

THE TARGET



11



Quiz Revision

Quiz Template

Name:

Class: 11 /

First Period Quiz

I- Vocabulary (4 Marks)

A-Fill in the gaps with words from the list

15

----- / ----- / ----- / ----- / -----

- 1-
- 2-
- 3-
- 4-

II- Grammar (3 Marks)

B) Do as shown in brackets :

- 1-
- a-
- b-
- c-
- 2-
- a-
- b-
- c-
- 3-
- a-
- b-
- c-

Complete (phrasal verb - modals)

Make negative

Ask question

Use the intensifier

III-Writing (8 Marks)

Attempt the following topic:

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The Outline (1 Mark)

Introductory sentence:

Supporting details:

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.....
.....

Concluding sentence:

.....

Write Your paragraph Here (7 Marks) 6 sentences

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Vocabulary

Unit 1: Festivals and Occasions

Nouns	Verbs	Adjectives	Adverbs
canopy – مظلة / سقف	gather – يجمع / يتجمع	dazzling – مبهر / لامع	—
discipline – انضباط	launch – يطلق / يدشن	patriotic – وطني	—
extravaganza – احتفال ضخم / استعراض	nurture – يربي / ينمي	unrivalled – لا مثيل له	—
multitude – عدد كبير / حشد	hire – يستأجر	celebratory – احتفالي	—
stream – تيار / تدفق	take part in – يشارك في	preoccupied – منشغل / مشغول	—
bagpipes – مزامير القربة	commemorate – يحيي ذكرى	bubbly – مرح / مليء بالحيوية	—
carnival – مهرجان / كرنفال	embark – يبدأ / يشرع في	exuberant – مفعم بالحيوية	—
display – عرض		fanciful – خيالي	—
festivity – احتفال / مهرجان		intricate – معقد / دقيق	—
chain – سلسلة			—
unison – تناغم / انسجام			—
weaving – حياكة / نسج			—

A-Fill in the gaps with words from the list

discipline - canopy -extravaganza - gather - launch

1. We sat under the trees' to stay out of the sun.
2. Good helps students follow school rules.
3. Many people will at the park for the event.
4. The company will a new product next week.

bagpipes - festivity - nurture - stream - hire

1. We have a big to celebrate the national day.
2. A small flows through the village.
3. The musicians played the at the festival.
4. Parents should their children's talents.

display - multitude - carnival - commemorate - embark

1. Many people enjoy the colorful every year.
2. The museum has a of old photos.
3. People gather to an important event.
4. A of people came to the festival.

-- fanciful - chain - patriotic - unison - weaving

1. The students sang a song about their country.
2. The children enjoyed the story about magic.
3. was one of the most important handcraft in old Kuwait.
4. The students answered the teacher in

Grammar

From a, b, and c choose the correct answer as required:

Modals

Can

.....

Could

.....

Managed to.....

.....

be able to

.....

.....

1- Ali answer many questions in a short time as he is very smart. (Complete)

- a- Ali was able to answer many questions in a short time as he is very smart.
- b- Ali managed to answer many questions in a short time as he is very smart.
- c- Ali can answer many questions in a short time as he is very smart.

2- We bring water from the wells 10 years ago . (Complete)

- a- We are able to bring water from the wells 10 years ago ..
- b- We could bring water from the wells 10 years ago .
- c- We can bring water from the wells 10 years ago .

3- The exam was difficult , but I answer all the questions (Complete)

a- The exam was difficult , but I will be able to answer all the questions.

b- The exam was difficult , but I can answer all the questions.

c- The exam was difficult , but I managed to answer all the questions.

4- Ali could play football when he was young. (Make negative)

a- Ali does not play football when he was young?

b- Ali could not play football when he was young?

c- Ali was not playing football when he was young?

5- Samir can speak English fluently. (Ask a question)

a- How did Samir speak English?

b- How can Samir speak English?

c- How does Samir speak English?

6- John was able to pass the IELTS exams. (Make negative)

a- John was not able to pass the IELTS exams.

b- John is not able to pass the IELTS exams.

c- John will not be able to pass the IELTS exams.

Intensifiers

1. The last year final test was difficult.

(Use: very)

a- The last year final test was very difficult.

b- The last year final very test was difficult.

c- The last year final test was difficult very.

2. Ali is happy because he passed the exam.

(Use: really)

a- Ali is happy really because he passed the exam.

b- Ali is really happy because he passed the exam.

c- Ali really is happy because he passed the exam.

3. The weather in Kuwait is hot.

(Use: extremely)

a- The weather in Kuwait extremely is hot.

b- The weather in Kuwait is extremely hot.

c- The weather in Kuwait is hot extremely.

4. The students were tired after the long school trip. (Use: very)

- a- The students were very tired after the long school trip.
- b- The students were tired very after the long school trip.
- c- The very students were tired after the long school trip.

5. Sara was excited about the school competition next week. (Use: really)

- a- Sara was excited really about the school competition next week.
- b- Sara really was excited about the school competition next week.
- c- Sara was really excited about the school competition next week.

6. The new shopping centre was crowded during the weekend. (Use: extremely)

- a- The new shopping centre was crowded extremely during the weekend.
- b- The new shopping centre was extremely crowded during the weekend.
- c- The extremely shopping centre was crowded during the weekend.

7. The English lesson was interesting for all the students. (Use: quite)

- a- The English lesson was quite interesting for all the students.
- b- The English lesson was interesting quite for all the students.
- c- The quite English lesson was interesting for all the students.

8. The school bag was heavy for the young student to carry. (Use: too)

- a- The school bag was heavy too for the young student to carry.
- b- The school bag too was heavy for the young student to carry.
- c- The school bag was too heavy for the young student to carry.

Go

Go off

Go out

Go up

Go on

Go against

Go into

Go away

Go without

Go under

1 - Can you the shop quickly and buy some milk? (complete)

- a- Can you **go off** the shop quickly and buy some milk?
- b- Can you **go on** the shop quickly and buy some milk?
- c- Can you **go into** the shop quickly and buy some milk?

2 -The alarm clock at about 6 :00 am.

- a- The alarm clock **goes out** at about 6 :00 am.
- b- The alarm clock **goes off** at about 6 :00 am.
- c- The alarm clock **goes out** at about 6 :00 am.

3- I can't my father's wish in joining the army.

- a- I can't **go against** my father's wish.
- b- I can't **go under** my father's wish.
- c- I can't **go without** my father's wish.

4- The light last night while I was studying.

a- The light **went up** last night while I was studying.

b- The light **went on** last night while I was studying.

c- The light **went out** last night while I was studying.

5- The price of oil at 20% during the last five years.

a- The price of oil **went without** at 20% during the last five years.

b- The price of oil **went up** at 20% during the last five years.

c- The price of oil **went against** at 20% during the last five years.

1

Composition

“festivals are very wonderful for all nations”. In not less than (6) sentences, plan and write a paragraph **describing** *your favourite festival (Hala February).*

Outline

Introduction :

Supporting details:

- *
- *
- *
- *

Conclusion :

Festivals

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Outline	Ideas	Paragraphing	Spelling / grammar / punctuation	Total
1	5	1	1	8