اللغة الإنجليزية

5

1447هـ 25-26م

منتصف ف2

تدريبات دعم وإثراء





يا رب انصر عبادك المؤمنين

وجندك الموحدين في كل مكان

القدس والأقصى حتماً ستعود

ملحوظة: هذه التدريبات لا تغني عن الكتاب المدرسي

الاسم/ الصف/5-

التميز



MODULE SIX

word	meaning	word	meaning	word	meaning
melon	شمام	dark	مظلم – غامق	light	الضوء – فاتح
planet	كوكب	Earth	كوكب الأرض	nature	طبيعة
life	حياة	space	فضاء	astronaut	رائد فضاء
moon	قمر	painter	رسام	engineer	مهندس
mechanic	ميكانيكي	fix	يصلح	glue	صمغ
fry	يقلي	slice	شريحة	inventor	مخترع
popular	محبوب - مشهور	dentist	طبيب أسنان	journalist	صحفي
information	معلومات	result	نتيجة	fence	سياج
greenhouse	صوبة زجاجية	scream	يصرخ	strange	غريب
jar	برطمان	far	بعيد	horse	حصان
orca	حوت	brother	أخ	jumper	بلوفر

MODULE SEVEN

word	meaning	word	meaning	word	meaning
big wheel	لعبة العجلة الكبيرة	roller coaster	لعبة القطار السريع	karting	سباق السيارات
bouncy castle	نطاطيه	fair	معرض	fundraiser	حفل جمع التبرعات
money	نقود – مال	festival	مهرجان	event	حدث - مناسبة
sell	يبيع	receive	يستلم – يستقبل	present	هدية
decorate	يزين – يجمل	friendship	صداقة	celebrate	يحتفل
stadium	إستاد - ملعب	go cycling	ركوب الدراجة	go waterskiing	التزلج على الماء
play badminton	يلعب تنس الريشة	bird	طائر	girl	بنت
hurt	يؤلم	purple	بنفسجي		

Test (1)

Language Functions:

- Read and match.

A	B
1- Who won the race?	a. play tennis
2- Would you like to go waterskiing?	b. next Monday
3- What are you going to do tonight?	c. Mohamed did.
4- When are you going to play football?	d. I'm sorry. I'm busy.

- Read and match.

A	B
1- What did Ali do last week?	a. It's great.
2- Would you like to play handball?	b. played tennis
3- What do you think of the book fair?	c. Yes, I'd love to.
4- Where is Fatima going to go tonight?	d. the amusement park

Reading Comprehension:
Read the passage and answer the questions.

Thomas Edison lit up the world with his invention of the electric bulb. Without him, the world might still be a dark place. Thomas Edison was born in Milan in 1847. His family moved to Michigan when he was seven years old. Surprisingly, he attended school for only two months. His mother, a former teacher, taught him a few things, but Thomas was mostly self-educated. His natural curiosity led him to start experimenting at a young age with electrical and mechanical things at home.

When he was 12 years old, he got his first job. He became a newsboy on a train. He set up a laboratory in a baggage car of the train so that he could continue his experiments in his **spare** time. He got his first patent in 1868 for a vote recorder run by electricity. However, the vote recorder was not a success. In 1870, he sold another invention, a stock-ticker, for $40,000. A stock-ticker is a machine that automatically prints stock prices on a tape. He was then able to build his first shop in New Jersey.

Thomas Edison died in 1931 in New Jersey. He left numerous inventions that improved the quality of life all over the world.

1- What is the text MAINLY about?

A. a TV inventor
B. a famous doctor
C. a former teacher
D. an electric bulb inventor

2- What does the underlined word 'spare' mean?

A. free
B. busy
C. easy
D. hard

3- What happened when Thomas Edison was 12 years old?

_____

4- When did Thomas Edison die?

_____

Vocabulary:

- Fill in the gaps with the suitable words from the box.

painter – planet – moon – waterskiing

1- Earth is the _____ where we live.

2- I'm going to go to the beach to go _____.

3- A _____ is someone who makes paintings.

4- Neil Armstrong was the first astronaut that walked on the _____.

- Fill in the gaps with the suitable words from the box.

journalist – fry – melon – inventor

1- My favourite fruit is _____.

2- Let's _____ some eggs to make a sandwich.

3- A/An _____ is someone who makes new things.

4- My uncle works for a big magazine. He is famous _____.

Writing

Grammar:

- Read and choose the correct answer.

1- A stadium is a place _____ we watch matches.

A. who

B. what

C. which

D. where

2- A dentist is the person _____ fixes teeth.

A. who

B. what

C. which

D. where

3- We _____ to play volleyball tomorrow.

A. go

B. goes

C. is going

D. are going

4- Ahmed is going to _____ the car tonight.

A. wash

B. washes

C. washed

D. washing

- Do as shown between brackets.

1- An elephant is an animal. It has got a long nose. **(Join using: which)**

_____

2- A pilot is someone. He flies a plane. **(Join using: who)**

_____

3- They are going to clean the house next week. **(make it negative)**

_____

Writing Prompt

Write a suggestion for a book of six sentences

Helping questions:

- What's the name of the book you suggest?

- What is it about?

- What can you learn from it?

Test (2)

Language Functions:

- Read and match.

A	B
1- What is a hat?	a. a mechanic
2- Who fixes cars?	b. two days ago
3- When did Sara arrive in London?	c. Sure, why not?
4- Would you like to play basketball?	d. It’s a thing you wear in summer.

- Read and match.

A	B
1- What did you do last Friday?	a. It's fantastic.
2- What do you think of the trip?	b. to the museum
3- Would you like to go to the park?	c. went waterskiing
4- Where is Fahd going to go tonight?	d. I’m afraid I’m busy.

Reading Comprehension:

Read the passage and answer the questions.

Computers are probably the most important modern invention. They are machines which follow instructions or programs which tell computers how to store and control electronic information. It is very important because it can make difficult sums quicker than we can close our eyes. Computers can store **huge** quantities of information and never forget it.

Computers are everywhere today. At home, we use them for the internet. In banks, computers are very important because they are used to store information about people's money. Nowadays, most books are made with the help of computers. Factories use computers to control robots which can do work that people did in the past. Doctors use computers to help them to examine their patients.

On the other hand, the first mobile computers were heavy and ran from mains power. Shortly, computers made life easier for people.

1- What is the text MAINLY about?

A. banks

B. robots

C. internet

D. computers

2- What does the underlined word 'huge' mean?

A. big

B. soft

C. small

D. weak

3- Why are computers important in banks?

_____

4- How do computers help doctors?

_____

Vocabulary:

- Fill in the gaps with the suitable words from the box.

wheel – dentist – decorates – receive

1- A _____ is a person who fixes teeth.

2- I'm going to ride the big _____ tomorrow.

3- We give and _____ presents on special days.

4- My mother usually _____ the cake with strawberries.

- Fill in the gaps with the suitable words from the box.

sell – coaster – badminton – money

1- Ali is going to ride the roller _____.

2- We should collect _____ to help poor people.

3- I'm going to _____ my old car and buy a new one.

4- Omar sometimes plays _____ with his friends at the park.

Writing

Grammar:

- Read and choose the correct answer.

1- A giraffe is an animal _____ is very tall.

A. who

B. what

C. which

D. where

2- That's the company _____ my father works.

A. who

B. what

C. which

D. where

3- Fatima _____ to make a cake tonight.

A. go

B. goes

C. is going

D. are going

4- Sara likes pizza _____ her sister likes burger.

A. or

B. so

C. too

D. but

- Do as shown between brackets.

1- A school is a place. We learn there. **(Join using: where)**

_____

2- A nurse is someone. She helps sick people. **(Join using: that)**

_____

3- I am going to make a cake tonight. **(Use: not)**

_____

Writing Prompt

Write a postcard of six sentences about your next holiday.

Helping questions:

- Where are you going to go?

- Who are you going to go with?

- What are you going to do there?