

2021

EZ ENGLISH

GRADE 7 (2021-2022)

1ST TERM

Prepared By

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MODULE 1 ABOUT ME

at the beginning of	في بداية... ..	chemistry	كيمياء	hoover	يكس بمكنسة
at the end of	في نهاية... ..	geography	جغرافيا	iron clothes	يكوي الملابس
become	يصبح	history	تاريخ	take out the rubbish	يخرج القمامة
before	قبل	PE (physical education)	تربية بدنية	make jewellery	يصنع المجوهرات
after	بعد	IT (information technology)	تكنولوجيا المعلومات	neighbour	جار
begin	يبدأ	physics	فيزياء	appearance	شكل/مظهر
choose	يختار	active	نشيط	chubby	بدين
coach	مدرب	ask	يسأل	curly	مموج
competition	مسابقة	at all	إطلاقا	dark	أسود/غامق
different	مختلف	be careful	كن حذر	fair	أشقر
difficult	صعب	both	كلا	good-looking	جيد الشكل
easy	سهل	building	مبنى	medium-length	متوسط الطول
excellent	ممتاز / رائع	busy	مشغول	slim	نحيف
extra	إضافي	come over	يأتي / تعالي	straight	مستقيم / ناعم
fantastic	رائع	exercise (n.)	تدريب	wavy	مموج
finish	ينتهي	feel	يشعر	clever	ماهر
gym	جمنازيوم	floor (of a building)	أرضية / طابق	friendly	ودود
hard	صعب	hang out	يخرج للنزهة	funny	مضحك
like (prep.)	مثل	help (n.)	مساعدة	messy	غير منظم
perfect	رائع	housework	أعمال المنزل	outgoing	ودود - اجتماعي
professional	محترف	invite	يدعو	polite	مؤدب
science lab	مختبر العلوم	lazy	كسول	rude	وقح
start	يبدأ	need	يحتاج / حاجة	shy	خجول
the same... as	نفس الشيء... ..مثل..	relax	يسترخ	tidy	مرتب
think	يفكر	remember	يتذكر	unfriendly	غير ودود
till / until	حتى	take the lift	يستخدم المصعد	the news	الاخبار
train (v.)	يتدرب	take the stairs	يستخدم الدرج	weather forecast	النشرة الجوية
training	تدريب	tired	مرهق	wildlife documentary	فيلم وثائقي
true	حقيقي	tiring	مرهق	what's on?	ما الأخبار؟
school subjects	مواد دراسية	clean	نظيف / ينظف	bracelet	أسورة
biology	أحياء			sitcom	برامج كوميدية ساخرة
maths	رياضيات			soap opera	مسلسلات طويلة

can't stand	لا يطيق	win	يفوز	talent show	برامج المواهب
channel	قناة تلفزيونية	spend (time)	يقضي وقتا	talk show	البرامج الحوارية
dislike	لا يحب	TV programmes	برامج تلفزيونية		
enjoy over	يستمتع كثيرا	cartoon	كارتون		
popular series	مسلسلات شهيرة	game show	برامج المسابقات		

Speaking

Expressions

I can't wait	be (really) into sth
It's great fun!	be a fan of sth
How often...	be crazy about sth
Once / Twice / Three times a...	What does he/she look like? What is he/she like?

Asking about one's appearance السؤال عن الشكل / المظهر	Asking about one's personality السؤال عن الصفات الشخصية	Asking about one's likes السؤال عن الأشياء المفضلة
What does he/she look like? <ul style="list-style-type: none"> He's tall and slim. He's very good-looking. She's got green eyes and medium-length, straight, dark hair 	What is he/ she like? <ul style="list-style-type: none"> He's very outgoing. She's a bit shy, but she's a nice girl 	What does he/she like doing? <ul style="list-style-type: none"> He likes sports programmes very much / a lot. He loves/enjoys watching sports programmes. She's a big fan of game shows. She's crazy about game shows. She's really into game shows

DO	Go	Play	Watch
do arts and crafts	go bowling	play table tennis	watch DVDs
do jigsaw puzzles	go cycling	play video games	watch videos
do karate	go rollerblading	play football	watch a movie
do the washing	go shopping	play handball	
do the washing-up	go skateboarding		
	go to the amusement park		
	go to the cinema		

Fill in the space with the correct word

difficult competition easy gym about science lab different

1. There is a big sports.....with students from other schools at the end of the school year. It's great fun!
2. There are.....300 students at my school.
3. We have PE in the.....and chemistry in the
4. I can't do this physics exercise. It's very.....
5. We have maths and geography lessons in two.....classrooms.
6. People think swimming is a(n)sport, but it isn't. It's hard work

Choose the correct word:

1. My mum likes soap operas, but I can't (stand / spend /buy) them.
2. Amanda is very (lazy / rude/chubby). She never tidies her room.
3. I don't like doing (exercise / chores/karate), but I Hoover once a week.
4. My uncle lives on the seventh floor, so I always take the (stairs / lift/train). I never walk.
5. Anna has got (slim/chubby/wavy) short hair.
6. My brother is a fan of (soup/soap/rude) opera. He watches it every day.
7. The opposite of the word "different" is (hard/slim/same).
8. A synonym of the word "difficult" is (end / active/hard)
9. I can't come to the park with you, because I'm (active/bust/lazy) with housework.
10. I'm usually very (tiring /tire/tired) after football training.
11. (hang out/ come over/run) to my house after school. We can relax on the sofa and watch TV.

Present Simple

Present Simple	
verb form شكل الفعل	(I/we/they/you) + مصدر (he/she/It) + مصدر + s/es
Negative form صيغة النفي	(I/we/they/you) don't + Inf (he/she/It) doesn't + Inf
key words الكلمات الدالة	Sometimes / usually / always / often / every / rarely/ seldom / never
Question form صيغة السؤال	Do (I/we/they/you) + Inf ? Does (he/she/It) + Inf ?
usage الاستخدام	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ العادات ▪ عمل روتيني ▪ حقائق ثابتة ▪ يعبر عن المستقبل (مع جداول المواعيد)
Examples	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. He usually gets up early. 2. I always go to work by car. 3. The earth goes round the sun. 4. The plane takes off at 8:30 pm tomorrow.

Present Progressive

Present Continuous	
verb form شكل الفعل	(I) am + Ving (we/they/you) are + Ving (he/she/It) is + Ving
Negative form صيغة النفي	(I) am not + Ving (we/they/you) are not + Ving (he/she/It) is not + Ving
key words الكلمات الدالة	Look / listen / now / at present / at the moment / still/ take care / be careful
Question form صيغة السؤال	Am (I) + Ving ? Are (we/they/you) + Ving ? Is (he/she/It) + Ving ?
usage الاستخدام	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ أحداث تقع الآن ▪ حالة مؤقتة
Examples	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. He is playing guitar at the moment. 2. I am still looking for a job. 3. Be careful, a fast car is coming. 4. He is living with his friend till he gets his flat.

Stative verbs

The following verbs are NOT normally used in progressive tenses.

- **Verbs of the senses:** see, feel, hear, smell, taste, notice, seem, appear, look (=seem), etc.
- **Verbs of emotions:** like, love, hate, dislike, want, need, prefer, mind, etc.
- **Verbs of perception and opinion:** know, agree, find, think (= believe), believe, understand, remember, forget, hope, mean, imagine, etc.
- **Other verbs:** be, have (=possess), own, belong, cost, etc.

Present Simple Vs Present Progressive

Choose the correct answer

1. I (travel / travels/ travelling/ is travelling) to London every summer.
2. She (study/ studies/ is studying/ are studying) her lessons now.
3. Look! The boys (swim/ are swimming/ swims/ is swimming) in the pool.
4. Does Khaled (read/ reading / reads/ is reading) the newspaper every day?
5. He usually (spend / spending/ is spending/ spends) his money on the clothes.
6. How often (do / is / are/does) you play basketball?
7. My mother (tidy / is tidying/ are tidying/tidied) the rooms at the moment.
8. Listen! The girls (sing / is singing/ are singing/ sang) nice songs.
9. I never (go / goes/ is going/ are going) to school on foot.
10. We always (visit/ visits/ is visiting/ are visiting) our grand pa on Fridays.

Correct the verbs in brackets

1. They (answer) the questions now.
2. We (not eat)..... fish every day.
3. She usually (tidy)..... our rooms.
4. We (visit)..... our grandfather every Friday.
5. We (play) tennis twice a week.
6. She (writing) her homework at the moment.
7. He (talk) to the boss right now.
8. She often (work)at the weekend.
9. We (use)..... different types of energy in Egypt today
10. Be quiet! I (listen)..... to the news.
11. Look, The chef (test)..... the sauce to see if it's ready
12. Mohammed (go) to Aspire offices; you can call him there.
13. The sun (rise)..... in the East.
14. My brother (look)for a new job at the moment.
15. My sister (not live).....in Doha. She lives in London.
16. What (you – do).....there Ahmad?
17. We (fly)..... to Paris next Sunday.

Write the questions on the underline words

1. What.....?
Judy wants an autograph.
2. What?
James is wearing a blue cap.
3. What?
Brian does karate in his free time.
4. How often.....?
We go bowling once a month.
5. Where.....?
They are going to the shopping centre today

Prepositions of time

At (5 o'clock / half past six /at noon/at night/at the weekend /at fifteen/ at the age of /at the moment)	تأتي مع (1) الأوقات المحددة	(2) الكلمات: dawn/ noon / night / age/dawn/
In (in the morning / in October / in 2022 / in 2 hours...)	تأتي مع (1) أجزاء اليوم	(2) الشهور (3) السنين
On (Monday / May 20 / on foot / on TV)	تأتي مع (1) الأيام	(2) مع التعبيرات on foot / on radio / on TV
till/until (9 p.m. / noon / Sunday)		
before / after (lunch /school / 11 p.m.)		

Examples

1. I was born in June.
2. The train arrives at 9:30 pm
3. He trains for 3 hours on Fridays.
4. I don't get home till about 6 p.m.

Choose the correct answer:

1. My dad started working (at / in /on) the age of 18.
2. Ted finished studying (in /on / at) midnight.
3. We're going for coffee (after / until/ above) work.
4. I heard a strange noise (at / during / in) the night.
5. Jassim always go to school (in / on/ at) foot.
6. We watched the match (in / during/ on) TV.
7. (At – in – On) weekdays, James doesn't finish school (until – on – during) 3 p.m.

Complete with the correct preposition:

1. the past, we spent more time at home than we do now.
2. the age 13, Ray decided to study architecture.
3. The art festival isspring
4. I can't meet my friends..... the week, so we usually get together the week-end.
5. Diana was born June, 1992.
6. In my country, the first day of school is.....15 September
7. Jack is at work the moment. Can you call back the evening, please?
8. Karim graduated from university 2011.
9. Frank works nine o'clock five o'clock.
10. Alexander Graham Bell invented the telephone the 19th century.
11. Jenny's arriving an hour.

Adverbs of frequency

Never 0%	أبدا
Sometimes 30%	أحيانا
Often 50%	غالبا
Usually 70%	عادة
Always 100%	دائما

تأتي قبل الفعل وبعد فعل to be
هي إجابة على سؤال How often...?

Examples

1. He always takes the bus to work.
2. Do you often go to cinema?
3. She is never busy in the evenings.

Use the adverb in the brackets correctly

1. He listens to the radio (**often**)
2. They read books. (**sometimes**)
3. Pete gets angry (**never**)
4. Tom is very friendly. (**usually**)
5. I take some sugar in my coffee (**sometimes**)

6. Remon and Frank are hungry (**often**)
7. They watch TV in the afternoon. (**never**)
8. Frank is ill. (**often**)
9. He feels terrible (**usually**)
10. He go jogging in the morning. (**always**)
11. I smoke. (**never**)
12. They go swimming in the lake. (**sometimes**)
13. The weather is bad in November. (**always**)
14. She will love him. (**always**)
15. Peggy and Frank are late. (**usually**)

Put the words in the correct order to make sentences.

1. rubbish / the / sometimes / takes out / Ken /.
2. do / often / you / car / how / wash / your / ?
3. mornings / am / never / I / the / tired / in /.
4. football / usually / Fred / school / plays / after /.

V + Gerund

Like /love/enjoy/go/dislike/hate/can't stand + Ving or Nouns

Examples

1. He likes reading books.
2. Do you enjoy swimming?
3. I can't stand sitcom.

Correct the verbs in brackets:

1. I like (do) exercise every day.
2. I hate (get)..... water in my eyes.
3. He dislikes (sleep)..... during the day.
4. The children enjoyed (play).....in the sea.
5. I go (swim).....on the week-ends.

Put the words in the correct order to make a sentence

1. Abdullah / like / play / basketball / .
2. Elsie / not enjoy / watch DVDs / .
3. Hasna / love / draw / .
4. I / can't stand / watch / talent shows /

Writing

Write 2 paragraphs describing "The person you like."

Who is he/she? What is he look like? What is he like? Why do you like him?

With best wishes

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UNIT 2

LOOKING BACK

astronaut	عالم فضاء	university	جامعة	drive	يقود
century	قرن (100 عام)	continue	يواصل / يستمر	driver	قائد
explorer	مستكشف	dangerous	خطير	explore	يستكشف
invent	يخترع	discover	يكشف	explorer	مستكشف
ocean	محيط	dream (n.)	حلم	farm	بزرع
pilot	طيار	expedition	رحلة استكشافية	farmer	مزارع
scientist	عالم	fast	سريع	paint	يرسم
space travel	رحلات الفضاء	for long	لمدة طويلة	painter	رسام
a few	قليل	hero	بطل	photograph	يصور
at the age of	في عمر	however	و مع ذلك	photographer	مصور
be born	يولد	join	يلتحق	swim	يسبح
decide	يقرر	journey	رحلة	swimmer	سباح
excited	منفعل	many	كثير	teach	يدرس
experience (n.)	خبرة	north/south pole	قطب شمالي / جنوبي	Teacher	مدرس
fall	يسقط	quick	سريع	train	يتدرب
forget	ينسى	reach	يصل الي	trainer	مدرب
get a job	يحصل على وظيفة	ship	سفينة	travel	يسافر
get married	يتزوج	slow	بطيء	traveller	مسافر
graduate	يتخرج / خريج	slowly	ببطيء	win	يفوز
grow (old)	يكبر	terrible	مرعب / فظيع	winner	فائز
happen	يحدث	top	أعلى... / قمة	write	يكتب
last (≠ first)	أخير	heavy	ثقيل	writer	كاتب
laugh	يضحك	compass	بوصلة	backpack	حقبية ظهر
lose (= stop having)	يفقد / يخسر	east	شرق	battery	بطارية
practise	يمارس	north	شمال	check	يفحص
present (n.)	هدية	south	جنوب	dead (= not working)	لا تعمل / ميت
put	يضع	west	غرب	gadget	أداة
retire	يتقاعد	build	يبني	get	يحصل على
start	يبدأ	builder	بناء	dark	مظلم
family	عائلة	climb	يتسلق	go hiking	يذهب للتنزه
try (= test)	يجرب	climber	متسلق	GPS	برنامج تتبع المواقع
in the past	في الماضي	laptop	كمبيوتر	sun	شمس

information	معلومات	mobile phone	تليفون جوال	how far...?	كم بعد؟
know how to	معرفة كيفية عمل ...	use the internet	يستخدم الانترنت	how long...?	كم طول المدة؟
look (= seem)	يبدو	don't worry	لا تقلق	what's the weather like?	ما هو حال الطقس؟
map	خريطة	forget it	انس الامر	3d film	فيلم ثلاثي الأبعاد
only	فقط	degrees	درجات	action	فعل / حركة
torch	كشاف	fit (v.)	يناسب	bored	أصابه الملل
technology	تكنولوجيا	interesting	شيق	boring	شيء ممل
chat	دردشة / يدرش	land (v.)	يهبط	bumper	صدام السيارة
online	عبر الانترنت	last (v.)	يستمر / يدوم	cloud	سحابة
download	ينزل من الانترنت	million	مليون	detail	تفاصيل
apps	تطبيقات	minus	سالب / تحت الصفر	flight	رحلة طيران
make	يصنع	planetarium	نموذج للمجموعة الشمسية	flight attendant	مضيفة طيران
a video call	اتصال عبر الفيديو	temperature	درجة الحرارة	full of hope	ملئ بالأمل
post	يرسل	thousand	ألف	plane	طائرة
save	يحفظ	outer space	الفضاء الخارجي	roller coaster	القطار السريع
delete	يلغي	earth	الارض	scared	خائف
print	يطبع	galaxy	مجرة فضائية	screen	شاشة
document	وثيقة	moon	قمر	seat	مقعد
picture	صورة	planet	كوكب	thirsty	العطش
send	يرسل	solar system	النظام الشمسي	toy train (n)	لعبة القطار
receive	يتسلم	spaceship	سفينة فضاء		
emails	بريد الكتروني	star	نجم		

Speaking

Giving good news	Responding to good news	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Guess what! ▪ Listen to this! ▪ Did I tell you about my new video game? 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Congratulations! ▪ I'm really happy for you. ▪ Lucky you! ▪ Really? ▪ That's amazing (news). ▪ What wonderful news ▪ How wonderful/ exciting! ▪ I can't believe it! 	Asking for details <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Tell me about it. ▪ So, when/where/who/what did you...? ▪ How was it? ▪ What kind of game is it? ▪ Were you excited/scared?

Fill in the space with the correct word:

century last excited present ocean practise pilot

1. How often does the basketball team
2. Henry finished the race first and I finished
3. Her father is a(n)..... . I think that's an amazing job.
4. I'm so! Clark Robins gave me his autograph!
5. I want to buy a nicefor my grandmother.
6. Astronauts first travelled into space in the 20th.....
7. Christopher Columbus, a famous Italian explorer, crossed the Atlantic.....in 1492.

save text apps make online turn off post

1. After school, my friends and I often chat..... for a while before we do our homework.
2. Toby! Please.....your computer and get ready for bed. It's almost midnight!
3. My grandfather lives in another city, so I usually send him.....messages.
4. I can't.....this picture on my computer. Do you know how to?
5. I told my grandma to.....her famous apple pie recipe on a cooking website.
6. My mobile phone is old and I can't download any.....
7. Zoe, can you please help me.....a video call to your dad?

cloud flight attendant congratulations bored hope flight thirsty full

1. The shop was of toys and board games.
2. It was a beautiful day. There wasn't a..... in the sky.
3. The.....told the passengers to look at the screen.
4. Theto Rome lasted five hours.
5. I'm..... Have we got any apple juice?
6. I.....you can come to my house tomorrow.
7. !.....You are the winner of the game show!
8. They looked really.....when they were in the bumper cars. They didn't like them.

last be called bored hero ship screen graduate

1. In the past, explorers went on long expeditions by
2. The shopping centre used toGolden Arcade in 1995.
3. My brother likes reading comic books. Star Man is his favourite
4. Bob's TV has got a specialfor watching 3D films.
5. My friends and I were, so we watched some videos on the Internet.
6. Brian.....from university last year.
7. How long did the talk showyesterday?

Choose the correct word:

1. Can you (make/decide / bring) me a glass of water?
2. A: It's getting dark outside. B: Don't worry. I've got a (app/torch / compass).
3. A: Do you need this document? B: No. You can (upload/download / delete) it.
4. Turn (on / off/up) your mobile phones, please. You can't use them in the cinema.
5. The average (clouds/temperature / degrees) on Mars is -60 °C.
6. I need some (information /planets/ expedition) about the first person to travel to space.
7. Climbers need a (map/backpack / torch) for all their things.
8. Sahar needs a new (compass/app / battery) for her camera.
9. The GPS is a great (journey/website / gadget) for drivers.
10. My geography book has got a great (picture/map / compass of the world).
11. In summer it gets (heavy / dark /sunny) at around 9 p.m. here in my country.
12. Can I use your laptop? I want to find some (temperatures/emails / information) on the Internet for my history project.
13. The weather was so cold yesterday! It was (billion / minus/under) ten degrees!
14. The children enjoyed the film because it had a lot of (actions/flights/gadgets)
15. Ted is a (trainer/farmer/driver). He works with famous football players.
16. Please don't (fit/ forget/land) to turn off your computer screen.
17. The first spaceship (flew/ landed/reached) on the moon in 1969.
18. The (century/ temperature/ weather) today is 26°C. It's a perfect day for the beach.
19. It was Leonardo da Vinci's (journey/dream/flight) to make the first plane.
20. I'm so (excited/interesting/busy). I can't wait for my trip to New York.

Past Simple

Past Simple	
verb form شكل الفعل	التصريف الثاني للفعل
Negative form صيغة النفي	didn't + Inf
Question form صيغة السؤال	Did فاعل Inf?
key words الكلمات الدالة	Yesterday – ago – last – in the past – in 2010...
usage الاستخدام	حدث وقع في الماضي في وقت محدد
Examples	1. Yesterday he bought a ticket for the match. 2. They travelled to London last summer 3. I didn't attend the class yesterday as I was ill.

Correct the verbs in brackets

1. He (call).....his friend yesterday.
2. Did you (ride)..... your bike last weekend?
3. My sister (no sleep)well last night..
4. We (watch)..... the football match 2 days ago.
5. Ibrahim (go) to the park last Friday.
6. Ahmed (swim) in the pool last Monday
7. What time (do)you get up yesterday?
8. (Do) you write the letter yesterday?
9. Did Abdullah (travel)to London?
10. It (rain)..... heavily last week.
11. Last week Susan (sell)her old computer .
12. Our first trip abroad (be)two years ago.
13. When (you / get) your first job?
14. I (work)at a computer shop last summer.

Circle the correct options.

1. My brother (goes / went/ go) out with his friends every Saturday.
2. A: (will/Did / Do) you send an email to Sahar yesterday?
B: No, I (didn't / don't/won't). I am / was very busy.
3. Fred (visits / visited / visits) Qatar last year. He (had / has/have) a great time there.
4. I always (watch / watched/watching) my favourite TV programme in the afternoon.
5. Mark usually (went / goes/are going) to work by car every day, but yesterday he (will take /takes / took) the train.

And – but – so – because

تربط جملتين أو فعلين بينهما إضافة (و) And

He travelled to London and visit BIG BEN

تربط جملتين بينهما تناقض (لكن) But

He is very rich, but he is not happy.

تربط جملتين الاولى سبب و الثانية نتيجة (لذلك) So

He studied hard so he passed the exam

تربط جملتين الاولى نتيجة والثانية سبب (لأن) Because

He passed the exam because he studied hard

Fill in the gap with (And – but – so – because)

1. I like coffee..... I don't like tea.
2. I cannot swim I can ski.
3. I want a new TV..... the one I have now is broken.
4. I had to work on Saturday..... I couldn't go to John's party.
5. I was cold I turned on the heater.
6. We'll have to go shopping we have nothing for dinner.
7. The history test was difficult the English one was easy.
8. We didn't go to the beach yesterday..... it was raining.
9. I've got a brother..... a sister.
10. My father likes football..... he doesn't like basketball.
11. We aren't going to the bank it is closed.

12. Vigo is hotter than Santiago..... Santiago is more beautiful.
13. Sheila was bored at home..... she went outside for a walk.
14. We visited the museum, we didn't go to the museum shop.
15. The children went on the roller coaster..... then had fun in the bumper cars.
16. They went to the zoo..... they wanted to see the baby tigers.
17. Felix didn't have a book to read he went to the library.
18. I rode my bike carefully..... I didn't want to fall off

Join the sentences using and, but, because or so.

1. James is good at rollerblading. He isn't good at swimming.
2. Kevin is afraid of flying. He always takes the train.
3. Neptune is a planet in our solar system. It has got over ten moons.
4. Lena did not have a good time in Toronto. The weather was bad.
5. Abdullah is good at chemistry. He is not good at physics.

Adverbs of manner

Careful > carefully

Happy > happily

Sad > sadly

تشتق من الصفة بإضافة (ly)

الظروف تصف الفعل و تأتي بعده أما الصفة تصف الاسم و تأتي قبله (أو بعد فعل يكون)

حالات شاذة

Good > well

fast > fast

early > early

late > late

hard > hard

Examples

4. He is happy. he speaks happily
5. He is a good swimmer. He swims well
6. They are hard workers. They work hard

Choose the correct Answer

1. He can sing (beautifully – beautiful)
2. She planned their trip to Greece very (careful – carefully)
3. Jim painted the kitchen very (bad – badly)
4. Turn the stereo down. It's too (loud – loudly)
5. He skipped (happy – happily) down the road to school.

6. He drives (good- well)
7. She knows the road (good – well)
8. He plays the guitar (terrible – terribly)
9. We're going camping tomorrow so we have to get up (early – soon)
10. Andy doesn't often work (hard – hardly)
11. Sometimes our teacher arrives (late – lately) for class.

Re-write using the words in brackets

1. He is a good swimmer (well)
2. She is fluent at English (Speak)
3. They are hard workers (work)
4. Hamad behaves politely. (polite)
5. Tom is a careless player. (plays)

Complete the sentences with adverbs. Use the adjectives in brackets to form adverbs

1. Luke can speak French very (good) because his mother is from France.
2. Colin sits (lazy) watching TV all day
3. Listen (careful) to the teacher.
4. I don't like my brother's paintings. I think he paints..... (bad).
5. Claire is sleepy because she went to bed late and got up..... (early)
6. Max is driving very..... because it's snowing. (careful)
7. She paints..... I don't like her paintings. (bad)
8. Reema doesn't feel..... today. She is staying in bed. (good)

Complete the sentences with adverbs or adjectives

1. Walk up the stairs (careful) There is water on the floor.
2. My dad's car is not fast. It is very (slow)
3. This soup is (terrible)! I don't want it.
4. Jenna did not want to be late for school, so she walked (quick)
5. Bob is always (late) for school.
6. I think physics is (easy), but chemistry is hard

Can – Could (for ability)

Can/can't

تعبر عن القدرة في المضارع

Could /couldn't

تعبر عن القدرة في الماضي

Examples

1. When i was 3 years, I could speak Arabic but I couldn't speak French.
2. Ali can climb the tree but he can't drive a car.
3. Can you draw a fish?

Complete the sentences using can, could, can't or couldn't.

1. Mona..... paint well two years ago, but she had some lessons and now she
2. A: you cook? B: No, I....., but my brother is a great chef.
3. A: you swim when you were four years old? B: No, and I still.....swim now.
4. The pilotland the plane in Glasgow yesterday because the weather was bad.
5. Last week wego swimming, this week we can't.
6. Maybe the Smiths..... build a new house next year.
7. If you try hard, you.....pass your examinations.
8. When I was five, Iswim, but now I can swim.
9. Luke has passed his driving test, now hedrive a car.

Object Pronouns

Subject pronouns

ضمائر الفاعل تستخدم قبل الفعل

I

He

She

It

We

they

You

Object Pronoun

ضمائر المفعول تستخدم بعد الفعل أو حروف الجر

me

him

her

it

us

them

you

Examples

1. My father gave **me** a gift on my birthday.
2. This my sister. I always go to school with **her**
3. This is Mohammed' book. please give it to **him**

Complete with the correct pronouns

1. A: Give.....my sunglasses, Lucy. I know you wore.....yesterday.
B: I put.....on your desk.
2. A: Where's the chef? B:is in the kitchen. Do.....want to talk to her?
3. We want to know all about the football match. Tell.....about.....
4. My brother works at the planetarium.likes his job and thinksis very interesting.
5. Johnny Bristol lives in my neighbourhood. Do you know? 's in the school basketball team.
6. Mars and Mercury are planets, but.....aren't very big.
7. Where's Aisha? I want to tell.....my news.

Use object pronouns to replace the words in bold

1. My friends travelled to Spain. I wanted to go with **my friends**.
2. Carl is polite and funny. I like **Carl** a lot.
3. These are Janet's sunglasses. Please give them to **Janet**.
4. Where is my jacket? I can't find **my jacket**.
5. Omar and I were at the park. Did you see **Omar and me**?

Writing

Write an email to a friend about a first-time experience

What first-time experience did you have? / When did it happen?

Where did it happen? / How long did it last?

How did you feel? / Who was with you?

Do you want to do it again?

With my best wishes.

Mr. Moustafa Ismail

Mobile: 66580218

UNIT 3 FROM PLACE TO PLACE

sign	إشارة	underground	المترو	High	مرتفع
a town/city	مدينة	balcony	بلكونة	Important	مهم
airport	مطار	calm	هادئ	Large	ضخم
bridge	جسر	capital (city)	العاصمة	main	رئيسي
port	ميناء	cheap	رخيص	Nearly	تقريباً
traffic lights	إشارات المرور	clean (adj.)	نظيف	official language	اللغة الرسمية
train station	محطة قطارات	close (adj.)	قريب	penguin	بطريق
back (adv.)	للخلف	comfortable	مريح	plant (n.)	نبات
be in a hurry	في عجلة / متعجل	crowded	مزدحم	population	سكان
by + means of	بواسطة	dirty	قذر	possible	ممکن
get off	ينزل من	expensive	غالي	Probably	من المحتمل
get on	يركب	find sth (+ adj.)	يجد شيئاً (صفة)	ruins	حطام / يحطم
helmet	خوذه	glad	سعيد	Species	أنواع / أصناف
in the end	في النهاية	Hometown	المدينة الأم / مسقط رأس	visitor	زائر
leave	يغادر	impressive	جذاب / مبهر	coast	ساحل
Licence	رخصة	modern	حديث	Desert	صحراء
On foot	سيراً على الأقدام	noisy	صاخب / كثير الضوضاء	mountain range	سلسلة جبال
pavement	رصيف	Peaceful	هادئ	rainforest	غابات ممطرة
seat belt	حزام الأمان	safe	آمن	bicycle parking area	موقف للدراجات
stop (n.)	موقف سيارات	sight	منظر	book (v.)	يحجز
ticket	تنكرة	size	حجم	get a haircut	يخلق شعره
way (= direction)	طريق	Tourist	سائح	magazine	مجلة
wheel	عجلة	tower	برج	medicine	دواء
Without	بدون	Ugly	قبيح	Newspaper	جريدة
wrong	خطأ	Ancient	قديم	no parking	ممنوع ركن السيارات
Means of transport	وسائل النقل	Attraction	أماكن الجذب	park (v.)	يركن سيارة
Boat	مركب	come from	يأتي من	pedestrian crossing	مرور المشاة
Coach	عربة قطار	continent	قارة	post a letter	يرسل خطاباً
ferry	مركب صغير	cover	يغطي / يقطع مسافة	stamp	ختم / يختم
Helicopter	هليكوبتر	fact (file)	حقيقة	stop sign	إشارة التوقف
Motorbike	دراجة نارية	flag	راية / علم	look for	يبحث عن
tram	ترام	ask for a favour	يطلب معروفاً	lovely	محبوب / لطيف

car park	موقف سيارات	attract	يجذب	picnic	نزهة
chemist's	صيدلية	Borrow	يستعير	show (v.)	يعرض
farmer's market	سوق المزارعين	Brilliant	بارع / ذكي / مشرق	something else	شيء آخر
florist's	محل الزهور	bus station	محطة باصات	stadium	استاد
hairdresser's	صالون الحلاقة	castle	قلعة	take place	يحدث
newsagent's	محل بائع الصحف	city centre	وسط المدينة	tourist information office.	
petrol station	محطة بنزول	festival	احتفال	مكتب استعلامات للسياح	
post office	مكتب البريد	for example	على سبيل المثال	block	يعيق / يسد / كتلة
travel agent's	مكتب السفريات	free	مجاني	volcano	بركان
Directions	اتجاهات	hill	تل	would like to	يود أن
a ten-minute walk	10 دقائق مشي	tunnel	نفق		

Communications

Asking for help

- Excuse me. Can/Could you help me, please?
- Can/Could/May I ask you a question?
- Can/Could/May I ask you something (else)?
- Sorry, I've got another question.

Asking for information

- Excuse me. I'm looking for the stadium.
- How do/can I get to the stadium?
- How far is the stadium?
- How long does it take to get to the stadium?
- Is this the quickest way to the stadium?
- What time does it open/ close?
- How much is the ticket?

Giving information

- It's on Hill Street. Let me show you on this map. You can walk/take the bus.
- Go down Hill Street and it's on your left.
- It's not very far.
- It's two blocks away.
- It's close.
- It's about a ten-minute walk.
- It takes about ten minutes by car

Asking for clarification/Repetition

- I'm sorry but I didn't understand what you said.
- Sorry, could you say that again?
- Could you repeat that, please?
- I'm sorry, I didn't quite catch that. Could you speak up, please?
- Could you speak up, please? I can barely hear you.
- Would you mind speaking up?
- Could you slow down a bit, please?
- Could you speak more slowly, please?

Thanking

- Thank you for your help.
 - Thank you so much.
 - Thanks a lot.
- #### Responding to thanks
- No problem.
 - You're welcome.
 - Don't mention it.

Giving Directions

- Go past...
- Go straight on.
- Go up/down... Street/Road.
- How do I get to...?
- It's next to / opposite / between... It's on your left/ right.
- Turn left/right at the... Turn left/right into... Street/Road.
- Walk towards...

Phrases / Expressions

- | | |
|---|---|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ Hold on!▪ How much...?▪ Not much.▪ Now what?▪ Sounds good.▪ There's no time. | <ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ Wait a minute.▪ Well done.▪ What a day!▪ What are you up to?▪ Don't mention it. |
|---|---|

Fill in the space with the correct word:

hurry sight safe helmet blocks favour

1. The Eiffel Tower is a famous.....in Paris.
2. Can I ask for a.....? I need your laptop for a project.
3. I don't want to go rock climbing because I don't think it's very.....
4. I can't talk to you right now. I'm in a..... I'm going to the dentist.
5. The train station is three.....away.
6. You must wear a.....when you ride your bike.

main half attraction population possible official

1. I can't eat the whole sandwich. Do you want.....of it?
2. The Eiffel Tower is the most popular..... in Paris. A lot of tourists visit it every year.
3. English is the.....language of New Zealand.
4. Oxford Street is London's.....street for shopping.
5. Is the.....of Brazil 211 million?
6. I'm not sure, but it's.....we're going the wrong way.

city centre stadium borrow bus station attracts

1. The.....is full of fans. They are waiting for the football match to begin.
2. Tourists can find restaurants, shops and even see attractions in the.....
3. All of the buses leave the.....at five o'clock in the morning.
4. Can I.....your phone to call my brother?
5. Barcelona lots of tourists every year.

Choose the correct word:

1. John, be careful! The train (stop/ station / traffic) light is red.
2. I live near my school, so I go there (at/ on / by) foot.
3. When you ride a motorbike, you must wear a seat (belt / light/ helmet).
4. A: Where is Reema going so quickly? B: She is in a (fast/ hurry / way). She's got a class in ten minutes.
5. We're on the wrong bus! We have to get (in/ on / off) at the next stop.
6. The ship arrived at the (station/ port / airport) at midnight.
7. George can't drive his father's car because he hasn't got a (belt/ licence / ticket)
8. How tall is that (tower / tunnel/ road)?
9. Fatima bought two (towers/ flights / tickets) to the museum.
10. Paris is the (park/ capital / neighbourhood) of France.
11. Saleh bought (medicine / magazines/ flowers) at the newsagent's.
12. The city centre was very (peaceful / crowded / quiet) and noisy.
13. There were many boats at the (airport / port / pedestrian crossing).
14. Excuse me. Can I (park /sell/ book) my car here?

Grammar

must – have to

must	يجب / لا بد (للإلزام في المضارع و المستقبل)
mustn't / can't	لا يجب / لا بد (للحظر أو المنع في المضارع و المستقبل)
have / has to	يجب / لا بد (للإلزام في المضارع و المستقبل)
don't / doesn't have to	ليس مضطر الي (غياب الالزام في المضارع و المستقبل)
had to	كان مضطر الي (الإلزام في الماضي)
didn't have to	ليس مضطر الي (غياب الالزام الماضي)

Examples:

1. The library closes at 9.00 pm. We **must / have to** leave now.
2. You **don't have to** take the underground. I can drive you there.
3. You **mustn't** enter the museum without a ticket.
4. I **had to** study science yesterday because I had an exam.

Choose the correct answer

1. We (has to/must / have) all wear seat belts in the car.
2. You (don't have to / mustn't /had to) ride your bike in the park. Look at the sign!
3. Your room is very messy. You (don't have /have / must) to tidy it.
4. We (don't have to / mustn't / has to) take the bus. My dad can drive us to the shopping centre.
5. You (have to / had to/doesn't have to) buy a ticket for the ride. You can't get on without one.
6. Ali (have to/has to / had to) study yesterday, so he didn't come to the park.
7. I can give you my backpack for your trip. You (have to/mustn't / don't have to) buy a new one.
8. You (have to/mustn't / don't have to) stop at the stop sign.
9. We (have to/mustn't / don't have to) park here. Look at the sign.
10. I (have to/mustn't / don't have to) call Afaf. I've got some important news to tell her.
11. You (have to/mustn't / don't have to) use your phones on the plane so please turn them off.

Choose the correct option

1. I.....clean the windows today, because my sister cleaned them yesterday.
a. a. must b. can't c. mustn't d. don't have to
2. Mike.....take the school bus every day because his school is far from his house.
a. a. can't b. has to c. had to d. doesn't have to
3. My mum.....wake up early yesterday because she had a lot to do.
a. a. must b. has to c. had to d. didn't have to
4. You.....take pictures in this museum. Look at that sign!
a. a. must b. can't c. had to d. don't have to
5. There's a lift in this building, so we.....take the stairs.
a. a. can't b. had to c. mustn't d. don't have to
6. You.....use your mobile when you are driving. It's dangerous.
a. a. must b. mustn't c. don't have to d. didn't have to
7. We.....leave now. It isn't very late.
a. a. must b. can't c. have to d. don't have to
8. Explorers didn't have GPS systems in the past, so they.....use compasses.
a. a. can't b. must c. had to d. didn't have t

Comparison

<u>Adjective</u>	<u>Comparative</u>	<u>Superlative</u>
Tall fine happy big	taller than finer than happier than bigger than	the tallest the finest the happiest the biggest
Beautiful terrifying expensive	more beautiful than more terrifying than more expensive than	the most beautiful the most terrifying the most expensive
good / well bad / ill much / many / a lot of little far	better than worse than more than less than farther than	the best the worst the most the least the farthest
Ali is rich <u>للتشبيه</u> asas not soas Ali is as tall as Sami.	<u>عند مقارنة إثنين</u> Sami is taller than Ali	<u>عند تخصيص مكان أو جماعة</u> (in / of / of all) - The Nile is the longest river in the world.

Fill in the correct form of the words in brackets

1. My house is (big)..... than yours.
2. This flower is (beautiful)..... than that one.
3. This is the (interesting)..... book I have ever read.
4. Non-smokers usually live (long).....than smokers.
5. Which is the (dangerous)animal in the world?
6. A holiday by the sea is (good)than a holiday in the mountains.
7. It is strange but often a coke is (expensive) than a beer.
8. Who is the (rich)woman on earth?
9. The weather this summer is even (bad)than last summer.
10. He was the (clever) thief of all.
11. Kevin Lee jumped the (high) of all the athletes that took part in the athletics tournament.
12. My mum doesn't get up as(early)as my dad.
13. My cousin says that karate is the (difficult)martial art, but I don't agree.
14. A table tennis ball is (small) than a tennis ball.
15. Of the four films, Angry Birds is the (little) boring.

16. My new phone is not as (big).....as my old one and it was (little).....too expensive.
17. I think learning Chinese is as (difficult)as learning Russian.
18. Kim’s English isn’t very good, so I try to speak (slowly)than I usually do when we’re together.
19. Ted is the (outgoing)student in the class. He’s got so many friends!
20. May doesn’t draw as(well)..... as me.
21. Tennis is (little)..... fun than hockey.
22. A camel is (tall).....than a deer, but a giraffe is the (tall)of all three
23. Jake practises basketball (little)..... than me, but he’s still a (good)..... player than me. In fact, I think he’s the (good)..... player in the whole school!

Rewrite the sentences using the words given.

1. Martial arts are easier than gymnastics. (isn’t)
2. I don’t think any sport in the world is as dangerous as skydiving. (most)
3. Snowboarding is more difficult than ice skating. (as)
4. Toby isn’t as funny as Dean. (than)
5. Hockey is more tiring than skateboarding. (as)
6. My dad is more outgoing than my mum. (as)
7. Horse riding isn’t as good as camel racing (than)
8. I don’t think there’s a more exciting sport than snowboarding. (most)

▪ Prepositions of place and movement

1. I always get up (at/on/in/to) six o'clock.
2. There is always strong wind (in/at/on/with) the winter.
3. I live (in/at/in/on) 23 Bin Omran Street.
4. Kareem was born (in/on/at/next) October.
5. Are you going (to/next/between/in) the supermarket?
6. I play tennis (for/in/on/with) my free time.
7. I used to go to school (on/with/in/by) foot.
8. I bought this jacket (in/towards/during/on) my trip.
9. Mary was waiting (in/ at/ towards/with) the bus stop.
10. John sat in front (with/to/in/of) me in the class.
11. After breakfast, Ron took the recycling bag and left the house. He walked across / through the street to / off the recycling bin.
12. He threw some glass bottles through / into the bin and then walked towards / between the park.
13. Five years ago, I lived in / up a village. During spring, I liked going hiking up / from the nearby mountain. Sometimes I sat at / in the top and looked at the view.
14. A: Where were you last night? I went past / along your house, but there were no lights on.
B: We were on / at the new art gallery which is opposite / next the bus station. It's open until midnight on Thursdays.

Writing

A description of one's town/city

What's the name of your town/city?

What are some important features of it?

What are some of the most interesting sights?

What are some of its most important geographical features?

(e.g. mountains, lakes, rivers, etc.)?

What can people do there? What can tourists see there?

With my best wishes.

Mr. Moustafa Ismail

Mobile: 66580218

UNIT 4 WHAT HAPPENED ?

break (v.)	يكسر	finger	إصبع	angry	غاضب
have an argument	يجري نقاشاً حاداً	knee	ركبة	confused	مرتبك
ill	مريض	wrist	رسغ اليد	embarrassed	منبهر
wake up	يستيقظ	accidents	حوادث	shocked	صدمة
all day	طوال اليوم	crash into	يصطدم ب	surprised	مفاجئة
ambulance	إسعاف	fall down/off	يقع	worried	قلق
answer (the phone)	يرد على الهاتف	hit	يضرب/يصطدم ب	at that moment	في تلك اللحظة
block of flats	عمارة	hurt	يجرح / يؤذي	blow (v.)	تهب
fire	حريق	slip	ينزلق	carry	يحمل
fire alarm	إنذار حريق	sprain	يلوي / التواء	deep	عميق
fire fighter	رجل المطفأ	alone	وحيداً	fall asleep	ينام
front door	الباب الامامي	appear	يظهر	forever	للأبد
have an accident	يقع له حادث	around	حول / هنا وهناك	hide	يخفي
hear	يسمع	arrive	يصل	land (n.)	أرض
jump (out of)	يقفز خارج	exactly	بالضبط	perhaps	ربما
ladder	سلم	expect	يتوقع	sand	رمال
mud	طين	fish (v.)	يصطاد	shout	يصرخ
paint (n.)	يرسم/يصبغ	fortunately	لحسن الحظ	sink (v.)	يغرس / يغرق
ring (v.)	يتصل	immediately	حالاً	sky	سما
(telephone)	يتصل	keep	يحتفظ	turn sth over	يقلب
scare (v.)	يخيف	move	يتحرك	wave	موجة
scream	يصرخ / صرخة	noise	إزعاج	wild	مفترس
shampoo	شامبو	notice	يلاحظ	dolphin	دولفين
smoke (n.)	دخان	protect	يحمي	call for (help)	يطلب
suddenly	فجأة	rescue	يجد	cloud - cloudy	غيوم / مغيم
wall	جدار	rock (n.)	صخرة	fog - foggy	ضباب / ضبابي
parts of the body	أجزاء الجسم	save	ينقذ	ice - icy	ثلج / مثلج
ankle	كاحل	seagull	طائر النورس	rain - rainy	مطر / ممطر
arm	نراع	shark	سمكة قرش	snow - snowy	جليد / جليدي
back	ظهر	shore	تأكد	sun - sunny	شمس / مشمس
catch a bus/train...	يلحق بالباص / القطار	strange	غريب	wind - windy	رياح / عاصف
		strong	قوي	practice	يمارس / ممارسة
		weak	ضعيف	return	يعود / عودة
		emotions	مشاعر	sheep	أغنام
		afraid	خائف	shine	تشرق
				finally, (= at last)	في النهاية

keys	مفاتيح	get a flat tyre	إطار مفرغ من الهواء	footstep	خطوات
leave	يغادر	get locked out	محاصر	lights go out	تنطفئ الأنوار
luckily	لحسن الحظ	get stuck in a lift	يعلق في مصعد	loudly	بصوت مرتفع
miss (= feel sad)	يفتقد	lose one's wallet	يفقد محفظته	pick sb up	يلتقط
move (house)	ينتقل	miss the bus/train	يفقد باص / قطار	sound (n.)	صوت
play a joke on sb	يمزح مع شخص	blackout	اطفاء الأضواء	unluckily	لسوء الحظ
unfortunately	لسوء الحظ	burglar	متسول	while (n.)	فترة من الزمن
be/get lost	يضل الطريق	cow	بقرة	whistle (v.)	يصفر
		feed	يطعم		
		field	حقل / مزرعة		

Responding to bad news: expressing sympathy

- | | |
|--|--|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Poor you! ▪ You poor thing! ▪ Oh dear! ▪ That's terrible. ▪ That's so sad. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ That's too bad. ▪ That's a shame/pity. ▪ What a shame/pity! ▪ How awful/terrible! ▪ I'm sorry to hear that |
|--|--|

Speaking:

- Have you ever had an unfortunate experience?
- When did it happen?
- What were you doing?
- What happened next?

Lose vs Miss

lose (يخسر/ يُضيّع (مباراة / وزن / مال)

1. Hamad lost his wallet yestergad.
2. Mona lost 3 kg.

miss (يفوته (اجتماع / قطار / طائرة) أو يفقد (شخص)

1. Jassim travelled abroad, I really miss him.
2. Ali got up late, so he missed the bus.

Choose the correct answer.

1. Sorry I'm late! I wanted to catch the 9.15 train, but I (lost / missed) it.
2. Unfortunately, my team (lost / missed) the game.
3. My brother (lost / missed) his mobile phone while he was playing football in the park.
4. I live in London now, but I (lose / miss) my family and friends back home.
5. Sally moved to a new house, but she isn't very happy. She (loses / misses) her old neighbourhood.
6. I always (lose / miss) when I play table tennis with my sister.
7. Run! I don't want to (lose / miss) the light!
8. My uncle gave me two tickets for the football match, but I (lost / missed) them.
9. When we moved to a new house, I (missed- lost) my friends.
10. Ross! You (missed- lost) the map, and now we can't find the castle.
11. Brenda (missed- lost) the school bus, and she had to walk to school.
12. I hate (missing- loss) when we play board games.
13. We arrived at the port at 12.00 so we (missed- lost) the 11.45 ferry.
14. Jill isn't careful with her things and she always (misses- loses) them.
15. Neil never (misses- loses) a tennis match. He's the best tennis player at our school.
16. My cat died last month and I (miss- lose) it a lot.

Choose the correct word.

1. My brother and I had an (accident - argument – adventure - shock) He took my tablet without asking me.
2. A: Is Sue good at roller blading? B: No. Yesterday she (fell -crashed – lost – screamed) into a tree.
3. You can easily get (lost - locked – missed – ill) in a big city.
4. Mum, I don't feel very well. Can you come and (pick – wake – lift – surprise) me up from school?
5. We heard the fire alarm and then we saw (scream – smoke – wind – snow) coming from the kitchen.

6. I was reading a book when, (suddenly – immediately – quickly – luckily), the lights in my room went out.
7. Take an umbrella with you. There are grey clouds in the (sky – land – sea – earth)
8. The fire-fighter went into the building and (noticed - rescued – hurt – shout) the people from the fire.
9. After her accident, Fiona’s wrist was (lost - weak – strong - ill) and she couldn’t play volleyball.
10. The small boat reached the (shore – rock- sky – accident) and the people got off.
11. When did you (smoke -arrive –rescue – move) the sofa?
12. You must always wear a helmet to (move - rescue - protect – think) your head when you go cycling.
13. I didn’t (understand – crashed- appear – notice) the bear outside my tent right away. But when I did, I was so scared.
14. A group of (dolphins – seagulls – horses – butterflies) swam next to the ferry during our trip.
15. Henry was alone in the house when he heard a(n) (sound - afraid – strange – missing) noise.

Complete the sentences with the correct preposition.

1. I called.....help, and luckily my mum heard me.
2. My dad couldn’t pick me.....from football practice, so I had to take the bus.
3. A big wave hit the boat and turned it..... Everyone was lost at sea.
4. Our block.....flats has got eight floors! It’s a very tall building.
5. The girls began screaming when they got stuck.....the lift all alone during the blackout.
6. The cat was scared of the fire, so it quickly jumped.....of the window.
7. It is rude to play jokes.....other people. I never do it.

Fill in the gap with correct word from the list.

when –while -suddenly -luckily - unfortunately

1. We got lost on the island. someone helped us find our way to the hotel.
2. it started raining, the children left the skate park.
3. I wanted to be here earlier. I missed the bus.
4. It was a sunny Saturday morning....., it got dark and it started raining.
5. Ned was running..... he slipped and fell.

argument – broke – scream – rescue - shore

1. I was studying my lessons, suddenly I heard a
2. Last week, I had a/an..... with my best friend.
3. Ali fell and his arm.
4. The firefighter people and buildings from fire.
5. I saw a dolphin very close to the

worried – embarrassed – confused – protect - miss

1. Hamad is so he has a driving test tomorrow.
2. Imy brother. He travelled to London last month.
3. The policeman tried to the lady when the thief grabbed her bag.
4. She was so She didn't know what to do.
5. He was..... when the teacher asked him a question and he couldn't answer.

ill crashed into smoke fell down accident argument slipped

1. Jake had a(n).....with his bike yesterday, but he's OK.
2. Alice had a(n)with her best friend and they aren't speaking to each other.
3. We were driving home in the rain and we almost..... a tree.
4. Sahar didn't come to school today. She's.....
5. We heard the fire alarm and then we saw.....in the room.
6. Cody..... on some water,and broke his arm.

Past progressive / Continuous	
verb form شكل الفعل	was /were + Ving
Negative form صيغة النفي	was/ were not +Ving
Question form صيغة السؤال	Was / were فاعل Ving ?
key words الكلمات الدالة	While (As) – when- this time yesterday – last Friday at 5 O'clock While (As) ماضي بسيط + ماضي مستمر When ماضي مستمر + ماضي بسيط
usage الاستخدام	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • حدث كان مستمرا في الماضي وقطعه حدث اخر (او حدث أثناءه) • حدث كان مستمرا في الماضي في وقت محدد • حدثان كانا مستمران في الماضي في نفس الوقت
Examples	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Yesterday at 4 O'clock, he was watching an Indian movie. 2. While they were studying Science, the light went out. 3. When my father came, my mother was cooking lunch.

Correct the verbs in brackets:

1. While I (wait)..... for the bus, an accident (happen).....
2. Reema (walk)in the park when she (meet).....
Afaf.
3. As I (watch)..... TV, the phone
(ring).....
4. The students (sit) down when the teacher (walk)
into the classroom.

5. As I (try).....to take a photo of some dolphins, I (fall)
.....into the pool.
6. While my friends and I (chase) each other in the park, we (find)
..... a tortoise.
7. Mr and Mrs Ross (have) a picnic when a snake (appear).....
8. I (watch)TV when the bell (ring).....
9. While Jane (study)....., her brother (arrive)..... home.
10. I (fall)..... down and (break)..... my arm while I (run)
..... to school.
11. Sahar (brush) her teeth when her best friend (call).....
12. As Salim (talk)... on the phone, a bird (fly)in
through the open window.
13. James (fish)in the river when it (start).....
raining.
14. What was Jack's dad (do.....) when the accident
(happen.....)?
15. I (sprain) my ankle while I (train).....
16. While we (walk)down Maple Street, a man (ask) us for
directions.
17. Jameel (talk)..... on the phone when I (come).....
home.
18. The boys (sleep)..... at 10 o'clock last night.
19. Barry (sit).....in his boat when it (rain).....
20. While George (wash)..... his car, Sally (cook).....

Choose the correct answer:

1. Ahmed (swam – swim – was swimming) last Monday at 5 o'clock.
2. While they (walk – walked – were walking), they saw an accident.
3. What time (did – do – are) you get up yesterday?
4. (Was – Did – Does) you write the letter?

5. Were you (study – studied – studying) when I phoned you?
6. Did Abdullah (travel – travelled – travels) to London?
7. When Sally fell down, she (cleaned – was cleaning – cleans) the kitchen.
8. While I was reading, the light (go out – went out – was going out).
9. Mariam (visit – visited – was visiting) her patient friend last night.
10. Mohsen (sleep – slept – was sleeping) while he was watching the film.

Some/any/no/every

Some مع الاسماء المعدودة و الغير معدودة (الجملة المثبتة و العرض و الطلب)
Any: مع الاسماء المعدودة و الغير معدودة (الجملة المنفية و السؤال)
No: مع الاسماء المعدودة و الغير معدودة (الجملة المثبتة و تعطي معنى النفي)
Every: مع الاسماء المفردة المعدودة (الجملة المثبتة و السؤال)

Examples:

1. I bought some books last week.
2. I saw no person in the street.
3. Would you like some coffee?
4. He doesn't do any exercise this week
5. Have you visited any foreign country?
6. Every student in the class passed the exam.

Complete with some, any or no

1. Can you come here? I need help.
2. I got up late, so I had time for breakfast.
3. I didn't buy DVDs, but I found interesting books.
4. Are there elephants in this zoo?
5. I'm sorry. There are cakes. Would you like biscuits?
6. Good morning, Mrs Stevens. These bags look very heavy. Would you like..... help?
7. They didn't have crisps so I got us..... popcorn.
8. There are good films on TV today. Let's go out and play.

Someone /anyone/no one

Something / anything/ nothing

Somewhere/ anywhere/ nowhere

Circle the correct options.

1. A: I can't find my keys (anywhere / somewhere)!
B: They're probably (somewhere / everywhere) why you can never find nothing / anything.
2. A: Is my red T-shirt on my bed?
B: There is anything / nothing on your bed. I put (everything / something) in the wardrobe.
3. Hasna is very friendly and (no one / everyone) likes her.
4. A: I think there's (everyone / someone) in the house.
B: What? I didn't hear (anything / something).
5. He's very famous. (Nobody / Everybody) knows him.
6. This town is so boring. There's (nowhere / nothing) to do around here.
7. I know my keys are (somewhere / anywhere) in my bag, but I can't find them.
8. A: Did you know (no one / anyone) at Lucy's barbecue?
B: No, they were all from her new school.
9. I love this book. I take it with me (somewhere / everywhere) I go.
10. A: The weather is terrible. We can't go (anywhere / nowhere) tonight.
B: That's OK. We can do (something / someone) at home. There's a board game (somewhere / everywhere) in the house.
11. (Anyone / Everyone) in my class likes science, so there's (anything / nothing) more exciting than a trip to the Science Museum.
12. (Nobody / Somebody) called earlier and asked for Mr Rocco. I don't know (anyone / no one) by that name!
13. A: I have to do a project on the writer Charles Dickens. Do you know (anything / something) about him?
B: I know a few things, but you should do your own research. You'll find (everywhere / everything) you need on the Internet.
14. A: I'm going to the kitchen. Does (anybody / anything) want a snack?
B: I do. I'd like (something / everything) sweet.

A: OK, I can bring (some/any) biscuits.

Punctuate the following sentences

1. what were you doing when the accident happened
2. my brother was walking in the forest when he found the kitten
3. A: i lost my new mobile phone
B: what a pity
4. harry was playing a computer

Writing

An Accident

- Write a paragraph of 8 sentences about an accident you had.

When?

What were you doing?

What happened?

How did you feel?

With my best wishes;

Mr. Moustafa Ismail Mobile 66580218