

الصف الرابع  
مذكرة تفاعلية

04



# English

SEMESTER TWO  
2024-2023



# تفوق مع مذكرات النجاح

طريقة سهلة ومميزة لعرض الدروس والتمارين



اختبارات الكترونية  
لكل درس  
لكل وحدة

مجانا  
بدون  
اشتراك



## ما يميز مذكراتنا !



- شاملة ومختصرة تحوي جميع معلومات الكتاب
- ملونة ومرتبة بشكل جذاب
- يسهل الدراسة
- محولة
- مرتبة حسب الدروس
- باركود الاختبار الالكتروني
- نماذج اختبارات محلولة



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# مذكرات النجاح

طريقك للنجاح



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## Vocabulary

Words	meaning	Words	Meaning
Planet	كوكب	Coast	ساحل
solar system	نظام شمسي	Oasis	واحة
Freezing	متجمد	Island	جزيرة
book (v.)	يحجز	Stone	حجر
cost (v.)	يكلف	Cave	كهف
Per	لكل	Around	حول
Night	ليل	Close	قريب
Mountain	جبل	Different	مختلف
Noise	أصوات	Earth	الارض
Consist	يتكون	Moon	القمر
Large	كبير	Star	نجم
Kuwait bay	جون الكويت	Far	بعيد
need (v.)	يحتاج	Began	بدأ

Planetarium	قبة سماوية	camping trip	رحلة تخيم
Footprint	بصمة قدم	Heavily	بشدة
land (v.)	يهبط	Selected	اختار
look like	يشبه	Successfully	بنجاح
Proudly	بفخر	Happily	بسعادة
Quietly	بهدوء	Flew	طار
Rock	صخرة	Ocean	محيط
Spaceman	رجل فضاء	Wood	خشب
Astronaut	رائد فضاء	Gloomy	كئيب
Spaceship	سفينة فضاء		

### Choose the correct answer

1- There are 8 ..... in the solar system.



mountains



planets



stones



stars

2- My sister studies hard day and .....



night



rock



ocean



wood

3- The house was ..... when my father travelled.



freezing



close



large



gloomy

4- I ..... a lot of food because I am hungry.



fly



land



need



book

5- It rained ..... yesterday.



happily



proudly



heavily



successfully

6- People learn about the planets, the moon and stars at the .....



oasis



astronaut



footprint



planetarium

7- My plane ..... to Egypt at 2 o'clock yesterday.



flew



booked



needed



began

8- The moon is so ..... away from the sun.



gloomy



different



far



close

9- Successful people speak ..... about their work.



quietly



proudly



heavily



successfully

10- I ..... a room at plaza Hotel last week.



began



landed



selected



booked



## Present simple

يعبر عن عادة أو حقيقة، ويتكون المضارع البسيط من التصريف الأول:

I/ You/ We/ They + (مصدر) فعل

He/ She/ It + (s + فعل)

ex: - I/ You/ We/ They play football.

- He/ She/ It eats a fish.

ننفي المضارع البسيط بوضع don't / doesn't قبل الفعل:

ex: - I/ You/ We/ They don't eat fish.

- He/ She/ It doesn't like swimming.

عند السؤال نستخدم do/ does كفعل مساعد:

ex: - What do (you/ we/ they) want?

- What does (he/ she/ it) eat?

### الكلمات الدالة Key words

يأتي المضارع البسيط مع:

أبداً never - عادة usually - أحياناً sometimes - دائماً Always

### Choose the correct verb from between brackets:

I like going to the beach. I always (go – goes – went) with my family. My brother usually (swim – swims – is swimming) in the sea. My parents (walk – walks – are walking) in the sunshine.





## Past simple

يعبر عن شيء حدث بالماضي وانتهى، ويتكون الماضي البسيط من التصريف الثاني:  
نحول الفعل لصيغة الماضي بإضافة (d - ed) إذا كان منتظماً أما إذا كان غير منتظم نحول  
للتصريف الثاني.

ex: - I visited my uncle yesterday.

- We met Sara last week.

### الكلمات الدالة Key words

يأتي الماضي البسيط مع:

... الماضي last... - في الماضي in the past - منذ ago - أمس yesterday

ننفي الماضي البسيط بوضع (did not) قبل الفعل ثم نأتي بالفعل في المصدر:

ex: I visited my uncle yesterday.      ⇒      I didn't visit my uncle yesterday.

عند السؤال نستخدم did كفعل مساعد :

ex: I met Ali yesterday.      ⇒      When did you meet Ali?

### أفعال منتظمة

تصريف أول (1) Verb	تصريف ثاني (2) Verb
Book	Book <u>ed</u>
Need	Need <u>ed</u>

Select	Selected
Land	Landed
Arrive	Arrived
أفعال غير منتظمة	
Begin	Began
Fly	Flew
Become	Became
Hear	Heard
Ride	Rode
Drive	Drove

### Choose the correct answer from between brackets:

Yesterday, I (go – **went** – goes) to the cinema. I went with my family. My parents (like – liking – **liked**) the film. I didn't (**like** – liked – likes) it because it was too scary.

### The Comparative and the Superlative

- عند وصف شخص نأتي بالصفة كما هي.

**Comparative adjective** is used to compare two persons or two things.

**صفات المقارنة** تستخدم للمقارنة بين شخصين أو شيئين.

- عند المقارنة بين اثنين نأتي بـ **than** بعد الصفة.

Adjective + er



**Superlative adjective** is used to compare one person or a thing with every other member of the group.

**صفات التفضيل** تستخدم لمقارنة شخص أو شيء مع كل عنصر آخر في المجموعة.  
- عند تفضيل واحد على مجموعة تأتي بـ the قبل الصفة و est بعدها.

The + Adjective + est

ex: - Ali is tall.

- Ali is taller than Salim.

- Ali is the tallest boy.

### Choose:

- Salah is (fat – **fatter** – fattest) than Sami.
- English is the (easy – easier – **easiest**) subject.
- Ali is the (good – better – **best**) boy.
- Fatema is (good – **better** – best) than Huda.
- The farthest planet takes the (long – longer – **longest**) time to go around the sun.
- The hotter planets are (close – **closer** – closest) to the sun.

## Adverbs

We use the adverbs to describe the actions of the verb.

الظرف يصف الفعل ويعبر عن حالته وينتهي غالباً بـ ly.

Adverb = Adjective + ly

Adjective	Adverb
Careful	Carefully
Slow	Slowly
Successful	Successfully
heavy	Heavily
Happy	Happily

### Choose the correct answer:

Neil Armstrong was the first man who flew to the moon. He landed (successfully – successful). He walked (proud – proudly) on the moon. Neil and his team arrived back to the earth (happily – happy). They landed (safely – safe) in the ocean.

### Countable and Uncountable Nouns

<b>Countable</b>	<p>الأسماء المعدودة (هي أسماء الأشياء التي يمكن عدّها)</p> <p>عندما تأتي بصيغة المفرد يسبقها (a/ an)</p> <p>يمكن جمعها</p>	<p>An apple – some apples</p> <p><b>ex:</b> There are some apples.</p>
<b>Uncountable</b>	<p>الأسماء الغير معدودة (هي أسماء أشياء لا يمكن عدّها ولا جمعها) ليس لها صيغة جمع</p> <p>تعامل معاملة المفرد</p>	<p>Coffee – milk – money - pasta</p> <p><b>ex:</b> There is some ice cream.</p>

### Choose the correct answer from between brackets:

- 1- There are 8 planets. All planets (go – went – goes) around the sun. We live on the earth. Some planets are (big – bigger – biggest) than the earth and some are smaller.
- 2- Everyone loves his country. You should be (proud – proudly) of your country. You should be (successful – successfully) to help your country.
- 3- The earth is the third planet from the sun. It (take – took – takes) one year to go around the sun. The earth is the only planet in the solar system that has life. We (live – lives – lived) on the earth.
- 4- Neil Armstrong and his team (fly – flew - flies) to the moon in 1969. They landed (successfully – success – successful) and left proudly their footprints there.

### Past continuous

يعبر عن حدث مستمر في الماضي (زمن ماضي مستمر) ثم قطعه حدث آخر (ماضي بسيط).

(was or were) + (V + ing) + when + Past Simple

ماضي بسيط + when + ماضي مستمر

ex: I was watching TV when the bell rang.

Negative/النفى:

wasn't or weren't + (V + ing)

ex: They weren't playing football.

## الكلمات الدالة Key words

بينما - while - عندما - when

### Choose the correct answer in brackets:

My mother (was making - were making) our breakfast when her friend called.

Dad (were reading - was reading - is reading) the newspaper when the telephone rang.

My sisters (was sleeping - are sleeping - were sleeping) when I came home.



## نموذج اختبار مفردات – Vocabulary

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

1- Youssef left his ..... on the sand.

- a- island      b- Earth      c- **footprints**      d- Solar System

2- The boys returned home ..... after the party.

- a- successfully      b- proudly      c- heavily      d- **happily**

3- I like collecting ..... from the beach.

- a- islands      b- **stones**      c- Earth      d- moon

4- ..... went to space in a spaceship.

- a- **Astronauts**      b- Planets      c- Rocks      d- Moons

## نموذج اختبار قواعد - Grammar

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

1- We ..... when we heard a noise.

- a- talk      b- **were talking**      c- talked

2- Nasser ..... his bike, yesterday.

- a- rides      b- ride      c- **rode**

3- The elephant is ..... land animal.

- a- biggest      b- **the biggest**      c- bigger





## نموذج اختبار تعبير - Writing

Write a short paragraph of not less than 4 sentences with the help of a picture, graphic organizer and guide words about (Flying to the Moon):

(Neil Armstrong – moon – walked – proudly – moon rocks – footprints)

Who flew to the moon?

Neil Armstrong.



What did Neil and his team do?

Walked proudly on the moon.

What they collected?

moon rocks.

What they left on the moon?

Footprints.

### Topic

Neil Armstrong flew to the moon. Neil and his team walked proudly on the moon. They collected moon rocks. They left footprints on the moon.



## نموذج اختبار قراءة - Reading

### (A) Vocabulary

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

1- Salem ..... his dad.

- a- books      b- begins      c- lands      d- looks like

2- Have you ever been to Failaka .....?

- a- wood      b- Island      c- rock      d- mountain

3- My mum ..... a yellow dress from Zara.

- a- began      b- consisted      c- selected      d- flew

4- Put on your coat. It is ..... outside.

- a- freezing      b- close      c- far      d- large

### (B) Reading Comprehension



Read the following passage then answer the questions below:

Most animals and birds depend on their senses to get their own needs from food and protect themselves. For example, owls sleep all day and stay awake at night. They eat at night. Owls have very large eyes. They can find food in the dark. Owls also have very good hearing. This helps them to eat the animals easily. Mice also use their senses. They can smell very well. This helps them find food in the dark and hide from many different animals that want to eat them. Most birds, snakes, and lizards like to eat mice.



**A: Choose the correct answer from a, b, c & d:**

1- The **best** title for the passage is:

a	Owls	<b>B</b>	Owls and Mice way of living
c	Mice	D	snakes and lizards

2- The underlined word “**Their**” in line 1 refers to:

a	snakes	B	eyes
<b>c</b>	<b>animals and birds</b>	D	lizards

3-Mice find food in the dark because they.....

<b>a</b>	<b>can smell very well.</b>	B	hide from animals.
c	sleep all day.	D	stay awake at night.

4- The opposite of the word “**large**” in line 3 is:

a	hot	<b>B</b>	<b>small</b>
c	cold	D	old

**B: Answer the following questions:**

1- Why do animals and birds depend on their senses to get food?

- Because they can't talk.

2- What do lizards and snakes like to eat?

- Mice.

## نموذج اختبار كتابة - Writing

### (A) Grammar

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

1- Mercury is the ..... planet.

a- hot

b- hottest

c- hotter

2- Adel ..... the movie when the doorbell rang.

a- watching

b- watched

c- was watching

3- Neil Armstrong walked ..... on the moon.

a- heavily

b- successfully

c- proudly

4- Water .....very important.

a- is

b- are

c- am

### (B) Writing

#### (a) Writing a paragraph

Write a short paragraph of not less than 4 sentences about (Solar System) using the following picture and words:

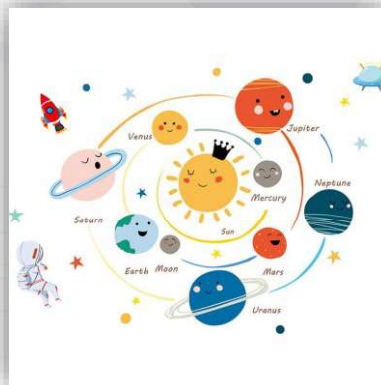
(eight – Jupiter – Earth – third – sun)

How many planets there?

eight.

How far the Earth is?

The Earth is the third planet.



Which the biggest planet?

Jupiter.

Where people live?

On the Earth.

لطلب المذكرة **كاملة** مع الحلول  
ونماذج اختبارات تقويمية ونهائية  
مذكرات النجاح



6 5 5 9 8 8 2 4



There are eight planets. Jupiter is the biggest planet. People live on the Earth. The Earth is the third planet from the sun.

**(b) spelling**

**Write the missing words to complete the following text:**

Kuwait has nine islands



.There is also an oasis



at

Al Jahra. Kuwait has one bay



Kuwait doesn't have any mountains.

