

## Speaking

**A: Your father always comes at 7 o'clock. It is 7 now. He must be your father.**

**B:** \_\_\_\_\_

**1. Which of the following best expresses probability?**

- |                      |                      |
|----------------------|----------------------|
| A. Certainly.        | B. It is unlikely.   |
| C. It is impossible. | D. It is improbable. |

**A: What about having lunch together.**

**B:** \_\_\_\_\_

**2. Which of the following is the best reply ?**

- |                                    |                                            |
|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|
| A. Katara has beautiful cafes      | B. No one hates surfing the net            |
| C. It is possible to rain tomorrow | D. In my point of view, it is a good idea. |

**3- Which of the following BEST expresses an opinion?**

- A. It seems to me that he is very intelligent.  
 B. I agree with you completely.  
 C. I am sorry to hear that.  
 D. I couldn't agree more.

**4 -Which of the following Best expresses preference?**

- A. I prefer going out to staying at home.  
 B. I like going out very much.  
 C. Going out appeals to me.  
 D. Going out is so wonderful.

### Expressing preference

I prefer ... to ... because...  
 I prefer activities that are...  
 I like ... so I would prefer...  
 I am ... by nature, so...  
 I would rather ... than...  
 The leisure activity I would choose is ...  
 because...

### Expressing an opinion

I, personally, think/believe/consider/find/  
 feel that...  
 It seems to me that...  
 I guess that...

Use some of the phrases in the box.

### Expressing dissatisfaction / Complaining

I'm sorry to have to say this, but I have  
 a complaint (to make).  
 I don't want to complain, but...  
 Do you really expect me to stay in this  
 room?  
 I'm not satisfied/happy with...  
 I am dissatisfied with...  
 I think there's been some sort of  
 mistake. This is not what I asked for.  
 This is certainly not what I had in mind.  
 I'm afraid it's not good enough.  
 The room's very/too/so/rather...  
 It's not at all...  
 The... doesn't work.

<i>Win</i>	<i>Earn</i>	<i>Gain</i>
a race / a match / a game / competition	Money / living / salary	experience / access / respect / weight / speed

salary    race    wins    gain    living    earn    experience    weight

- Larry wants to gain some work ....., so he's doing volunteer work at the hospital.
- I don't like playing tennis with Fred. He ..... every match we play!
- He's such a good cook that since I met him, I have gained a lot of .....
- I've just started a part-time job, so I can ..... some money while I'm a student.
- A: How does Pete earn his .....?                      B: He's an electrician.

### Choose the correct word:

- How does Ali \_\_\_\_\_ his living?  
A. earn                      B. gain                      C. win
- I'm on a diet because I don't want to \_\_\_\_\_ any more weight.  
A. earn                      B. gain                      C. win
- I'm surprised he's losing. Jack usually \_\_\_\_\_ any game.  
A. earn                      B. gain                      C. win
- The car began to \_\_\_\_\_ speed as it went down the hill.  
A. earn                      B. gain                      C. win
- How much money do you \_\_\_\_\_ in your new job?  
A. earn                      B. gain                      C. win
- You need a password to \_\_\_\_\_ access to this site.  
A. earn                      B. gain                      C. win

**Choose the correct word:**

- 1.. Andrew is a waiter and meets many people in his (**line- circle- end- career**) of work.
2. . I was successful in (**combining- contacting- negotiating- requiring**) a better salary with my boss.
3. Mark doesn't want to go to university; he wants to do a(n) (**employment- apprenticeship- war - labour**) instead.
4. . The company (**did- went- got- made**) bankrupt and the manager left the country.
5. . Learning a skilled trade like carpentry is (**on- of- by- at**) no means easy.
6. Twenty people were fired from my office because of (**career- paper- job- work**) cuts
7. . His writing career (**set up- set straight- moved on- took off**) after his second book.
8. Someone broke (**onto- in- into- to**) our house last weekend while we were away.

**Prefixes**

non	un	in
- refundable	- fair	- decisive      - formal
- smoking      - stop	- expected	- experienced

**non                  un                  in**

1. This is a \_\_\_\_\_ - smoking room, so please put out your cigarette.
2. She spent hours working on her essay so she thought it was \_\_\_\_\_ fair that she got such a low mark for it.
3. She's usually so \_\_\_\_\_ decisive, so it was quite a surprise when she bought two tickets without a second thought.
4. There's no need for you to wear a suit; it will be an \_\_\_\_\_ formal meeting.

**Choose the correct word:**

Your appointment is at 6 p.m. Please try to be .....

What is the best word to fill in the space?

A. annual    B. punctual    C. formal    D. actual

I can't believe Tom ..... me of stealing his smartphone.

A. accused    B. blamed    C. criticized    D. told

The..... of the author waited patiently in line for an autograph.

A. Fans    B. Spectators    C. Participants    D. Audience

I got really upset when Alice ..... me of lying.

A. rewarded    B. accused    C. blamed    D. shared

The man received a ..... for returning the lost wallet.

A. medal    B. prize    C. reward    D. salary

**Grammar****Choose the correct answer**

1. Widad usually \_\_\_\_\_ work at six.

**a. finish                      b. finishes                      c. is finishing                      d. finishing**

2. Iris \_\_\_\_\_ that going sailing in this weather is a good idea.

**a. doesn't think    b. is not thinking    c. not think                      d. don't think**

3. Celina and Mary \_\_\_\_\_ to a conference in Lyon next week.

**a. goes                      b. go                      c. going                      d. are going**

4. My plane \_\_\_\_\_ at 8 p.m.

**a. arriving                      b. arrive                      c. are arriving                      d. arrives**

5. The sun \_\_\_\_\_ in the west.

**a. isn't rising                      b. doesn't rise                      c. aren't rising                      d. not rise**

**Choose the correct answer**

1. He (**is appearing / appears/ appeared/ appear**) in two shows every week.
2. Shops (**close /closes/ are closing/ closed**) late on Monday nights.
3. Don't disturb him. He (**try/ tries / is trying/ tried**) to sleep.
4. We (**doesn't think/ don't think / didn't thik/ aren't thinking**) this is a good idea.
5. Kim (**take / takes / is taking / took**) her dog for a walk in the evenings.
6. Call later. He (**study/studies / is studying / stdied**) for his exam now.
7. Take an umbrella. It (**rain / rains / is raining / rained**) at the moment.
8. My grandmother (**donot forget / does not forget / is not forgetting / did not forget**) any of her grandchildren's birthdays.

**Correct the verbs in brackets:-**

1. She (not / study) \_\_\_\_\_ at the moment.
2. We often (go) \_\_\_\_\_ to the cinema.
3. He usually (not / do) \_\_\_\_\_ his homework.
4. They (study) \_\_\_\_\_ now.
5. They (not / eat) \_\_\_\_\_ rice every day.
6. We (not / study) \_\_\_\_\_ every night.
7. (You / like) \_\_\_\_\_ spicy food?
8. We (not / sleep) \_\_\_\_\_ now

**Choose the correct answer**

1- We ..... the house yet.

- A. haven't designed
- B. have designed
- C. has designed
- D. hasn't designed

2. Read the following.

Dukhan is ..... than Wakra.

- A. for
- B. far
- C. farther
- D. farthest

3. Read the following.

The cake ..... delicious.

- A. taste
- B. tastes
- C. tasted
- D. has tasted

4. Read the following.

We have lived in this place ..... 2010.

- A. since
- B. for
- C. ago
- D. in

5. Read the following.

So far, we ..... 5 countries.

- A. visit
- B. have visited
- C. has visited
- D. visited

6. Read the following.

He ..... his lunch now.

- A. has
- B. is having
- C. have
- D. have had

7. Read the following.

We ..... know how to speak French.

- A. don't
- B. doesn't
- B. aren't
- D. haven't

**Correct the verbs in brackets:-**

Read the following.

Every year, he \_\_\_\_\_ (spend) the summer in London, but this year, he \_\_\_\_\_ (stay) in Doha.

9. Read the following.

He \_\_\_\_\_ (like) to watch football matches.

10. Read the following.

She is \_\_\_\_\_ - (beautiful) girl in the class.

Correct the word between brackets.

11. Read the following.

Hamad is \_\_\_\_\_ (good ) than Ali.

**Correct the adjective in brackets:-**

1. January is \_\_\_\_\_ (cold) month of the year.

2. Andrew is \_\_\_\_\_ (fast) runner on the team.

3. This car is the \_\_\_\_\_ (expensive) here.

4. My mobile is \_\_\_\_\_ (expensive) than yours.

5. Online reviews are \_\_\_\_\_ (useful) as asking friends about products.

**Reading****Directions:**

**In this section, you will read a passage and answer 3 selected response questions and 2 constructed response ones. Be sure to put your answer in the space provided.**

1 There are many kinds of sports that are undertaken by different people. Some people do sport as a career and other people purely do sport for enjoyment. Some sports, like cricket, require the use of a lot of equipment, while others need very little to play a game in that sport. Some people use public playing fields to play sport for free, while other sports such as squash, tennis, badminton and table tennis are usually paid for in a local leisure center.

2 Most sports are played with a ball. Some sports use more than one ball and snooker is one of the **unique** sports that use a number of balls while being played. The game itself is often controlled by a person known as an umpire in cricket and a referee in sports like football and rugby. Most sports have a duration of not more than a few hours; however, some athletic tournaments can last for up to a week and a game of cricket can last for five days before a winner is announced.

3 Some people prefer to watch sport. This can either be done by going to a stadium, a local leisure center, park or on the television. Some sports, such as football and cricket, are popular in the United Kingdom but not in the USA. In the USA, people often play basketball, volleyball and baseball. However, most countries put aside time to compete in world sporting events such as the football world cup or the Olympics, which occur every four years.

4 Nowadays, people who suffer from any kind of disability are also encouraged to participate in sport and most sport equipment is adapted to suit the needs of a disabled person. This means sport is something that can be enjoyed no matter the physical ability of the person. The Para-Olympics takes place a week after the main event and it is equally popular. Because of its benefits for the health and the competitive nature of individuals, sport remains a very popular activity worldwide.

**1. What is the text MAINLY about?**

- A. the importance of a particular sport
- B. the different kinds of sports all over the world
- C. the popularity of football and cricket in the UK
- D. the difference between Olympics and Para-Olympics



2. Which of the following has the CLOSEST meaning to the underlined word unique in paragraph (2)?

- A. usual
- B. unfair
- C. normal
- D. uncommon

3. Based on paragraph (3), which of the following sports is NOT popular in the USA?

- A. cricket
- B. baseball
- C. volleyball
- D. basketball

4. Based on Paragraph 2, who controls the following games: football and cricket?

football:	
cricket:	

5. According to paragraph (4), why does sport remain a very popular activity?

Reason 1 :	
Reason 2:	

## Reading 2

1. The sport of falconry was introduced to Qatar through Bedouin tribes who used the birds as one of the tools for hunting preys. They discovered that it was much easier to allow the falcons to take down birds migrating across the Arabian Peninsula than it was to shoot them down themselves. This Bedouin method of falconry set the basis for the modern version of the sport practiced in Qatar
2. Although, over the centuries, falconry has virtually vanished from the European continent, the sport lives on in the Middle East. In Qatar, you can still purchase falcons in downtown Doha at falcon souqs or through private dealers. The best falcons can cost thousands of dollars. They may even have their own Qatari passports to ensure they are not stolen. This also guarantees that the falcons cannot be taken out of the country without the owner's permission.
3. Once you have purchased, caught or trained your falcon, you proceed to enter a very competitive sport. Many Qataris spend much money on their falconry equipment, which can include radio monitors, 4x4 trucks, communication devices, and other high-priced items. The reason for the high-tech equipment is to allow the hunters to arrive at the right time, so they may separate the animals and kill the prey according to the Islamic way.
4. But if you are considering participating in this ancient sport, remember that training birds takes a large amount of time, especially the ones that are caught in the wild. You also need to remember that keeping the bird on one's arm for several hours a day is certainly very painful.
5. The most popular prey is the Houbara, a large fast bird, which lives throughout the Middle East. That being said, the bird has been hunted to the point of being endangered in Qatar. So, falconers must constantly travel the globe to search for new hunting grounds. It is said that the best hunting grounds are found in the Iraqi desert.

### 1. What is the **MAIN IDEA** of the text?

- A. The sport of falconry preys  
B. The life of falcons  
C. The habitat of falcons  
D. The falconry enemies

2. Which of the following is **closest in meaning** to the underlined word “**vanished**”?

- A- appeared
- B- disappeared
- C- arrived
- D- departed

3. According to the writer, why is training birds for falconry a hard job? Mention **TWO** reasons from the text.

reason 1	
reason 2	

4- Based on the text, why are falcons issued Qatari passports? Mention **TWO** reasons from the text. Reason 1:

Reason 2:

reason 1	
reason 2	

Writing

Write an **ARTICLE** describing your *Dream job.*

You are on the organising committee for the school *debate club.* Write an **ANNOUNCEMENT**  
for this club