مراجعات غير مخصصة للبيع
المصدر
الكتاب المدرسي
وزارة التربية / الكويت
طبعة
2025 / 2026 م
خاصة بطلبة مدارس التميز النموذجية

مدرسة التميز النموذجية ابتدائي - متوسط - ثانوي

المراجعة النهائية

مادة اللغة الإنجليزية

القواعد

الصف السابع



2026 / 2025
الفصل الدراسي الأول

Ministry of Education
Al-Tamayouz Model School
2025-2026

Private Education
Department of English
Grade 7 1ST Term

Worksheet

Grammar (unit 1)

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Grammar: Present Simple زمن المضارع البسيط

الإستخدام	We use the present simple for routines and facts. نستخدم زمن المضارع البسيط للتحدث عن العادات المتكرره والحقائق
التكوين	يضاف (S) في نهاية الفعل إذا كان الفاعل مفرد He, she, it
الكلمات الدالة	o always o usually o sometimes o every (day/week/month)
الجملة المثبتة Affirmative Sentence	I always play football in the club. She goes to school by car every day
الجملة المنفية Negative Sentence	o We **don't** live in Kuwait city. o He **doesn't** eat in class.
Yes/no سؤال	Do/Does + subject + base verb الفعل الأساسي + الفاعل + الفعل المساعد Does your brother like music?
سؤال Wh-	Wh-Q + do/does + subject + base verb الفعل الأساسي + الفاعل + الفعل المساعد + أداة الإستفهام When do you go to school? Where does she live? أدوات الإستفهام: Where, when, what, how, why, how many

	Have got	Has got
Pronouns مع الضمائر	I / You / We / They	He / She / It
Affirmative sentence الجملة المثبتة	o I have got a guitar. o We have got modern home.	o He has got a cat. o Amal has got mobile.
Negative sentence الجملة المنفية	o We haven't got a big garden. o You haven't got Ipad.	o She hasn't got a TV in her room. o He hasn't got a car.

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GRAMMAR UNIT1

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d.

1- Ahmed always ……. his grandparents at the weekend.

a) visiting **b) visit** **c) visited** **d) visits**

2- We usually …….. messages to our friends.

a) send **b) sends** **c) sending** **d) sent**

3- My father sometimes …… me with my homework.

a) help **b) helps** **c) helped** **d) helping**

4- Where does Omar …….. tennis?

a) play **b) plays** **c) played** **d) playing**

5- Does your sister …….. the guitar?

a) play **b) plays** **c) played** **d) playing**

6- Hamad usually ……. to the beach on holidays.

a) goes **b) go** **c) went** **d) gone**

7. They …….. any cat at home.

a) hasn't got **b) have got** **c) haven't got** **d) has got**

8. Sara …….. two little sisters.

a) have got **b) has got** **c) haven't got** **d) hasn't got**

9. I …….. green shoes.

a) have got **b) has got** **c) haven't got** **d) hasn't got**

10. Our school .....a modern science lab.

a) have got **b) has got** **c) got** **d) having**

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*Do as shown between brackets:

1. She goes to school every day. 'Make negative'

……

2. They play football every Friday. 'Form a question'

……

3. They watch TV at night. 'Rewrite using (he)'

……

4. Water (freeze) at 0°C. 'Correct the verb'

……

5. The baby cries at night. 'Change to plural'

……

6. She has got a smart watch. 'Form a question'

……

7. I have got an idea. 'Rewrite with “he”'

……

8. My uncle has got a new car. 'Make negative'

……

9. The child has got a blue ball. 'Change into Plural'

……

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GRAMMAR UNIT 2

(must / mustn't)

1 تُستخدم "must": للتعبير عن الضرورة أو الإلزام:

– A passenger must label his luggage carefully.

2 تُستخدم "mustn't": للتعبير عن النهي أو التحريم:

– Students mustn't talk in the class.

==========

1 تُستخدم "have to / has to": للتعبير عن الضرورة في المضارع:

– I'm a marine biologist. So I have to be a good swimmer.

2 تُستخدم "had to": للتعبير عن الضرورة في الماضي:

– Last Monday I was late for work, so I had to drive so fast.

★ انتبه لما يأتي: (صيغة النفي)

have to	don't have to	- I have to (don't have to) see a doctor.
has to	doesn't have to	Ali has to (doesn't have to) wear uniform.
had to	didn't have to	- I had to (didn't have to) sleep early yesterday.

(Should & shouldn't)

1 - تُستخدم "should& shouldn't": للتعبير عن النصيحة:

– You should give up smoking. It's dangerous for health.

2-تُستخدم "had to": للتعبير عن الضرورة في الماضي: (اضطر الى)

– Last Monday I was late for work, so I had to drive so fast.

2- "didn't have to". للتعبير عنعدم الضرورة في الماضيز(لم يضطر الى)

I didn't have to wear my jacket last night. It wasn't very cold

Modal verb :

(can)

تستخدم Can للتعبير عن القدرة على فعل شيء

I can swim in the sea.

They can speak English well.

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Negative

Can

can't

We can't snorkel .

I can't play basketball .

Question

Can + subject + main verb + ... ?

Can you ....?

Yes, I can / no, I can't

Example:

Can you answer this question?

- Yes, I can.
- No, I can't.

Can laila throw a javelin?

Yes, she can.

No, she can't.

مدرسة التميز النموذجية

may / may not	✹**للتعبير عن الاحتمال**(عدم اليقين من حدوث الفعل في المستقبل) – In the future, many places in the world **may** become deserts. – The sea level **may** go up by two metres.

*Choose the correct answer from a, b c and d:

1. Every citizen ..... follow the laws of their country.

a) have to **b) has to** **c) doesn't have to** **d) have**

2. I .....submit my research paper before the deadline.

a) have to **b) has to** **c) doesn't have to** **d) don't have to**

3. University students ..... attend at least 75% of their lectures.

a) has to **b) have to** **c) doesn't have to** **d) has**

4. He .....work this weekend because his boss gave him a day off.

a) doesn't have to **b) has to** **c) have to** **d) don't have to**

5. Employees.....wear an ID card inside the company building.

a) has to **b) have** **c) doesn't have to** **d) have to**

6. .....she have to wake up early tomorrow?

a) Do **b) Did** **c) Does** **d) Is**

7. .....I have to bring my passport?

a) Do **b) Did** **c) Does** **d) Am**

8. They .....buy water for the trip because the bus company WI provide it.

a) don't have to **b) have to** **c) has to** **d) has**

9. Doctors ..... always keep patients' information confidential.

a) has to **b) have to** **c) don't have to** **d) have**

10. A driver .....stop when the traffic light is red.

a) have to **b) has to** **c) don't have to** **d) have**

11. You ..... wear a helmet when riding a motorbike.

a) must **b) may** **c) can** **d) shouldn't**

12. Students .....respect their teachers and classmates.

a) shouldn't **b) can** **c) may** **d) must**

13. You .....borrow books from the library if you have a library card.

a) must **b) may** **c) should** **d) can**

14. We .....reduce plastic waste to protect the environment.

a) can't **b) should** **c) may** **d) mustn't**

15. He ..... speak three languages fluently.

a) must **b) should** **c) may** **d) can**

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*Do as shown between brackets:

1. Students (has to) wear the school uniform every day. 'Correct"

.....

2. She has to work late today. 'Make negative'

.....

3. They have to complete the online form. 'Form a question'

.....

4. He (have to) arrive early to the interview. 'Correct"

.....

5. She doesn’t have to cook today. 'Rewrite in affirmative'

.....

6. We must waste our time. 'Make negative'

.....

7. It’s a good idea to eat more vegetables. 'Rewrite with should'

.....

8. You can improve your English by practicing daily. 'Ask a question'

.....

9. It is necessary to wear a seatbelt. 'Rewrite with must'

.....

10. The students can use the computer lab. 'Make negative'

.....

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GRAMMAR UNIT 3

in order to

We use ***in order to*** with an infinitive form of a verb to express the purpose of something.

Ex. 1- Mr. Shady had to work full-time in order to earn a living for his family

.

1- *We all need stress in order to achieve and do our best work.*

-The negative of *in order to* is ***in order not to*** **:**

They never parked the big van in front of the house in order not to upset the neighbours.

==========

so that

-We use ***so that*** to talk about purpose.

-We often use it with modal verbs (*can, would, will*, etc.).

e.g.

1- I'll go by car so that I can take more luggage.

2-We left a message with his neighbour so that he would know we'd called

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The present continuous

-Usage:

It refers to an action which is happening now.

-Form: *I am*

(he/she/ it) is

(we, they, you) are + verb + ing.

e.g. I am studying English now.

He is studying English now.

They are studying English now.

-**Negative**:

They are not studying English now.

Question:

Are they studying English now?

Used with:

Now , look , smell , listen , At present , at this moment , still

Also, it refers to future plans.

Ex: Dad is travelling to Dubai tomorrow

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***Choose the correct answer from a, b c and d:**

1. Scientists work hard _____ find cures for serious diseases.

a) in order to **b) so that** **c) to** **d) both a & c**

2. She spoke loudly _____ everyone could understand her.

a) in order **b) to** **c) so that** **d) for**

3. I set two alarms _____ wake up early for my flight.

a) so that **b) to** **c) so** **d) but**

4. They are planting more trees _____ reduce air pollution.

a) in order **b) to** **c) so that** **d) but**

5. He exercises regularly _____ stay healthy.

a) so that **b) to** **c) in order to** **d) both b & c**

6. My friends _____ football at the stadium now.

a) play **b) have played** **c) played** **d) are playing**

7. I can't join you because I _____ for my final exams this week.

a) am studying **b) study** **c) studied** **d) studies**

8. The government _____new laws to protect the environment in the future.

a) makes **b) is making** **c) made** **d) make**

9. She _____ her relatives in London this summer holiday.

a) visits **b) visited** **c) is visiting** **d) has visited**

10. They _____ an online workshop on technology at the moment.

a) attend **b) are attending** **c) attends** **d) attended**

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*Do as shown between brackets:

1. He studies at university to become an engineer. 'Use: so that'

.....

2. He went to library so that he could borrow a book. 'Use: in order to'

.....

3. He joined the course to learn English. 'Join using to'

.....

4. Look! The children (play) in the park. 'Correct the verb'

.....

5. She (read) a book tomorrow. 'Correct the verb'

.....

6. The students are working on the project. 'Make negative'

.....

7. He is going to the cinema tomorrow. 'Ask a question'

.....

8. She is planning a party next Friday. 'Rewrite using: They'

.....

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GRAMMAR UNIT 4

Some / any

Some: (affirmative):

تستخدم Some في الجمل المثبتة مع الأسماء التى تعد والتى لا تعد

Ex: There are some pupils in the class.

There is some water in the fridge.

كما تستخدم في حالتى العرض والطلب

- Would you like some tea ?
- Could you give me some money , please ?

Any: (Negative and Question):

تستخدم any في الجمل المنفية والسؤال مع الأسماء التى تعد والتى لا تعد

Ex: There isn't any water in the fridge.

Ex: Are there any dates?

قاعدة المبني للمجهول

Grammar: Passive Voice (Present Simple - Modals)

1 **Discuss the picture.**

- Sweets and decorations are prepared in Ramadan. Who prepares them?
- Neqsa is sent in Ramadan. Who sends it?



Passive Voice

Passive voice is when the action is more important than who does it.

1. Passive Voice - Present Simple
subject + am/is/are + past participle (verb 3)

2. Passive Voice - Modals
subject + modals + be + past participle (verb 3)

Modals to use:

can	- ability
could	- possibility
should	- advice
must	- rule

Active Voice	Passive Voice
1. Ahmed **eats** candy.	1. Candy **is eaten** by Ahmed.
2. People **decorate** houses.	2. Houses **are decorated** by people.
3. Families **should prepare** dishes.	3. Dishes **should be prepared** by families.
4. My friends **invite** me to the party.	4. I **am invited** to the party.

* نستخدم المبني للمجهول للتركيز على المفعول به واخفاء الفاعل.

* لتحويل الجملة المضارع البسيط من المبني للمعلوم إلى المبني للمجهول نتبع 3 خطوات اساسية كالتالي:
(يمكن الاستغناء عن الخطوتين 5,4).

1- نبدأ بالمفعول به (بعد الفعل).
2- is مع المفرد / are مع الجمع.
3- نكتب الفعل في التصريف الثالث.
4- نكتب by.
5- نكتب الفاعل (أول الجملة).

- Ahmad speaks **English** in the meeting. (passive)
  English is spoken in the meeting (by Ahmad).
- They call **the coach** before the match. (passive)
  The coach is called before the match (by them).
- Lots of people write **e-mails** every day.
  E-mails are written by lots of people every day. (passive)

لتحويل الجملة التي تحتوي علي أفعال مساعدة مثل Can ,should, must, will من المبني للمعلوم إلى المبني للمجهول نتبع 3 خطوات اساسية كالتالي:

1- نبدأ بالمفعول به (بعد الفعل).

2- نستخدم نفس الفعل مضاف له be مثل can be, should be, must be , will be

3- نكتب الفعل في التصريف الثالث.

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Some / any

A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

1) There is…….. book on the shelf.

a) a b) an c) some d) many

2) We have got …….. eggs in the fridge.

a) a b) any c) some d) an

3) There isn't……bread left.

a) some b) an c) any d) a

4) Go and buy……..sugar.

a) any b) an c) some d) a

B) Do as shown between brackets:

1) There is some cheese left. (Make negative)

.....

2) There is some butter in the fridge. (Ask a question)

.....

3) There are five oranges in the fridge. (Ask a question)

.....

4) There isn't (some) meat on the table. (Correct)

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2. Passive Voice (Present Simple + Modal Verbs)

***Choose the correct answer from a, b c and d:**

1. The homework _____ by the students every day.

a) is done **b) are done** **c) was done** **d) will done**

2. English _____ in many countries around the world.

a) speaks **b) is speaking** **c) spoken** **d) is spoken**

3. The documents _____ carefully checked by the manager.

a) is **b) are** **c) was** **d) be**

4. The news _____ reported on TV every evening.

a) are **b) is** **c) were** **d) be**

***Do as shown between brackets:**

1. English (speak) in many parts of the world. 'Correct the verb'

……

2. The school organizes a trip every year. 'Change into passive'

……

3. They clean the classrooms daily. 'Change into passive'

……

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Model Answer

GRAMMAR UNIT1

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d.

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a) visiting **b) visit** **c) visited** **d) visits**

2- We usually …….. messages to our friends.

a) send **b) sends** **c) sending** **d) sent**

3- My father sometimes …… me with my homework.

a) help **b) helps** **c) helped** **d) helping**

4- Where does Omar …….. tennis?

a) play **b) plays** **c) played** **d) playing**

5- Does your sister …….. the guitar?

a) played **b) plays** **c) play** **d) playing**

6- Hamad usually ……. to the beach on holidays.

a) goes **b) go** **c) went** **d) gone**

7. They …….. any cat at home.

a) hasn't got **b) have got** **c) haven't got** **d) has got**

8. Sara …….. two little sisters.

a) have got **b) has got** **c) haven't got** **d) hasn't got**

9. I …….. green shoes.

a) have got **b) has got** **c) haven't got** **d) hasn't got**

10. Our school ……..a modern science lab.

a) have got **b) has got** **c) got** **d) having**

مدرسة التميز النموذجية (ابتدائي - متوسط - ثانوي)

*Do as shown between brackets:

1. She goes to school every day. 'Make negative'

She does not go to school every day.

2. They play football every Friday. 'Form a question'

When do they play football?

3. They watch TV at night. 'Rewrite using (he)'

He watches TV at night.

4. Water (freeze) at 0°C. 'Correct the verb'

freezes

5. The baby cries at night. 'Change to plural'

The babies cry at night.

6. She has got a smart watch. 'Form a question'

What has she got?

7. I have got an idea. 'Rewrite with “he”'

He has got an idea

8. My uncle has got a new car. 'Make negative'

My uncle hasn’t got a new car.

9. The child has got a blue ball. 'Change into Plural'

The children have got blue balls

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GRAMMAR UNIT 2

***Choose the correct answer from a, b c and d:**

1. Every citizen ..... follow the laws of their country.

a) have to **b) has to** **c) doesn't have to** **d) have**

2. I .....submit my research paper before the deadline.

a) have to **b) has to** **c) doesn't have to** **d) don't have to**

3. University students ..... attend at least 75% of their lectures.

a) has to **b) have to** **c) doesn't have to** **d) has**

4. He .....work this weekend because his boss gave him a day off.

a) doesn't have to **b) has to** **c) have to** **d) don't have to**

5. Employees.....wear an ID card inside the company building.

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6. .....she have to wake up early tomorrow?

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7. .....I have to bring my passport?

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8. They .....buy water for the trip because the bus company WI provide it.

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a) must **b) may** **c) can** **d) shouldn't**

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14. We .....reduce plastic waste to protect the environment.

a) can't **b) should** **c) may** **d) mustn't**

15. He ..... speak three languages fluently.

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*Do as shown between brackets:

1. Students (has to) wear the school uniform every day. 'Correct"

have to

2. She has to work late today. 'Make negative'

She does not have to work late today.

3. They have to complete the online form. 'Form a question'

What do they have to complete?

4. He (have to) arrive early to the interview. 'Correct"

has to

5. She doesn't have to cook today. 'Rewrite in affirmative'

She hasto cook today.

6. We must waste our time. 'Make negative'

We must not waste our time .

7. It's a good idea to eat more vegetables. 'Rewrite with should'

You should eat more vegetables .

8. You can improve your English by practicing daily. ' Ask a question'

How can you improve your English?

9. It is necessary to wear a seatbelt. 'Rewrite with must'

You must wear a seatbelt .

10. The students can use the computer lab. 'Make negative'

The students can't use the computer lab.

مدرسة التميز النموذجية
(ابتدائي - متوسط - ثانوي)

GRAMMAR UNIT 3

***Choose the correct answer from a, b c and d:**

1. Scientists work hard _____ find cures for serious diseases.

a) in order to **b) so that** **c) to** **d) both a & c**

2. She spoke loudly _____ everyone could understand her.

a) in order **b) to** **c) so that** **d) for**

3. I set two alarms _____ wake up early for my flight.

a) so that **b) to** **c) so** **d) but**

4. They are planting more trees _____ reduce air pollution.

a) in order **b) to** **c) so that** **d) but**

5. He exercises regularly _____ stay healthy.

a) so that **b) to** **c) in order to** **d) both b & c**

6. My friends _____ football at the stadium now.

a) play **b) have played** **c) played** **d) are playing**

7. I can't join you because I _____ for my final exams this week.

a) am studying **b) study** **c) studied** **d) studies**

8. The government _____new laws to protect the environment in the future.

a) makes **b) is making** **c) made** **d) make**

9. She _____ her relatives in London this summer holiday.

a) visits **b) visited** **c) is visiting** **d) has visited**

10. They _____ an online workshop on technology at the moment.

a) attend **b) are attending** **c) attends** **d) attended**

*Do as shown between brackets:

1. He studies at university to become an engineer. 'Use: so that'

He studies at university so that he can become an engineer

2. He went to library so that he could borrow a book. 'Use: in order to'

He went to library in order to borrow a book.

3. He joined the course to learn English. 'Join using: to'

He joined the course. He wanted to learn English.

4. Look! The children (play) in the park. 'Correct the verb'

are playing

5. She (read) a book tomorrow. 'Correct the verb'

Is reading

6. The students are working on the project. 'Make negative'

The students are not working on the project.

7. He is going to the cinema tomorrow. 'Ask a question'

When is he going to the cinema?

8. She is planning a party next Friday. 'Rewrite using: They'

They are planning a party next Friday

مدرسة التميز النموذجية
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GRAMMAR UNIT 4

A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

5) There is…….. book on the shelf.

a) **a** b) an c) some d) many

6) We have got ……..eggs in the fridge.

a) a **b) some** c)any d) an

7) There isn't……bread left.

a) some b) an **c) any** d) a

8) Go and buy……..sugar.

a) any b) an c) a **d) some**

B) Do as shown between brackets:

5) There is some cheese left. (Make negative)

There is not any cheese left.

6) There is some butter in the fridge. (Ask a question)

what is there in the fridge?

7) There are five oranges in the fridge. (Ask a question)

How many oranges are there in the fridge?

8) There isn't (some) meat on the table. (Correct)

any

مدرسة التميز النموذجية (ابتدائي - متوسط - ثانوي)

Passive Voice (Present Simple + Modal Verbs)

***Choose the correct answer from a, b c and d:**

1. The homework _____ by the students every day.

a) is done **b) are done** **c) was done** **d) will done**

2. English _____ in many countries around the world.

a) speaks **b) is speaking** **c) spoken** **d) is spoken**

3. The documents _____ carefully checked by the manager.

a) is **b) are** **c) was** **d) be**

4. The news _____ reported on TV every evening.

a) are **b) is** **c) were** **d) be**

***Do as shown between brackets:**

1. English (speak) in many parts of the world. 'Correct the verb'

is spoken

2. The school organizes a trip every year. 'Change into passive'

A trip is organized by the school every year.

3. They clean the classrooms daily. 'Change into passive'

The classroom is daily cleaned

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وزارة التربية / الكويت
طبعة
2025 / 2026 م
خاصة بطلبة مدارس التميز النموذجية