

UNIT 1

MEDICAL TERMINOLOGY



REVISION PAPER

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SECTION 1:
INTRODUCTION TO MEDICAL TERMINOLOGY

SECTION 2:
MEDICAL ROOT WORDS, PREFIXES,
SUFFIXES AND COMBINING VOWELS

SECTION 3:
MEDICAL RECORD REPORTS

SECTION 4:
RESPONDING TO MEDICAL INSTRUCTIONS

SECTION 5:
SPELL AND PRONOUNCE MEDICAL TERMINOLOGY



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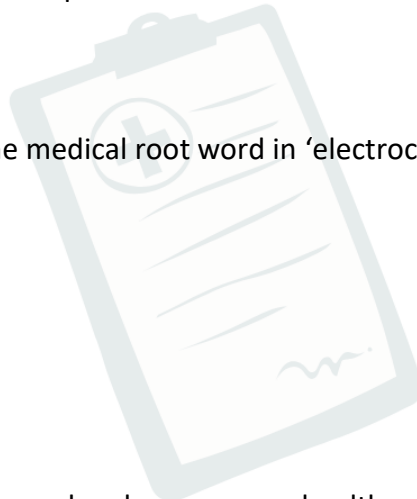
1. _____ illnesses last for a short period of time.
 - a) Acute
 - b) Chronic
 - c) Terminal
 - d) Remission

2. What is a prefix?
 - a) A letter or group of letters added to the beginning of a word
 - b) A letter or group of letters added to the end of a word
 - c) The main part of a word
 - d) A vowel that connects two parts of a word

3. Identify the meaning of the medical root word in 'electrocardiogram'.
 - a) Electrical
 - b) Heart
 - c) Recording
 - d) Condition

4. A _____ stops a disease and makes someone healthy again.
 - a) cure
 - b) treatment
 - c) remission
 - d) prognosis

5. In a medical record report, what information is recorded under physical examination?
 - a) Vital signs
 - b) Date of birth
 - c) Medical history
 - d) Treatment plan



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6. Using your knowledge of medical terminology, what is the meaning of 'myocardial'?
- a) Heart muscle
 - b) Heart disease
 - c) Connective tissue
 - d) Slow heart rate
7. Which medical prefix means 'fast'?
- a) Tachy-
 - b) Brady-
 - c) Hyper-
 - d) Myo-
8. Which of the following refers to a disease that can be spread to other people by germs?
- a) Infectious
 - b) Terminal
 - c) Symptom
 - d) Remission
9. Which of the following can make someone feel better or become healthy again?
- a) Treatment
 - b) Symptoms
 - c) Diagnosis
 - d) Prognosis
10. Identify the root word in 'hypoglycaemia'.
- a) hypo
 - b) glyc
 - c) aemia
 - d) o

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11. Identify the meaning of the prefix in 'hyperthyroidism'.
- a) Too low
 - b) Too high
 - c) Thyroid
 - d) Inflammation
12. Which of the following diseases are acute?
- a) Multiple sclerosis
 - b) Asthma
 - c) Influenza
 - d) Hypertension
13. Noor has been told her cancer is terminal. What does this mean?
- a) There is treatment available for her cancer
 - b) Her cancer cannot be cured
 - c) Her cancer symptoms have improved but are not cured
 - d) The doctor thinks that she will make full recovery
14. What information can be found in the personal information section of a patient's medical record report?
- a) Current medical conditions
 - b) The patient's address
 - c) The patient's vital signs
 - d) Results from laboratory tests
15. What is the meaning of the medical suffix '-aemia'?
- a) Blood condition
 - b) Forming or causing
 - c) Condition or disease
 - d) Inflammation

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16. Which of the following prefixes means 'against'?

- a) Ab-
- b) Ante-
- c) Anti-
- d) An-

17. A patient has been diagnosed with an illness that cannot be cured. What type of illness is this?

- a) Infectious
- b) Terminal
- c) Prognosis
- d) Acute

18. Which of the following best describes a communicable disease?

- a) A disease that can be spread from person to person
- b) A disease that is caused by an individual's lifestyle factors such as lack of exercise
- c) A disease that cannot be passed on from person to person
- d) A disease that is inherited from parents

19. Identify the correct spelling of the medical word meaning 'cancer forming'.

- a) Carcinology
- b) Carcinosis
- c) Carcingenic
- d) Carcinogenic

20. Which of the following suffixes means 'state of or condition'?

- a) -itis
- b) -genic
- c) -logy
- d) -sis

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21. Which of the following best describes a symptom of disease?

- a) Something that stops the disease and makes someone healthy again
- b) Evidence of an illness that can be seen by others
- c) A feeling or physical change experienced by a patient
- d) A doctor's opinion about how someone will recover from an illness or injury

22. Identify which of the following is a sign of disease.

- a) Feeling tired
- b) Difficulty concentrating
- c) Coughing
- d) Pain in back

23. A doctor thinks that their patient will recover on their own without the help of medication. Which of the following medical terms refer to a doctor's opinion about patient recovery?

- a) Prognosis
- b) Diagnosis
- c) Remission
- d) Cure

24. Identify the meaning of the root word in 'hyperglycaemia'.

- a) Too high
- b) Too low
- c) Sugar
- d) Blood

25. In medical terminology, which of the following is added to the end of a word?

- a) Prefix
- b) Suffix
- c) Root
- d) Combining vowel

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26. Arthritis, diabetes and epilepsy are _____ .
- a) communicable diseases
 - b) acute diseases
 - c) chronic diseases
 - d) diseases of the musculoskeletal system
27. Which medical term describes a disease or illness that lasts for three months or more?
- a) Chronic
 - b) Acute
 - c) Cure
 - d) Remission
28. In medical terminology, which of the following is added to the beginning of a word?
- a) Prefix
 - b) Suffix
 - c) Root
 - d) Combining vowel
29. In a medical record report, where is a patient's ethnicity recorded?
- a) Personal information
 - b) Medical complaint
 - c) Physical examination
 - d) Treatment plan and progress report
30. In a medical record report, which of the following is recorded under the patient's medical history?
- a) Ethnicity
 - b) Contact information
 - c) Medical conditions
 - d) Temperature

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31. What is the meaning of the medical term 'bradycardia'?

- a) Low blood pressure
- b) Normal heartbeat
- c) Low blood sugar
- d) Slow heart rate

32. Which of the following is true about combining vowels?

- a) Combining vowels are placed at the end of the word
- b) Combining vowels are used to connect two root words
- c) A combining vowel makes a medical term harder to pronounce
- d) A combining vowel changes the meaning of the word

33. What is the meaning of the root word 'lipid'?

- a) Cancer
- b) Lungs
- c) Vein
- d) Fat

34. Which of the following medical prefixes means 'above'?

- a) Ab-
- b) Ante-
- c) Epi-
- d) Inter-

35. Identify the meaning of the prefix word in 'hypoglycaemia'.

- a) Too high
- b) Sugar
- c) Too low
- d) Blood

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36. Which of the following suffixes means 'condition or disease'?

- a) -itis
- b) -ism
- c) -logy
- d) -genic

37. Which of the following prefixes means 'slow'?

- a) Epi-
- b) Ab-
- c) Myo-
- d) Brady-

38. Identify which of the following words means 'without pain or sensation'.

- a) Antibacterial
- b) Bradycardia
- c) Anaesthetic
- d) Intravenous

39. Which medical term describes a patient whose disease symptoms are better, but are not cured?

- a) Remission
- b) Infectious
- c) Prognosis
- d) Acute

40. Increased calcium levels in the blood is described as:

- a) Hypercalcuim
- b) Calcemia
- c) Hypocalcemia
- d) Hypocalcuim
- e) Hypercalcemia

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41. The language used by medical professionals is known as

- a) Medical Language
- b) Medical Words
- c) Medical Terminology
- d) Health Verbs

42. The medical term prefix 'anti' refers to

- a) Skin
- b) Organs
- c) Against
- d) Food

43. Which of the following medical terms means 'joint'?

- a) arthr
- b) pulmon
- c) osteo
- d) lipid

44. Which of the following is a suffix? Choose four of the answers below.

- a) -aemia
- b) -itis
- c) -pathy
- d) -sis
- e) hyper-
- f) hypo-

45. How many syllables are in the word 'painful'?

- a) 1
- b) 2
- c) 3
- d) 4

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46. Which of the following are examples of personal information found in medical report record? Choose Two.

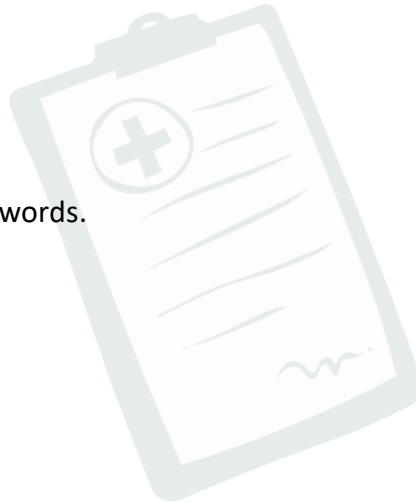
- a) Stomach examination
- b) Ethnicity
- c) Weight check
- d) Name
- e) Medical history

47. Which medical suffix means 'inflammation'?

- a) -ism
- b) -genic
- c) -itis
- d) -pathy

48. Select three medical root words.

- a) derm
- b) genic
- c) psych
- d) hyper
- e) Cardi



49. Which of the following prefixes means 'between'?

- a) Ab-
- b) Anti-
- c) Inter-
- d) Intra-

50. Dermatitis is inflammation of which part of the body?

- a) Skin
- b) Heart
- c) Lungs
- d) Muscles

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51. Which of the following is a vital sign?

- a) Height
- b) Blood type
- c) Weight
- d) Pulse

52. Intravenous means _____.

- a) Above the veins
- b) Within the veins
- c) Between the veins
- d) Below the veins

53. Antenatal care is given to women _____ they give birth.

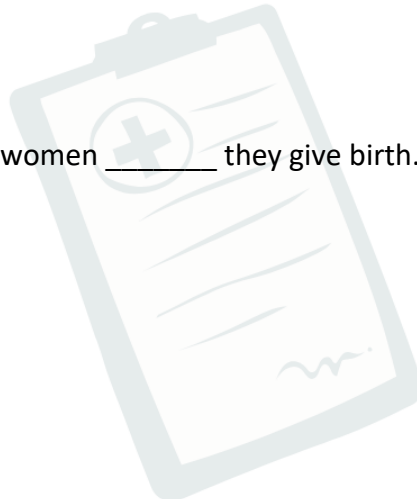
- a) After
- b) While
- c) Before
- d) When

54. Which of the following is checked in a physical examination by a doctor?

- a) Height and weight
- b) Vital signs
- c) The function of the body systems
- d) All of the above

55. Choose the correct order of parts in medical terminology:

- a) Root — Suffix — Prefix
- b) Prefix — Suffix — Root
- c) Suffix — Root — Prefix
- d) Root — Combining vowels — Suffix



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Resources

- G12 – Term 1 – Unit 1: Medical Terminology

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