Module 5

Differences

ride a horse	يركب حصان	rollerblade	حذاء تزلج
coil a bast		nlav hasaball	
sail a boat	يبحر بمركب شراعي	play baseball	يلعب كره البيسبول
go skiing	يذهب للتزلج	costume	بدلة <i> زي</i>

leaflet	نشرة / منشور/كُتيب	traffic	المرور
laugh	يضحك	blow	تهب الرياح
hand out	يُوزع	pick up	يوصل / يلتقط

	24		
prepare	يجهز / يُعد	branch	فرع
floppy disk	قُرص مرن	ceroon	الشاشة
порру изк	فرض مرن	screen	السسا
laptop	كمبيوتر محمول	expensive	غالي
			#
<u> </u>	I	<u> </u>	

cheap	رخيص	glasses	نظارات
woich	•, •,	clim	
weigh	یزن	slim	نحيف
chubby	بدین / سمین	blond hair	شعر أشقر

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dark hair	شعر أسود	curly hair	شعر مُموج
ctraight hair	()	wardrobe	الخزانة
straight hair	شعر ناعم(مُسترسل)	wardrobe	الخرانة
rollerblades	التزلج / حذاء التزلج	attic	بسيط

wheel	عجلة	roller skates	مُزلجات
	n thenest		i tti c i i
game card	بطاقة اللعبة	game console	وحدة تحكم اللعبة
make a plan	يضع خُطة	education	التعليم

health	الصحة	logo	علامة / شارة

Irregular Verbs

	Base Form	Past Simple	Past Participle
يقول	say	said	said
پر ی	see	saw	seen
يبيع	sell	sold	sold
يُرسل	send	sent	sent
يُطلق	shoot	shot	shot
يُغني	sing	sang	sung
يجلس	sit	sat	sat
ينام	sleep	slept	slept
يتحدث	speak	spoke	spoken
يقضىي / يُنفق	spend	spent	spent
يقف	stand	stood	stood
يلدغ	sting	stung	stung
يسبح	swim	swam	swum
يأخذ	take	took	taken
يُعلم يُخبر	teach	taught	taught
يُخبر	tell	told	told
يُفكر	think	thought	thought
يرمي	throw	threw	thrown
يفهم	understand	understood	understood
يستيقظ	wake	woke	woken



The verb could

نستخدم الفعلين could + inf / couldn't + inf للتعبير عن القدرة أو عدم القدرة في الماضي:

# # /	تستحدم الفعلين Could + Int / Couldn t + Int	
The verb The verb could+ inf		
Affirmative וلأثبات		
I could walk.	He could walk.	
We could walk.	She could walk.	
You could walk.	It could walk.	
They could walk.		
Negative النفي		
I couldn't walk.	He couldn't walk.	
We couldn't walk.	She couldn't walk.	
You couldn't walk.	It couldn't walk.	
They couldn't walk.		
Question السؤال		
Could I walk?	Could he walk?	
Could we walk?	Could she walk?	
Could you walk?	Could it walk?	
Could they walk?		
Short answers الاجابات القصيرة		
<u>= aää</u>	الموا	
Yes, I could.	Yes, he could.	
Yes, you could.	Yes, she could.	
Yes, we could.	Yes, it could.	
Yes, they could.		
وا <mark>فقة</mark>	عدم الم	
No, I couldn't.	No, he couldn't.	
No, you couldn't.	No, she couldn't.	
No, we couldn't.	No, it couldn't.	
No, they couldn't.		

Ex: I could run fast when I was ten years old. Ex: I couldn't read when I was four years old.

The verb had to + inf

نستخدم الفعلين had to / didn't have to + inf للتعبير عن الضرورة أو الالزام في الماضي فقد كان ضروريا أن تفعل شئ ما في الماضي أو لم يكون ضروريا أن تفعل شئ ما في الماضي:

ا العال ا		
Affirmative الاثبات		
I <mark>had to</mark> go.	He <mark>had to</mark> go.	
We <mark>had to</mark> go.	She <mark>had to</mark> go.	
You <mark>had to</mark> go.	It <mark>had to</mark> go.	
They <mark>had to</mark> go.		
Negative liie		
ا <mark>didn't have to</mark> go.	He <mark>didn't have to</mark> go.	
We didn't have to go.	She didn't have to go.	
You didn't have to go.	It didn't have to go.	
They didn't have to go.	Train that to go.	
Question السؤال		
Did I have to go?	Did he <mark>have to</mark> go?	
Did we have to go?	Did she have to go?	
Did you have to go?	Did it have to go?	
Did they have to go?		
Short answers الاجابات القصيرة		
اعْقة المُقالِد المُقالِد المُقالِد المُقالِد المُقالِد المُقالِد المُقالِد المُقالِد المُقالِد الم	الموا	
Yes, I did.	Yes, he did.	
Yes, you did.	Yes, she did.	
Yes, we did.	Yes, it did.	
Yes, they did.		
<u>وافقة</u>	عدم اله	
No, I didn't.	No, he didn't.	
No, you didn't.	No, she didn't.	
No, we didn't.	No, it didn't.	
No, they didn't.		

Ex: I had to go to school every day when I was young.

Ex: I didn't have to be there early.

يُمكن أن نبدأ السؤال بكلمة إستفهام مع had to لكي نسأل عن شئ مُحدد بعينة:

Ex: What did you have to do at home yesterday?

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Ex: I had to tidy my room and wash the dishes.

Past Simple vs	Present Simple
Present Simple	Past Simple
يتكون الماضي البسيط من التصريف الثاني للفعل	يتكون المضارع البسيط من مصدر الفعل مع
بإضافة d / ed / ied وهناك أفعال لا تتبع هذة	الضمائر I / We / You / They بدون إضافات.
القاعدة وتسمي أفعال غير منتظمة مثل – see	أما الضمائر He / She / It يجب إضافة s / es
saw	ies / في نهاية الفعل.
يُستخدم الماضي البسيط للتعبير عن أحداث إكتملت	يُستخدم المضارع البسيط للتعبير عن العادات
في الماضي:	المُتكررة أو المواقف الدائمة:
We played tennis yesterday.	We sometimes walk to school.
	He works as a teacher.
للنفي نضع didn't + verb ومسح الاضافات أو	للنفي نستخدم don't / doesn't قبل الفعل مع
إرجاع الفعل للمصدر:	حذف الاضافات إن وجدت مثل:
We didn't play tennis yesterday.	She doesn't speak English.
للسؤال نبدأ بـ مصدر الفعل + الفاعل + Did	للسؤال نستخدم ِ Do / Does في بداية السؤال
Did he play tennis yesterday?	وبعدها الفاعل ثم الفعل بدون إضافات مثل:
	Does she speak English?
Yesterday morning / afternoon, etc.	Always / sometimes / often / usually /
last Monday / night / week / month /	never / rarely / every day – every
year	month – every year / whenever / on
a week / two days / three months ago	Fridays – on Saturdays

Ex: In the past, mobile phones were heavy and expensive. Today they are light and small.

Ex: I didn't wear glasses when I was seven, but now I wear glasses.

What did ... look like? Vs What does ... look like?

نستخدم السؤال ?What did ... look like لنسأل شخص عن شكلة أو هيئتة في الماضي:

Ex: What did your mum look like when she was twelve?

Ex: She had very long hair and she wore glasses. She was chubby too.

ونستخدم السؤال ?What does ... look like لنسأل شخص ما عن هيئة أو شكل شخص اخر في الوقت الحاضر:

Ex: What does she look like now?

Ex: She has got short, black hair and she's slim.

Complete the following sentences with could / couldn't

I skate last year, I was afraid of skating.
2. Tom win the medal, but he fell down.
3. We play football, the weather was rainy.
4. Mona arrive in time, but she missed the bus.
5. My mom play tennis, but now she plays well.
6. I write my report, my computer had broken.
7. He sing at all yesterday, he had no voice.
8. Sara skateboard well, he trained much.
9. Khalifa play the piano, she had cut her finger.
10. They play chess very well last year.
11. I dive last month, I was afraid to dive.
12. Sam ski, he always fell down.
13. Ali dance all the dances, she was a star.

Choose a, b, c or d:				
1. Jack was very strong when he was young. He even lift a car.				
can't	could	could can		
2. Our English teacher fell asleep in class today. I think he sleep well last night.				
can't	could	couldn't	can	
3aı	n ostrich fly?			
- No, it				
Could / can't	Can / can't	Couldn't / couldn't	Could / couldn't	
4. Tom is blind. He see.				
couldn't	can	can't	could	
5. My dog is looking for its bone but it find it.				
couldn't	can	could	can't	
6. He was very sad	because he	eat his ice cream.		
could	can	couldn't	can't	
7. Could Jennifer eat her soup?				
No, she couldn't. It too chili.				
		yesterday / wasn't		
8. David couldn't sleep well because he was alone at home.				
now	last night	today	next week	
9. We didn't have enough money last year so we go on a holiday. But this year we				

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could / can't | couldn't / can | can't / can | can / couldn't

Tick the correct form of the verb in these sentences.

- 1. We (selled/sold) our car.
- 2. I (heard/heared) a noise.
- 3. The man (lost/losed)his way.
- 4. He (met/meeted) his uncle.
- 5. I (writed/wrote) a letter to my friend.
- 6. Ketan (bought/buyed) a new mobile phone.
- 7. The boys (finded/found) treasure in the cave.
- 8. Flowers (growed/grew) in the garden in spring.
- 9. The birds (flyed/flew) to long distances in winter.
- 10. The glass vase (fell/falled) off the table and (broke/breaked) into pieces.

Complete these sentences with the correct present tense form of the verb in brackets.

- 1. The elephant (use) its trunk to pick up things.
- 2. The boat (ferry) people to that island.
- 3. Cats(give) birth to many kittens at a time.
- 4. The old scientist (make) wonderful toys.
- 5. She..... (tidy) up the room every day.
- 6. The dog (obey) his master's orders.
- 7. He (do) his homework regularly.
- 8. These pencils (belong) to Simon.
- 9. She usually (finish) her homework by five o'clock.
- 10. Whenever the dog...... (get) a bone, he (bury) it in the garden.

rollerblade	sail a boat	ride a horse
go skiing		play baseball

- 1. A: Can you, Tony?
- B: Yes, I can.
- 2. Lou is going tofor the sports festival at school.
- 3. I like toin the park at the weekends with my dad.
- 4. Look at all this snow! I know let's!

5. My dad canvery well. We go to the islands every summer.

Read and complete. Use could / couldn't and the verbs in brackets.

- 1. A:youyou were four?
- B: No, I
- 2. Greg (not / ride) a bike when he was six.
- 3. When my grandad was twenty, he (sail) a boat.
- 4. We found a baby bird in the garden that (not / fly).
- 5. A: Granny,..... you (cook) when you were my age?
- B: Yes, I
- 6. Two years ago I (not / skateboard), but now I can.

Read and answer about yourself.

- 1. Could you spell your name when you were three?
-
- 2. Could you ride a bike when you were seven?
-
- 3. Could you walk when you were one year old?
-
- 4. Could you do a puzzle when you were four years old?
-

Read and circle the correct word.

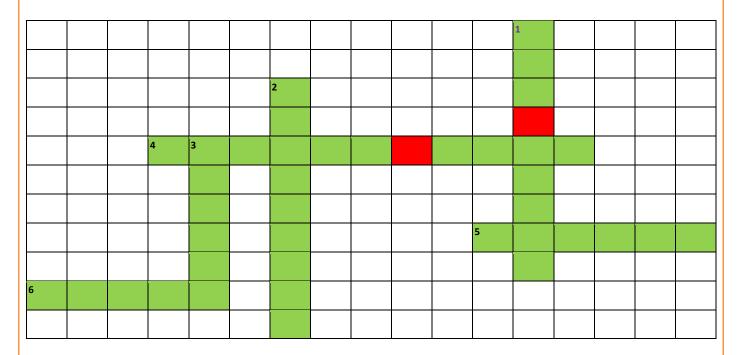
- 1. Jake was late for work because of the cars / traffic.
- 2. The film wasn't funny. We didn't even cry / laugh.
- 3. Pick up / Hand out your books, Mary. Your cousins are coming.
- 4. A: Would you like a magazine / leaflet for the school fair?
- B: Yes, please. Thank you.
- 5. What did you prepare / buy for the school cooking competition?
- 6. Tom had to wear a traditional plant / costume at the school food festival.
- 7. James hands out / hangs out leaflets at the weekend.
- 8. I think there is something in my eye. Can you blow / swallow in it, please?

Read and complete the dialogue using the correct form of had to and the verbs in the brackets.

Charlie: Hi, James. How are you?

James: Oh, hi, Charlie. I'm very tired.

Look and write the words in the crossword then write the words below the pictures



1	2	3
	S	E60 E100
4	5	6

lead and complete. Use the Present Simple or the Past Simple.	
. Charlie (not / wear) glasses when I (meet)	
im last year. Now he (wear) glasses. They (be) blue.	
. I (not / eat) fruit two years ago. This year, I	
eat) fruit three times a day.	
. My brother and I (play) board games all the time three	
ears ago, but now we (like) to play computer games.	
. When my grandad was thirty, he (work) as a teacher. He	
(teach) maths and science. Now he (not /	
vork). He (spend) time at home, and we sometimes	
(go) fishing together at the weekend.	

Read and complete.					
blond	chubby	straight	slim		
curly	dark	weigh	glasses		
1. George was	when he \	was a baby.			
2. My PE teacher, Mr Rhodes, is tall and					
3. I can't carry this bag! How much does it?					
4. Ryan hadhair when he was four, but now he has got					
hair.					
5. When George was seven, he didn't wear, but now he does.					
They're green.					
6. Kelly hadhair, but now she has gothair.					

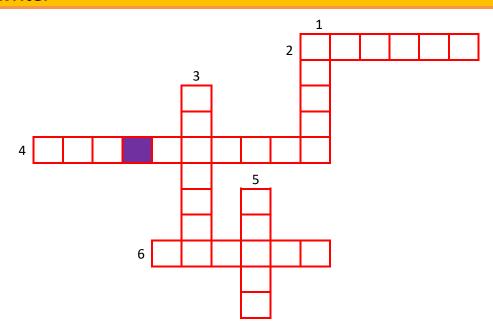
Write questions. Use the Present Simple or the Past Simple. Then look and
answer.
1. What / Mr Clark / look like / in the past
2. What / Julia / look like / today
3. Jassim / have / pet parrot / now
4. Mansoor and Khaled / wear glasses / three years ago

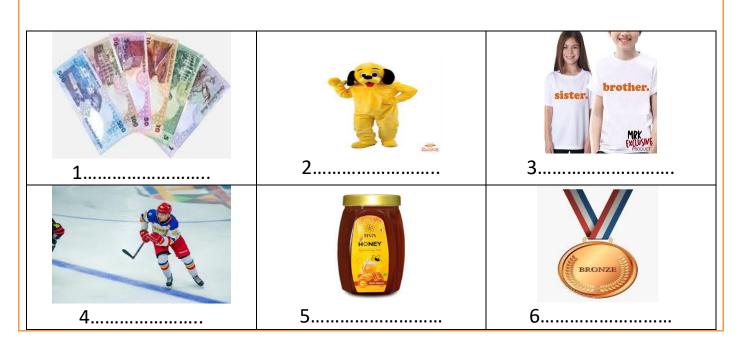
Read and then complete each side of the box. Use the correct forms of the Past Simple and the Present Simple.

Five years ago:	This year:
1. go / by bus	1. walk / school.
2. do karate / after school.	2. play / volleyball / after school
3. play / board games with friends	3. chat / online with friends
4. go to bed / eight o'clock.	4. go to bed / nine o'clock.

Read and complete	the se	entences.			
game console	ro	llerblades	roller skat	es	game cards
attic		ward	lrobe	wheels	
1. I can't find anything in my I have to tidy it.					
2. Omar's bedroom is in the It has got a lot of light during the					
day.					
3. Karen is wearing her new They're pink and white.					
4. My grandparents bought me a new I can't wait to try it!					
5. Yesterday I found my dad's old in the garage. They've got					
four wheels!					
6. My dad says he used to play video games when he was my					
age.					
7. James rode a bike with three when he was four.					

Look and write.





Match to form phrases.	
1. go	baseball
2. ride	a boat
3. sail	out
4. play	a horse
5. hand	up
6. pick	skiing

Read and complete. Use the Present Simple or the Past Simple.

- 1. Thomas(wear) glasses when he was young. He(not / be) chubby.
- 2. Derek(go) cycling.
- 3. My friend, Diane,(have) got roller skates. She (not / have) got long hair. She(have) got short hair.

Read and complete with the correct form of had to and could.

- 1. This morning Dylan (not / drive) to work because there was too much traffic. He (ride) his bike to work.
- 2. Fay (not / use) her computer yesterday. It wasn't working. She (take) it to the computer shop.
- 3. John and Luke (not / walk) to school today. It was raining, so their dad (drive) them there.
- 4. Derek (not / swim) well, so he (start) swimming lessons.
- 5. Donna (not / tidy) her wardrobe. Her mother tidied it for her.
- 6. Cory (not / play) basketball on Saturday. His hand hurt, so he (go) to the doctor.

Read and write T for True or F for False.

Doha is a very modern city. It is the capital of Qatar and one of the most popular places to visit in the Middle East. There are a lot of things for tourists to do and see in Doha today.

It has got many shopping centres, and the biggest one is the Mall of Qatar. There are about five hundred shops there, and visitors can also eat at one of the many restaurants or cafés.

Children can play and have fun at the mini children's city, KIDZMUNDO! Another exciting place in Doha is the Pearl-Qatar. It's a large island that people made. There are beautiful houses and shops there, and tourists can enjoy the beaches and watch beautiful boats come and go.

The tallest building in Doha is Aspire Tower. It is three hundred metres tall. In 2006, Aspire Tower was the torch during the Asian Games. The flame burnt at the top of the building for the whole two weeks of the games.

However, Doha wasn't always like this. It started growing as a city after 1940,

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when they discovered oil. Before that, Doha didn't have tall skyscrapers, large
shopping centres and big hotels. There were small shops, restaurants and some
hotels. Back then, not many people visited Doha very often.

- 1. Doha is the capital city of Qatar. (.....)
- 2. There are no activities for children to do at the Mall of Qatar. (.....)
- 3. Aspire Tower played an important role during the 2006 Asian Games. (......)
- 4. The Pearl-Qatar is a natural island. (.....)
- 5. Many people visited Doha in the past. (.....)

Look, read and write the sentences. Use should / shouldn't.
1. put / elbows / table
You
2. put / napkin / lap
You
3. brush / teeth / three times a day
You

Choose a or b:		
1. When my grandmother was young shein a small town.		
A. lives	B. lived	
2. My brotherstudy at the library yesterday evening.		
A. has to	B. had to	
3. Jakerollerblade when he was three.		
A. couldn't	B. can't	
4. The childrenwrap their mum's present because the man at the		
shop wrapped it.		
A. had to	B. didn't have to	
5you read when you were five?		
A. Could	B. Can	
6. My brothereat tuna, but now he really likes it.		
A. doesn't always	B. didn't always	
7. Do youtidy your room every day?		
A. have to	B. has to	
8. Webuy any tickets because mum bought them online.		
A. have to	B. don't have to	

Match the phrases.	
1. comb	A. karate
2. play	B. my email
3. do	C. a friend
4. text	D. my room
5. check	E. a boat
6. surf	F. my hair
7. brush	G. my teeth
8. tidy	H. the Net
9. sail	I. volleyball

Choose a or b		
1. You must always stop at red		
A pavements	B traffic lights	
2. Would you like to?		
A order	B cough	
3. You shouldn't put youron the table.		
A elbows	B napkins	
4. We are going to visit thethis weekend.		
A school trip	B planetarium	
5. Kevin saw some oldat the museum.		
A sites	B tools	
6. Don't touch that plant! It's		
A poisonous	B amazed	
7. I can't buy this mobile phone. It's very		
A expensive	B cheap	

Read and circle the correct word.

- 1. Astronauts wear a **spacesuit / towel** in space.
- 2. Last week, I went camping and I learnt how to **recognise / survive** in nature.
- 3. My dad is a **businessman / postman**. He wears a blue uniform.
- 4. I didn't read the directions, and I got confused / ancient.
- 5. Can you help me hand out / pick up these leaflets for the food festival?

Read the sentences and complete. Use the Present Simple or the Present Progressive.
1. Jane always (wear) a uniform at school, but at the moment she (visit) a museum with her parents and she (wear) her new dress.
2. Mum, listen! My tablet (make) a strange noise. What's wrong with it?
3. Every weekend, my friend and I (play) volleyball at the park.
4. Larry and his brother (take part) in the writing competition every year.
Read the sentences and complete. Use the Past Simple or the Past
Progressive.
1. Tim (study) for his maths test when his friend (send) him a message.
2. you (go) for a walk with your parents yesterday?
3. We (not / go) shopping on Saturday. We
(stay) at home.
4. The archaeologist (examine) an ancient coin when the children (arrive).
5. you (cross) the street when you (see) the accident?
Read and answer the questions about your city/town.
1. What was your city/town like forty years ago?
2. What could people do for fun in your city/town back then?
3. How did people in your city/town travel?
4. What is your city/town like today?
5. What can people do for fun in your city/town today?

Writing

Write one paragraph about yourself now and three years ago

Three years ago I used to go to school by bus. I did karate after school. I played video games with my friends. This year I walk to school. I play basketball after school. I chat online with my friends.

Write an email (7-8 sentences) to a friend to invite him to visit your country.

- The following questions may help you:
- 1-Where is your country?
- 2-What is the climate like in your country?
- 3-What is the capital?
- 4-What can he do?

To: Ali

From: Jassem

Subject: my country

Hi Ali,

How are you? I am writing to invite you to visit Qatar. Qatar is in Asia. It's hot and dry. The capital is Doha. Qatar is small but beautiful. There are many famous places you can visit. You can go shopping in Villaggio Mall or City Centre Mall. You can visit Souq Waqif and have traditional Qatari food there. You can visit Qatar National Museum or The MIA (the museum of Islamic arts) I love Qatar.

Please, Write back soon

By for now

Jassem