. balance b. form c. trend d. experiment
16. The successful ..... invested in young talents.
a. entrepreneur b. teenager c. expert d. manager
17. It is important to keep a healthy ..... in your lifestyle.
a. expense b. marketing c. balance d. interest
18. The company supports ..... workers in the community.
a. vibrant b. local c. adaptable d. critical
19. Dana learned how to ..... difficult clients politely.
a. transform b. request c. struggle d. handle
20. Careful ..... planning protects businesses from loss.
a. handmade b. local c. adaptable d. financial
21. Many students ..... to finish their tasks on time.
a. transform b. request c. handle d. struggle
22. The travel ..... increased during the holiday season.
a. expense b. balance c. opportunity d. responsibility
23. Khaled's creative ..... impressed everyone at the exhibition.
a. budgeting b. imagination c. marketing d. feedback
24. She became more ..... after working part-time.
a. adaptable b. independent c. visible d. local
25. The team achieved ..... good results in a short time.
a. gradually b. critically c. remarkably d. visibly
26. The business owner took full ..... for the mistake.
a. delay b. responsibility c. trend d. experiment
27. Teenagers should learn how to ..... their time wisely.
a. handle b. transform c. request d. struggle
28. The product was clearly ..... on the shelf.
a. adaptable b. vibrant c. visible d. critical
29. Starting a project without planning may cause serious ..... problems.
a. financial b. handmade c. local d. adaptable

B) Fill in the spaces with words from the list:-

promote – handle – entrepreneur – visible – opportunity

30. The young ..... decided to start his own project while still at university.
31. She was happy to find a new ..... that helped her improve her business.
32. He learned how to ..... customer complaints in a professional way.
33. The company plans to ..... its new product through social media platforms

unexpectedly – remarkably – independent - struggle - adaptable

34. After years of saving money, she became completely ..... and confident
35. In today's fast-changing world, workers must be ..... and open to new ideas.
36. The team performed ..... well despite the difficult circumstances.
37. The event ended ..... because of sudden technical problems.

budgeting - handle – struggle – feedback – remarkably

38. Many students ..... to manage their time during the final exams.
39. Careful ..... can help families reduce unnecessary monthly expenses.
40. The manager collected ..... from customers to improve the service quality.
41. She knows how to ..... stressful situations without losing her confidence

balance – financial – delay - local – remarkably

42. The company decided to support ..... businesses to strengthen the economy.
43. Adham asked for professional ..... advice before starting his project.
44. It is important to maintain a healthy ..... between work and personal life.
45. There was a long ..... before the flight and people were upset.

Unit 7 Lesson 5 : Small Businesses with Big Ideas P.48

Word	المعنى	Word	المعنى	Word	المعنى
interest		marketing		critical	
gradually		satisfy		appealing	
expert		scent		request	
transform		experiment		custom	
eye-catching		purchase		Part-time	
responsibility		spending		high-quali	
trend		vibrant			



Choose the correct answer from a,b,c and d:-

46. Careful ..... helps families manage their money more wisely each month.
a. imagination b. marketing c. budgeting d. feedback

47. The scientist carried out an important ..... to test his new idea.
a. scent b. trend c. spending d. experiment

48. Working in different environments made her more ..... over time.
a. visible b. adaptable c. critical d. local

49. The manager accepted full ..... for the mistake that happened.
a. trend b. responsibility c. experiment d. scent

50. Students must learn how to ..... their problems calmly and wisely.
a. handle b. request c. struggle d. transform

51. The new advertisement is very ..... and attracts young customers.
a. custom b. appealing c. critical d. part-time

52. The event started late because of a short ..... in the schedule.
a. balance b. expense c. opportunity d. delay

53. He showed great ..... in learning how to start his own business.
a. interest b. spending c. scent d. trend

54. After years of saving, she became completely ..... .
a. adaptable b. independent c. visible d. local

55. The mountains were clearly ..... from the top of the hill.
a. critical b. adaptable c. visible d. vibrant

56. The company plans to ..... its new services through social media.
a. promote b. purchase c. request d. satisfy

57. The meeting ended ..... because of unexpected technical issues.
a. gradually b. remarkably c. visibly d. unexpectedly

58. The shop is famous for selling beautiful ..... products.
a. financial b. adaptable c. handmade d. visible

59. The young ..... worked hard to build his small company.
a. form b. balance c. teenager d. delay

60. Her English improved ..... after months of daily practice.
a. gradually b. visibly c. critically d. significantly

61. He used his strong ..... to design an innovative project.
a. budgeting b. marketing c. imagination d. feedback

62. The company decided to ..... its traditional system into a digital one.
a. request b. handle c. satisfy d. transform

63. The travel ..... increased during the busy holiday season.
a. balance b. responsibility c. expense d. trend

64. Good ..... plays an important role in business success today.
a. spending b. marketing c. budgeting d. experiment

67. The project faced a financial ..... that stopped its progress.
a. trend b. opportunity c. balance d. problem

68. The team performed ..... better than anyone expected.
a. gradually b. critically c. remarkably d. visibly

69. Dana ordered a/an ..... dress specially designed for the event.
a. high-quality b. custom c. appealing d. critical

70. Khaled decided to ..... more information before signing the contract.
a. request b. handle c. transform d. struggle

71. The room was filled with a pleasant ..... from the flowers.

a. trend b. responsibility c. experiment d. scent

72. The manager asked customers to give honest ..... about the service.

a. budgeting b. imagination c. feedback d. spending

73. The company worked hard to ..... the needs of its customers.

a. promote b. transform c. request d. satisfy

74. The instructions were clearly ..... on the large screen.

a. adaptable b. critical c. visible d. vibrant

75. He works ..... to earn money while studying at university.

a. critical b. part-time c. local d. custom

76. The company always follows the latest market ..... to stay competitive.

a. balance b. responsibility c. trend d. delay

77. The company increased its online ..... to reach more customers worldwide.

a. feedback b. spending c. marketing d. experiment

78. Asmaa works hard to ..... her skills and improve her performance.

a. transform b. request c. struggle d. purchase

79. The new product has a /an ..... design that attracts attention quickly.

a. critical b. eye-catching c. local d. part-time

80. Hana made a ..... decision that affected the future of the company.

a. appealing b. vibrant c. independent d. critical

81. The teacher is a /an ..... in environmental science.

a. teenager b. entrepreneur c. expert d. manager

82. Her monthly ..... increased after she started shopping online frequently.

a. interest b. spending c. scent d. balance

83. The colourful flowers gave the garden a pleasant ..... .

a. scent b. trend c. responsibility d. delay

84. The company introduced a new fashion ..... this summer.

a. balance b. feedback c. trend d. experiment

85. Adham decided to ..... a new laptop after saving enough money.

a. promote b. satisfy c. request d. purchase

Fill in the spaces with words from the list:-

experiment – transform - eye-catching – interest - request

86.The teacher noticed the students' strong ..... in science projects this year.
87.The scientist carried out a/an ..... to test his new theory carefully.
88.The company plans to ..... its old system into a more modern one.
89.She decided to ..... more information before making a final decision.

satisfy - expert – vibrant – marketing – purchase

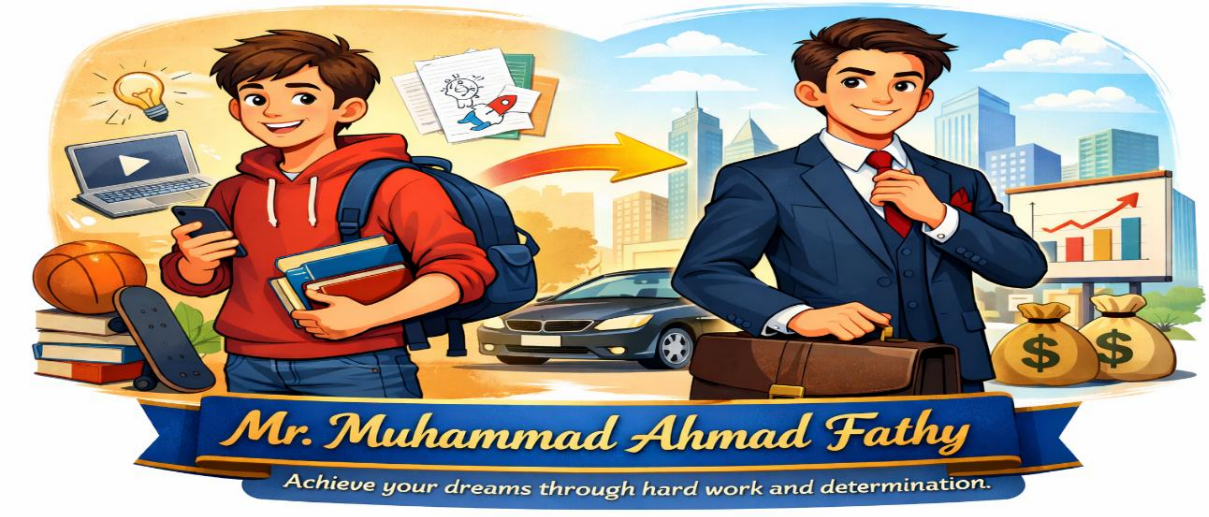
90. The company spends a lot of money on ..... to promote its new products.
91. Many customers prefer to ..... items online instead of going to shops.
92. The hotel staff always try to ..... guests by offering excellent service.
93. He became a/an ..... in digital advertising after years of training

high-quality – critical – responsibility – trend – gradually

94. It is your ..... to complete the task before the deadline.
95. The factory is known for producing ..... goods at reasonable prices.
96. This fashion ..... became popular among teenagers last year.
97. The teacher gave some ..... comments that helped the students improve.

purchase – appealing – custom – gradually - request

98. Customers can ..... special services through the company's website.
99. The new advertisement was very ..... and attracted many buyers.
100. Many people ..... expensive products during big sales events.
101. Prices increased ..... over the past few months.



II. "Reading Comprehension"

Read the following passage carefully, then answer the questions that follow:



Wolves are among the most intelligent and powerful animals in the wild. Well-known for their sharp senses and strong social bonds, these remarkable creatures have fascinated humans for centuries. Wolves **inhabit** many parts of the Northern Hemisphere, including forests, mountains, tundras, and grasslands. They usually build their dens in caves, hollow logs, or underground burrows.

One of the most famous species is the grey wolf, found in North America, Europe, and Asia. Grey wolves live and hunt in packs, which are organized family groups led by a dominant pair. Their thick fur, usually grey, brown, or white, helps them survive in cold environments. In many cultures, the wolf has become a symbol of loyalty, courage, and teamwork.

Wolves have excellent hearing and a powerful sense of smell, much stronger than that of humans. These abilities help them locate prey such as deer, rabbits, or elk from far distances. Once they find their target, **they** work together silently and strategically to catch it. Despite their strength and intelligence, wolves were once endangered in many regions. Hunting, habitat loss, and fear led to a sharp decline in their numbers. Thanks to wildlife protection laws and conservation programs, wolf populations have begun to recover in some areas.

Wolves teach us important lessons about cooperation and survival. They depend on one another and use teamwork to overcome challenges. Watching a wolf pack move together in the wild reminds us of the power of unity and trust.

A. From a, b, c or d, choose the most suitable answer:

09. The best title for the passage could be:

a. The Homes of the Grey Wolf
b. Wolves: Masters of the Wild
c. The Hunting Methods of Forest Animals
d. The Danger of Cold Weather

10. The underlined word "<u>inhabit</u> " in the 1st paragraph means:

a. protect
b. create
c. live
d. search

11. The underlined word "<u>they</u>" in the 3rd paragraph refers to:

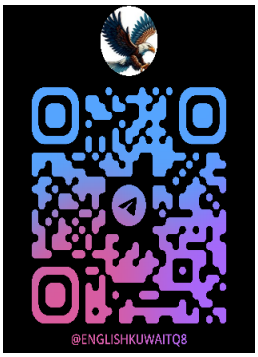
a. humans
b. deer
c. wolves
d. rabbits

12. According to the passage, what has helped the number of wolves increase again?

a. Wildlife protection laws
b. Cold weather
c. Larger forests
d. Other animals

13. According to the passage, all of the following sentences are true about wolves except:

a. They live and hunt in packs.
b. They have a strong sense of smell.
c. They are symbols of loyalty in many cultures.
d. They prefer to live alone most of the time.



14. The purpose of the writer in writing this passage is to:

a. explain how wolves survive in cold weather.
b. describe how intelligent and powerful wolves are.
c. discuss hunting laws in Europe.
d. compare wolves with other animals.

<u>B. With reference to the passage, answer the following questions. (2x 2=4 Marks)</u>

15. What are wolves well-known for?

..... .

16. Why were wolves once endangered?

.....

III. " GRAMMAR"

Reported Speech (Yes/No Questions – Wh- questions "Present & Past Simple)
الكلام المنقول (مع السؤال بفعل مساعد / السؤال بأداة استفهام "في زمن المضارع البسيط و الماضي البسيط")

أولاً: يعني إيه Reported Speech ؟

هو إننا ننقل كلام شخص تاني بدون ما نستخدم علامات التنصيص، وبنغير شوية حاجات في الجملة.

أول نوع
Yes / No Questions

(الأسئلة التي تكون إجاباتها بـ نعم أو لأ)

Hana asked, "Did Adham eat healthy food?"

و هنا الإجابة هتكون كاللآتي (ركز معايا):-

1. **ملناش علاقة بأي حاجه خارج علامات التنصيص، مبنغيرش فيهم حاجه ، احنا بس بنشتغل على اللي بين علامات التنصيص.**
2. **نحذف علامات التنصيص و الفاصلة و نربط بـ إما (if أو whether)**
3. **نلغي شكل السؤال. يعني ايه؟ يعني نعكس الفاعل و الفعل. يعني بدل من Did Adham هنكتب Adham had**
4. **بنرجع بالزمن خطوة للخلف. يعني لو الفعل في المضارع البسيط، بنخليه ماضي بسيط . و لو كان ماضي بسيط، هنخليه ماضي تام . علشان كده الـ did اتحولت لـ had**

بس خلي بالك (السؤال اللى بـ Does / Do بيبقى حاله خاصه، لأننا بنحذفهم و بنحول الفعل الأساسي للجملة للماضي البسيط) . خلنا نشوف مثال :-

Hana asked, "Does Adham eat healthy food?"

→ Hana asked if Adham ate healthy food.

عملنا ايه؟ حذفنا علامات التنصيص و الفاصله و الفعل المساعد does و حولنا الفعل الأساسي للجملة للماضي البسيط. (باقي اخر حاجه و هي تحويل الضمائر)

تاني نوع
Wh- Questions
(الأسئلة اللى بتبدأ بأداة استفهام)

(Why – Where – When – What – How…)

Adham asked, "Where did you park the car?"

1. **أول حاجة، نحذف علامات التنصيص بنحتفظ بأداة السؤال نفس ما هي، مش بنحذفها.**
2. **نلغي شكل السؤال، يعني إيه؟ يعني نعكس الفاعل و الفعل، نجيب ده مكان ده و ده مكان ده، نفس اللى عملناه هنا**
3. **نرجع بالزمن خطوة للخلف.**
4. **بنغير شوية ضمائر و أزمنة.**

في الصفحة التالية،
هنلاقي جدول الضمائر
و الأفعال اللي محتاجين نحولها


Reported Speech
Conversion Chart
Pronouns
Direct Speech
Reported Speech
I → He / She
→ He / She
My → His / Her
→ His / Her
Me → Him / Her
→ Him / Her
Myself → Himself
→ Himself / Herself
We → They
→ They
Our →
→ Their
Us → Them
→ Them
You (Subject) → He / She / They / I / We
Your (Object) → Him / Her / Them / Me / Us
Verbs
Direct
Reported
Play → Played
Goes → Went
Is / Am → Was
Are → Were
Has / Have → Had
Can → Could
Will → Would
Time & Place Words
Direct Speech
Reported Speech
This → That
These → Those
Yesterday → The Day Before
Tomorrow → The Day After
Now → Then
Today → That Day
Next → The .... After
Last → The .... Before
Designed by: Mr. Muhammad Ahmad Fathy

Reported Speech:

Yes / No Questions & Wh- Questions

- ✓ Use if / whether for Yes/No Questions.
- ✓ Change to statement word order.
- ✓ Tenses and pronouns change.
- ✓ Keep the same question word for Wh-Questions.
- ✓ Tenses and pronouns change.



Does she like pizza?

He asked if she liked pizza.

Do you have a pet?



She asked whether I had a pet.



What is your favorite subject?

He asked what my favorite subject was.

Where do you live?



He asked where I lived.



When is the party?

She asked when the party was.

She asked when the party was.



He asked why I was late.



Designed by: Mr. Muhammad Ahmad Fathy

A) Choose the correct answer from a,b,c or d:-

1. Hana asked me if I ..... finished my homework the day before.
   a. have b. had c. has d. having
2. They asked whether Ahmed ..... to school the previous day.
   a. goes b. went c. had gone d. go
3. The teacher asked why we ..... late that day.
   a. are b. were c. have been d. be
4. He asked me where I ..... the new laptop from.
   a. had bought b. bought c. buy d. buying
5. My father asked me if I ..... the door carefully.
   a. lock b. had locked c. locked d. locking
6. He asked how she ..... the problem so quickly.
   a. solve b. solved c. had solved d. solving
7. She asked whether we ..... ready for the meeting.
   a. are b. be c. have been d. were
8. They asked me why I ..... upset at that time.
   a. was b. am c. were d. being
9. The manager asked if the employees ..... the report.
   a. submit b. submitted c. had submitted d. submitting
10. Fatimah asked where her keys ..... .
    a. are b. were c. have been d. be
11. He asked whether she ..... the email before.
    a. seeing b. saw c. had seen d. had seen
12. They asked how we ..... the competition the previous week.
    a. had won b. won c. win d. winning
13. The doctor asked if I ..... any pain that day during the operation.
    a. feel b. felt c. had felt d. feeling
14. Ali asked why he ..... her the truth earlier.
    a. doesn't tell b. didn't tell c. not tell d. hadn't told
15. They asked where the children ..... football the previous Friday.
    a. play b. had played c. will play d. playing

16. The teacher asked how I ..... that difficult question by myself the previous exam.
a. answer b. answered c. answering d. had answered

17. They asked whether the meeting ..... cancelled.
a. had been b. was c. is d. be

18. Khaled asked why she ..... so nervous that day.
a. is b. was c. were d. being

19. They asked where I ..... English so well the previous year.
a. learn b. learned c. had learned d. learning

20. Asmaa asked how long they ..... in that city.
a. live b. lived c. had lived d. living

21. The police officer asked if anyone ..... the accident the previous week.
a. sees b. had seen c. saw d. seeing

22. They asked why I ..... the meeting the day before.
a. miss b. had missed c. missed d. missing

23. Hana asked whether her brother ..... the car carefully the day before.
a. drives b. drove c. had driven d. driving

B)Do as shown between bracket:-

24. Adham asked Hana, "Do you like playing FC 26?" (Reported Speech)
.....

25. Asmaa asked Fahad, "Does your brother go to school early?"
..... (Reported Speech)

26. The teacher asked the student, "What did you do with the project?"
..... (Reported Speech)

27. My father asked me, "Where do you go after school?"
..... (Reported Speech)

28. Sara asked her friend, "Did you watch the match yesterday?"
..... (Reported Speech)

29. The manager asked the employee, "Have you finished the report?"
..... (Reported Speech)

30. Ali asked his sister, "Why are you crying now?"
..... (Reported Speech)

31. The doctor asked the patient, "How do you feel today?"
..... (Reported Speech)

32. Nour asked her brother, "Can you help me with my homework?"
..... (Reported Speech)

33. The teacher asked the students, "When will you submit the assignment?"
..... (Reported Speech)

34. Omar asked his friend, "Did you buy the new phone?"
..... (Reported Speech)

35. The mother asked her son, "Where were you last night?"
..... (Reported Speech)

36. Heba asked Dina, "Why didn't you answer my message?"
..... (Reported Speech)

37. The coach asked the players, "Are you ready for the match?"
..... (Reported Speech)

38. Karim asked his cousin, "What are you doing at the moment?"
..... (Reported Speech)

39. The policeman asked the driver, "Did you see the traffic light?"
..... (Reported Speech)

40. Salma asked her teacher, "Can I ask a question?"
..... (Reported Speech)

41. The boss asked the secretary, "Where did you put the files?"
..... (Reported Speech)

42. Ahmed asked his friend, "Will you come to my birthday party?"
..... (Reported Speech)

43. The teacher asked Mariam, "Why are you late today?"
..... (Reported Speech)

44. Youssef asked his father, "Do we have enough money for the trip?"
..... (Reported Speech)

45. The student asked the teacher, "When does the exam start?"
..... (Reported Speech)

46. Farah asked her sister, "Have you cleaned your room?"
..... (Reported Speech)

47. The journalist asked the actor, "How did you prepare for this role?"
..... (Reported Speech)

48. The mother asked her son, "Did you finish your homework yesterday?"
..... (Reported Speech)

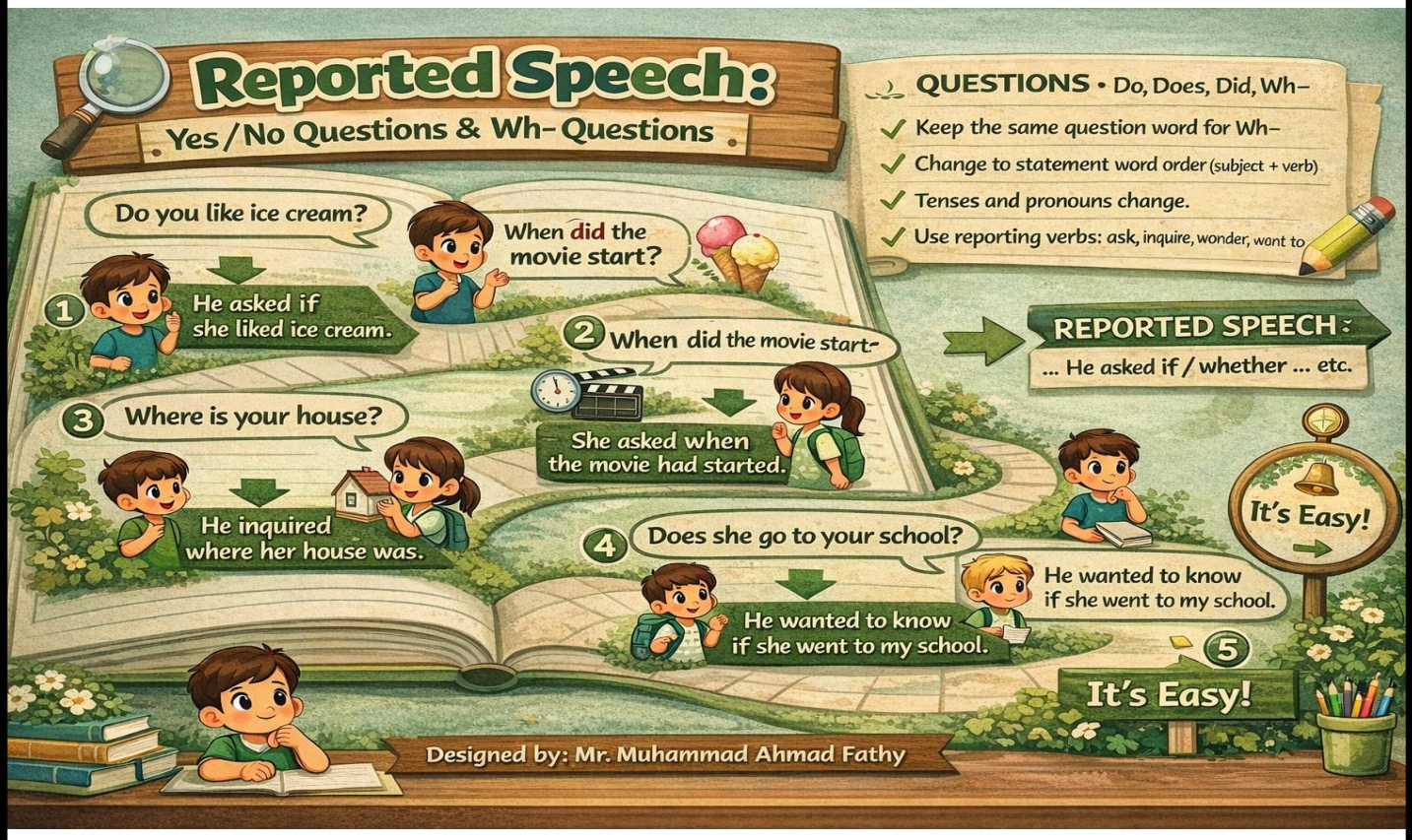
49. Tamer asked his friend, "Why do you like this game?"
..... (Reported Speech)

50. The teacher asked the class, "Are you listening carefully?"
..... (Reported Speech)

51. Hany asked his brother, "Where did you go yesterday?"
..... (Reported Speech)

52. The doctor asked the nurse, "Have the patients taken their medicine?"
..... (Reported Speech)

53. Mona asked her friend, "What time did you arrive home?"
..... (Reported Speech)



III. " GRAMMAR"

Prepositions: during, for, by, between
حروف الجر: خـلال ، مـن أجـل/ بسبب ، بواسـطة ، بيـن

1. During = خلال

- نستخدمها مع فترة زمنية لنقول إن شيئًا حدث داخل هذه الفترة.

التركيب
During + time period
(a movie, the night, the summer, the meeting...)

أمثلة

1.I fell asleep during the movie.
نمت خلال الفيلم

2.My friend called me during the meeting.
صديقي اتصل بي خلال الاجتماع

3.We travel a lot during the summer.
نسافر كثيرًا خلال الصيف

2. For = من أجل / بسبب

تُستخدم لبيان السبب أو الهدف من الفعل.

التركيب

For + noun

أمثلة

1. We met after class for a group project
تقابلنا بعد الحصة من أجل مشروع جماعي

2. She went to the store for some milk.
ذهبت إلى المتجر من أجل بعض الحليب

3.Adham called me for help.
أدهم اتصل بي من أجل المساعدة.

3. By = بواسطة

تُستخدم مع وسيلة المواصلات.

التركيب
By + transport
(plane, car, bus, train...)
تأتي بعدها وسيلة مواصلات

أمثلة

1. She travelled by plane.
سافرت بالطائرة

2. We go to school by bus.
نذهب إلى المدرسة بالحافلة

3. He came by car.
جاء بالسيارة

✗ خطأ: by the bus
✓ صحيح: by bus

4. Between = بين

- نستخدمها لربط شخصين أو شيئين أو مكانين.

التركيب
Between (A + B)

أمثلة

1. The park is between the school and the mall.
الحديقة تكون بين المدرسة و البيت.

2. Hana sat between her two friends
جلست هنا بين صديقتيها.

3. This is a secret between you and me
هذا يكون سر بيني و بينك

Prepositions: During, For, By, Between

DURING

Time Period

Something happens in a period of time.

Example:

*I fell asleep **during** the movie.*



FOR

Purpose / Reason

Shows the reason for an action.

Example:

*We met after class **for** a group project.*



BY

Transport Method

Shows the way of travel.

Example:

*She traveled **by** plane.*



BETWEEN

Linking Two Things

Connects two places or people.

Example:

*The park is **between** the school and the mall.*



Designed by: Mr. Muhammad Ahmad Fathy

A)Choose the correct answer from a,b,c and d:

54. I felt very nervous ..... the final exam last week.
a. for b. by c. between d. during

55. She travelled to Alexandria ..... bus with her family.
a. during b. between c. by d. for

56. We sat quietly ..... the teacher and the principal at the meeting.
a. by b. between c. during d. for

57. He studied very hard ..... three hours before the test.
a. for b. during c. by d. between

58. The electricity suddenly went out ..... the movie last night.
a. for b. between c. by d. during

59. She bought a beautiful gift ..... her mother on Mother's Day.
a. for b. during c. between d. by

60. They were talking loudly ..... the lesson in class.
a. for b. between c. during d. by

61. He sent the important documents ..... email yesterday morning.
a. for b. between c. by d. during

62. I waited patiently ..... two hours at the crowded station.
a. for b. during c. by d. between

63. The small ball rolled ..... the two parked cars in the street.
a. during b. for c. by d. between

64. She listened to soft music ..... studying for the exam.
a. for b. during c. between d. by

65. He usually goes to work ..... car because it's faster.
a. during b. for c. by d. between

66. This special surprise party is ..... you and your success.
a. for b. by c. between d. during

67. We met each other ..... the school break in the playground.
a. for b. by c. between d. during

68. The small café is located ..... the bank and the pharmacy.
a. during b. by c. between d. for

69. She finished her homework ..... the night while everyone was asleep.
a. for b. by c. between d. during

70. He trained hard ..... five months before the big competition.
a. for b. during c. between d. by

71. The teacher stood calmly ..... the two students to solve the problem.
a. during b. for c. by d. between

72. We travelled to Aswan ..... train during our summer vacation.
a. between b. for c. by d. during

73. She read an interesting novel ..... the long flight to Paris.
a. for b. between c. by d. during

74. I bought this delicious cake ..... my sister's birthday party.
a. for b. during c. between d. by

75. He slept deeply ..... the movie at the cinema.
a. for b. during c. by d. between

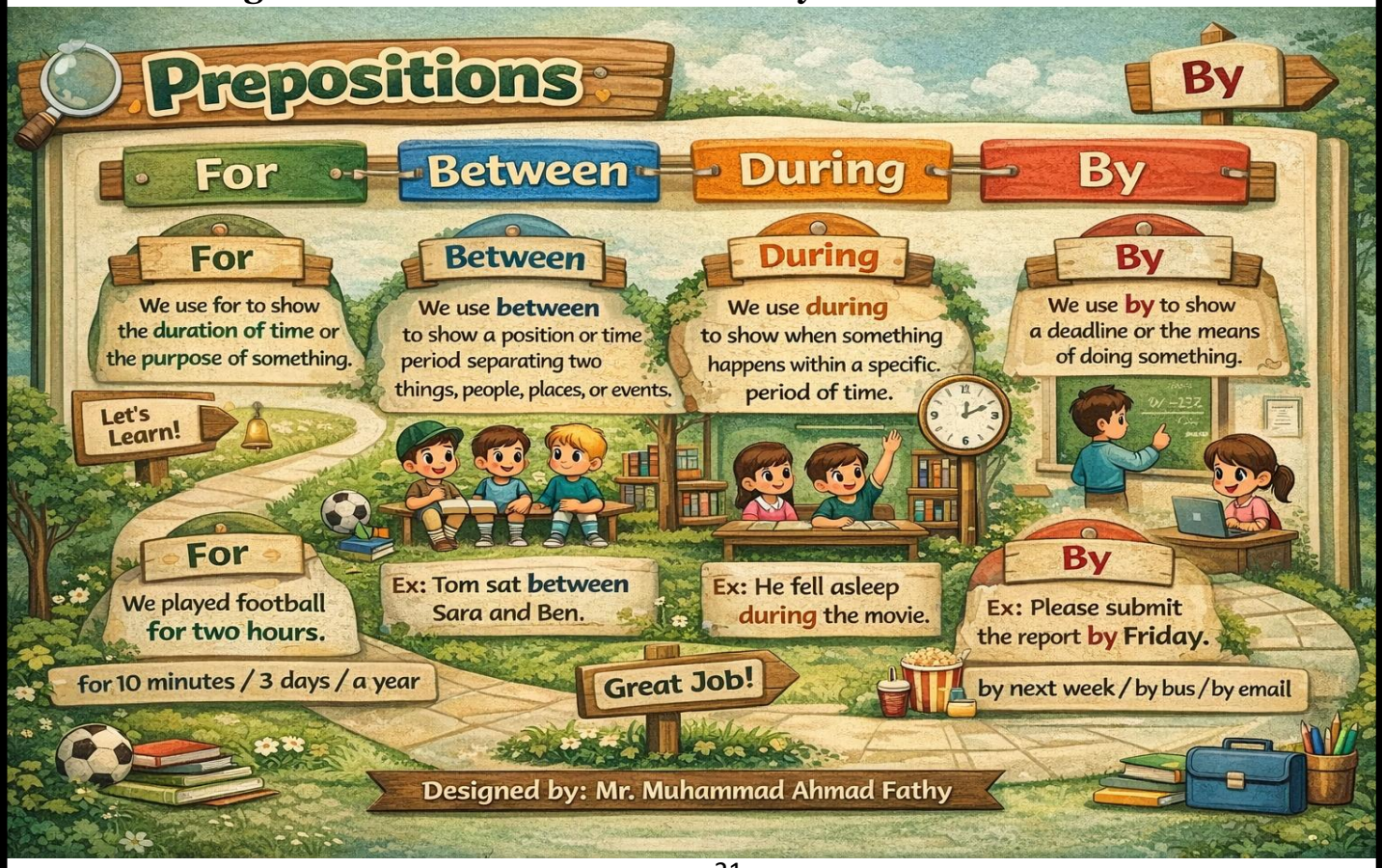
76. The new house is built ..... the school and the public park.
a. between b. by c. for d. during

77. She travelled to London ..... plane for her business trip.
a. during b. for c. by d. between

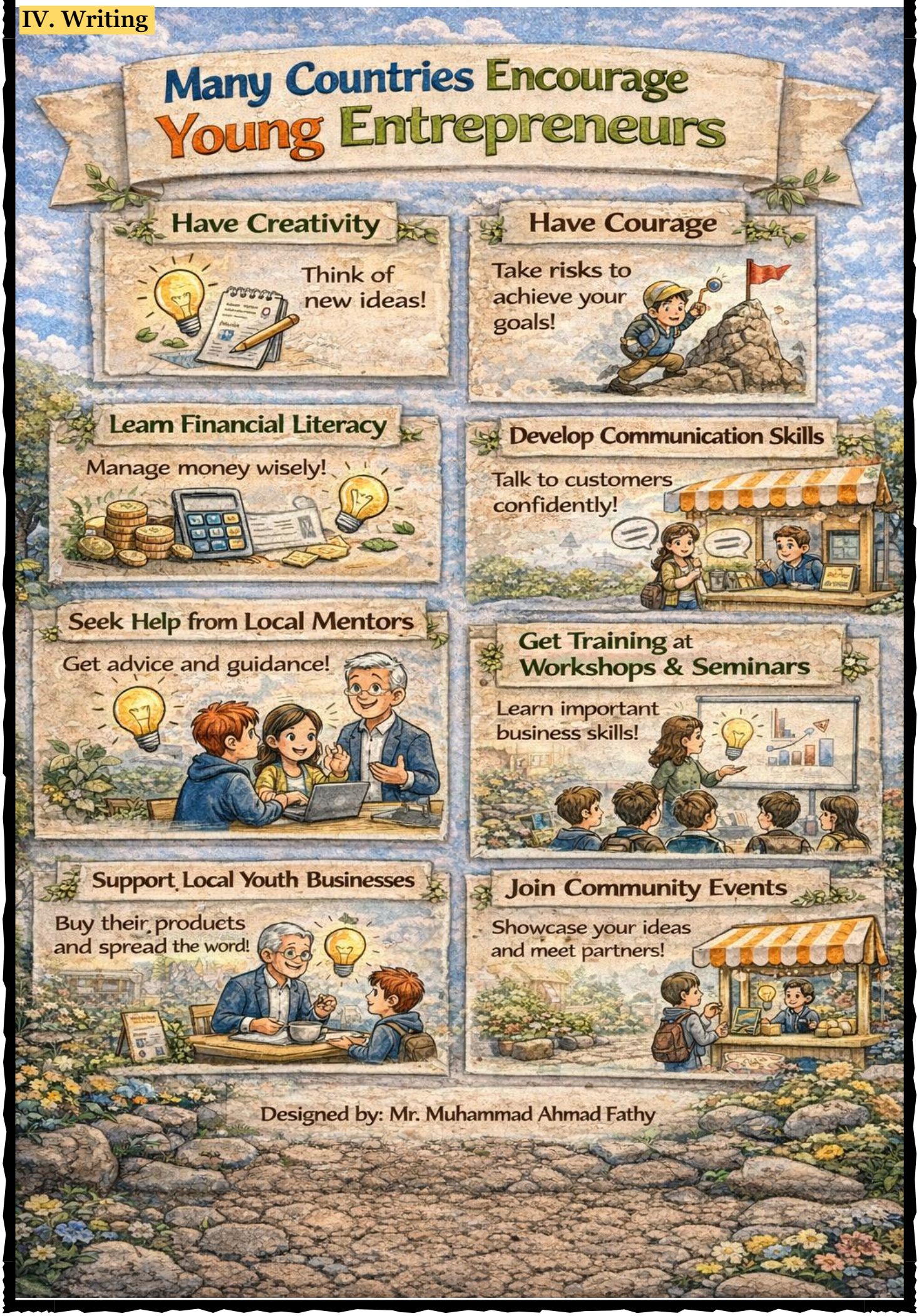
78. We stayed in that small hotel ..... a week last summer.
a. during b. for c. between d. by

79. He practiced football seriously ..... two hours every day.
a. for b. during c. between d. by

80. The teacher walked slowly ..... the desks to check the students' work.
a. during b. for c. by d. between



IV. Writing


Many Countries Encourage Young Entrepreneurs
Have Creativity
Think of new ideas!
Have Courage
Take risks to achieve your goals!
Learn Financial Literacy
Manage money wisely!
Develop Communication Skills
Talk to customers confidently!
Seek Help from Local Mentors
Get advice and guidance!
Get Training at Workshops & Seminars
Learn important business skills!
Support Local Youth Businesses
Buy their products and spread the word!
Join Community Events
Showcase your ideas and meet partners!
Designed by: Mr. Muhammad Ahmad Fathy


THE SKILLS THAT
TEENAGERS
NEED WHEN STARTING A BUSINESS
CREATIVE THINKING
MY BUSINESS
PROBLEM SOLVING
MARKETING & SALES
LEMONADE
MONEY MANAGEMENT
COMMUNICATION
GOAL SETTING
Designed by: Mr. Muhammad Ahmad Fathy


The Role of the Local Community
in Helping Their Businesses Grow!
Shop Local
Lemonade
Bella's Bakery
Support Local Shops!
Work Together!
Community Events!
Designed by : Mr. Muhammad Ahmad Fathy

HOW TO WRITE A BUSINESS ESSAY OUTLINE EXPLAINED!

Topic: Any topic ; what your essay topic

INTRODUCTION

Hook & Introduce the Topic

Get the reader's attention and explain what your essay is about.

PARAGRAPH 1

First Main Idea

- **Topic Sentence:** State the main idea of the paragraph.
- **Supporting Details:**
  -
  -
  -
- **Concluding Sentence:**



PARAGRAPH 2

Second Main Idea

- **Topic Sentence:** Introduce the focus of this paragraph.
- **Supporting Details:**
  -
  -
- **Concluding Sentence:**



CONCLUSION

Restate the Main Idea

Sum up your points and restate your **thesis.**





Designed by **Mr. Muhammad Ahmad Fathy**

Writing



Many countries encourage young people to start their own businesses.

Plan and write a report of two paragraphs discussing the skills that teenagers need when starting a business, and the role of the local community in helping their businesses grow.

Introduction:

.....

Paragraph (1): Skills teenagers need when starting a business

Topic sentence:

.....
.....

Supporting details:

.....
.....

.....
.....

Concluding sentence:

.....
.....

Paragraph (2): The role of the local community

Topic sentence:

.....

Supporting details:

.....
.....
.....

Concluding sentence:

.....

Conclusion:

.....

Grade 09 Unit 08

Beyond Earth:

Exploring the Future of Space

Reading:

1. Exploring Space: Challenges and Solutions
2. The Hidden Costs of Space Exploration

Grammar:

1: Tag Questions with the Past Simple, Past Continuous, Present Perfect and Modals (Can, Could, Must)

2: Linkers of Result (so...that / such...that)

Writing:

Are you for or against Space Explorations!!

Reading Comprehension:

Egypt .. The Land of Magic



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TikTok: hunterx2m7

Unit 8 : Beyond Earth: Exploring the Future of Space
الوحدة الثامنة: ما بعد الأرض: استكشاف مستقبل الفضاء..



Unit 8 : Exploring Space: Challenges and Solutions

U8L1 Exploring Space: Challenges and Solutions P.55			U8L5 The Hidden costs of Space explorations p60		
fascinate	(v.)	يُبهر / يُسحِر	supporter	(n.)	مؤيد / داعم
universe	(n.)	الكون	numerous	(adj.)	عديد / كثير
present	(v.)	يقدِم / يعرض	opponent	(n.)	مُعارض / خِصم
issue	(n.)	قضية / مشكلة	attention	(n.)	انتباه / اهتمام
distant	(adj.)	بعيد	excitedly	(adv.)	بحماس / بإثارة
lack	(adj.)	ناقص / غير كافي	worthwhile	(adj.)	يستحق الجهد / قَيِم
protective	(adj.)	واقي / حامي	investment	(n.)	استثمار
atmosphere	(n.)	الغلاف الجوي	pressing	(adj.)	عاجل/ مُـلِـح
gravity	(n.)	الجاذبية	vast	(adj.)	واسع / فسيـــــح
astronaut	(n.)	رائد فضاء	enhance	(v.)	يُحسن / يعزز
expose	(v.)	يُعَرِض	stress	(v.)	يضغط
lonely	(adv.)	وحيداً	intensive	(adj.)	مكثف
facilitate	(v.)	يُسَـهِـل	threaten	(v.)	يهدد
differ	(v.)	يختلف	extract	(v.)	يستخرج
actively	(adv.)	بنشاط	pure	(adj.)	نقي / صافي
artificial	(adj.)	صناعي	unintentionally	(adv.)	عن غير قصد
supply	(v.)	يزود / يمد بـ	pose	(adj.)	يُشكِل / يسبب
advanced	(adj.)	متقدم			
overcome	(v.)	يتغلب على / يتجاوز			

Linkers	However	On the other hand	In addition	therefore	For example
	و لكن و مع ذلك	على الجانب الآخر	بالإضافة	لذلك	على سبيل المثال

Grammar		
	1	Tag Questions with the Past Simple, Past Continuous, Present Perfect and Modals (Can, Could, Must)
	2	Linkers of Result (so…that / such…that)

I. "Vocabulary"

Unit 8 Lesson 1 Exploring Space: Challenges and Solutions P.55



Word	المعنى	Word	المعنى	Word	المعنى
fascinate		atmosphere		Actively	
universe		gravity		artificial	
present		astronaut		Supply	
issue		expose		advanced	
distant		lonely		overcome	
Lack		facilitate			
protective		differ			

A) Choose the correct answer from a,b,c and d:-

1. The stars ..... many people with their beauty.
   a. threaten b. support c. oppose d. fascinate
2. Our ..... contains billions of stars and planets.
   a. investment b. universe c. atmosphere d. issue
3. The teacher will ..... the new project tomorrow.
   a. facilitate b. overcome c. present d. extract
4. Climate change is an important ..... that affects us all.
   a. atmosphere b. universe c. issue d. gravity
5. The mountains are ..... from our city.
   a. artificial b. distant c. protective d. advanced
6. There is a ..... of water in some countries.
   a. stress b. attention c. lack d. investment
7. Parents have a ..... role in their children's safety.
   a. numerous b. advanced c. protective d. artificial

8. The ..... is getting warmer every year.

a. gravity b. universe c. issue d. atmosphere

9. ..... keeps us on the ground.

a. Lack b. Atmosphere c. Gravity d. Astronaut

10. An ..... must wear a special suit in space.

a. opponent b. supporter c. investment d. astronaut

11. The sun can ..... our skin if we don't use sunscreen.

a. threaten b. facilitate c. expose d. stress

12. Adham walked ..... through the empty streets.

a. lonely b. truly c. actively d. intensively

13. Good teachers ..... learning in the classroom.

a. facilitate b. extract c. threaten d. pose

14. Our opinions sometimes ..... .

a. overcome b. lack c. differ d. expose

15. Students should ..... participate in class.

a. truly b. intensively c. artificially d. actively

16. This diamond is ..... ! it's fake.

a. protective b. advanced c. artificial d. distant

17. Farmers ..... crops from their fields.

a. supply b. facilitate c. threaten d. expose

18. We have ..... technology in our school.

a. numerous b. artificial c. protective d. advanced

19. Asmaa managed to ..... her fears and climb the mountain.

a. threaten b. facilitate c. overcome d. expose

20. The company will _____ new products next month.

a. invest b. differ c. present d. support

21. Stars are ..... objects in the night sky.

a. distant b. protective c. advanced d. artificial

22. This is a(n) ..... flower; it's not real.

a. protective b. advancing c. fascinating d. artificial

23. The space station has a ..... environment.

a. vast b. protective c. artificial d. advancing

24. Scientists study the ..... beyond Earth.

a. universe b. gravity c. issue d. atmosphere

25. Water is essential; we must not ..... it.

a. stress b. extract c. threaten d. lack

26. Adham reads ..... every evening.

a. artificially b. lonesomely c. pressinglyly d. actively

27. The moon's ..... is weaker than Earth's.

a. atmosphere b. gravity c. issue d. universe

28. Strong winds can ..... buildings.

a. present b. threaten c. supply d. fascinate

29. This is a(n) ..... discovery for science.

a. artificial b. numerous c. protective d. advanced

30. The ..... surrounds our planet.

a. gravity b. universe c. atmosphere d. issue



B) Fill in the spaces with words from the list:-

universe – expose – advanced – gravity - fascinate

31. ..... keeps objects on Earth.
32. She was happy to find a new ..... that helped her improve her business.
33. Scientists study the ..... to understand space better.
34. These ..... computers are very expensive and powerful.

distant – protective – actively – atmosphere – lack

35. He wore ..... gloves while carrying the hot tray.
36. Some families ..... enough money to meet all their needs.
37. The village is quite ..... ,so reaching it takes a long time.
38. Students should join classroom discussions ..... , not silently.

astronaut – issue – expose – differ – artificial

39. People often ..... in their opinions about social media.
40. Do not ..... your skin to the sun for many hours.
41. The flowers looked real, but they were completely ..... .
42. The manager discussed an important ..... during the meeting.

facilitate – supply – overcome – lonely – advanced

42. Adham felt ..... after moving away from his closest friend.
43. The hospital uses ..... equipment to help patients recover quickly.
44. Good communication can ..... teamwork in any successful company.
45. Small shops ..... fresh bread to the neighbourhood every morning.





Unit 8 Lesson 5 : The Hidden costs of Space Explorations P.60

Word	المعنى	Word	لمعنى	Word	المعنى
Supporter		pressing		Pure	
numerous		vast		Unintentionally	
Opponent		enhance		Pose	
Attention		stress			
Excitedly		intensive			
worthwhile		threaten			
investment		extract			



Choose the correct answer from a,b,c and d:-

46. The team has many ..... who believe in our mission.
    a. opponent b. stress c. supporter d. investment
47. There are ..... reasons to study hard.
    a. numerous b. vast c. intensive d. pressing
48. My ..... disagrees with my ideas.
    a. supporter b. astronaut c. opponent d. attention
49. Please pay ..... to the instructions.
    a. issue b. extract c. investment d. attention
50. She ..... announced the exciting news.
    a. excitedly b. pressinglyly c. artificially d. actively
51. Education is a ..... investment.
    a. vast b. pressing c. worthwhile d. intensive
52. Starting a business requires a lot of ..... .
    a. attention b. atmosphere c. extraction d. investment
53. This is a ..... problem that needs immediate action.
    a. pressing b. vast c. pure d. worthwhile

54. The ..... ocean is home to many creatures.

a. protective b. pressing c. vast d. artificial

55. Exercise can ..... your health.

a. differ b. threaten c. extract d. enhance

56. Scientists could ..... oil from many plants and flowers.

a. enhance b. extract c. stress d. threaten

57. There are ..... reasons why we should protect the environment today.

a. pure b. vast c. intensive d. numerous

58. Bad weather can ..... our plans.

a. present b. enhance c. threaten d. facilitate

59. Miners ..... gold from the Earth.

a. extract b. overcome c. expose d. present

60. This water is completely ..... I will go out for some fresh air.

a. advanced b. artificial c. pure d. protective

61. Khaled ..... said the wrong thing.

a. actively b. artificially c. excitedly d. unintentionally

62. The problem ..... a serious challenge.

a. differ b. facilitate c. pose d. overcome

63. We have ..... supporters for our project.

a. single b. few c. numerous d. protective

64. This is a very ..... matter for the organization.

a. artificial b. distant c. pressing d. protective

65. The ..... of space is beautiful.

a. atmosphere b. vast c. universe d. gravity

66. Good food can ..... your mood.

a. threaten b. overcome c. extract d. enhance

67. Parents ..... good behaviour in their children.

a. supply b. differ c. stress d. expose

68. This requires ..... study and practice.

a. advanced b. intensive c. protective d. artificial

69. Disease can ..... human life.

a. threaten b. fascinate c. present d. supply

70. Oil companies ..... resources from the ground.

a. expose b. present c. facilitate d. extract

71. The diamond is completely ..... .

a. distant b. protective c. pure d. artificial

72. She ..... broke the vase while cleaning.

a. unintentionally b. pressinglyly c. actively d. artificially

73. This situation ..... many risks.

a. poses b. lacks c. exposes d. facilitates

74. A true ..... believes in the cause.

a. astronaut b. issue c. opponent d. supporter

75. There are ..... ways to solve this problem.

a. numerous b. protective c. artificial d. vast



Fill in the spaces with words from the list:-

supporter – opponent – numerous – excitedly – worthwhile

76. The children clapped ..... when the winner was announced.
77. This project is ..... because it helps many poor families.
78. Muhammad is a strong ..... of Cristiano Ronaldo (The G.O.A.T.)
79. There are ..... ways to solve this problem if we think calmly.

investment – attention – vast – intensive – pressing

80. The desert is ..... and seems endless in some places.
81. This project requires ..... study and hard work.
82. The teacher asked for full ..... during the explanation.
83. Buying useful books can be a smart ..... for the future.

enhance – stress – threaten – extract – pure

84. Too much pressure can ..... your health and peace of mind.
85. Workers can ..... oil from deep under the ground.
86. Clean and ..... water is necessary for a healthy life.
87. The school wants to ..... its activities this year.

intensive – numerous – unintentionally – pose – attention

88. This plan may ..... a serious danger to the environment in the future.
89. Students should give more ..... to the teacher's explanation in class.
90. There are ..... teenagers around the world who support CR7.
91. Hala answered the question ..... without realizing her mistake.

II. "Reading Comprehension"

Read the following passage carefully, then answer the questions that follow:



Egypt is one of the most famous and ancient countries in the world. It is well-known for its long history, rich culture, and great civilization. Egypt is located in the northeast of Africa and has a unique position between Africa and Asia. The River Nile, which is one of the longest rivers in the world, **flows** through Egypt and plays an important role in the lives of its people.

One of the most famous attractions in Egypt is the pyramids. These huge structures were built thousands of years ago and still stand today as a symbol of strength and intelligence. Tourists from all over the world visit Egypt every year to see **these** amazing landmarks. In addition, the ancient temples and museums show how advanced Egyptian civilization was.

Egypt also has an economy based on different sectors such as tourism, agriculture, and industry. The country produces crops like cotton and wheat, and it has many natural resources. In recent years, the government has worked hard to improve services and develop new projects to enhance people's lives.

Egyptian people are known for their kindness and hospitality. They welcome visitors warmly and are proud of their history and traditions. Despite some challenges, Egypt continues to grow and develop. It remains an important country in the region and plays a key role in connecting cultures and civilizations.

A. From a, b, c or d, choose the most suitable answer:

09. The best title for the passage could be:

a. Modern Problems in Egypt
b. The Nile River
c. A land of History and development
d. Ancient Pyramids

10. The underlined word "flows " in the 1st paragraph means:

a. stops
b. moves
c. dries
d. rises

11. The underlined word "<u>these</u>" in the 2nd paragraph refers to:

a. tourists
b. temples
c. pyramids
d. museums

12. According to the passage, what helps Egypt's economy grow?

a. tourism
b. Agriculture
c. Different sectors like tourism and industry
d. Museums

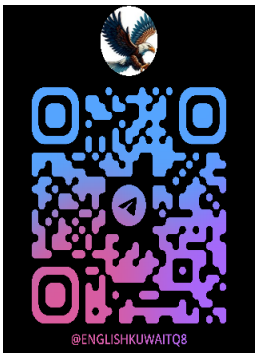
13. According to the passage, all of the following are true EXCEPT:

a. Egypt has a long history

b. The pyramids were built recently

c. Tourists visit Egypt every year

d. Egyptians are welcoming



14. The purpose of the writer in writing this passage is to:

a. describe Egypt and its importance

b. explain how to build pyramids

c. compare Egypt with other countries

d. talk about one problem only

<u>B. With reference to the passage, answer the following questions. (2x 2=4 Marks)</u>

15. Why is the River Nile important to Egypt?

..... .

16. What are Egyptian people known for?

.....

III. " GRAMMAR"

Tag Questions with the Past Simple, Past Continuous, Present Perfect and Modals (Can, Could, Must)
السؤال المذيل مع (الماضي البسيط / الماضي المستمر / المضارع التام / الأفعال الناقصة)

Tag Question

A tag question is a short question added to the end of a statement to ask for confirmation.

BASIC RULES:

1. Positive statement → negative tag

"You like English, don't you?"

2. Negative statement → positive tag

"You don't like Math, do you?"

3. Use the same auxiliary verb (is, does, did, can, must)

4. Match the pronoun: I→we, You→you, He/She/It→he/she/it, They→they

EXAMPLES:

• Past Simple: "They visited Cairo, didn't they?"

• Past Continuous: "She was studying, wasn't she?"

• Present Perfect: "He has finished, hasn't he?"

• Modals: "You can help, can't you?" / "You must arrive, mustn't you?"

السـؤال المذيـــــل

السؤال المذيل هو سؤال قصير نضيفه في آخر الجملة للتأكد من المعلومة أو لطلب الموافقة.

إذا كانت الجملة مثبتة، نستخدم سؤالاً مذيلاً منفياً. وإذا كانت الجملة منفية، نستخدم سؤالاً مذيلاً مثبتاً.

نستخدم نفس الفعل المساعد الموجود في الجملة، مع نفس الزمن، ثم نحول الفاعل إلى ضمير مناسب

1. في الماضي البسيط نستخدم
did / didn't

2. في الماضي المستمر نستخدم
was - were - wasn't – weren't

3. في المضارع التام نستخدم
has, hasn't, have, haven't

4. مع الأفعال الناقصة ، نستخدم
can, cant, could, couldn't, must, mustn't

He finished his work, didn't he?
She was studying, wasn't she?
They haven't arrived, have they?
He can speak English, can't he?
Adham must follow the instructions, mustn't he?

Grammar:

Tag Questions

with the **Past Simple, Past Continuous, Present Perfect** and **Modals** (Can, Could, Must)

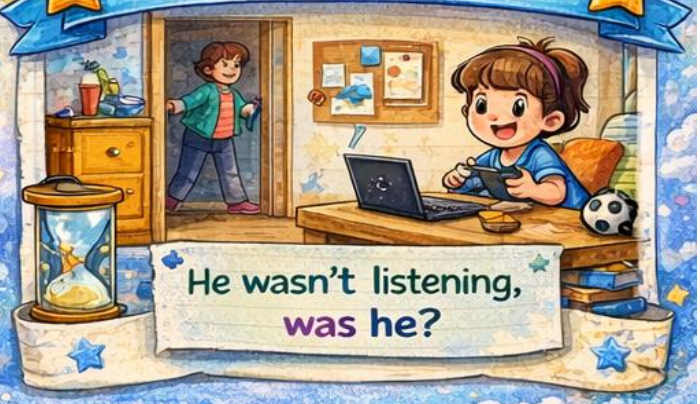
PAST SIMPLE

She went home, didn't she?

He didn't say anything, did he?

You were playing, weren't you?

PAST CONTINUOUS



He wasn't listening, was he?

PRESENT PERFECT

She has been here before, hasn't she?

You haven't finished yet, have you?

MODALS (CAN, COULD, MUST)

We can go now, can't we?

He must be tired, mustn't he?



RULE:

STATEMENT + TAG QUESTION?

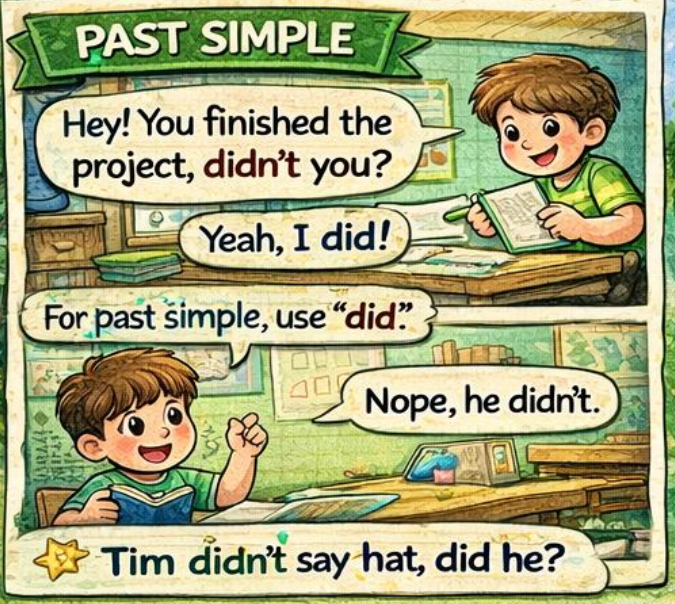
- Use an auxiliary verb (did, were, has, have, can, etc.)
- Watch your tense and subject → They've
- Modals: Use "can" → can't "could" → couldn't → mustn't
- She can swim, can't she?

Grammar:

Tag Questions

with the **Past Simple, Past Continuous, Present Perfect** and **Modals (Can, Could, Must)**

PAST SIMPLE



PAST CONTINUOUS



PRESENT PERFECT



RULE:

To add a tag question, use the same subject and an **auxiliary verb** (did, were, has, have, can, etc.), okay?

Use the opposite form of the verb in the statement.

If the statement is positive, use a negative tag:

He was tired, **wasn't he?**

If the statement is negative, use a positive tag:

Tim didn't say that, **did he?**

A) Choose the correct answer from a,b,c or d:-

1. Ahmed finished his homework before going out with his friends, _____?
   a. did he b. hasn't he c. isn't he d. didn't he
2. The students were listening carefully to the teacher, _____?
   a. weren't they b. didn't they c. aren't they d. haven't they
3. She hasn't completed her project yet, _____?
   a. hasn't she b. isn't she c. has she d. did she
4. He can solve difficult problems without asking for help , _____?
   a. can he b. can't he c. doesn't he d. didn't he
5. They didn't arrive on time due to the heavy traffic in the morning, _____?
   a. did they b. didn't they c. haven't they d. aren't they
6. She was preparing dinner while her mother was cleaning , _____?
   a. didn't she b. hasn't she c. was she d. wasn't she
7. The boys have finished their assignment and submitted it , _____?
   a. have you b. haven't you c. didn't you d. aren't you
8. He must leave early today because he has an important meeting, _____?
   a. must he b. doesn't he c. mustn't he d. didn't he
9. They weren't paying attention during the lesson , _____?
   a. were they b. weren't they c. didn't they d. haven't they
10. She could understand the instructions clearly _____?
   a. could she b. didn't she c. hasn't she d. couldn't she
11. The manager didn't explain the plan clearly during the meeting, _____?
   a. didn't he b. does he c. hasn't he d. did he
12. The students were solving the problems, _____?
   a. were they b. didn't they c. weren't they d. haven't they
13. She has visited many countries during her holidays , _____?
   a. hasn't she b. has she c. didn't she d. isn't she
14. He couldn't finish the task on time because it was very difficult, _____?
   a. couldn't he b. doesn't he c. didn't he d. could he
15. They must follow the school rules to avoid any problems, _____?
   a. must they b. mustn't they c. don't they d. didn't they

16. She didn't understand the lesson even after the explanation, _____?
a. did she b. didn't she c. hasn't she d. isn't she
17. You have seen this movie before with your family, _____?
a. have you b. didn't you c. haven't you d. aren't you
18. The boys were playing football in the yard when it started to rain, _____?
a. didn't they b. were they c. weren't they d. haven't they
19. He can speak English fluently after years of practice, _____?
a. can't he b. can he c. doesn't he d. didn't he
20. They didn't complete the project on time because of the short deadline, _____?
a. didn't they b. haven't they c. aren't they d. did they
21. She has already finished reading the book and wrote a summary, _____?
a. has she b. hasn't she c. didn't she d. isn't she
22. The teacher was explaining the lesson when the students asked, _____?
a. wasn't he b. didn't he c. was he d. hasn't he
23. They mustn't make noise during the exam to respect others, _____?
a. mustn't they b. don't they c. didn't they d. must they
24. He could solve the problem after thinking carefully for a long time, _____?
a. could he b. didn't he c. couldn't he d. hasn't he
25. She didn't attend the meeting because she was feeling sick that day, _____?
a. did she b. didn't she c. hasn't she d. isn't she
26. They have improved their skills after practicing regularly every day, _____?
a. have they b. didn't they c. haven't they d. aren't they
27. The children were watching a movie when their father entered, _____?
a. weren't they b. didn't they c. were they d. haven't they
28. He must finish his work before leaving the office today, _____?
a. must he b. doesn't he c. mustn't he d. didn't he
29. She can't solve this difficult question without help, _____?
a. can she b. can't she c. doesn't she d. didn't she
30. They didn't enjoy the trip because the weather was very bad, _____?
a. didn't they b. haven't they c. aren't they d. did they

31. You have completed all the exercises and checked your answers, _____?

a. have you b. didn't you c. aren't you d. haven't you

32. The workers were building the bridge when the storm started suddenly, _____?

a. weren't they b. didn't they c. were they d. haven't they

33. He could answer all the questions correctly during the test, _____?

a. could he b. didn't he c. couldn't he d. hasn't he

34. She hasn't called her friend yet to tell her the news, _____?

a. hasn't she b. has she c. didn't she d. isn't she

35. They must respect their teachers and follow their advice, _____?

a. mustn't they b. must they c. don't they d. didn't they

36. He didn't understand the instructions at first but later he got it, _____?

a. didn't he b. hasn't he c. isn't he d. did he

37. The students have studied hard for the final exams this term, _____?

a. have they b. haven't they c. didn't they d. aren't they

38. She was writing an email when the internet suddenly stopped working, _____?

a. didn't she b. was she c. wasn't she d. hasn't she

39. He can solve this problem if he thinks about it carefully, _____?

a. can't he b. can he c. doesn't he d. didn't he

40. They didn't know the answer to the question during the lesson, _____?

a. didn't they b. haven't they c. aren't they d. did they

41. Mona finished the report before the end of the school day, _____?

a. did she b. hasn't she c. isn't she d. didn't she

42. The boys were waiting outside while their father bought the tickets, _____?

a. didn't they b. aren't they c. weren't they d. haven't they

43. She has prepared the food for all the guests already, _____?

a. hasn't she b. has she c. didn't she d. isn't she

44. He could carry the heavy box without anyone's help, _____?

a. could he b. didn't he c. hasn't he d. couldn't he

45. They must be careful while crossing the busy street, _____?

a. must they b. mustn't they c. don't they d. didn't they

46. Sara didn't submit her homework because she forgot it at home, _____?

a. did she b. didn't she c. hasn't she d. isn't she

47. You have visited this museum with your cousins before, _____?

a. have you b. didn't you c. haven't you d. aren't you

48. The girls were decorating the classroom for the school party, _____?

a. didn't they b. were they c. weren't they d. haven't they

49. He can use the new program after a short training course, _____?

a. can't he b. can he c. doesn't he d. didn't he

50. They didn't receive the message until late in the evening, _____?

a. didn't they b. haven't they c. aren't they d. did they

B)Do as shown between bracket:-

1. Ahmed finished his homework before going out, ...? (Add a question tag)

.....

2. The students were listening carefully, ...? (Add a question tag)

.....

3. She hasn't completed her project yet , ...? (Add a question tag)

.....

4. He can solve difficult problems easily, ...? (Add a question tag)

.....

5. They didn't arrive on time due to the heavy traffic, ...? (Add a question tag)

.....

6. She was preparing dinner with her mother, ...? (Add a question tag)

.....

7. You have finished your assignment, ...? (Add a question tag)

.....

8. He must leave early today as he has an important meeting, ...? (question tag)

.....

9. They weren't paying attention during the lesson and missed important information, , ...? (Add a question tag)

.....

10. She could understand the instructions clearly , ...? (Add a question tag)

.....

11. The manager didn't explain the plan , ...? (Add a question tag)

.....

12. The students were solving the problems , ...? (Add a question tag)

.....

13. She has visited many countries during her holidays, ...? (Tag Question)

.....

14. He couldn't finish the task on time, ...? (Tag Question)

.....

15. They must follow the school rules to avoid any problems, ...?(Add a question tag)

.....

16. She didn't understand the lesson ,..... ? (Add a question tag)

.....

17. You have seen this movie before with your family, ...? (Tag Question)

.....

18. The boys were playing football in the yard, ...? (Tag Question)

.....

19. He can speak English fluently after years of practice, ...? (Tag Question)

.....

20. They didn't complete the project on time, ...? (Tag Question)

.....

21. Hana has already finished reading the book, ...? (Tag Question)

.....

22. The teacher was explaining the lesson, ...? (Tag Question)

.....

23. They mustn't make noise during the exam, ...? (Tag Question)

.....

24. He could solve the problem after thinking carefully, ...? (Tag Question)

.....

25. She didn't attend the meeting, ...? (Tag Question)

.....

26. They have improved their skills after practicing, ...? (Tag Question)

.....

27. The children were watching a movie, ...? (Tag Question)

.....

28. He must finish his work before leaving, ...? (Tag Question)

.....

29. She can't solve this difficult question without help,.....? (Tag Question)

.....

30. They didn't enjoy the trip, ...? (Tag Question)

.....

31. You have completed all the exercises , ...? (Tag Question)

.....

32. The workers were building the bridge , ...? (Tag Question)

.....

33. He could answer all the questions correctly , ...? (Tag Question)

.....

34. She hasn't called her friend yet to tell her the news, ...? (Tag Question)

.....

35. They must respect their teachers , ...? (Tag Question)

.....

36. He didn't understand the instructions , ...? (Tag Question)

.....

37. The students have studied hard for the exams, ...? (Tag Question))

.....

38. She was writing an email when the internet suddenly stopped , ...? (Tag)

.....

39. He can't speak Spanish fluently, ...? (Tag Question)

.....

40. They didn't know the reasons of the accident, ...? (Tag Question)

.....

41. Mona finished the report before the end of the school day, ...? (Tag Question)

.....

42. The boys were waiting outside while their father bought the tickets, ...? (Tag)

.....

43. She has prepared the food for all the guests already, ...? (Tag)

.....

44. Adham could carry the heavy box without anyone's help, ...? (Tag Question)

.....

45. They must be careful while crossing the busy street, ...? (Tag Question)

.....

46. Sara didn't submit her homework , ...? (Tag Question)

.....

47. You have visited this museum with your cousins , ...? (Tag Question)

.....

48. The girls were decorating the classroom , ...? (Tag Question)

.....

49. He can use the new program after a training course, ...? (Tag Question)

.....

50. They didn't receive the message until late in the evening,.....? (Tag Question)

.....



III. " GRAMMAR"

Linkers of Result (so...that / such...that)
روابط النتيجة : لدرجـــــة أن

Understanding Linkers of Result

SO...THAT is used with adjectives and adverbs to show result.

Formula: So + adjective/adverb + that + result

Examples: "The sun is so hot that we can't go outside."

"He spoke so quietly that nobody heard him."

SUCH...THAT is used with nouns to show result.

Formula: Such + (article) + noun + that + result

Examples: "She is such a kind person that everyone likes her."

"It was such a beautiful day that we went out."

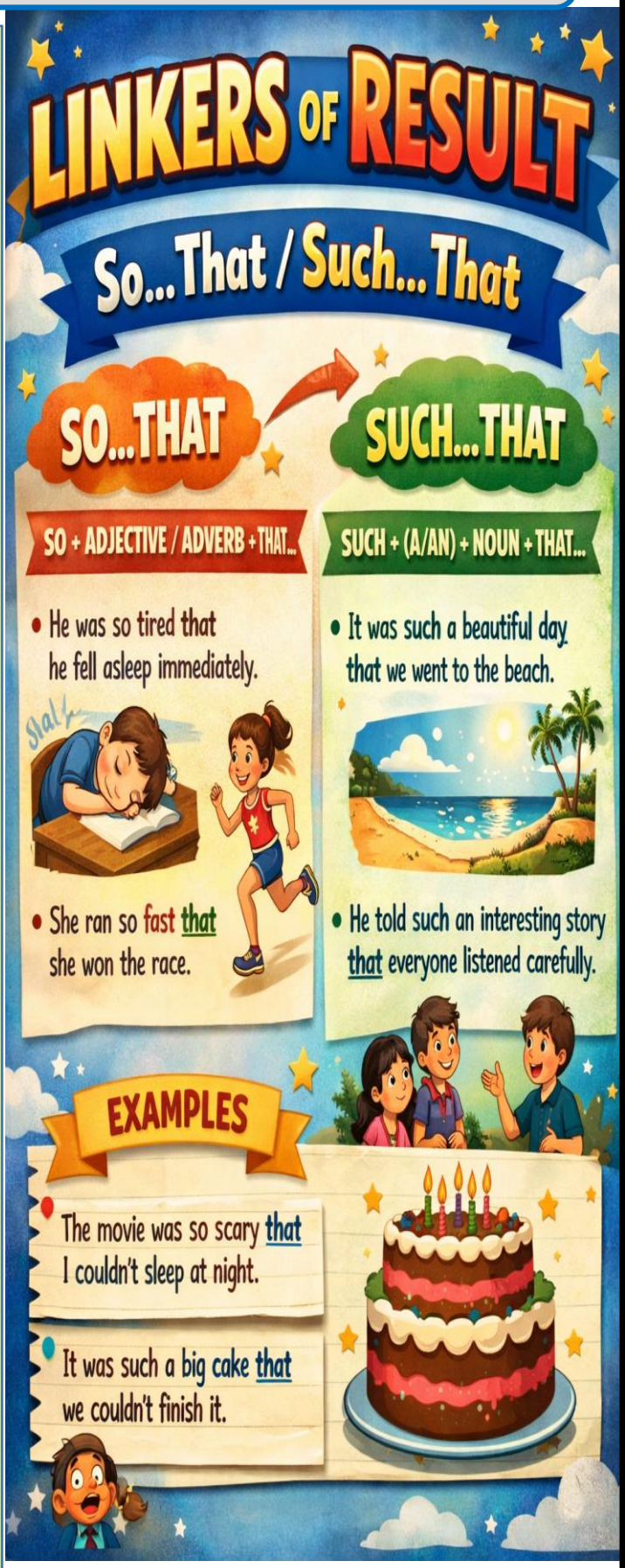
KEY DIFFERENCE:

SO → adjective/adverb
(so intelligent, so quickly)

SUCH → noun/noun phrase
(such a good student, such courage)

EXAMPLES:

- **SO:** "The pizza is so delicious that we want more."
- **SUCH:** "It is such delicious pizza that we want more."
- **SO:** "He is so tall that he reaches the ceiling."
- **SUCH:** "He is such a tall man that he reaches the ceiling."



Grammar

So...that Such...that

So...that

Use "so...that" to show the effect or result of something.

SO + ADJECTIVE/ADVERB + + RESULT

The movie was so funny that we laughed out loud.

She ran so quickly that she won the race.

EXAMPLES:

The dog barked so loudly that he woke everyone up.



Such...that

Use "such...that" to emphasize the degree of something.

SUCH + (ADJECTIVE) NOUN + THAT + RESULT



EXAMPLES

It was such a beautiful day that we went for a picnic.



EXAMPLES:

- The movie was so funny that we laughed out loud.
- The dog barked so loudly that he woke everyone up.
- He made such a mess that it took hours to clean up.
- She has such a loud voice that everyone can hear her.

A)Choose the correct answer from a,b,c and d:

1. The weather is _____ nice that we went hiking.
   a. very b. such c. so d. so
2. Hana is _____ a smart girl that she could answer all the questions.
   a. very b. such c. so d. such
3. The book was _____ interesting that I couldn't stop reading.
   a. so b. really c. so d. such
4. Adham made _____ a mess that the teacher got angry.
   a. so b. such c. very d. such
5. The music was _____ loud that nobody could talk.
   a. so b. so c. such d. very
6. This is _____ an important issue that everyone cares.
   a. so b. such c. such d. very
7. The test was _____ difficult that many failed.
   a. such b. very c. so d. so
8. We have _____ many tasks that we don't know where to start.
   a. very b. so c. so d. such
9. Hala ran _____ fast that she broke the record.
   a. very b. such c. so d. so
10. It was _____ a beautiful sunset that everyone looked.
    a. so b. such c. really d. such
11. The problem is _____ complex that we need an expert.
    a. so b. very c. such d. so
12. Fahad told _____ a funny joke that everyone laughed.
    a. so b. such c. really d. such
13. The restaurant served _____ delicious food that we return.
    a. so b. such c. very d. so
14. This is _____ a terrible situation that we ignore it.
    a. such b. such c. very d. so

15. The child was _____ tired that she fell asleep.
a. so b. such c. so d. very

16. The weather is _____ nice that we went hiking.
a. such b. so c. so d. very

17. She is _____ a talented artist that everyone admires her work.
a. so b. very c. such d. such

18. The book was _____ interesting that I couldn't stop reading.
a. so b. such c. really d. so

19. The movie was _____ interesting that we watched it twice.
a. such b. very c. such d. so

20. It was _____ a long journey that we felt very tired at the end.
a. such b. very c. so d. so

21. He spoke _____ quickly that I couldn't understand him.
a. such b. so c. very d. so

22. They are _____ kind people that everyone respects them.
a. very b. such c. so d. such

23. The book was _____ interesting that I couldn't stop reading.
a. so b. such c. really d. so

24. The exam was _____ easy that all students passed.
a. very b. so c. such d. such

25. The task was _____ difficult that no one could complete it on time.
a. such b. so c. very d. so

26. The weather is _____ nice that we went hiking.
a. so b. very c. such d. so

27. It was _____ a beautiful place that we decided to visit it again.
a. so b. such c. such d. very

28. It was _____ a boring lecture that many students lost interest.
a. really b. such c. so d. so

29. Sara was _____ tired that she fell asleep immediately after dinner.
a. such b. very c. so d. such

B) Do as shown between brackets:

1. The weather was very hot. We couldn't stay outside for long. (so...that)

.....

2. It was a very difficult exam. Many students failed. (Join using: such...that)

.....

3. He ran very fast. He won the race easily. (Join using: so...that)

.....

4. It was a very interesting story. Everyone listened carefully. (such...that)

.....

5. The road was very long. We felt tired before reaching the end. (so...that)

.....

6. It was a very boring movie. We left before it ended. (Join using: such...that)

.....

7. She spoke very quickly. I couldn't understand her. (Join using: so...that)

.....

8. It was a very noisy place. We couldn't hear each other. (Join: such...that)

.....

9. The food was very delicious. We ordered more. (Join using: so...that)

.....

10. It was a very big house. It had many rooms. (Join using: such...that)

.....

11. He was very tired. He went to bed early. (Join using: so...that)

.....

12. It was a very cold day. We stayed at home. (Join using: such...that)

.....

13. She is very smart. She always gets high marks. (Join using: so...that)

.....

14. It was a very exciting match. Everyone watched it. (Join using: such...that)

.....

15. The problem was very serious. It needed quick action. (Join using: so...that)

.....

16. It was a very beautiful place. We visited it twice. (Join using: such...that)

.....

17. He spoke very slowly. Everyone understood him. (Join using: so...that)

.....

18. It was a very funny story. Everyone laughed. (Join using: such...that)

.....

19. The test was very easy. All students passed. (Join using: so...that)

.....

20. It was a very important meeting. All employees attended. (Join:such...that)

.....

21. She was very happy. She couldn't stop smiling. (Join using: so...that)

.....

22. It was a very long journey. We felt exhausted. (Join using: such...that)

.....

23. He is very strong. He can lift heavy objects. (Join using: so...that)

.....

24. It was a very crowded place. We couldn't move easily. (Join: such...that)

.....

25. The weather was very bad. We cancelled the trip. (Join using: so...that)

.....

26. It was a very interesting lesson. Students paid attention. (such...that)

.....

27. She worked very hard. She achieved her goals. (Join using: so...that)

.....

28. It was a very large garden. It had many flowers. (Join using: such...that)

.....

29. He was very nervous. He couldn't speak clearly. (Join using: so...that)

.....

30. It was a very useful book. Many students bought it. (Join using: such...that)

.....

31. The car was very fast. It reached the destination quickly. (so...that)

.....

32. It was a very expensive phone. Not many people bought it. (such...that)

.....

33. She sang very beautifully. Everyone admired her voice. (Join: so...that)

.....

34. It was a very difficult task. Few people completed it. (Join: such...that)

.....

35. He was very hungry. He ate everything quickly. (Join using: so...that)

.....

36. It was a very noisy classroom. The teacher got angry. (Join: such...that)

.....

37. The water was very cold. We couldn't swim. (Join using: so...that)

.....

38. It was a very beautiful painting. Everyone admired it. (Join: such...that)

.....

39. She was very busy. She didn't answer the phone. (Join using: so...that)

.....

40. It was a very big problem. We couldn't solve it easily. (Join : such...that)

.....

41. The boy was very sleepy. He slept on the sofa. (Join using: so...that)

.....

42. It was a very cheerful song. Everyone started singing. (such...that)

.....

43. The street was very crowded. We moved slowly. (Join using: so...that)

.....

44. It was a very useful app. Many students downloaded it. (such...that)

.....

45. The soup was very salty. Nobody wanted more. (Join using: so...that)

.....

46. It was a very strange idea. Everyone talked about it. (Join : such...that)

.....

47. The runner was very strong. He finished first. (Join using: so...that)

.....

48. It was a very bright room. We didn't need extra lights. (such...that)

.....

49. The baby cried very loudly. Everyone woke up. (Join using: so...that)

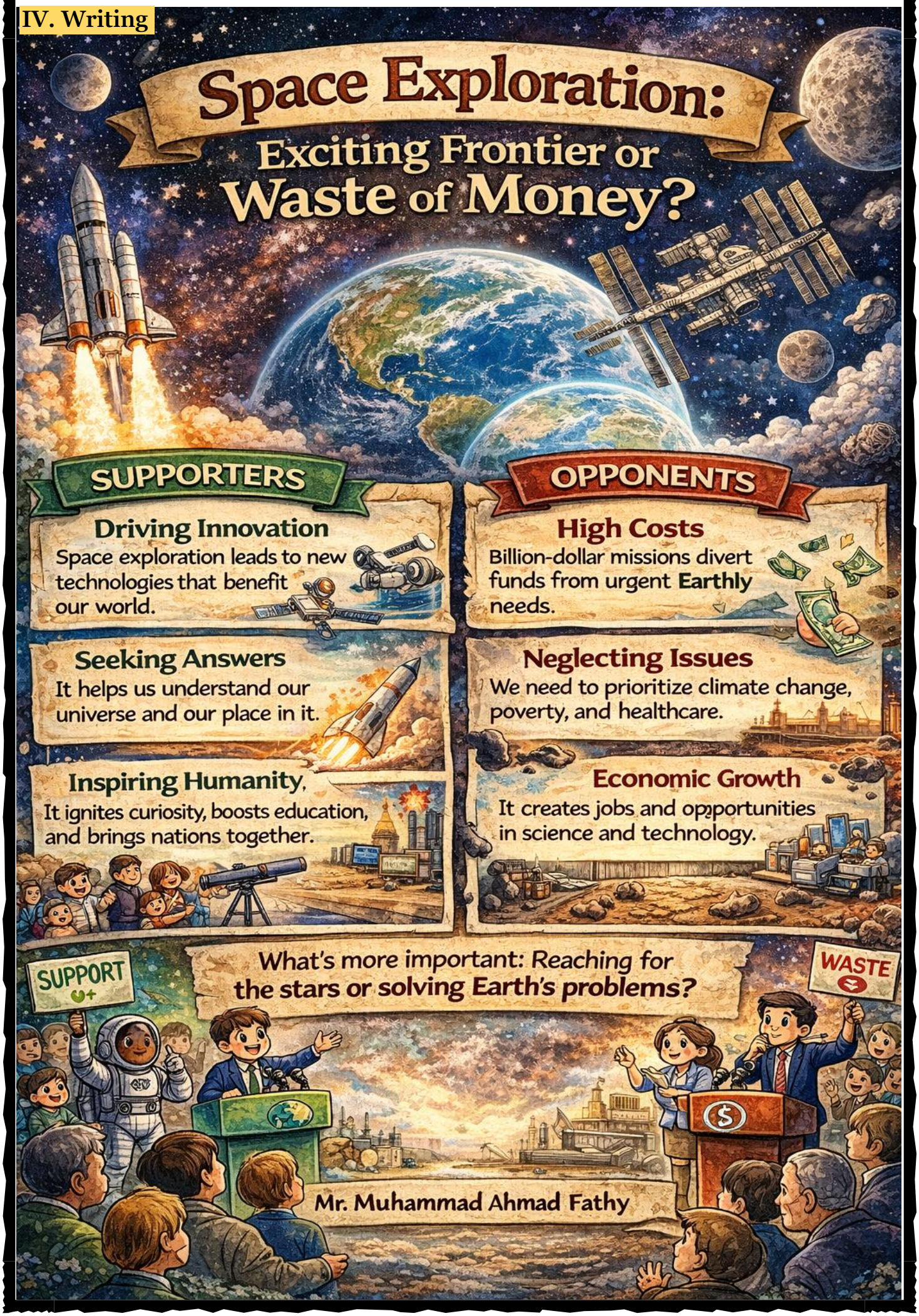
.....

50. It was a very difficult road. Drivers moved carefully. (Join: such...that)

.....



IV. Writing


Space Exploration:
Exciting Frontier or Waste of Money?
SUPPORTERS
Driving Innovation
Space exploration leads to new technologies that benefit our world.
Seeking Answers
It helps us understand our universe and our place in it.
Inspiring Humanity
It ignites curiosity, boosts education, and brings nations together.
OPPONENTS
High Costs
Billion-dollar missions divert funds from urgent Earthly needs.
Neglecting Issues
We need to prioritize climate change, poverty, and healthcare.
Economic Growth
It creates jobs and opportunities in science and technology.
What's more important: Reaching for the stars or solving Earth's problems?
SUPPORT
WASTE
Mr. Muhammad Ahmad Fathy


SPACE EXPLORATION
IS A TWO-SIDED ISSUE
SOME PEOPLE SUPPORT IT:
SCIENCE & DISCOVERY
Helps us learn more about the universe
Encourages innovation
ADVANCING TECHNOLOGY
Leads to new technologies
Improves everyday life
RESOURCES
Find new materials & minerals
Could provide energy
ECONOMY
Creates new jobs
Boosts the economy
INSPIRATION & UNITY
Inspires future generations
Brings people together
By: Mr. Muhammad Ahmad Fathy


SPACE EXPLORATION
OTHERS BELIEVE IT IS A
WASTE OF MONEY?
WHY DO SOME PEOPLE BELIEVE THIS?
VERY EXPENSIVE
Costs billions of dollars
MONEY BETTER SPENT ON EARTH
HEALTHCARE
EDUCATION
NO IMMEDIATE BENEFITS
No clear advantages that help people now
Costs billions of dollars
TOO RISKY
Dangerous and unsafe
By: Mr. Muhammad Ahmad Fathy

HOW TO WRITE A BUSINESS ESSAY OUTLINE EXPLAINED!

Topic: Any topic ; what your essay topic

INTRODUCTION

Hook & Introduce the Topic

Get the reader's attention and explain what your essay is about.

PARAGRAPH 1

First Main Idea

- **Topic Sentence:** State the main idea of the paragraph.
- **Supporting Details:**
  -
  -
  -
- **Concluding Sentence:**



PARAGRAPH 2

Second Main Idea

- **Topic Sentence:** Introduce the focus of this paragraph.
- **Supporting Details:**
  -
  -
- **Concluding Sentence:**



CONCLUSION

Restate the Main Idea

Sum up your points and restate your **thesis.**





Designed by **Mr. Muhammad Ahmad Fathy**

Writing



Space exploration is a two-sided issue. Some people support it, while others believe it is a waste of money

Plan and write a report of two paragraphs explaining both views and clearly giving your own opinion.

Introduction:

.....

Paragraph (1): What supporters believe

Topic sentence:

.....

.....

Supporting Details (Arguments for):

.....

.....

.....

.....

Concluding sentence:

.....

.....

Paragraph (2): What opponents claim

Topic sentence:

.....

Supporting Details (Arguments Against):

.....

.....

.....

Concluding sentence (Your Opinion):

.....

Conclusion:

.....

A MESSAGE TO Grade 9 Students

Dear Grade 9 Students,

This is not just the final page of a booklet.
It is the final step of **effort, learning,**
and **determination.**

Every lesson you studied, every exercise you completed,
and every challenge you faced has made you
stronger, wiser, and **more prepared** for **success.**

Always remember:



Success is never given by chance.



It is earned by **hard work & patience.**



Believe in yourselves & trust your abilities.



Keep moving forward with confidence.

Your future begins with every effort you make today.

Mr. Muhammad Ahmad Fathy
wishes you success and excellence.

Find me on:

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YouTube
muhamedfathy283

TikTok
hunterx2m7