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Grade
12 A

The Tutor
Revision



مراجعة شاملة
تدريبات على القواعد و المفردات
اهم عبارات الترجمة
اهم الموضوعات
نماذج اختبارات

Remedial Work (Grammar) Grade 12 - 1st Period

مراجعة شاملة على جميع القواعد حسب أنماط الأسئلة في الامتحان

1- Eating too much junk food may……. heart diseases.

a- the cause of b- with the result that c- lead to d- so that

2- ……. eroding the soil, the strong winds can spread diseases.

a- So that b- In addition to c- Lead to d- In order to

3- This store has a good reputation, ……many people prefer its brands.

a-with the result that b- lead to c- in order to d- the cause of

4- Pollution may be considered……...global warming.

a- lead to b- so that c- the real cause of d-with the result that

5- These flowers are brightly coloured ……they can attract butterflies.

a- so that b- in order to c- lead to d- so as to

6- Understand yourself ……... better understanding others.

a- in order to b- so c- so that d- because

7- The rainforests are very important…...…they cover a large area of the earth.

a- so b- because c- so as to d- yet

8- My brother is as……as my father; they can manage everything accurately.

a- much clever b- cleverest c- cleverer d- clever

9- ……other careers, doctors have to work at any time.

a- Instead of b- In comparison with c- Whereas d- But

10- The weather is too hot here at the moment. I wish it……cooler.

a- were b- had been c- is d- will be

11- I wish he ……..more careful yesterday, he wouldn't have made such mistakes.

a- was b- had been c- would be d- is

12- I wish I……..…….the governor, I would lead the economic reform.

a- is b- were c- had been d- will be

The Tutor

13- People need to find a suitable way to……..their bad habits.

a- go along with b-get rid of c- keep up with d- run out of

14- It……...be my bag. This is black, but mine is silver.

a- can't b- must c- might d- may

15- They……hold a meeting tomorrow. I'm not sure.

a- must b- can't c- might d- will

16- He found the door broken. A thief……into his flat. The police are still investigating.

a- must break b- might have broken c- might break d- can't have broken

17- He bought a very expensive car. He…… earn a lot of money.

a- might b- must c- can't d- may

18- This article……...in yesterday's newspaper.

a- published b- is published c- was published d-was publishing

19- Some plants, …….. being short and low to the ground, take two years to complete their life cycle.

a- although b- despite c- though d- however

20- Everyone must depend……..his abilities to achieve success.

a- at b- in c- of d- on

21- Food provides us……. nourishment and power.

a- by b- with c- of d- for

22- He was accused……..stealing the money.

a- with b- by c- of d- for

23- People fell vast areas of the forests……. animals lose their natural habitat.

a- so as to b- because c- so d- lead to

24- Lujain is a very kind person. She is always ready……help her friends.

a- so b- to c- in order not to d- in order that

The Tutor

25- Man doesn't care for the natural resources, ……we are running out of them.

a- with the result that b- because c- lead to d- the cause of

26- I wish I……...yesterday's lecture. It was so important.

a- attend b- had attended c- attended d- would attend

27- ……..home - made meals are healthier, junk food lacks the necessary elements.

a. In comparison with b. Whereas c. Instead of d. Despite

28- ……. humans, who fight each other, monkeys live peacefully.

a. In comparison with b. Whereas c. Instead of d. Despite

29- Sarah has been living in this area…….. she was nine.

a. for b. since c. ago d. just

30- They took the decision…… they had listened to all the opinions.

a. after b. before c. just d. by the time

31- My Mum is a famous cook. She creates culinary delights……..

a. good b. worst c. well d. best

32- Farming has become …… profitable than it used to be.

a-least b-little c- most d- less

33- ……. all countries co-operate, peace won't prevail.

a- If b- Unless c- Had d- Were

34- Nobody told me ……the next meeting is due.

a- whose b- who c- when d- which

35- They worked……. to finish the project on time.

a- hardly b- hard c- hardest d- as hard

36- The student ……. project is distinguished, will take a reward.

a- who b- whose c- which d- whom

37- ……. the apparent diversity of cultures, humans share some universal values.

a- Although b- Despite c- Lead to d- However

38- He loves foreign holidays. ……., his wife prefers to stay at home.

a- instead of b- On the other hand c- unlike d- lead to

39- ……..... have you been working on this project?

a- How long b- How much c- How many d- How far

The Tutor

40- She has lived in a village for many years, ……?

a- isn't she b- hasn't she c- didn't she d- has she

41- As soon as I ……... home, I discovered that I forgot my key.

a- had arrived b- arrive c- arriving d- have arrived

42- Let's have dinner in the restaurant ……..overlooks the sea.

a- when b- which c- who d-whose

43- The actors are now on the stage ……..they are acting the play.

a. who b. which c. that d. where

44- The telephone……. for long time. Why don't you answer it?

a- was ringing b-has been ringing c- had rung d- rang

45- After she……. the sign, she changed her way.

a- had noticed b- noticing c- has noticed d- notices

46- The car was moving……after the engine had been repaired.

a- smooth b- smoothly c- as smooth d- much smooth

47- …… Ali prefers the city life; his brother prefers living in the countryside.

a- Instead of b- In comparison with c- Whereas d- Despite

48- Evergreen trees keep their leaves all the year……other trees lose their leaves in autumn.

a- instead of b- whereas c- in comparison with d- so

49- Being friendly and helpful …… his success in his new job.

a- instead of b- the cause of c- to d- led to

50- We are having an important meeting……..the weekend.

a. with b. of c. on d. at

51- …… May 15, they will organise a very important seminar.

a- In b- On c- At d- With

52- I …….. visit you next week. If I do, I will inform you.

a- may b- must c- can't d- must have

The Tutor

Do as required between brackets:

1- I wish people (give) the due care to the environment. **(Correct)**

a- I wish people will give the due care to the environment.

b- I wish people would give the due care to the environment.

c- I wish people are giving the due care to the environment.

2- I wish they (announce) the results earlier yesterday. **(Correct)**

a- I wish they had announced the results earlier yesterday.

b- I wish they announced the results earlier yesterday.

c- I wish they would announce the results earlier yesterday.

3- It was a fantastic picnic. My friends asked me to join them, but I couldn't. **(Use: wish)**

a- I wish I joined my friends.

b- I wish I would join my friends.

c- I wish I had joined my friends.

4- I wish you (not tell) my friends about my bad conditions yesterday. **(Correct)**

a- I wish you can't tell my friends about my bad conditions yesterday.

b- I wish you hadn't told my friends about my bad conditions yesterday.

c- I wish you don't tell my friends about my bad conditions yesterday.

5- It was a beautiful old house, but the council knocked it down. **(Use: wish)**

a- I wish the council hadn't knocked it down.

b- I wish the council didn't knock it down

c- I wish the council hasn't knocked it down

6- If he had more experience, he (get**) the job.** **(Correct)**

a- If he had more experience, he would get the job.

b- If he had more experience, he will get the job.

c- If he had more experience, he would have got the job.

The Tutor

7- If they had opened a new club in the vicinity, I……..……. (Complete)

a- I will join it. b- I would join it. c- I would have joined it.

8- After he (send**) us the warning message, we left the area quickly. (Correct)**

a- After he **has sent** us the warning message, we left the area quickly.

b- After he **will send** us the warning message, we left the area quickly.

c- After he **had sent** us the warning message, we left the area quickly.

9- He has never eaten sushi, ……..……...? (tag question)

a- doesn't he b- hasn't he c- has he

10- She reads books in her free time, ……..……..? (tag question)

a- She hardly reads books in her free time, **doesn't she?**

b- She hardly reads books in her free time, **does she?**

c- She hardly reads books in her free time, **hasn't she?**

11- She moved out then I found her notes. (Use: by the time)

a- She had moved out by the time I found her notes.

b- She has moved out by the time I found her notes.

c- She had moved out by the time I find her notes.

12- Paul likes action films. Tom mostly watches detective stories. (Use: whereas)

a- Paul likes action films whereas Tom, who mostly watches detective stories.

b- Paul likes action films whereas mostly watching detective stories like Tom.

c- Paul likes action films whereas Tom mostly watches detective stories.

13- Zambia is a land- locked country. Kenya has a coastline. (in comparison with)

a- Zambia is a land- locked country in comparison with Kenya has a coastline.

b- Zambia is a land- locked country in comparison with Kenya.

c- Zambia is a land- locked country in comparison with a coastline like Kenya.

The Tutor

14- They have been working on this project for three months. (Ask a question)

a- How long they have been working on this project?

b- How long have they been working on this project?

c- How long did they work on this project?

15- My father only speaks Spanish. He wishes he…….. (Complete)

a- My father only speaks Spanish. He wishes he could speak more languages.

b- My father only speaks Spanish. He wishes he speaks more languages.

c- My father only speaks Spanish. He wishes he can speak more languages.

16- The sun disappeared then everything became dark. (Use: By the time)

a- The sun disappeared by the time everything becomes dark.

b- The sun had disappeared by the time everything became dark.

c- The sun has disappeared by the time everything became dark.

17- If he (save) some money, he could have bought a new mobile easily. (Correct)

a- saves b- saved c- had saved

18- The man talked to the boy <u>with anger</u>. (Replace with an adverb)

a- The man talked to the boy angrily.

b- The man talked to the boy in an anger way.

c- The man talked to the boy angry.

19- He saves money to buy the new version of his favourite game. (Use: so that)

a- He saves money so that buy the new version of his favourite game.

b- He saves money so that he could buy the new version of his favourite game.

c- He saves money so that he can buy the new version of his favourite game.

20- Fahd reads lots of books. He gets more information. (Use: in order to)

a- Fahd reads lots of books in order to get more information.

b- Fahd reads lots of books in order to he gets more information.

c- Fahd reads lots of books in order to getting more information.

The Tutor

21- My grandfather built this house in 1943. **(Passive)**

a-This house is built by my grandfather in 1943.

b-This house has been built by my grandfather in 1943.

c-This house was built by my grandfather in 1943.

22- Somebody has done the work before the deadline. **(Passive)**

a-The work has been done before the deadline.

b-The work had been done before the deadline.

c-The work was done before the deadline.

23- They build new clubs for the youth in our city. **(Passive)**

a- New clubs were built for the youth in our city.

b- New clubs are built for the youth in our city.

c- New clubs have been built for the youth in our city.

24- I had cleaned all the windows before the storm. **(Passive)**

a- All the windows had cleaned before the storm.

b- All the windows were cleaned before the storm.

c- All the windows had been cleaned before the storm.

25- She (record) her notes in her diary since she was nine. **(Correct)**

a- recording b- has recorded c- was recording

26- The meeting was cancelled due to the bad weather conditions. **(Question)**

a- Why was the meeting cancelled? b- Why did the meeting cancel?

c- Why the meeting was cancelled?

27- The old system was complicated. The new system, is very simple. (Use: Whereas)

a- Whereas the old system, the new system is really very simple.

b- Whereas the old system, which was complicated, the new system is really simple.

c- Whereas the old system was complicated, the new system is really very simple.

The Tutor

28- The children collected the chestnuts that (fall) from the tree. (Correct)

a- The children collected the chestnuts that had fallen from the tree.

b- The children collected the chestnuts that will fall from the tree.

c- The children collected the chestnuts that are falling from the tree.

29- If they hadn't missed the train, …… (Complete)

a- If they hadn't missed the train, they would attend the meeting.

b- If they hadn't missed the train, they would have attended the meeting.

c- If they hadn't missed the train, they will attend the meeting.

30- Sarah has already edited her reports. (Negative)

a- Sarah hasn't edited her reports yet. b- Sarah didn't edit her reports.

c- Sarah isn't edit her reports.

31- He should have followed the speed limit. (Negative)

a- He should haven't followed the speed limit.

b- He shouldn't have followed the speed limit.

c- He didn't follow the speed limit.

32- The workers have been repairing the road for three months now. (Question)

a- How long have the workers been repairing the road?

b- How long the workers have been repairing the road?

c- How long did the workers repair the road?

33- By the end of the day, Ali (write) three essays. (Correct)

a- By the end of the day, Ali writes three essays.

b- By the end of the day, Ali had written three essays.

c- By the end of the day, Ali writing three essays.

34- If you press the red button, the door (unlock) automatically. (Correct)

a- The door would unlock automatically. b- The door unlocks automatically.

c- The door would have unlocked automatically.

The Tutor

35- The tallest buildings in London are small …..….New York's skyscrapers.**(Choose)**

a- although b- whereas c- in comparison with

36- He had his supper then he sent some e-mails. (Use: As soon as)

a- As soon as he had had his supper, he sent some e-mails.

b- As soon as he has had his supper, he sent some e-mails.

c- As soon as he had had his supper, he send some e-mails.

37- He would have avoided the accident if …… (Complete)

a- He would have avoided the accident if he drove carefully.

b- He would have avoided the accident if he has driven carefully.

c- He would have avoided the accident if he had driven carefully.

38- Every year, they establish new organizations to help the poor. (Question)

a- Why did they establish new organizations every year?

b- Why do they establish new organizations every year?

c- Why have they established new organizations every year?

39- The legal profession can be quite stressful. Other careers are less stressful.

(Use: in comparison with)

a- The legal profession can be quite stressful in comparison with other careers.

b- The legal profession can be quite stressful in comparison with other careers are less stressful.

c- The legal profession can be quite stressful in comparison with being less stressful.

40- Fahad spent a holiday in Italy then he wanted to learn Italian. (Use: After)

a- After Fahad has spent a holiday in Italy he wanted to learn Italian.

b- After Fahad had spent a holiday in Italy he wanted to learn Italian.

c- After Fahad spending a holiday in Italy he wanted to learn Italian.

The Tutor

41- Somebody should do the work before the deadline. **(Passive)**

a- The work should be done before the deadline.

b- The work should been done before the deadline.

c- The work should have done before the deadline.

42- They are building a new stadium near the station. **(Passive)**

a- A new stadium is built near the station.

b- A new stadium is being built near the station.

c- A new stadium was built near the station.

43- The south has a dry climate. The north has a wetter climate. **(Use: Whereas)**

a- The south has a dry climate, whereas the north.

b- The south has a dry climate, whereas the north has a wetter climate.

c- The south has a dry climate, whereas the north, which has a wetter climate.

44- She won the prize then she became famous overnight. **(Use: By the time)**

a- She had won the prize by the time she became famous overnight.

b- She has won the prize by the time she became famous overnight.

c- She had won the prize by the time she becoming famous overnight.

45- He (not go) to the course if it hadn't been so interesting. **(Correct)**

a- He won't have gone to the course if it hadn't been so interesting.

b- He wouldn't go to the course if it hadn't been so interesting.

c- He wouldn't have gone to the course if it hadn't been so interesting.

46- He didn't recognize his friend because he (not see) him for ten years. **(Correct)**

a- He didn't recognize his friend because he won't see him for ten years.

b- He didn't recognize his friend because he hadn't seen him for ten years.

c- He didn't recognize his friend because he doesn't see him for ten years.

The Tutor

Remedial Work (Vocabulary) Grade 12 - 1st Period

مراجعة شاملة على المفردات لجميع الوحدات

1- The new evidence weakens the ……. against the suspect.

a- resort b- case c- rift d- violence

2- During the war, people were forced to …… refuge from the fighting.

a- seek b- row c- deteriorate d- displace

3 - The museum offers …….. facilities for study and doing research.

a- disgruntled b- hard-pressed c- extensive d- arduous

4- Give him a breather. Under his …… calm lay real anxiety.

a- apparent b- aggressive c- incapable d- foreign

5- Some teachers have difficulty getting their students to…… the work of school.

a- contend b-displace c- clog up d- engage in

6- Because little kids have weak immune systems, they are very ……...to illness.

a- vulnerable b- extravagant c- incapable d- dire

7 - The river…….. an unlimited supply of fish for most of the inhabitants.

a- governs b- affords c- rows d- averts

8- He sold his car to …… him ……. his period of unemployment.

a- over... a barrel b- over ... the top c- over ... the hill d- tide … over

9- We never know the …… of water till the well is dry.

a- boom b- overview c- consultation d- value

10- The imprisonment ……. was added to the existing fine for breaking the traffic rules.

a- minority b- penalty c- persuasion d- welfare

11- Although Ali is a/an …… student, he still has difficulty organizing his essay.

a- disgruntled b- apparent c- arduous d- meticulous

12- Most species of fish that …… in the ocean can't live in freshwater.

a- reside b- decimate c- rent d- deteriorate

The Tutor

13- The next……..will be getting her parents' agreement for joining the expedition

a- hurdle b-atmosphere c- proportion d- preservation

14- Early low back ache is often…… by moving, lifting objects or twisting of the waist.

a- implemented b- concurred c- reclaimed d- precipitated

15- Protecting the freedom of speech is deemed……..., so we won't bow to pressure.

a- harsh b- frigid c- innocent d- intrinsic

16- Children always …….at the most inappropriate moments.

a- curtail b- misbehave c- decimate d- necessitate

17 - Flexibility is ……. for the creative management.

a- arid b-unwarranted c-innocent d- intrinsic

18- He was so upset as much of the criticism he had was totally…….

a- frigid b- vital c-unwarranted d- arid

19- Several factors severely …….the possibility to explore the area on foot.

a- curtailed b- grazed c- implemented d- reclaimed

20- They decided to live …….in a small village away from the noise of the city.

a- regardless b- compassionately c- unfortunately d- permanently

21- Strong winds and loose rocks made climbing the mountain so ……..

a- unproductive b- vital c- treacherous d- humid

22- Most mothers have this ……..need to protect their children at all costs.

a- unproductive b- intrinsic c- treacherous d- humid

23- We have hired a famous athlete to be the …...of our marketing campaign this year.

a- spearhead b- preservation c- suffrage d- scarcity

24- He has expressed his opposition to the plan, and I fully ……... with him.

a- reprocess b- compost c- erode d- concur

25- Computer games come under a lot of ……..for destroying the fabric of family life.

a- offence b- criticism c- incinerator d- bureaucracy

The Tutor

26- I like cats but ……. I'm allergic to them.

a- prohibitively b- unfortunately c- vociferously d- regardless

27- It's hard to ……. all the latest improvements in technology nowadays.

a- get rid of b- go along with c- cut down on d- keep up with

28- I do not wish to work in ……because I do not like being in charge of other people.

a- incinerator b- criticism c- dearth d- administration

29- We …… all our fruit and vegetable scraps instead of putting them in the garbage.

a- misbehave b- compost c- erode d- concur

30- There was a/an ……. of reliable information on the subject.

a- housing b- reward c- wealth d- dearth

31- The cook will …….. the leftover bones to make soup.

a- utilize b- pose c- graduate d- seek

32- Overfishing ……. the survival of certain fish species.

a- grows b- threatens c- injects d- avoids

33- Modern farming pesticides have led to the total …. of many species of plants.

a- extinction b- stem c- refuge d- wealth

34- Giving …… can increase the performance levels of children.

a- trends b- stems c- rewards d- wetlands

35- Farah wants to live in Kuwait after she …… from high school.

a- encroaches b- grows c- threatens d- graduates

36- There is no …… above the value of health.

a- wealth b- stem c- refuge d- extinction

37- A police station is a/an ……for people who are in trouble.

a- trend b- incinerator c- reward d- refuge

38- The workers wear masks to …….. inhaling the dust.

a- utilise b- pose c- avoid d- hibernate

The Tutor

B-Fill in the spaces with suitable words from the list:

(vociferously - acute - aware - grow - nourishment - dearth)

- A dolphin's hearing is so ….. that it can hear underwater sounds from up to 15 miles away.
- The ……of money going into cancer research is putting many lives in danger.
- The decision was made over after they ……. rejected the proposal.
- My doctor told me that I should provide my body with the proper ……that it requires.
- Teenagers today are not …… of the dangers of the prolonged use of mobiles

B-Fill in the spaces with suitable words from the list:

(perturbed - nervously – rent - decimated - arduous - famine)

- Half of the population of our planet had been……. by famines and wars.
- Offers of food aid may help end the ……..in poor countries
- He decided to…….. the house although it doesn't suit his needs.
- Although she is a frequent traveller, Jamie is always …….when the airplane lands.
- When she was worried, the young medical student would ……bite her nails.

B-Fill in the spaces with suitable words from the list:

(intrinsic - paucity – misbehave - spearhead - curtail - increasingly)

1- The ……..… of talents at our school is going to prevent us from having a top-quality concert.

2- He must be prepared to ……. this bad behaviour before it becomes a habit.

3- People are becoming ……. aware of the environmental problems we face.

4- To learn how the planet rotates, you have to look at the …… laws of nature.

5- Her book was the ……. of the clean water movement.

The Tutor

Remedial Work (Language Functions) Grade 12 - 1st Period

اهم التعبيرات المستخدمة في سؤال الوظائف اللغوية:

- **Persuading**: الاقناع Please dad!..... Come on dad!.....
- **Intention (Future plans)** النية او الخطط المستقبلية I intend to… / I'm planning to ….
- **Apology**: الاعتذار I'm so sorry. / I'd like to stay (join), but I have …….
- **Opinion**: ابداء الرأي I think……../ In my opinion……..
- **Advice:** النصيحة You should…../ You shouldn't…../ If I were you, I would…..
- **Agreement**: الموافقة **I** agree with that…. / That's right. …..
- **Disagreement** عدم الموافقة I disagree with that… / That's wrong….
- **Regret**: الندم **I** wish I had …V.3
- **Complaining**: الشكوى **I** wish they would…V.1
- **Suggestion**: الاقتراح You can…/ Why don't you…./ What about…./ Let's…
- **Congratulations!** التهنئة
- **Thanking**: الشكر Thank you. I really appreciate your support….
- **Prohibition**: النهي You mustn't do that…..
- **Blame**: اللوم You should have ..v3…
- **Preference**: التفضيل I prefer…..

The Tutor

What would you say in the following situations:

1-You failed your driving test because you didn't train well.

……

2- A lot of people ignore the traffic rules nowadays.

……

3- Someone says that charitable and voluntary is just a waste of time, money and efforts.

……

4- You want to join your friends in an expedition in the jungle and your father is not convinced.

……

5- Your friend depends on pain killers for any pain he/she feels.

……

6- The world would be a pleasant place without laws. State your viewpoint.

……

7- You are asked about your future plans.

……

8- Your mother would like to know why you don't want to get rid of your old clothes.

……

9- Many parts of the world live in luxury while others are struggling to survive.

……

10 - A friend of yours expresses his intention to immigrate to a foreign country.

……

11- You came late for your interview and lost the job opportunity.

……

12- Your brother wants to park his car in the disabled people corner.

……

13- Old Kuwait houses were pulled down and replaced with modern building.

……

The Tutor

Translate into English: تدريب على اهم جمل الترجمة

- القانون هو القواعد التي تحمي جميع الأفراد داخل المجتمع.

.....

- بدون القانون سيتصرف الأفراد بشكل سيء وتنتشر الفوضى في كل مكان.

.....

- القانون الكويتي مشتق من تعاليم الإسلام ليحمي جميع الأفراد في المجتمع.

.....

- اتفق معك في الرأي. فهو يضمن مجتمع عادل، امن ومتسامح لجميع الناس من مختلف المذاهب.

.....

- من الأفضل حل القضايا البسيطة بعيدا عن المحاكم.

.....

- اتفق معك في الرأي. تلك القضايا تعيق عمل المحاكم وتعطل ملاحقة المجرمين الحقيقيين.

.....

- يهاجر كثير من الناس بحثا عن ظروف معيشية أفضل.

.....

- والبعض يهاجر هربا من الظروف السيئة مثل الحروب والمجاعات.

.....

- الكثير من العمال المهرة من دول أوروبية هاجروا الي الكويت بعد الانتعاش الاقتصادي بسبب النفط.

.....

- لقد وفرت لهم الكويت وظائف ذات عائد جيد ومستوي معيشي يصعب عليهم تحقيقه في بلادهم.

.....

- رغم التنوع الواضح في الثقافات تتشارك معظم الدول قيم إنسانية عالمية.

.....

- هدا صحيح. معظم الثقافات من ابسطها لأكثرها تعقيدا لديها نفس القيم الإنسانية مثل العطف والتسامح.

.....

- الحرية ليست أن يتصرف الفرد كما يشاء طوال الوقت.

.....

- اعتقد أن الحرية هي توازن ما بين حرية الفرد واحتياجات المجتمع ككل.

.....

The Tutor

- تضع الحكومات التشريعات والقوانين لحماية الأقليات من إساءة المعاملة والتميز.

.....

- التصحر مشكلة بيئية خطيرة تهدد كثير من الدول حول العالم.

.....

- تحدث هده المشكلة نتيجة تغير المناخ وأنشطة الإنسان مثل الرعي الجائر والمبالغة في الزراعة.

.....

- إن قلة المياه العذبة من أهم المشكلات التي تواجه العالم هذه الأيام.

.....

- يجب علينا جميعا أن نقلل الاستهلاك الغير ضروري للمياه في حياتنا اليومية.

.....

- الكويت من الدول الرائدة في الشرق الأوسط في مجال تحلية مياه البحر.

.....

- يجب على العالم أن يجد حل لأزمة معالجة المخلفات.

.....

- حقا. العالم ينفد من أماكن لدفن الكميات الكبيرة من القمامة والحرق يسبب تلوث البيئة.

.....

- يحب على الحكومات سن قوانين تجعل من القاء القمامة في الشوارع جريمة قانونيه.

.....

- اتفق معك تماما. ويجب انشاء مصانع لإعادة تدوير النفايات حتى نتخلص من القمامة بشكل لا يضر البيئة

.....

- هل تعلم مدي أهمية النباتات في حياتنا؟

- نعم. النباتات تمدنا بالغداء وتثري التربة ومنها نصنع العطور، الزيوت، الألياف والخشب.

.....

- نبات العرفج هو النبات الوطني للكويت لما له من اهمية تاريخية للكويتيين.

.....

- اتفق معك. كان يستخدمه الناس كدواء طبيعي وغداء للأغنام وكوقود للطهي.

.....

- من سمات شخصية الدبلوماسي الجيد أن يتمتع بالثقة بالنفس والعمل الجاد.

- يجب عليه أيضا أن ألا يحاول أن يتجنب الصحافة ويحسن التعامل مع الإعلام.

.....

The Tutor

من خلال الخريطة الذهنية لكل وحده يستطيع الطالب الإجابة على أسئلة الكتاب والترجمة وكتابة الموضوعات

Mind Maps Unit (1) The Law

Define the law?

The rules that govern the society.

The basic principle of law: The person is innocent until proven guilty.

Importance of law:

سؤال مهم وفكرة للموضوع

- **ensures safety & security**
- **protects human rights**
- **reduces violence and crimes**
- **helps people live in peace and harmony**

Without law, **people would live in chaos.** - **people would behave badly.**
- **crime would spread everywhere.** - **we would live in a big jungle.**

The Kuwaiti law:

سؤال مهم

- **It ensures a safe, just and tolerant society**
- **It is drawn from the teachings of the Holy Quran.**
- **It protects all people of all different religious persuasions.**

How law works effectively: - The law must be backed by penalties and punishments.
- People must follow its rules and never violate them.

فكرة للموضوع

Minor issues قضايا بسيطة

*** We shouldn't solve minor issues in courts, why?**

سؤال مهم

- These petty grievances clog up courts.
- They are waste of money, effort and time.
- They prevent prosecutions against real criminals.

*** How can people solve their minor issues?**

سؤال مهم

- They should solve these issues peacefully.
- They can seek the advice of wise people.
- Holding a Diwaniya to discuss these issues.

The Tutor

Mind Maps Unit (2) Migration

Reasons for migration:(Advantages)

سؤال مهم وفكرة للموضوع

- For better life conditions
- Better-paid jobs
- Higher standard of living
- Escape bad conditions (wars – famine - conflicts صراعات - natural disasters)
- Providing our families with a suitable environment to achieve their goals.

Obstacles عقبات (Disadvantages)

سؤال مهم وفكرة للموضوع

- Being away from your family, friends and the place where you grew up.
- Strong feeling of homesickness and loneliness.
- Difficulty to adapt with the new country (new language - different customs and traditions - unfamiliar habits)

The Tutor

Mind Maps Unit (3) Human Values

Human values Morals and ethics shared by people all over the world.

Examples compassion – empathy – tolerance – respect – equality – justice

Importance سؤال مهم وفكرة للموضوع

- To spread peace and love. – To end hatred and envy حقد وكراهية
- To reduce violence and crime. - The best way to end disputes and wars.
- A society full of values is a suitable environment to achieve progress& welfare

How to spread human values فكرة للموضوع

- Running campaigns to teach the young the importance of human values.
- Voluntary work is the best way to spread these values.
- Respecting other cultures and religions.
- Respecting our neighbours and the elderly.
- Parents should teach their children the importance of human values.

Aims of Kuwait Red Crescent society (The KRCS) سؤال مهم

- To assist or help people in hardship.
- To provide them with basic human needs such as (**health care, water, food, shelter)**

Importance of voluntary Work سؤال مهم

- To help the needy and the helpless. - Spreading love and compassion
- Alleviating the suffering of the poor. - To end hatred and envy.
- **For volunteers**, they gain experience, develop skills and it is the best use of time.

The Tutor

Activities of charities

- Giving basic needs for the poor and the needy (water, food, medical care).
- Keeping the environment clean.
- Raising money for charitable projects.
- Running campaign to raise the awareness of young people.

Qualities of volunteers

- Kind and compassionate.
- Ready to work without a reward.
- Motivated by the desire to alleviate the pain of the poor and the needy.

Compassion and how to express it

- Caring for those who are incapable of looking after themselves.
- Donating money or our time to charities.
- Looking after the sick, the poor or the hungry.

Tolerance - To accept others who are different from us.

Freedom - It is not to do whatever you want all the time, but a balance between individual freedom and the needs of the society as a whole.

Kuwait Foreign Diplomatic Institute (the FDI)

Aims of the FDI:

- To extend a hand of friendship to other countries.
- To train the diplomatic staff (old and new).
- To work as a think tank.
- To organize international conferences and seminars.

Qualities of a successful diplomat

- Should be confident, friendly and hard working.
- Should have the ability to deal with media.

The Tutor

Mind maps Unit (4) "The earth at risk"

Environmental problems (man-made disasters)

Examples: **Pollution – deforestation – global warming – extinction of animals**

Desertification

Causes: **- climate change**

- Human activities such as: overcultivation, overgrazing and deforestation.

Bad effects: **- food shortage** **- people die of starvation**

- strong winds & wildfires **- the spread of diseases**

- extinction of plants and animals

solutions: **- strict rules to stop deforestation and cutting trees** **- greenery projects**

- using media to raise the awareness of people towards the issue.

- providing farmers with money and equipment to reclaim the desert.

Water

Importance: **- Basic for human survival (for drinking, cooking, washing)**

- Plants and animals can't live without water. **- It is the secret of our life.**

Bad usage: - Leaving taps open. - using too much water for our daily usage.

- Using too much water in farming or washing cars.

How to save water:

- Reducing our daily usage of water for cooking and washing.

- fixing our leaking taps.

- turning off unused taps.

- avoiding long showers for bathing.

- Using modern ways for irrigation الري like sprinklers.

The Tutor

Mind maps Unit (5) Precious Resources

Waste management is a crisis, why?

- The world is running out of resources.

- The amount of waste (rubbish, garbage, litter**) is increasing every day.**

- The traditional ways to get rid of waste are harmful:

* **Incineration** (to burn or incinerate) causes pollution and global warming.

***To bury in landfill sites** destroys and spoils the soil. - We are running out of spaces.

Recycling

***Recycling** comes as the best solution. However, it has:

Pros: **- prevents waste.** **- saves our natural resources.**

- reduces pollution and protects the ecology. **- to make use of worthless things.**

Cons: **- it is very expensive and costly.** **- not all materials can be recycled.**

- it is not worth to recycle some materials.

What are the major environmental issues that concern people?

- Caring for the environment. - Protecting endangered species.

- Using the world's resources in moderation.

Reduce, reuse, recycle that's what we should do if we want to overcome this crisis.

The Tutor

Mind maps Unit (6) Under threat

Importance of animals

Keeping the balance of the ecology. - Main source of food, leather and medicine.

Source of entertainment.

Animal extinction

Causes: **- Illegal hunting (poaching). - Destroying their natural habitat.**

- Climate change and wildfires.

Solutions: **- Building more reserves for rare animals to live and breed.**

- Ban illegal hunting and impose strict punishments for poachers.

- Solving the problem of deforestation and planting more trees.

- Using media to raise the awareness of people towards the issue.

Importance of plants

They provide shade and nourishment. - They enrich the soil and stop erosion.

They provide us with medicine, oils, waxes, timbers (wood) and fuel.

Land reclamation

Advantages: **- For the development of humanity. - Building new cities.**

- Using land for farming. - Building new factories.

Disadvantages: - Destroying animal and plants habitats.

- Leading to the extinction of animals and plants. - Disturbing the balance of ecology.

Importance of the Arfaj

Kuwait's national flower. - For its historic importance as it was used for many things **(natural medicine – source of bedding and firewood – food for animals).**

While rare in many countries, the Arfaj seemed abundant in Kuwait.

The Tutor

The law

How would our life be without law? Of course, it would be like a big jungle. Law is the backbone of any civilized society. Let's in this essay discuss the importance of law and what it needs to work effectively in the society regarding the Kuwaiti law.

Throughout history, man has worked hard to put rules to control his life. We need laws to protect our rights and make people feel secured in their societies. We can't imagine our life in the absence of law. Without laws, crime would be everywhere and we would live in a state of chaos. People would behave badly and we wouldn't have the chance to live peacefully or achieve any progress in life.

To work effectively, the law needs to be backed by strict punishments and penalties imposed by courts. All people bear the responsibility of following the rules and never violate them. Kuwait has a well-structured code of law. The law in Kuwait is drawn from the teachings of the Holy Quran to protect people of all persuasions and ensure a safe, just and tolerant society.

To sum up, law is an essential part of all communities. It is of great importance for all countries to have a well-structured code of law, but our duty is to follow its rules and never violate them.

Migration

Could a person complete his life away from his own home country? Once a person takes the decision to emigrate, he has to bear in mind that he may get great benefits and at the same time; he has to overcome many obstacles.

Looking on the bright side, some people believe that migration is a good solution for those who want to escape the bad conditions in their home land. People migrate for better life and for higher standard of living. Moreover, some people escape wars or conflicts. Others migrate to provide their families with a suitable environment to achieve their goals and get a chance to prove themselves.

Migrants have to live away from their home land. They have a strong feeling of homesickness. It's worth mentioning that migrants find it difficult to adapt with the new lifestyle with different customs and traditions. For the host country, migration adds over burden on the resources of the country and leads to many problems.

To sum up, migration is not an easy decision. People should take the new country as their final destination and work hard to make this new world as their best habitat regardless of the obstacles they face.

The Tutor

The voluntary work

What is better than drawing a smile on a tired face? Helping people in need is a good way to spread our human values. There are many benefits of voluntary work for both communities and people and that can be achieved through different activities.

Helping people in need, is a noble deed and voluntary work is the best way to do that. The main aim of charitable organizations is to help people in hardships. people donate their time, effort and money to give hope to someone who needs it. Such charities provide people with their basic needs of food, water and health care. Volunteers can participate in distributing aid and help people in poor areas.

We all should encourage our youth for the voluntary work as it is a religious duty to help others. Volunteers themselves get work experience, learn new skills and make use of their free time in a positive way. Volunteers should be kind, compassionate and ready to work tirelessly for long time without waiting for a reward. They get their reward when they draw a smile on a child's face.

Finally, Voluntary work not only brings hope and happiness to people, but it also leads to personal growth. It helps spread peace and end hatred and envy among people. It is an experience that cannot be bought with any amount of money.

Human Values

By compassion we make others' misery our own, and so, by relieving them, we relieve ourselves also. Human values are very important in our life and there are many ways to spread these values.

Human values are the best way to spread peace and love among people. Such values help people end hatred and envy. Moreover, they reduce violence and crime. Finally, human values help people live in peace and harmony and end their disputes and wars.

There are many ways to spread human values. First of all, we can run campaigns to teach the young the importance of human values. Voluntary work is the best way to spread these values. By helping each other and alleviating the pain of people in dire conditions, we will live in a good society.

To sum up, nothing is better than living in a tolerant society. A society full of values is a suitable environment to achieve progress and welfare.

The Tutor

The environmental problems

If the environment spoke, what do you think it would say? Of course, it would complain. Man-made disasters have bad effects on our life on earth and we should find some solutions to save our planet.

Nowadays, people all over the world suffer from the dangers of pollution, deforestation, global warming and desertification. Human activities are the real cause of these problems. Smoke from cars and factories cause pollution which leads to the death of thousands of people every year. Cutting the trees in the forests disturbs the balance of the ecology and causes the global warming.

How can we save our earth? It is the duty of all; people and governments. All countries should encourage the use of the alternative power to reduce pollution. They must ban cutting the forests and solve the problem of desertification. Using media to raise the awareness of people to be more effective and play their part of the solution.

To conclude, man has no right to destroy what he hasn't created. It is our earth and we have no other place to live on. We should do our best to save our planet not only for us but also for our children and grandchildren.

Desertification

If the environment spoke, what do you think it would say? I think it would shout ''Help me''. Man has caused many environmental problems and desertification is a serious one that has many causes, bad effects and we should find solutions to solve this problem.

Nowadays, people all over the world suffer from the dangers of desertification. Climate changes may cause desertification. However human activities are the real cause of this problem. Overcultivation, overgrazing and deforestation have changed vast areas of land to deserts. This problem led to food shortage and great numbers of people die of starvation.

How can we solve this problem? It is the duty of all; people and governments. All countries must ban cutting trees and ban deforestation. Providing farmers with money equipment and water to reclaim the desert. Using media to raise the awareness of people to be more effective and play their part of the solution.

To conclude, man has no right to destroy what he hasn't created. It is our earth and we have no other place to live on. We should do our best to save our planet not only for us but also for our children and grandchildren.

The Tutor

Waste management crisis (recycling)

Can we have fairy cans in which we throw rubbish and it disappears? The amount of waste is increasing rapidly. The world has got to do something towards the crisis of waste management and recycling is a good way to solve it.

There are different ways to get rid of waste. Incineration is one of these ways, although it is easy, it produces harmful gases that affect the world climate. Burying rubbish in landfill sites is another way and this is widely used all over the world. However, it is not perfect as the world is running out of places to bury all these amounts of rubbish.

Recycling comes as one of the best ways to get rid of rubbish. It reduces pollution and prevents waste. It saves our natural resources since we are making use of old things which are of no use to us. All countries should work hard to develop this method. People must reduce the amount of waste and classify their rubbish to make it easy for recycling.

To sum up, the best way to reduce waste is to create less waste. The governments must create new strategies to reduce waste and should also create awareness among people on the benefits of using eco-friendly products.

Protecting the wildlife

Do you believe that the life of most animals and birds are in danger? I think nobody can deny this fact. Now it's the time to stop doing bad things towards nature. Protecting the wildlife is very important and people and governments should find the suitable solutions to do so.

Poaching and deforestation are the most dangerous threats for animals and plants. Cutting trees has a bad effect on the balance of the atmosphere. Moreover, animals lose their natural habitat and face the risk of being extinct. Protecting the wildlife is important to keep the balance of the ecology.

It is time for people stop and think about the future of our planet and try to find solutions to protect the wildlife. Governments should pass laws to ban cutting the trees or hunting animals. Strict punishments should be imposed for those who break these laws. Running campaigns to raise the awareness of people towards the importance of protecting the wildlife.

To sum up, man has done a lot for the nature and he has to amend that. It is not too late, but we need urgent steps to be taken to save our planet for the coming generations.

The Tutor

Road Accidents

Have you heard about the accident happened in our neighbourhood in which a careless driver caused the death of three innocent souls? It was really a tragedy. Road accidents represent a big problem in big cities This essay will analyse the most important causes of road accidents, the effects of this problem and how to root it out.

There are several causes of the problem of road accidents in big cities. The first is the high number of cars. Today, it is easy for all people to have a car. Moreover, reckless driving and exceeding the speed limit are fatal causes. Using mobiles while driving leads to distraction. This problem has many effects on people and cities. One of these bad effects is that innocent people die every day and traffic jams have become so common.

The question now is how to solve this problem. First, I think we need to reduce the number of cars and use the public transport. Moreover, drivers should follow the rules. The government should put strict fines for those who break the laws. The government should build more flyovers and tunnels to improve the street system.

To sum up, we can say that we all bear the responsibility and we should cooperate people and governments to solve this problem and enjoy our life in our cities.

Water

For all forms of life on Earth, water is the basic necessity. Therefore, it makes it essential for us to use this precious substance wisely. This essay will analyse the importance of water and how to save it.

We can survive for a week without any food, but we will not even live three days without water. Water helps our bodies to work. Moreover, without water, we can't do our daily activities like washing, brushing up early in the morning or cooking. Water plays a vital role in every life of the living creatures. Every organism needs water to survive, from a small insect to a whale. Water is required, not only for humans but also for plants and animals.

The question and the challenge now are how to save water. There are many ways to save water. We should curtail the unwarranted use of water for our daily activities. We can do so by fixing our leaking taps. Furthermore, we should use modern means of irrigation like sprinklers to save water in farming. We can make use of rainwater for many things.

To sum up, water is essential for the survival of mankind. If we do not work together towards the preservation of water, our planet will meet its ultimate death sooner than we think.

The Tutor

Mock Test اختبار تجريبي ثاني عشر الفصل الدراسي الأول

(560 Marks)

I. Vocabulary (100 Marks)

A) Choose the best answer from a, b, c and d: (5 x 10 = 50 Marks)

1- The weather was terrible but we carried on …….

a- prohibitively b- unfortunately

c- regardless d- compassionately

2- The noise of that machine was a/an ……that kept me from being able to concentrate.

a- criticism b- annoyance

c- famine d- bench

3- Drivers are asked to stay home and avoid the ……. icy roads during the storm.

a- foreign b- perturbed

c- treacherous d- petty

4- The manager had us ……. . Either we work on Saturday or we lose our jobs.

a- over a barrel b- over the hill

c- over the top d- tide over

5- She's worried that her English language skills will ….....….. once she returns to her homeland.

a- intend b-sue

c- alleviate d- deteriorate

B) Fill in the spaces with words from the list: (5 x 10 = 50 Marks)

(climate / innocent / unfortunately / meticulous / displace / put up with)

6- With a/an …….. smile, the little girl denied eating the cookies.

7- Because of the tornado warnings in the area, citizens should be prepared for ……..…… changes.

8- I like cats but ……. I'm allergic to them.

9- I can ……a house being untidy but I don't like it to be dirty.

10- The building of a new dam will ……. thousands of people who live in this area.

The Tutor

II – Grammar (60 Marks)

A) Choose the correct answer: (4 x 10= 40 Marks)

1- I wish she .....with me during the exam yesterday. I would have felt more relaxed.

a- had been b- was c- will be d- has been

2- This restaurant has a good reputation. ....., that one does not.

a- so as to b- in comparison with c- instead of d- on the other hand

3- This is the time of the year..... many people suffer from flu.

a- where b- which c- whom d- when

4- This eatery has an atmospheric view, ……many people prefer eating there.

a-with the result that b- lead to c- in order to d- the cause of

B) Do as required between brackets: (4 x 5= 20 Marks)

5- She moved out then I found her notes. (Use: by the time)

a- She had moved out by the time I found her notes.

b- She has moved out by the time I found her notes.

c- She had moved out by the time I find her notes.

6- They have been working on this project for three months. (Ask a question)

a- How long they have been working on this project?

b- How long have they been working on this project?

c- How long did they work on this project?

7- They build new clubs for the youth in our city. (Passive)

a- New clubs were built for the youth in our city.

b- New clubs are built for the youth in our city.

c- New clubs have been built for the youth in our city.

8- If they had opened a new club in the vicinity, I……..…….(Complete)

a- I will join it. b- I would join it. c- I would have joined it.

The Tutor

III - language Functions (40 Marks)

A) Write what you would say in the following situations: (4x10=40 Marks)

1 - A friend of yours expresses his intention to immigrate to a foreign country.

……

2- You came late for your interview and lost the job opportunity.

……

3- Your brother wants to park his car in the disabled people corner.

……

4- Old Kuwait houses were pulled down and replaced with modern building.

……

IV- Set Book (40 Marks)

A) Answer only FOUR of the following questions: (4x 10 =40 Marks)

1- Why do large numbers of people leave their homes and go to live in a foreign country?

.....

2- Why shouldn't people solve their minor issues in courts?

.....

3- What are the causes of desertification?

.....

4- Why is recycling becoming a worldwide issue for people nowadays?

.....

5- What are the aims of the KRCS?

.....

The Tutor

V- Writing (120Marks)

Law is the backbone of any civilized society. **Plan and write a report of (14 sentences 160 words)** discussing the importance of law and what it needs to work effectively in th society regarding the Kuwaiti law.

Outline (20)

Introduction:
Body One:
Body Two:
Conclusion:

The Tutor

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Rubrics	mark	Total mark
Outlining	**20**	**120**
Explosion of ideas and coherence	**60**	
Paragraphing and number of sentences	**10**	
Spelling	**10**	
Grammar	**10**	
Handwriting, spacing and punctuation.	**10**	
• **20** marks to be deducted from the total mark for changing the format		
• Off point planning / outlines receive **ZERO**.		
• **5** marks to be deducted from the outline if the ideas are not used in the topic.		

The Tutor

VI. Reading Comprehension (110 Marks)

Read the following passage, then answer the questions below:

No one's ability to remember names is perfect. Yet this important skill gives you the advantage in business and personal relations. In my research, I have found that memory falls often due to a question of concentration. Each day our brains are attacked by information that is stored in a complex organising system. Generally, we store important information in a long-term memory and hold less meaningful data in short-term memory. What is the art of remembering names then?

Firstly, keep focused. When you find yourself wrestling with a forgotten name ten seconds after an introduction, it's because you were daydreaming. This happens primarily because we often are **preoccupied** with ourselves. Once, I was to address a group of memory researchers. On the way to the conference centre, I noticed my socks didn't match. I was a little annoyed but I didn't do anything about **it**. When faced with the group of scholars, all I could think about was my socks. My speech got off to an uncomfortable start, and I had to struggle to remember what I wanted to say. Remember, when you're meeting someone new, clear your thoughts of outside concerns.

To reinforce your memory, dramatise faces. If you try to memorise names by repetition, you'll probably forget the information quickly. But if you dramatise names and faces with memorable images, you'll most likely recall them with ease. The best way to retain new names is by creating connections between unlike things. Here's how: After you've been told a person's name, focus on his face. Is there something particularly interesting or attractive about it? Is the hair bright red? Are the eyebrows heavy? Are the eyes striking? Select just one feature and place it in memory. You could also make associations. You may select a word that sounds like the name and keep it in mind.

The final key is to remember a person's name in conversation. During your discourse, say the name as often as seems appropriate. For example, "That's an interesting point, Mike!" At the end of your conversation, repeat the name out loud. For example, "I'm glad we had a chance to meet, Mike." After wards, you may want to write down a person's name and the imagery you have connected with it. Training yourself to remember names may take a lot of practice. But once you've mastered the art, you can be sure people will remember you.

A) From a, b, c and d choose the best answer to complete the sentences below:

1. The author's **purpose** in writing this passage is probably To:

a. Describe the reasons of memory loss.
b. Illustrate the role of the brain in remembering names.
c. Inform us about some techniques to help us remember names.
d. Explain the importance of remembering names.

2. The **meaning** of the word " **preoccupied** " in the **Second** paragraph is:

a. busy.
b. aware.
c. reticent.
d. complex.

3. The main idea of the **Second** paragraph is:

a. How to dramatise names.
b. The repetition of names.
c. The two types of memories.
d. One reason for forgetting names fast.

4. The word **it**, in paragraph **2**, refers to:

a. the speech.
b. being annoyed.
c. the conference centre.
d. the group of scholars.

5. According to the passage, which of the following statements is **UNTRUE**?

a. Connection between similar things helps in remembering names.
b. Remembering name is an essential part in our personal relations.
c. Thinking about the socks led the writer to lose concentration.
d. Information is classified into two groups in our memory.

B) Answer the following questions:

6- What did the writer mean when he said "... my socks didn't match"?
……
……

7- How can one dramatise faces or names to reinforce their memory?
……
……

8- Clearing your thoughts of outside concerns is important when you're meeting someone new. Explain.
……
……

9- How can a person make associations?
……
……

The Tutor

VII Summary Making (60 Marks)

In **Four** sentences of your own summarize and paraphrase the following passage to answer the following question:

How can a person achieve high performance?

There are some steps to achieve high performance. High achievers are willing to work hard. However, work is not everything and they know how to relax. They value close friendships and family life. Studies show that high performers choose work they truly prefer. They want internal satisfaction and not just external results. Most people are willing to settle for jobs which they think are secure, High performers, on the other hand, are able to take risks. Most of us think we know our own limits, high performers, on the contrary, are able to ignore artificial barriers. They concentrate instead on their own potentials, on their effort and are therefore free to achieve peak levels.

.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....

VIII - Translation (30 Marks)

B-Translate the following into good English:

فهد : الحرية ليست أن يتصرف الفرد كما يشاء طوال الوقت.

صالح : اعتقد أن الحرية هي توازن ما بين حرية الفرد واحتياجات المجتمع ككل.

Fahd.....
.....

Saleh.....
.....

Mock Test اختبار تجريبي ثاني عشر الفصل الدراسي الأول

(Total 560 Marks)

I-Vocabulary (100 Marks)

A) Choose the best answer from a, b, c and d: (5 x 10 = 50 Marks)

1- Don't talk to dad now. He is ……. because of some work problems.

a- meticulous b. unproductive **c.** perturbed d. extensive

2- To……. any problem with your car, you need to change engine oil regularly.

a- Govern b. donate **c.** avert d. graze

3- My.....against the travel agent has turned into a civil prosecution.

a- grievance b. logger **c.** suffrage d. minority

4- Any time a disaster like an earthquake hits, Kuwait deals with the victims……..

a- compassionately b. nervously **c.** unfortunately d. prohibitively

5- Drivers are asked to stay home and avoid the …… icy roads.

a- vital b. treacherous **c.** humid d. prevailing

Fill in the spaces with the suitable words from the list below: (5x10 = 50)

(wildfire / charitable/ inevitable / in leaps and bounds / quantity / get rid of)

6- The work of the company has really improved in..... and quality this year.

7- Once you have acquired a bad habit, you can't …….. it easily.

8- Once a normal child passes his second birthday, speech develops.....

9- .....organizations are non-profit, whose prime objective is philanthropy.

10-Rumours traditionally spread in social network sites as fast as a……

The Tutor

II. Grammar (60 M)

A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d: (4 x 10 = 40 M)

11- …..Sweden has very cold winters, South Florida winters are usually dry and warm.

a. In comparison with b. Instead of c. On the other hand d. Whereas

12- We left early……..... we would be able to park close to the stadium.

a. so that b. in order to c. to d. the cause of

13- I wish I …… Mr. Ahmed yesterday.

a. meet b. had met c. met d. could meet

14- Plants depend …….. the rich soil to get nutrients.

a- with b- on c- in d- at

B) From a , b and c choose the correct answer as required : (4x5)= 20)

15-**It took me three hours to finish my project**. **(Ask a question)**

a) How long has it taken you to finish your project?
b) How long did it take you to finish your project?
c) How long does it take you to finish your project?

16-If I had done well in the last exam, …….. (Complete)

a) I wouldn't have failed.
b) I wouldn't fail.
c) I won't fail.

17-Fahad has already written the essay. (Make negative)

a) Fahad hasn't written the essay yet.
b) Fahad hadn't written the essay yet.
c) Fahad didn't write the essay yet.

18- Ali finished his meal then he asked the waiter for the cheque. (Use After)

a) After Ali had finished his meal, he asked the waiter for the cheque.
b) After Ali has finished his meal, he asked the waiter for the cheque.
c) After Ali will finish his meal, he asked the waiter for the cheque.

The Tutor

III. Language Functions (40 M)

Write what you would say in the following situations: (4 x 10 = 40 M)

19- One of your friends thinks that travelling to a different country affects one's personality.

……

20- Your younger brother has accessed some of your confidential data on the laptop.

……

21- Your brother always exceeds the speed limits in residential areas.

……

22- You want your family to donate money to the needy people in Somalia.

……

IV-Set Book Questions: (40 M)

Answer The following questions in meaningful sentences: (4 x 10 = 40 M)

23- Why isn't it recommended to take petty grievances into courts?

……
……

24- Are you for or against establishing more humanitarian societies in Kuwait? Why?

……
……

25- Why is recycling becoming such an important issue for people today?

……
……

26- Suggest some ways in which we can consume less water in our day-to-day lives.

……
……

27- Why do some people leave their home country and move to another country?

……
……

The Tutor

V- Writing (120 M)

Write on the following topic:

"Although it's a personal decision, migration has too many advantages and disadvantages. Some people dream of migrating to a foreign country and leaving their home land for good." **In not less than 14 sentences (160 words)** plan and write an essay showing the pros and cons of migration for the individuals and countries.

Outline (20Marks)

Introduction:

……
……
……
……
……

Body1

……
……
……
……

Body 2

……
……
……
……

Conclusion:

……
……
……

The Tutor

Write your Topic here (100 Marks)

The Tutor

VI –Reading Comprehension (110 M)

Read the following passage carefully, then answer the question below:

Obese people do not have to look extremely fat. Even people who seem only slightly overweight can actually be considered obese though the main cause of obesity is not clear even to doctors or specialists. If a person has a certain amount of fat on their body, then their health might be in danger. This amount of fat is usually thought to be 40% of the body's total **composition**. Finding a person's exact fat percentage is troublesome. Most people still rely on their weight measurement to tell them if they are overweight or obese. There are problems with this method, however. Weight alone says nothing about a person's percentage of body fat. For instance, athletes usually have more muscles mass than other people. Muscle weighs more than fat. Therefore, athletes may weigh more than recommended weight, but this does not mean **they** are not healthy. A more accurate measurement of body fat is needed.

Probably the most popular method of determining fat today is the Body Mass Index (BMI). BMI is a person's weight (in kilograms) divided by the square of his or her height (in meters). Many experts feel that BMI is to determine if a person's body weight is unhealthy. However, others feel that BMI is too general to be really useful. The numbers come from comparisons of large groups of people. There are many different ways that BMI can be affected by body shape and size. Muscular people may show a high BMI, even though they are perfectly healthy. Some people have higher bone density than others, which increases their weight. BMI can be inaccurate for much people, also. In some cases, those who have very low body fat and are also muscular can have a BMI that is too high.

Despite these criticisms, there are strong positive aspects of BMI. The main one is that it is very simple. The measurement can be performed easily. It doesn't take special knowledge or equipment. Though BMI is a general measurement, it still gives useful information. At least, it can suggest that there might be a problem. Further, some students have shown that people with higher BMI numbers have a higher risk of health problems. It takes only a minute to get a BMI number, but the results can be very improbable to person's life.

The Tutor

A) From a, b, c, and d choose the correct answer: (5 x 10 = 50 M)

28- The best title for the passage would be:
- a- Body Mass and Weight
- b- Muscles and Bones
- c- Health problems
- d- Causes of Obesity

29- The main idea of the **1st** paragraph is:
- a- Recommended weights for different ages
- b- Different types of body fat measurement
- c- Weight as a popular way of determining body fat
- d- Unhealthy signs of obese people

30- The underlined pronoun "**they**" in the **1st** paragraph refers to:
- a- other people
- b- obese people
- c- athletes
- d- problems

31- The underlined word "**composition**" in **1st** paragraph is **close** in meaning to:
- a- a positive aspect
- b- problem stated by others
- c- a final result
- d- a mix of different problems

32-All the sentences bellow are true except:
- a- Obesity is a problem in most developed countries
- b- Weight is the only method to tell us about a person's percentage of body fat
- c- Muscle weighs more than fat
- d- The precise cause of obesity is not obvious

B)- Answer the following questions: (4 x 15= 60 M)

33- Some athletes, though overweight, aren't considered obese, why?
……

34- What aspects can help us relay on BMI as a method of measuring fat?
……

35- What is "Body Mass Index" (BMI)?
……

36- In what way can body shape and size affect BMI?
……

The Tutor

VII-Summary making (60)

Read the following passage then do as require:

Animals living in modern zoos enjoy several advantages over animals in the wild; however, they must suffer some disadvantages. One advantage of living in the zoo is that the animals are separated from their natural predators; they are protected and can therefore, live without risk of being attacked. Another advantage is that they are regularly fed a special, well-balanced diet; thus, they do not have to hunt for food or suffer times when food is hard to find. On the other hand, zoo animals face several disadvantages. The most important disadvantage is that since they do not have to hunt for food or face their enemies, some animals became bored, discontented or even nervous. Another disadvantage is that zoo visitors can endanger their lives. Some animals can pick up airborne diseases from humans.

In a paragraph of FOUR sentences ONLY, summarise and paraphrase the previous passage in answer to the following question: (4x15= 60 Marks)

"What are the advantages and disadvantages of keeping animals in zoos?"

.....

.....

.....

.....

Rubrics	Content / relevance of ideas	Paraphrasing	Spelling and grammar	Paragraph format	Total
	30	20	5	5	40

VII- Translation (30M)

Translate the following into good English: (2 x 15 = 30 M)

1- لقد بذلت الكويت مجهودات كثيرة لحل مشكلة نقص الماء عن طريق بناء محطات تحليه.

.....

2- .يهاجر الكثير من الناس الى بلاد أخرى من اجل البحث عن مستوى معيشة أفضل.

.....

Unit (1)		litigation	دعوى قضائية
Adoption	التبني	regardless	-بغض النظر
Civil	مدني	residential area	المنطقة السكنية
code of law	وثيقة القانون	Speed limit	حد السرعة
Consultation	استشارة	sue	يقاضي
Define	يعرف	supporter	المؤيد-مساند
Enforce	يطبق قانون	Petty	تافه \ ثانوي
Govern	يحكم	Ultimately	في النهاية
guilty	مذنب	**Unit (2)**	
impose	يفرضْ	afford	يستطيع توفير نفقات
violence	عنف	boom	ازدهار
Innocent	بريء	decimate	يدمر بشكل كبير
judiciary	سلطة قضائية	deteriorate	يتدهورْ
jury	هيئة المحلفين	emigrate	يهاجرْ
legal	قانوني / شرعي	famine	مجاعة
penalty	عقوبة- جزاء	foreign	أجنبي
persuasion	مذهب- عقيدة	hard-pressed	تحت ضغط
Principle	قانون – مبدأ	necessitate	يستلزمْ- يتطلب
property	الملكية	Seek-sought-sought	ينشد – يسعي الي
prove	يثبتْ	**unfortunately**	**لسوء الحظ**
tolerant	متسامح	**high-tech**	**تكنولوجيا متطور**
welfare	رفاهية رعاية	**instead**	**بدلاً مِن ذلك**
break into	**يقتحمْ**	**Periodic**	**دوري \ متكرر**
fake	**مزيف**	**Plenty of**	**كثير مِنْ**
worthless	**بلا قيمة**	**Swallow**	**طائر السنونو**
bench	مقعد طويل	Disgruntled	مستاء/ساخط
brief	مذكرة قضائية \ ملخص- قصير الامد	displace	يشرد\ يعزل
case	قضية – حقيبة	mass	جماعي / ضخم
defence	دفاع	Meticulous	دقيق
spring	ينهض \ ربيع \نبع مياه/ زنبرك	migrant	المهاجر
handcuffs	أصفاد (كالبشات)	obliterate	يدمر كليا
note	مذكرة- ملحوظة/ يدون	Perturbed	منزعج
prosecute	يقاضي	resort	منتزه \ ملاذ
row	صف- يجدف- جدال	rift	شق \ شرخ
claim	يدعي	Animated	حيوي
clog up	يمنع \ يسد	arduous	شــاق
contend	يؤكّدْ	engage in	ينغمسْ بـ
grievance	شكوي	Major	رئيسي
In favour of	لمصلحة	Minor	ثانوي
intend	ينوي \ يخطط لـ	Nervously	بعصبية
rent	يستأجر- ايجار	over the hill	ضعيف \ كبير في السن

The Tutor

reside	يسكن, يقطن	over the top	بشكل مبالغ فيه
strenuous	شاق	suffrage	حرية التصويت
take a breather	فرصة للتقاط الانفاس	tide someone over	يساعد في وقت الشدة
Unit (3)		alleviate	يخفّفْ \ يلطف
abuse	سوء معاملة \ تعسف وظلم	appeal	/مناشدة\ استغاثة / قبول يناشد
anthropologist	عالم الإنسانيات	avert	يتفادى \ يتجنب
apparent	واضح - جلي	campaign	الحملة
attribute	ميزة \سمة / صفة	commitment	التزام \ تعهد
charitable	خيري	dire	ضروري \ ملح
compassion	شفقة	donate	يتبرّعْ
discrimination	التمييز \ التفرقة	extensive	شامل \ على نطاق واسع
diversity	تنوع	humanitarian	إنساني \ خيري
empathy	التعاطف - فهم الغير	in leaps and bounds	بسرعة وسهولة
ethnographer	متخصص في ثقافات الشعوب	underprivileged	بائس \ تعيس \ محروم
impulse	حافز - دافع	**Unit (4)**	
incapable	عاجز \ غير قادر	climate	المناخ
inevitable	محتوم - لا مفر منه	Desertification	التصحر
Legislation	التشريع \ مجموعة قوانين	erode	يتآكلْ
Liberty	الحريَّة	graze	يرعى
minority	الأقلية	harsh	قاسي
overview	نظرة عامة	Increasingly	على نحو متزايد
tolerance	التسامح	Kill off	يقتل \ يقضي على
universal	عالمي	Over cultivate	المبالغة في الزراعة
value	يقدر – قيمة	Permanently	للأبد \بشكل دائم
aftermath	أثر \ نتيجة	precipitate	يعجل \ يقرب
deploy	يوظف- يوزع للعمل	productive	مُنْتِج
ethnicity	الانتماء العرقي	proportion	نسبة \ حصة \ جزء
hardship	شدة \ محنة	soil	التربة
voluntary	تطوعي	treacherous	مخادع \ غادر \ خطر
vulnerable	ضعيف \ غير محصن	Unproductive	غير منتج
aggressive	عدواني	wash away	يجرف \ يبعد
Compassionately	بعطف \ بحنان	wildfire	حرائق الغابات
cry over spilt milk	يندم على ما فات	**at the expense of**	**على حساب**
enfranchisement	حرية التصويت	**devastating**	**مؤثر \ فعال \ مدمر**
Extravagant	مبالغ فيه \ مُفرط	**logger**	**الحطاب**
frail	ضعيف	**vital**	**حيوي \ هام**
over a barrel	في موقف صعب	arid	قاحل \ جاف
atmosphere	الجوّ	go along with	يسايرْ/ يتفق مع

The Tutor

equator	خط الاستواء	incinerator	محرقه
flooding	الفيضان	irritation	الغضب
forecasting	تنبؤات الجو	keep up with	يواكب / يجاري
frigid	بارد جداً	packaging	التغليف
humid	رطب	paperwork	العمل الكتابي
misbehave	يسئ ا لتصرف	put up with	يتحمّلْ
planting	يزرع	red tape	روتين حكومي
prevailing	منتشر	run out of	ينفذ / ينتهي
reclaim	يستصلح	component	المكوّن \ عنصر أساسي
curtail	يقلّلْ \ يقلص	compost	يسمد/سماد
hurdle	\ صعوبة عائق	constant	ثابت \ دائم
implement	يطبق	constituent	عنصر \ جزء من الكل
intrinsic	جوهري \ أساسي	duration	مدّة زمنية \ فترة
paucity	ندرة	heartening	مشجع
preservation	الحفاظ على \ حماية	household waste	مخلفات المنزل
prevail over	ينتصر على	incineration	الحرق
scarcity	ندرة	material	مادّة
spearhead	القائد يكون في المقدمة	quantity	الكمية
Unwarranted	لا مبرّر له	trend	توجه عام
Unit (5)		upsurge	ارتفاع مفاجئ
collection points	أماكن تجمع القمامة	**Unit (6)**	
concur	يوافق على / يتفق على	acute	حادّ
crisis	أزمة	avoid	يتجنب\يتفادى
machinery	المكائن / آلات	damp	رطب \ مبلل
offence	مخالفة	expansive	واسع \ فسيح
pass a law	يشرع قانونا	extinction	الانقراض
Prohibitively	بشكل كبير/ مكلف	fascinating	رائع \ ساحر
reprocess	يعيد معالجة / يعيد تصنيع	hibernate	ينام فترة الشتاء
commercially	**بشكل تجاري**	permanent	دائم
partnership	**الشراكة**	pose	يشكل
wood pulp	**لب الخشب**	refuge	المأوى \ ملجأ
administration	الإدارة	reservation	محمية
annoyance	إزعاج / مضايقة	reticent	خجول
Bureaucracy	البيروقراطية	solitary	وحيد \ منعزل
come up against	يقابل / يواجه	stem	جذع شجرة
criticism	النقد	threatened	يهدّد
cut down on	يُقَلّل مِنْ	timid	جبان \ خجول
get rid of	يتخلّصْ مِنْ	**carnivorous**	**آكل اللحوم**

The Tutor

الكلمات المظللة هي مجموعة الكلمات المعلقة

enemy	**العدو**
inject	**يحقنْ**
sting	**إبرة \ شوكة**
aware	مدرك \ واع لـ
bounty	وفرة
cultivate	يزرعْ
encroach	يتجاوزْ \ يتعدى على
grow	ينمو \ يزرع
illegitimate	غير شرعي
nourishment	الغذاء \ تغذية
recompense	تعويض
reward	الجائزة
Trespass on	يتعدى على خصوصية
unsanctioned	غير شرعي \ غير مرخص
wealth	الثروة
burgeoning	متنامي
consensus	موافقة بالإجماع
dearth	قلة \ ندرة
graduate	يتخرج/خريج
housing	الإسكان
Knock-on	مسبب
utilize	يستخدم \ يستغل
Vociferously	بشكل صاخب/بصوت عال
wetland	مستنقع

The Tutor

Model answer Grammar

1- **c**	2- **b**	3- **a**	4- **c**	5- **a**	6- **a**	7- **b**
8- **d**	9- **b**	10- **a**	11- **b**	12- **b**	13- **b**	14- **a**
15- **c**	16- **b**	17- **b**	18- **c**	19- **b**	20- **d**	21- b
22- **c**	23- **c**	24- **b**	25- **a**	26- **b**	27- **b**	28- **a**
29- b	30- a	31- c	32- d	33- b	34- c	35- b
36- b	37- b	38- b	39- a	40- b	41- a	42- b
43- d	44- b	45- a	46- b	47- c	48- b	49- d-
50- d	51- b	52- a				

Do as required between brackets:

1- b	2- a	3- c	4- b	5- a	6- c	7- c
8- c	9- c	10- a	11- a	12- c	13- b	14- b
15- a	16- b	17- c	18- a	19- c	20- a	21- c
22- a	23- b	24- c	25- b	26- a	27- c	28- a
29- b	30- a	31- b	32- a	33- b	34- b	35- c
36- a	37- c	38- b	39- a	40- b	41- a	42- b
43- b	44- a	45- c	46- b			

Vocabulary

1- b	2- a	3- c	4- a	5- d	6- a	7- b
8- d	9- d	10- b	11- d	12- a	13- a	14- d
15- d	16- b	17- d	18- c	19- a	20- d	21- c
22- b	23- a	24- d	25- b	26- b	27- d	28- d
29- b	30- d	31- a	32- b	33- a	34- c	35- d
36- a	37- d	38- c				

The Tutor

Fill in the spaces with suitable words from the list:

1- acute 2- dearth 3- vociferously 4- nourishment 5- aware

1- decimated 2- famine 3- rent 4- perturbed 5- nervously

1- paucity 2- curtail 3- increasingly 4- intrinsic 5- spearhead

Translation

- The law is the rules that protect individuals and organizations in a society.

- Without law, people would behave badly and chaos would be everywhere.

- The Kuwaiti law is drawn from the teachings of Islam to protect all people in the society.

- I agree with you. It ensures a safe, just and tolerant society for all people of different persuasions.

- It is better to solve the minor issues (petty litigation) away from courts as they are a reflection of the culture of blame that we must rot it out.

-I agree with you. These issues clog up courts and prevent prosecution against real criminals.

- Many people emigrate to seek better life conditions.

- Others emigrate to escape bad conditions such as wars and famines.

- A lot of skilled workers from European countries migrated to Kuwait after the oil boom.

- Kuwait afforded them well-paid jobs and a standard of living they would be hard-pressed to achieve in their countries.

- Despite the apparent diversity of cultures, most countries share universal human values.

- That's right. Most cultures from the simplest to the most complex share the same human values such as compassion and tolerance.

-Freedom is not to do whatever you want all the time.

The Tutor

- I think freedom is a balance between individual freedom and the needs of the society as a whole.

Desertification is a serious environmental problem that threatens many countries around the world.

- This problem happens as a result of climate change and human activities like overgrazing and over cultivating.

- The paucity of fresh water is one of the most important issues that face the world nowadays.

- We all should curtail the unwarranted consumption of water in our daily life.

- Kuwait is one of the spearhead countries in the field of water desalination.

- The world must find a solution to the waste management crisis.

- Really. The world is running out of places to bury all these amounts of rubbish and incineration pollutes the environment.

- Governments must pass laws that make throwing litter (rubbish) in the street a criminal offence.

- I agree with you. And factories for recycling waste must be built to get rid of waste in a way that doesn't harm the environment.

- Are you aware of the importance of plants in our life?

- Yes. Plants provide us with nourishment, enrich the soil and we make perfumes, oils, fibers and timbers from plants.

- The Arfaj is the national plant of Kuwait because of its historic importance for Kuwaitis.

- I agree with you. People used it as natural medicine, food for sheep and firewood.

- A successful diplomat should have self-confidence and should work very hard.

- He shouldn't try to avoid the press and deal with media very well.

The Tutor

Mock Test answers

Vocabulary:	1- c	2- b	3- c	4- b	5- d
6- innocent	7- climate	8- unfortunately		9- put up with	10- displace
Grammar:	1- a	2- d	3- d	4- a	
	5- c	6- b	7- b	8- c	

Reading comprehension answers

1- c 2- a 3- d 4- b 5- a

6- His socks that he wore were of different pattern or colour.

7- Focus on his face. Is there something particularly interesting or attractive about it? Is the hair bright red? Are the eyebrows heavy? Are the eyes striking? Select just one feature and place it in memory.

8- It helps a person concentrate more during his conversation and avoid misunderstanding.

9- You may select a word that sounds like the name and keep it in mind.

Summary answers

To achieve high performance, you have to make balance between work and rest. You should pick up work that suits you and you like it. High performance entails to take risks and to be brave. To be high performer, you should be confident and make the best use of your abilities.

The Tutor