



Past Progressive



+ S + was/were + v{ing}

* She **was having** lunch at 12 o'clock.

- S + wasn't/weren't + v{ing}

* He **wasn't doing** his homework at 3 o'clock yesterday.

? Was/Were + s + v{ing}?

* **Was he sleeping** from 6 to 8 o'clock yesterday?

-Yes, he **was**.

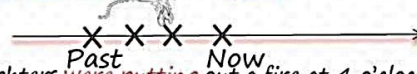
-No, he **wasn't**.

? Question Word + was/were + s + v{ing}?

* What **was he doing** at 9 o'clock yesterday?



1-To describe an action in progress at a certain time in the past.



*The firefighters **were putting** out a fire at 4 o'clock yesterday.

2-To describe actions that were happening at the same time in the past

* I **was writing** a letter while my mother **was cooking** lunch.

3- For background scenes to a story

* It **was raining** and The trees **were moving**.

5-For temporary past states or actions

* I **was living** with my grandmother in those days.

6-For an action that was interrupted by another in the past

*While I **was studying** my lessons , my father **came**.



Past Simple- Past Progressive

We can use the **Past Simple** and the **Past progressive** in one sentence .

We use **as , while and when** with the Past Progressive for **longer** actions and the Past Simple for **shorter** actions.

* **As/While/When** he **was eating**, his father **came**.

We commonly use **as soon as** with the **Past Simple** .

* **As soon as** he **did** his homework, he **slept**.

We use **as , while** for two actions that didn't interrupt each other in the past

* I **was playing** football while my mother **was cooking** lunch.



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Relative Clauses

Relative pronouns

Relative adverbs

Relative clauses are introduced by relative pronouns or relative adverbs

Who/that whom for people

Whose for possession

Which/that for things/animals/ideas

When for time

Where for place

* This is Ali **who/that** has a big car.



1-We can't omit **who/which/that** when they refer to the subject

* She is the girl **who** lives next door.



2-We can't omit **whose**

* I have an uncle **whose** name is Ahmed.

Prepositions

Formal

Informal

* That tall man **to whom** I was talking, is my uncle.



* The man **who** I was talking to is my uncle.



We can't omit **where** or replace it with **that**

* This is the house **where** I live.



* Summer is the time **when** it's hot.

Defining relative clauses

Essential information

* Students **who** cheat should be punished.



Non-defining relative clauses

Additional information

* Osama, **who** lives next door, is my friend.

نون
اكاديمي

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Adjectives

Position

Use

Place adjectives either after the verb **be** or before a noun

* He **is** clever.



* I saw **an old** man.



Use adjectives to describe nouns

* He is a **short** boy.



Adjectives from Verbs and Nouns

Many adjectives are formed by adding the following suffixes to nouns or verbs

-y, -ful,
-less, -ate,
-al, -ive,
-ous, -ic,
-ed or -ing

care → careful

use → useless

health → healthy

energy → energetic

نون
اكاديمي



Adverbs of Manner

Form

We add **ly** to an adjective to form most adverbs.

bad **badly**

Sometimes, the adverb and the adjective are the same form.

fast **fast**

if the adjective ends in a consonant + y, we change y into i+ly

easy **easily**

if the adjective ends in e, we omit it and we add ly

possible **possibly**

Use

*Adverbs of manner **express** how something is done.

He walks **quietly**.

The adverb form of **good** is **well**.

*He is a **good** player.

*He plays **well**.



Other forms of comparison

Form

as + adjective/adverb + as (to show similarity)

*She's **as tall as** her sister.

not so/as + adjective/adverb + as (to show difference)

*This car **isn't so/as fast as** my car.

Form

Comparative + than

*This house is **less expensive than** mine.

comparative + and + comparative (to indicate continual increase or decrease)

*The runners were going **faster and faster**.

the + comparative, the + comparative (to describe two actions or situations, the second of which comes as a result of the first)

***The more** you study, **the better** you'll do in the test.

