English Department Over to You Strade 10

Elasswork
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Student's name	
Class	10 /
، وكتاب التدريبات	ملحوظة: هذه المذكرة لا تغنى عن كتاب الطالب

Grade 10-Module 3 Power

<u>Lessons 1/2</u> I - Vocabulary

Word	Definition	Meaning
1- crude oil (n)	oil in its natural condition	
2- entirely (adv.)	Completely	
3- finite (adj)	having limits	
4- fossil fuel (n)	A natural fuel such as coal or gas, formed from the remain of living organisms	
5- fractional distillation (n)	Separation of the liquid mixture into fractions by boiling a different temperatures	
6- polymer (n)	a substance used in making plastic	
7- refining (n)	The removal of impurities or unwanted elements from a substance , typically as part of industrial process	

Choose the best answer from a, b, c, and d:

a. fractional distillation	•		0
2- Plastic is originally produced fr a. fractional distillation		c. crude oil	d. polymer
3-Man should be wise in using th a-finite			ney ared- irreversible
Fill in the spaces with words fro	om the list :		
(refining / fractiona	l distillation / fin	ite / entirely/	fossil fuel)
1 crude oi as benzene.	l is important to sep	arate out the diffe	erent elements, such
2- Substances such as gas, coal,	and oil, that were fo	ormed undergrour	nd are called
3- I admit it was	my fault.		
4 is a proc	cess of separating di	fferent substances	3.

Set-Book Questions

warming. Discuss this statement.
2- In your opinion, how can we protect the world's energy sources?
3- Fractional distillation is a process by which oil is spilt into its different types. Mention some of these types.
4- Imagine what would happen if the world continued to use oil at a constant rate?
5- Why are Scientists developing sustainable fuels for use worldwide? (Why is it important for governments to invest in new technologies to provide energy)
6- Without oil life would be a different place. Explain.
7- Drilling oil can have detrimental effects on the environment. Discuss.

<u>Lessons 3</u> I - Vocabulary

Word	Definition	Meaning
1- invisible (adj.)	cannot be seen	
2- megawatt (n)	a unit of power equal to one million watts	
3- resolve (v)	To settle or to find a solution (for a problem)	
4- spoil (v)	to damage or destroy the value of something	

(megawatts / spoiled / resolved / invisible)

1-Ripe tomatoes cannot normally be trucked long distances because they can be quickly.
2- These bacteria are unless viewed with a microscope.
3-Mobile phones' ability to communicate with unseen, distant people using
4-Hehis financial problems by taking a loan from the bank.

Set-Book Questions

1- What are the advantages and disadvantages of natural sources of energy like Wind power, Wave power and Solar energy?

	Advantages :	<u>Disadvantages :</u>
Wind		
power		
Wave		
power		
Solar		
energy?		

Lessons 4+5

Vocabulary

Word	Definition	Meaning
1- actually (adv)	As the truth or facts of a situation; Really, in	
	fact	
2- appliance (n)	A device or a piece of electrical equipment	
	designed to perform a specific task, typically	
	at home	
3- breakdown (n)	a mechanical failure, a time when a vehicle,	
	machine, etc. stops working.	
4- generate (v)	to make electricity	
5- last (v)	to continue for a specified period of time	
6- motoring (n)	the activity of driving a car	
7- strong (adj.)	powerful, great	

Fill in the spaces with words from the list :

(lasted - breakdown - generate - strong - appliances - actually - motoring)
1- The hot weather
2- The rice that we eat is grain that is found inside the seed hull .
3- Scientists predict that storms will become more frequent as the climate changes.
4- The flowing water is used to operate turbines, whichelectricity.
2- I was late for work because I had ain the middle of the road.3- Phillips is one of the world's largest producer of household
4- It was the first time he'd paid a fine

<u>GRAMMAR</u>

If Conditional

Put the verbs into the correct tense: 1- Water (freeze) if the temperature falls below zero.	
Water freezes if the temperature falls below zero,	
2 - If he's angry, his face always (go) bright red.	
3- The radio (not work) if the batteries are flat.	
4- The machine (not work) if it doesn't have enough oil.	
TÝPE 1	
1. If he buys that car, it (cost) him much .	()
2. If the weather (be) warm, we'll go to the sea.	()
3.Unless you pay the money, you (go) to jail.	()
4. His teeth will become bad if he (eat) much sweet.	()
TÝPE 2	
1-If he succeeded, he (join) the university.	()
2. You would meet them if you (come) earlier.	()
3. If I were a bird, I (fly).	()
4. If you (apologize) to him, he would forgive you.	()
Strong & Heavy	
Complete the sentences using (strong) or (heavy): 1 - Some people don't drinkcoffee at night because	it stops them from sleeping.
2- It took him two hours to drive there because of the	traffic.
3- To play football at night, you need verylig	ghts.
4- The boat sailed quickly because of thewind	l.
5 - My uncle broke his leg when he suffered a	fall.
6 - There is asmell of curry coming from the kitcher	1.
7- The newspaper reportsfighting in central Africa.	
8- Building houses iswork.	

Lessons 7+8

Vocabulary

Word	Definition	Meaning
1- asthma (n)	A medical condition that causes difficulty in breathing	
2- congestion (n)	the state of being congested or full of traffic	
3- consult (v)	To ask for information or advice	
4- diminish (v)	to get smaller	
5-end up with (Ph.v)	to be in a situation that you didn't intend to be in or want because of something that has happened to you or something you have done	
6- government(n)	The governing body of a nation, region or community	
7- hazardous (adj.)	Risky, Dangerous	
8- irreversible (adj.)	Not able to be undone or changed	
9- motorist (n)	The driver of a car	
10- procure (v)	to obtain something	
11- recently(adv)	A short time ago, in the past few days/ weeks / months, a little while back	
12- self-employed (adj.)	working for oneself rather than for a company	
13- smog (n)	fog that is filled with pollution	
14- squander (v)	To waste or lose something foolishly	
15- waste (n)	The careless, extravagant or purposeless use of something	

Fill in the spaces with words from the list : (3x1 = 3 Marks)

(self-employed - irreversible - recently - hazardous – diminish- congestion)

- 1. Smoking is to your health.
- 2. Fossil fuels have causeddamage to the environment.
- 3. I have..... been trying to lose weight.
- 4. We will pay less tax if we are.....
- 5. We need tothe amount of petrol we use in our cars.
- 6. A new high way opens later this week, promising to relieve traffic......

Choose	the	hest	answer	from	a	h	c	and	<u>d </u>
CHOOSE	uic	DUST	answer	11 0111	<u>u</u> ,	$\boldsymbol{\nu}$	<u> </u>	anu	<u>u .</u>

2nd Term

1- The	should invest in n	ew technology to prov	ide energy.
a. government	b. motorist	c asthma	d. smog
2- Studies have link	xed heart disease with	air pollution, particular	rly
a. governments	b. motorist	c asthma	d. Smog
3- A	was stopped by the pol	lice for exceeding the l	imited speed on the high way
a. governments	b. motorist	c asthma	d. smog
4- You'd better	a financial ad	viser before you start a	new company
		c consult d. (
•	•		
5. He	. all his money on gam	abling . He is really an	irresponsible father.
a. squandered	b. procured	c ended up with	d. diminished
6 He tried hard but	t a po	or orade	
	_	c ended up with	d. diminished
-		-	
7. As fossil fuels ar	e, ,	we have to find other s	ources of energy.
a. squandering	b. consulting	c ending up with	d. diminishing
	-	diamond necklace from	n her husband in their
marriage anniversa		o oomes:145.J	a alminint a
a. squandered	b. procured	c consulted	d. diminished

Set Book Questions

1- Using cars too much can lead to many health problems such as
2- There is too much congestion on the roads in Kuwait. How can we solve that problem?
3- Suggest some practical ways for diminishing the amount of energy we use in our cars?
4- What will the bad consequences be if we don't do something to save energy?
Translation
Translate from English into Arabic:
1- عملية التقطير الجزئي هي العملية التي يتم فيها فصل النفط الي عدة أنواع ،و التي يمكن أن تستخدم في عدة أغراض.
2- يجب علي الدول أن تبحث عن مصادر بديلة للطاقة مثل الطاقة الشمسية والطاقة المستمدة من الرياح.
3- إذا لم نفعل شيئا لنوفر به الطاقة سينتهي بنا المطاف إلي مشاكل بيئية لا يمكن تغييرها.

Lessons 1&2

Word	definition	Translation
1- contact lens (n)	a thin plastic lens placed directly on the service of the eye to correct visual defects	
2- cure-all (n)	a medicine that can cure a wide variety of problems	
3- currently (adv)	at the present time	
4- draw(v)	to take	
5- gold-coated (adj)	covered with gold	
6- innovate (v)	to make changes in something established, to introduce (something new, especially a product)	
7- instantly (adv)	at once , immediately	
8- latest (adj)	the most recent	
9- micro-robot (n)	a tiny robot	
10- nanoshell (n)	an extremely tiny case implanted in the body to fight disease	
11- satnav (n)	navigation that uses information from satellite	
12- shock (n)	a sudden upsetting or surprising event or experience	
13- sophisticated (adj)	(of a machine)developed to a high degree of Complexity	
14- tumour (n)	A swelling of a part of the body	

Fill in the spaces with words from the list:

Choose the be	st answer from a , b , o	c, and d:	
-	nt to keep ourt b. contact lens		_
	l is certainly not a b. contact lens		e struggling to lose weight. d. cure-all
	e of, contact lens		d. cure-all
	can repair orga t b. contact lens		
	are designed to designed	•	void the unwanted side effects. d. cure-all
	it's difficult to remove the b. shock		
	to hear to b. shock Set-1		
1) Are you fo	r or against modern to	echnology? Give ro	easons.
Against l	oecause		
2) What do t	hink mobile phones w	vill be like in the f	ıture?
	nicro-robots help docto		
4) What can I	numan beings do nov	v that they could	n't do 100 years ago ?
5) "Islamic soo	ciety always respects s	science and societ	ies." Discuss.
6) There are lo	ots of inventions nowa	idays that make o	ur life easier. Explain.

Lessons 3

Word	Definition	Meaning
1- bio-fuel (n.)	fuel made from living matter	
2- Implement (v.)	to put an action or a change into effect	
3- Obstacle (n.)	a thing that blocks one's way	
4- Outlandish (adj.)	looking or sounding strange or unfamiliar	
5- Suspension(n.)	a part attached to the wheels of a vehicle to cushion it from road conditions	
6- Windscreen wipers (n.)	a rubber blade used to clear rain from a windscreen	

Fill in the spaces with words from the list:

(bio-fuel / implement / obstacles / outlandish / suspension / windscreen wipers)
1-The on your car maximizes friction between the tires and the road.
2- To facilitate the teaching process, principals have toa more restrictive policy .
3. I thinkis preferable to petrol as a fuel source .
4. Everyone was staring at the strangers in their clothing.
5. The explorer faced someto go through before he could reach his destination
II- Set-Book Questions
1- Bio-fuel is preferable rather than petrol as a source of energy. Why?
2- What are the benefits of making engines more efficient and economical?

Lessons 4+5

2nd Term

Word	Definition	Meaning
1- Bifocal (adj)	(of special glasses)having two different focal lengths, one for distant vision a and one for near vision	
2- frequent (adj)	happening or doing something often	
3- instigate (v)	To bring about or initiate (an action or event)	
4- legible (adj)	(of handwriting or print) clear enough to read	
5- obedient (adj)	obeying commands	
6- Patient (adj)	able to wait without becoming annoyed or anxious	
7- reputation (n)	the beliefs or opinions that are generally held about someone or something	
8- software (n)	The programs used by a computer	
9- spot (n)	a particular place or point	

Choose the right answer

1. A good teacher sh	ould be, hard	working and honest	
a. frequent	b. obedient	c. legible	d. patient
_	was not b. obedient	, so the tea	_
	cause of car accidents b. obedient	•	•
•	boy .He b. obedient		
	contact lenses are o		
B) Fill in the spaces	s with words from the lis (instigate - software		ion)
2. Sony company has3- We don't know w	villnev s a worldwidehere here to find the perfect	for quali for the	ty. vacation.

Grammar

{CAN/COULD/able to /MUST/SHOULD}

From a, b, c and d choose the correct answer:

1-When the fog lif a. can	ts, weto b. could	<u> </u>	d. may	
2-I am an adult I a. am unable	to understand b. won't	l teenagers. c. can't	d. could	
	Il b. wasn't able to		d. must	
4-Employers a. can		ir offices on time because c. could	of the heavy traffic. d. can't	
5-Youa. have to	drink this. It is b. mustn't	poisonous. c. wouldn't	d. can	
6- I think I must a) to try	aga b) trying	nin. c) try	d) tries	
	here b) not smokes	c) no smoking	d) not smoke	
8 – She doesn't a) has to	pay for wat	ter in restaurants. c) have to	d) must	
	lemove f b) couldn't		because of slow transportations. d) should	
		Wish		
Correct the ver	bs between bracl	<u>kets:</u>		
2. I wish you (6) 3. I wish I (not) 4. I wish you (5. I wished I (k) 6. I wish you (a)) a new car now. explain) that point t tell) him the stor invite) me to your now) her name . ettend) the meeting e) time to come wi	t yesterday. y now. · party last week. g last week .	() () () () () () ()	
8. I wish I (can) buy a new car on my next birthday . (

Lessons 7+8

Word	Definition	Meaning
1- anniversary (n)	the date on which an event took place in	
	a previous year	
2- heart rate (n)	The speed of your heart beat .	
3- recharge (v)	to restore electrical power in a device	
4- remind (v)	to cause (someone)to remember	
	someone or something	
5- terminal (n)	A device at which a user enters data for	
	a computer system and that displays	
	thereceived output.	
6- torso (n)	The trunk of the human body.	
7- transmit (v)	to send an electric signal	
8- trespass (v)	to enter the owner's or property land	
	without permission	
9- wearer (n)	the person wearing something esp.	
	clothing	

Set Books

		vill be able to save li	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
		by housewives in th		
Choose the best answ		and d :		
1. We always celebrat a . anniversary			d. torso	
The number of a.anniversary	-			ninute.
3 ex a . Anniversary	-		_	
4. Smart clothing offer a . anniversary	•		d. torso	

Grade 10	2 nd Term	Farhan Al Kha	lid Secondary school
5. This	shows the data yo b. terminal	•	ed. d. Torso
6. These devices a. remind	send andb. trespass		experts. d. recharge
-	a public area and we're no b. trespassing		
——————————————————————————————————————	and b. trespassed		
•	takes about three hours to b. trespass	c. transmit	
		Translation	
لاتصال بك إذا	nto English: ل ويمكنه أيضا حراسة المنزل وا		تعدى عليه أحد.
طعام بداخلها.	كية والتي يمكنها إبلاغنا بنقص اا	دمة سيمكننا شراء الثلاجات الذ	2- في خلال العشر أعوام القا
ات ستتمكن من قيادة	الحوادث في الطرقات لأن السيار		3- بحلول عام 2020 ستنتهي نفسها على الطرقات الذكية.
فئة في الشتاء .	ا، فهي تبقيها باردة في الصيف و دا	رة علي في درجة حرارة أجساما	4 - ستكون الملابس الذكية قاد
إلي الطبيب.	ضات القلب و نقل هده المعلومات	ي حياتنا من خلال فحص معدل نب	5- ربما سنساعد في الحفاظ عا
نفسها عبر طرق ذكية.	ف المرورية، فالسيارات سوف تقود	ن نرى نهاية الاختناقات و الحوادث	6- بحلول العام 2020 من الممكن أر

Unit 9 Money Lessons 1&2

2nd Term

Word	Definition	Mooning
Wolu	Deminuon	Meaning
1- accounting (n)	the action or process of keeping financial accounts	
2- barter (v)	to exchange(goods or services) for other goods	
	or services without using money	
3- confidentiality(n)	where someone is trusted to keep private	
	information a secret	
4- economics (n)	Relating to trade; industry and the management of	
	money.	
5- insurance (n)	an arrangement with a company in which you pay	
	small amounts of money to guarantee loss of	
	property or damage	
6- invest (v)	to buy shares, property or goods because you hope	
	the value will increase and you can make a profit.	
7- investment(n)	The sum of money invested to make a profit	
8- loan (n)	A thing that is borrowed especially a sum of money	
	that is expected to be paid back.	
9- management (n)	The process of dealing with or controlling things or	
	people.	
10- transaction (n)	An instance of buying or selling something.	

Choose the best answer from a, b, c, and d:

1- She's in her third y a. transaction			_	d. insurance
2-The relationship be a. transaction	•			
3-The bank's ATM na. transactions				s more than five minutes. d. insurance
4- After the fire , they a. transaction				
5. He got a banka. investment			d. ac	ccounting
6. Most investors rea a. investment	-			a goodteam ccounting
7. Governments have a. investment		~		
8. Ahmed graduated l	•	· , ,		

Set-Book Questions

1- People pay for their needs in different ways. How?
2- What are the qualities needed to make a good bank manager?
3- Money is not an end in itself ,but a means to higher values. Explain.
4- What did people barter for in the past?
5- Bartering was very difficult in the past. Do you agree?

<u>Lessons 3</u> Vocabulary

Word	Meaning	Translation
1- billionaire (n)	someone who has more than a billion dollars or pounds	
2- charitable (adj.)	relating to giving help to the poor those in need	
3- inherit (v)	to receive money, property from someone who has died	
4- philanthropic (adj.)	(of a person or organization) donating money to good and promoting the welfare of those in need.	
5- tax return (n)	a form used to calculate the amount of tax owed	

(barter / inves	t / tax returns / charitable / inherit / insurance)
1. He began to	in the stock market at an early age.
2- People used to	different items before the invention of money.
3. If youle	ess wealth from your parents you will be forced to work for living.
4de	eds are beloved by Allaah and will bring a great reward from Him.
5. He's written a piece of so	oftware which calculates your for you.
	II- Set-Book Questions
1. How should the wealt	thy help the poor?
2- Money management	is necessary in our life. How can that be achieved?
3- Imagine that you bec	ame a millionaire, what would you do?

Lessons 4+5

I - Vocabulary

Word		Definition	Meaning
1- auction (n.)		a public sale in which goods or property	
		are	
		sold to highest bidder	
2- complimentary (adj.)		something given for free	
3- shipping	(n)	the transport of goods by sea or other means	
4- tax	(n)	a compulsory payment to the government, used to pay for the public services	
5- log in	(n)	A process of starting a computer system	

(taxes / auction / complimentary / shipping / log in)
1. In many countries, citizens have to pay a yearlyupon their income.
2. If you want to get a bargain, we can go to see a/an where a big collection of articles are available.
3. You mustbefore you access your face book account.
4will be badly affected in our sea ports because of bad weather conditions.
5. Government should take responsibilities to ensure education up to higher secondary level.

Grammar

Have to \ Should \ Must

<u>Cnoose the r</u>	<u>jest answer i</u>	rom a , b , c and c	<u>. :</u>	
1. These bool	ks are complin	nentary. You	pa	ay for them.
a. must	b. mustn't	c. don't have t	o d. ha	ave to
2. You	be more c	areful with your s	avings.	
a. mustn't	b. must	c. have to	d. shou	uldn't
3. You	drive some	one's car without	asking them	n first.
a. should	b. mustn't	c. must	d. have t	to
4-You	see the doc	tor , you look terr	ible.	
a. don't have	e to b. mu	st c. should	n't d.	. mustn't
		Reporte	d Speech	
		1- State	ment	
Panort the	statements is	nto indirect spee		
		to meet you.	<u> </u>	
2- They said,	'' We had lost	our way to the p	ark.''	
	ere in the café			
		many questions.		
They Salu	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•••••	•••••	
5-"I'll pay fo He told me	r your friend	's ticket."		
He tolu ille		2 0	42	
	L	2- Ques		
Chamas into			estions	
	reported spenere will your	<u>ecn:</u> spend this weeken	d."	
2-The father	"Where did y	ou go yesterday?'	,	
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •

3-"Why are you laughing at me?"	
He asked her	
4-"What do you want?"	
She asked me	
Yes / No Questions	
Change into reported speech:	
1." Would you like to go shopping tomorrow?"	
Mariam asked her friend	
2." Have you already been on holiday?"	
Omar asked us	
3." Are you hungry?"	
My mother asked me	
4." Is she feeling alright."	
He asked	
5." Did you enjoy your holiday?"	
Ali asked Mona	
6."Does Eman work hard this term?"	
She asked me	
Command	
Report the following sentences:	
1-"Study your lessons."	
The teacher advised the students	
2-The man said "Tell me the way to the hospital, please."	
3-"Open the door." The teacher said.	
·	
4- Prohibition	
Report the following sentences:	
1-"Don't forget to bring my bag today?"	
Mona said	
2-"Don't neglect your duties."	
The captain ordered his men	
3-My mother said to me "Don't watch TV all day."	
4- "Never swim here"	••••
5- "Study your lessons and don't waste your time."	••••
The teacher advised the students	

Unit 9- Lessons 7+8

2nd Term

Word	Definition	Meaning
1- affluent (adj.)	having a great deal of money; wealthy	
2- evil (adj.)	very bad, harmful or wicked	
3- extinct (adj.)	(of a species, family or other large group) having no living members.	
4- generosity (n.)	The quality of being kind and sharing.	
5- gross (v.)	to produce or earn (an amount of money) as total profit or income.	
6- in this sense (expr.)	A way in which an expression or a situation can be interpreted.	
7- profit (n.)	A financial gain, especially the difference between the amount earned and the amount spent.	
8- spur (v)	to encourage	
9- success (n)	Achievement	

Choose the best answer from a, b, c and d:

1. Money is a do a . affluent	uble- edged weapo b. evil	on as it brings about c. extinct	deeds as well as the good d. complimentary
2- Many species	s have gone	in the last 100 yea	ars. They no longer exist.
a . affluent	b. evil	c. extinct	d. complimentary
3. We must over	rcome	with good to live in	ı peace.
a . affluent	b. evil	c. extinct	d. complimentary
4. To get	in any pro	fession, two things are ne	cessary, study and practice.
a . success	b. profit	c. generosity	d. Tax
5. Arab people t	reat their guests w	armly because they are ki	nown for their
a . success	b. profit	c. generosity	d. tax

SET Book Questions

1. Money makes the world go round. Do you agree? Why or why not?
2. Most people spend too much money on things they don't really need.
What are the reasons behind that?
3- "Love of money is sometimes the root of evil." Explain.
4 - '' Money talks.'' Explain this proverb.
5 - Do you think that the best things in life are free?
Focus on 1- Why is the National Assembly Building so special?
2- The National Assembly building has become a symbol of political representation within Kuwait.(What does the Kuwait National Assembly building house ?)

Adverb Clauses (cause / effect and opposition)

Do as shown between brackets:	
1. The weather is very cold. We can't go out	(use tooto)
2. We go to the library. We can increase our ge	eneral knowledge.(join with for)
3. She didn't play music because she was ill.	(use because of)
4. They didn't visit you because they didn't known	ow your address.(join using so)
5. She did her best, but she got very low marks.	. (use although)
Tran	ssation
Translate into English:	1- يعتقد بعض الناس أن المال هو أصل كل الشرور.
ت التواصل الجيدة التي تمكنه من إدارة البنك.	2- يجب على مدير البنك أني يكون أميناً و يكتسب محارا
سيل الزراعية.	3- كان الناس في الماضي يقايضوا بالملابس والذهب والمحاص
وريي.	 4- يعتبر مجلس الأمة الكويتي أول مجلس أمة في الخليج الع
ة و يمتلك شخصية قيادية قادرة على تحفيز الموظفين.	5 - لكي يكون مدير البنك ناجحاً ، عليه أن يكون جديرا بالثقة
أسمى .	6- المال ليس غاية بحد ذاته ، و لكنه وسيلة لتحقيق غايات

Module 4 - Facts and Fiction

Unit 10 : Stories Lessons 1 & 2

VOCABULARY

Word	Definition	Meaning
1- composure(N)	The state or feeling of being calm and in control of oneself	رباطة الجأش
2- constancy(N)	The quality of being faithful and dependable	وفاء _ إخلاص
3- enjoin(v)	To instruct or urge (someone) to do something	يأمر ــ يفرض
4- gratefulness(N)	Showing an appreciation of kindness; thankfulness	امتثان ـ شكر
5- injustice(N)	Lack of fairness or justice	الظلم
6- insolence(N)	Feeling or showing a rude and arrogant lack of respect	غطرسة _ عجرفة وقاحة
7- self-restraint(N)	Restraint imposed by oneself on one's own	ضبط النفس
	Actions	

(enjoins \ insolence \ composure \ injustice \ gratefulness \ self- restraint \ constancy)

- 1. Keep calm; don't lose your
- 2- Never doubt the.....of my loyalty to you, sir.
- 3- We must avoidwhen we talk to elder people.
- 4- No religion approves.....
- 5-should be shown to anyone who does us a favour.
- 6- Islam.....us to treat others well.
- 7- People who have.....rarely get in to trouble with others.

SET BOOK QUESTIONS

	s of stories in the Holy Qur'an. Mention two of then
2- What do you know about Luc	qman and his wisdom ?
3- What pieces of advice did Lu	qman give to his son ?
List some of the virtues that Luqma	rtues described in the Holy Quran. an stresses on:)
5- What are our duties towards	our parents?
6- What are the pieces of advice	e that Luqman told his son not to do?
7- How do the stories in the Hol	y Quran benefit us?

Unit 10 -Lesson 3

Word	Definition	Meaning
1- Chuckle (V)	To laugh, especially quietly or inwardly	يضحك بصوت خافت
2- Firmly(Adv)	Strongly and clearly	بقوة _ بشدة
3- Fleet (N)	A group of boats belonging to one company	أسطول
4-Retire(V)	To stop working, (usually because you are at a certain age)	يتقاعد

(firmly /	fleet	/ retires /	chuckled)
-----------	-------	-------------	-----------

1) My father will set up his own business after he
2) My friend's father is a wealthy man . He has aof boats.
3) Instructions should be given
4) My neighbourwhen I told him that I lost my way home.
SET BOOK QUESTIONS
1) What would you do if you were a millionaire?
2) What can people do after retirement?
3)In your own point of view , what makes a person happy and satisfied in life?
4) Which is more important, stories that entertain or that have a moral message, why?
······································

Unit 10 -Lesson 4, 5& 6

Word	Meaning	Translation
1- Border(N)	A line separating two geographical areas, especially countries.	
2- Drop off (V)	To transport and leave someone somewhere.	
3- Pick up (V)	To go somewhere to collect someone, in one's car	
4- Register(V)	To enter your name and details on an official list	
5- Re-load (V)	To load something again	
6- Set off (V)	To begin a journey	
7- Smuggle (V)	To take goods from one country to another illegally	
8- Sudden (Adj)	Done quickly without warning	
9- Touch down	To make contact with the ground in landing	
10-Turn up (V)	To arrive somewhere, esp. when you are expected there.	

Fill in the spaces with words from the list

/ L		/ 4	4 11		- CC /	1 1	/4	/	register/	/1 -1 /	/ • _ 1	/-1	_ CC)
ιr	Mraer/en	niiooie/ i	tauch a	nwn /cer	ATT /PA.	.inan	/fiirnea	m /	regicter/	sunnen/	nick iin	/aran	ATT !
\ L	or acrisi	nuzzic/ (wuch u	U W II / SCL	VII / I C	TVau /	tuintu	uv'	I CZISICI/	Suuucii	DICK UD	/UI UD	VII

10) When I went in my friend's car, I asked him to.......meat the nearest bus station.

Gramr	nar	ADVERBS OF MAN	NER
Thoose the right Option			
1. She planned their trip to			
a- carefully	b- careful	c- more careful	d- most careful
2. Jim painted the kitchen			
	b- badly	c- more bad	d- most bad
3. She speaks verya- most quiet	b- more quiet	c- quietly	d- quiet
4. Turn the stereo down. I	t's too	_•	4
	b- loudly		d- most loud
5. He skipped	down the road to b- most happy		d hanny
a- more nappy			d- happy
	PHRASAL		
Fill in the spaces with	Thrasal verbs fi	rom the list :	
later our plane (3)	to meet us at (6)us	Madrid Airport, so we c	alled a taxi. Ten
	Used	to	
Choose the right optio	<u>n :</u>		
1- When I was a child I	go	swimming in the lake.	
a- used to	b- use to	c- am used to	d- get used to
-		at six every morning.	
	-	c- am used to getti	ng up d- getting up
3- I used to			1
a- Wears Do as shown :	b- wearing	c- wore	d- wear
1- She used to wear	a school uniform.	(Cha	nge into negative)
		in the past. (Form a Qu	
		vas young . (For	

<u>Unit 10 -Lesson 7&8</u>

Word	Definition	Meaning
1- Crazily (Adv)	To a great degree	
2- Dreadful (Adj.)	Very bad	
3- Emotive (Adj.)	Making people have strong feelings	
4- Knock off (Ph. v.)	To fall off after a collision	
5- Monotonous (Adj.)	Dull, tedious and repetitious	
6- Overtake (V)	To catch up with and pass while	
	travelling in the same direction	
7- Recuperate (V)	To recover from illness or exertion	
8- Stacks of (N)	A pile of objects, typically one that is	
	neatly	
	Arranged	

Fill in the spaces with words from the list

overtake / crazily / dreadful / emotive / knocked off / recuperate/ stacks of / monotonous
1) It took me two weeks toafter I broke my leg.
2) Do you usually work with these books in front of you.
3) Mike's arm was broken when a carhimhim
4) It's dangerous toround a bend.
5) Some works are They make us feel bored.
6) Yesterday, I was fed up because the traffic was
7) His speech wasso people sympathized with him.
8) My father shouted at mewhen I threw water on the laptop.

SET BOOK QUESTIONS

2nd Term

What are the causes of road accidents?		
Translation		
<u>Translate into English:</u>		
	1- ماذا تعرف عن لقمان وحكمته؟	
ىن عند الله وذكر اسمه في القران الكريم.	2- لقمان لم يكن نبياً ولكن أوتي الحكمة ه	
ضع و ضبط النفس	3- أعطى لقمان لأبنه عدة نصائح مثل التواه	
ن نراعيها مثل احترام الآخرين.	4- هناك الكثير من الفضائل التي يجب علينا أ	

Unit 11 Messages

Lessons 1&2

Word	Definition	Meaning
1- asap(expression)	As soon as possible	
2- colleague(n)	A person with whom one works ,especially in business or profession	
3- current(n)	A body of water or air moving in a definite direction	
4- impromptu(adj)	Done without being planned, organized or rehearsed	
5- rearrange(v)	To change the position, time or order of something	
6- starvation(n)	lack of food	
7- unreliable(adj)	Irresponsible, untrustworthy	
8- urgent(adj)	Requiring immediate action or attention	
9- well-sealed(adj)	closed very securely	

Fill in the spaces with words from the list

{ current / unreliable / asap / well-sealed / impromptu / starvation }

1- They passed electric to the machine to test it.
2- The boss ordered, 'I want two good engines down here'
3- Make sure that the bottles are before distributing them.
4- It's embarrassing to be asked to give a/anspeech on a certain occasion
5- Some internet websites areWe sould never trust them.
6- Millions of poor people face because of shortage of food.

Choose the co	rrect answer from	<u>a, b, c and d:</u>		
1 a- Emotive			draught that hit African part d- Portable	S.
	b- colleagues	at work advised me c- currents	to stop smoking. d- tones	
	urned, she found the b- activated		all her furniture. d- registered	
	Se	et-book questions		
1- People send	messages for many	reasons. What are	they?	
2- Well-sealed l Mention them.	oottles were used a	s a means to send n	nessages for many reasons.	
3- There are di	fferent ways of sen	ding messages now	and in the past. Mention s	ome.

Lesson 3

Word	Definition	Meaning
1- fasten (v)	To fix or join securely	
2- homing(adj.)	Relating to an animal's ability to fly home from a great distance	
3- illegally(adv)	Against the law	
4- instinct(n)	a natural or intuitive way of behaving	

Fill in the spaces with words from the list

(fastened / homing / illegally / instinct)
e trained to return home from a great distance are calledpig

<u>Set-book questions</u>		
4- Cats possess a natural hunting		
3- Make sure the lid is tightly		
2- Pigeons were used to smuggle diamonds to other countries.		
1. Pigeons that are trained to return home from a great distance are calledpigeons.		

Lessons 4, 5 & 6

Word	Definition	Meaning
1- activate(v)	to make something active and able to operate	
2- band(n)	The wave length of a radio or digital signal	
3- conference call(n)	A linking of several telephones so that people in different places can speak.	
4- deadline(n)	the latest time or date by which something should be completed	
5- flash(v)	To shine a bright light on and off.	
6- frequency(n)	The wavelength of a radio or digital signal	
7- Handy(adj)	Convenient to handle or use; useful	
8- Harmony(n)	Agreement or concord	
9- Hassle(n)	irritating inconvenience	
10- portable(adj)	easily carried	
11- Slide(v)	To move smoothly over a surface	
12- unlock(v)	To make a phone accessible to the user	
13- upgrade(v)	To raise something to a higher standard	

From a, b, c and d choose the correct answer:

1-You must wear	r your seat belt to	o avoid the	road acc	idents.
a-hassle	b-band	c-frequency	d-colleague	
_	•	and I want to me	et the d-band	tomorrow
3-Your desk top	computer looks s	so old that it need	s to be	
a-rearranged	b-replaced	c-upgraded	d-exchanged	

2-A SIM card is regarded as a mini hard disk because

Lesson 6

Passive voice

Change the following into passive:
1- Rachel will give you some advice.
2- Our neighbour gave me a lift.
3- They transport oranges from Valencia to Germany in special crates.
4- They are sending the parcel by sea.
5- They didn't punish him for what he did.
6- Somebody is building a hut in that hill.
7- The children gave Mrs. Paterson a lovely birthday card.
8- They will award Samuel a scholarship.
9- They have given Peter a good piece of advice.
10- They should tell us the truth.
11- The gardener is watering the flowers .
12- They are planting trees all over Kuwait.
Change the following sentences into active :
1- The car was repaired by the mechanic.
2- The exercise has been done.
3- The match is being played now.
4- The meal is prepared for five persons.
5- You'll be given a present if you succeed.

Causative Verbs(present – pat – future)

Change into Causative

1- I couldn't repair my computer myself.
2- We didn't build our own house .
3- People don't service their cars themselves.
4- She didn't make the dress herself.
5- He isn't going to take his own photo.
6- We didn't cut down the trees in our garden ourselves.
7- My father doesn't clean his car himself.
<u>Take & Make</u>
Correct the underlined words
1- He made the money and ran away.
2- They <u>made</u> a taxi and went to the airport.
3- We will not <u>take</u> the conference next Sunday.
4- The boss took me do the job in the weekend.
Choose either make or take:
1- This machine is (took – made) in France.
2- I can't (take- make) all these bags in one hand.
3- How much do you (take – make) a week?
4- (Take – Make) this pill and you will be fine.

Lessons 7&8

Word	Definition	meaning		
1- alarm(v)	to cause someone to feel frightened, disturbed or in danger			
2- answer phone(n) Another term for Answer machine				
3- briefly(adv)	adv) Of short duration			
4- confident(adj)	Feeling assured about something			
5- next of kin(n)	A person's closest living relative			
6- ring(n)	An informal term for a telephone call			
7- tone(n)	A musical note or sound used as a particular signal on a telephone or answering machine			
8- tutor(n)	A private teacher, typically one who teaches a single student or a very small group			

briefly / ring / tutor / next of kin

•	w thisworl b- answerphone	ks? c- tutor	d- conference
5	1 1	I have no time to waste. c- confidently	d- briefly
2-Tom keeps some a- alarm	_	him in case of any dar	_
1-All Muslims know a- unreliable	9	n in Allah makes people feel c- confident	
Choose the correc	t answer from a, b, c an	<u>ıd d:</u>	
4- you need to answ	ver the questions	, don't give details.	
3- He is my dearest	and nearest. Actually, he	s my	
2-I think your child	needs a good	, he is a low achiever	·.
1-What a strange	tone of your	mobile phone!	

Set-book questions

some people. W	
(wnat are	e the benefits of e-mail and phone text messages)
	against the new language which developed because of the
=	messages. Why?
	<u>Translation</u>
<u>Translate into E</u>	nglish:
<u>Translate into E</u>	nglish: لماذا يتبادل الناس الرسائل النصية على المحمول أو عن طريق البريد الإلكتروني؟
<u>Translate into E</u>	
Translate into E	

Lesson 1&2

	Word	Definition	Meaning
1	aviation n. 🗷	The flying or operating of an aircraft	
2	coincide with v .	To happen at the same time as something else, especially by chance	
3	exemplary adj. 🗷	Excellent, providing a good example to others	
4	gliding n. 🗷	The sport of flying in a light engineless aircraft	
5	instructor n. 🗷	A person who teaches something	
6	intensely adv. 🗷	Strongly, in a high degree	
7	notably adv. 🗷	Especially, in particular	

Fill in the spaces with words from the list:

(exemplary, aviation, gliding, intensely, coincide with, instructor, notably)

Set Book Questions

1- What are the advantages and disadvantages of working as a pilot?
2-What are the qualities and skills do you need to achieve your goals?
3- What are the skills needed to be a pilot? (To become a pilot you should)
4- What dangers might pilots face while flying by plane?
5- What problems might passengers face while travelling by plane?
6-What is interesting about being a pilot(flying a plane)?

Lesson 3

	Word	Definition	Meaning
1	Biplane n. &	An early type of plane with two pairs of wings	
2	landmark n. €	A feature of a landscape or town that is easily seen and recognized from a distance	
3	Plague v. 🗷	To cause continual trouble or distress to a group of people	
4	prejudicial adj. 🗷	Having a bad effect on something	
5	Rusty adj. 🗷	(of a metal object) covered in reddish – brown substance mostly formed when iron gets wet	
6	transcontinental adj. z	Crossing a continent, especially a transport route	

Fill in the spaces with words from the list

(plagued / transcontinental / landmark / prejudicial / rusty / biplane)

1- Kuwait towers is the most familiar to foreigners.
2- Her business was by some financial problems last year.
3- This project is to our company. I am not ready to take a risk.
4- This nail isyou should use a new one.
5- A is an old-fashioned type of airplane.
6- Therailway goes from New York in the east to San Francisco in the west.
<u>Set Book Questions</u>
In what way has air travel changed the way people live ?

Lesson 4&5

	Word	Definition	Meaning
1	acclaimed adj.	Highly praised	
2	attendant n. €	A person who provides a service to the public	
3	cabin n. 🗷	The area for passengers on an aircraft	
4	confrontational adj. 🗷	Likely to seek argument or disagreements	
5	corporation n .	A big company or a group of companies	
6	courteously <i>adv</i> .	Said or done in a polite manner	
	expression <i>n</i> .	The look on someone's face that shows a particular emotion	
7	mumble v. 🗷	Say something quietly, making it too difficult for others to hear	
8	resemble v .	To look or seem like	
9	stern adj. 🗷	Serious and unrelenting	
10	stunned adj. 🗷	Astonished or shocked	

Fill in the spaces with words from the list:

(courteously / stern / acclaimed / resembles / mumble / stunned)

1- Monalisa is a highly piece of art .				
2- The receptionist deals with the guests.				
3- Don't if you want to say something, say it loudly.				
4- The girl her mother closely.				
5-I think my teacher has a/anpersonality.				
6- Everyone in the theatre was by her performances. It was the best show I've ever seen.				
(cabin – expression – corporation – attendant)				
1-In the future, I'd like to be a flight				
2- He sat quietly in the First Class,he looked relaxed and pleased with the service				
3- She didn't want to work for a big,she wanted to have a personal business.				
4- His facialshows his inner feelings.				

Grammar

Correct the u	<u>ınderlined</u>	Structure Con	<u>iditional if</u>
		nim about the par	ty.
2-If Maha stud	<u>y</u> hard last yea	r, she <u>will succe</u>	
3-If I be in Egy	pt , I <u>visit</u> the	pyramids.	
4- If he hadn't b			
•		etrol, I wouldn't l	nave taken a taxi.
	ė	Phrasal verbs	with take
Complete ser	ntences with th	ne correct part o	of a phrasal verb with <i>take</i> .
1- When I have	more time, I'ı	n going totake	tennis.
b- up	b- off	c- after	d- out
2- Mohammed	takes	his father.	They're both very good at maths.
a- up	b- off	c- after	d- out
3- A big corpor	ration is trying	to take	our family business.
a- up	b- off	c- after	d- over
4- Our plane of	couldn't take		on time because of strong winds.
a- up	b- off	c- after	d- out
5- We eventual	ly took	at 11	am and arrived in Venice at 1.30.pm.
a- up	b- off	c- after	d- over
6- He did not v	want to take	a co	mpetitive sport, he prefers an individual sport

d- out

c- after

b- off

a- up

RELATIVE CLAUSES (Relative Pronouns)

CHUNNE LIE HELL WILLIAM	Choose	the	right	option:
-------------------------	--------	-----	-------	---------

1. He is the person-		car was stolen.	
a) who	b) whose	c)which	d)when
? Sha is the new de	octor	is coming to the	hospital next week.
a) who	b) whose	c)which	d)when
3. She is the iournal	list	article was on the f	ront page.
-			
a) who	b) whose	c)which	d)when
4. This is the chair-	my pa	rents gave to me.	
a) who	b) whose	c)which	d)when
5. We visited the sc	hoolmy	father taught.	
a) who	b) whose	c)where	d)when
6. I met her last mo	nthshe can	ne to our school.	
a) who	b) whose	c)where	d)when
7. Did they tell you	the reason	they were late?	
a) who	b) why	c)where	d)when

Lesson 7&8

	Word	Definition	Meaning
1	altitude <i>n</i> . 🗷	The height of a plane in relation to sea level	
2	aviate v. 🗷	To pilot or fly an aeroplane	
3	baby carriage n. 🗷	A four - wheeled carriage for a baby, pushed by a person on foot	
4	buzzing adj. 🗷	Low, continuous humming or murmuring	
5	control n. 🗷	The switch by which a machine is operated	
6	copilot n. 🗷	A second pilot in an aeroplane, assisting the pilot	
7	custom-built adj. 🗷	(Of a product)Made for a customer's special order	
8	endeavour v. 🗷	To try or attempt	
9	eyewitness n. &	A person who has seen something happen and so can give a first- hand description of it	
10	fog n. 🗷	Thick cloud which is hard to see through	
11	headline n. 🗷	A heading at the top of an article or page in a newspaper or a magazine	
12	incident n. 🗷	An unusual event , especially one that is unusual.	
13	radar n. 🗷	A system for detecting the speed and position of aircrafts	
14	velocity n. 🗷	The speed of something in a given direction	
15	voice activated <i>adj</i>	(Of a device) which can be controlled by voice	

Fill in the spaces from the list:

(endeavour, voice-activated, altitude, incident, headline, buzzing, velocity)
1- The plane crashed because it was at a higher than it should have been.
3- I was just listening to the radio announcer who was describing the of the crime.
4- I think the news of his death is going to be the in all news papers.
5- I don't know how we can calculate theof light.
6- That phone has a dialing.
Fill in the spaces from the list:
(custom- built \eyewitness \ baby carriage\ velocity - co-pilot \ radar \ fog \ aviate)
1- Thickhas frightened me, the road got darker and the vision was not clear.
2- Theof an aircraft is a pilot who assists the chief pilot.
3- These are products. They are designed for particular persons in high cost
4- The captain was able tothe plane with great skill in spite of the storm.
5- We bought her abecause she was about to have her first child.
6- The accurate description of thehelped the police to catch the thief.
7. They located the ship by
Set book Questions
Man can achieve success in his life whatever his ability. In your view, how can man achieve success in life.
<u>Focus on</u>
Set book Questions
Why do you think Ahmed Meshari Al-Adwani is a good example as a famous Kuwaiti character?

2nd Term

Translate the following into good English:
1. كيف يستطيع طيار أعمى أن يقود طائرة ؟
2. إنها طائرة مزودة بحاسوب خاص يحسب الارتفاع والسرعة وموقع الطائرة.
3- ساهم أحمد مشاري العدواني في جعل الكويت عاصمةً ثقافية واجتماعية وفنية في الشرق الأوسط.
4- ساهم العدواني في بناء معرض الفنون الجميلة وقسم الثقافة الموسيقية.
5- من أفضل الأعمال التي قدمها أحمد مشاري العدواني هي نشيد الكويت الوطني والذي أذيع يوم 25 فبراير عام 1978.
 6- من مزايا مهنة الطيار السفر إلى دول عديدة و عمل صداقات عديدة و تعلم ثقافات و عادات مختلفة.
7- يواجه الطيارين مشاكل عديدة منها التقلبات الجوية و أعطال ميكانيكية ونفاذ الوقود.

LANGUAGE FUNCTIONS

Write What you would say in the following situations: 1-One of your friends says that oil isn't a finite resource. 2-You predict bad weather for tomorrow. 3-One of your friend's relatives has died in an accident. 4- Your friend wants to diminish the amount of energy used in his car. 5- In a cafe, the waitress is carrying a tray full of food and is about to empty the tray over you. 6- Someone says that the computer is said to be the worst machine ever produced. 7. A friend asks you if you'd rather live in Cairo. 8-It's windy outside and your friend wants to go for a walk. 9-Your teacher said something that you didn't hear well. 10-You can't deal with your new ipad, seek your brother's recommendation. 11-You ask your sister to make a new e-mail for her. 12- Your friend has a terrible stomach-ache. 13-You had a meal at a restaurant. A friend of yours asked you if you had enjoyed it.

.....

18 -Your brother thinks he will never be able to write or read English well.

17- Your friend always makes the class desk dirty by writing and drawing funny things.

.....

14-Your mother is very angry because you didn't wake up easily to go to school.

15- Your sister is not sure about what to wear in her party.

16 -You can't reach the glass of water at the far end of the table.

Persuasive Writing

A persuasive essay is used to convince a reader about a particular idea or focus, usually one that you believe in. Your persuasive essay could be based on anything about which you have an opinion or that you can make a clear argument about.

Seme Persuasive Topics for you to practice:

- Students should have less homework.
- Kids should be able to vote.
- Country life is better than city life.
- City life is better than country life.
- We should provide food for the poor.
- Children should be required to read more.
- All students should be given the opportunity to study abroad.
- Cell phones should never be used while driving.
- All schools should implement bullying awareness programs.
- Bullies should be kicked out of school.
- The school year should be longer.
- The school year should be shorter.
- Kids under 15 shouldn't have Facebook pages.
- Teachers should be paid more.
- There should be one world currency.
- Parents should talk to kids about drugs at a young age.
- Free speech should have limitations.
- Nuclearpower should be illegal.

Useful Words and Phrases for Top-Essays

In other words /To put it another way / That is to say / To that end

/ What's more "moreover" "furthermore".

/ Likewise / Similarly

if Another key thing to remember / As well as / Not only... but also / Coupled with / Firstly, secondly, thirdly... / Not to mention/to say nothing of / With this in mind / In view of/in light of / To give an illustration / In addition

/ All in all it is now clear that /To summarize / Finally

Com position Persuasive

Scientists are looking for alternative sources of energy.

Write an essay of 4 paragraphs (12 sentences- 140 words) persuading people around you of the benefits and the reasons for using alternative sources of energy and the new ways to reduce the energy used nowadays.

Writing outline

Introduction:	
Body 1:	•
	•
	•
	•
	•
Body 2:	•
	•
	•
	•
	•
	•
Conclusion:	•
	•
	•
	•
	•
	•

2nd Term

Grade 10

Composition Unit 8

Nowadays more youngsters are increasingly dependent on their cell phones, video and computer games, and social networking websites.

Plan and write an essay of 4 paragraphs (12 sentences- 140 words) in which you convince and warn teenagers of the adverse effects of the addiction of using modern technology on their health, school results and social relationships.

Writing outline

Introduction:
Body 1:
Body 2:
Conclusion:

2nd Term

Grade 10

Composition Unit 9

Money makes the world go round. Nobody can live without it. Write an essay of 4 paragraphs (12 sentences - 140 words) **Persuading young people to keep money and spend it carefully.** Also, not to spend money on things they don't really need.

Writing outline

Introduction:
Body 1:
Body 2:
Conclusion:

2nd Term

Grade 10

Composition

By telling stories to children, we give them the tools to wisdom. Write an essay of 4 paragraphs (12 sentences 140 words) telling your young siblings about **the types of stories**, their benefits and give an example of a religious story.

2nd Term

Writing outline

Introduction:
Body 1:
Body 2:
Conclusion:

2nd Term

Grade 10

Composition

In an essay of about (12 sentences 140 words) tell your friends about the benefits of sending messages, the different ways of sending messages now and why communication via the internet is preferable to other ways of communication by people.

Writing outline **Introduction:** Body 1: Body 2: **Conclusion:**

2nd Term

Grade 10

Composition

Your brother wants to work as a pilot. Write an essay of 4 paragraphs (12 sentences 140 words) telling him disadvantages of working as a pilot and the dangers he faces convincing him to choose another career.

Writing outline

Introduction:
Body 1:
Body 2:
Conclusion:

2nd Term

Grade 10

Reading Comprehension Passage 1

Read the following passage carefully, then answer the question below:

Nelson Mandela was South Africa's first black president. He died on December 5, 2013. He was 95. Mandela was born in 1918. He was the son of a tribal chief. At that time, most of Africa was under European rule. Mandela moved to Johannesburg in 1940. There, he did many things. He worked as a policeman. He was also a boxer, and he studied law. In 1944, he started working against apartheid as a political activist. Apartheid laws kept people apart by race

In 1952, Mandela asked people to break laws that segregated schools, marriage, housing, and jobs. The government told Mandela to stop causing trouble. But Mandela did not follow the <u>orders</u>. In 1962, he was arrested. He was sent to prison for five years. A year later, police found that Mandela had been making plans against the government. In 1964, <u>he</u> was found guilty of treason. He was sentenced to life in prison.

Mandela called his years in jail the "long, lonely, wasted years." But while he was there, people around the world learned about apartheid. By the time, Mandela turned 70, he was **famous**. In 1989, F.W. de Klerk became the president of South Africa. De Klerk saw that the end of apartheid was near. He let Mandela out of prison. On February 11,1990, Mandela went free. People across the country were filled with joy. Mandela became an icon of freedom.

Mandela continued to work against apartheid. He shared the 1993 Nobel Peace Prize with de Klerk for his work. One year later, Mandela was voted president in South Africa's first all-race election. Mandela was president until 1999. He stepped down at age 80. For many, Mandela's death was sad news. "We've lost our greatest son," said South African President Jacob Zuma." Before his death, Mandela said: "I would like to be remembered not as anyone unique or special, but as part of a great team in this country that has struggled for many years, for decades and even centuries," he said. "The greatest glory of living lies not in never falling, but in rising every time you fall."

A) Choose the correct answer from a. b. c and d:

- 1- The main idea of the passage is:
- a- The police in South Africa
- b- South Africa's first black president
- c- The 1993 Nobel Peace Prize
- d- Africa under European rule

a- Mandela

- 2- The underlined word" **he"** in the 2nd paragraph refers to
- 3- The underlined word <u>orders</u> in the 2nd paragraph means:

b- police

a- Directions b- Reasons c- lessons d- predictions

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c- treason

d- the government

8- Mandela granted the noble prize because

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a- renowned

a- he became the president

c- he was in prison d- he was the first black president

Summary Making 1

In Four sentences, explain what Carol Bergman thinks is important in preparing reading materials for black pupils.

Helping black teenagers to read

There have been substantial numbers of black children in Britain's secondary schools for many years now, but most of the reading material available to them is still directed at the white majority. Carol Bergman, a young American who taught remedial reading classes for the Inner London Education Authority from 1968 until last year, believes that the lack of material to appeal directly to black students is part of the reason many of them need remedial reading at secondary level. To solve this problem, she published books that the heroes are black to boost them to read. In addition, She suggested hiring the black in good positions because there is much higher unemployment among black school-leavers than white. It doesn't help to lie about the fact that there is discrimination. In her opinion, black kids should learn to read side by side with the white. This will help them read and go on further education. They must be awarded if they deserve so.

Reading Comprehension Passage 1

Read the following passage carefully, then answer the question below:

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Most children in poor countries don't have enough food to eat. They don't have the fancy clothes, toys and other things that children of more developed countries have. Instead of going to school to gain a good education, children in underdeveloped countries set out to work from as young as four or five years old. By the age of twelve, most of them are given the responsibilities of looking after and supporting their parents who are often weak from hunger and ill health.

Deprived of any form of education from such a young age, these underprivileged children are forced to take up illegal odd jobs which often have hazardous and unsuitable working conditions. Since it is illegal for young children to work, the corporations or factories that do hire these children hide them away from the main working areas. They trap children for long stretches of time in dark and dirty rooms. In India, for example, there are children who work in factories which manufacture matches. The working hours in these factories are long and the work is tedious, but what is most significant is that such factories are potential fire hazards. Not only do these children risk their lives by working, but they are also exploited as they are paid minimal wages.

The United Nations encouraged countries to prohibit the import of products made by children under the age of 15. We may think such measures will stop the problem of child **exploitation**, but the truth is they may lead to other problems. Even though the garment factories may be exploiting children by paying them low salaries, they do nevertheless provide them with a more or less safe working environment and proper jobs. Dismissing children from work does not necessarily mean that children will no longer work. In fact, they may end up in the hands of drug pushers or other criminals and lead a life of vice selling drugs or steal for a living.

Choose the best completion from a. b. c and d:

- 1- The best title for this passage is
 - a- The problems of poor countries
 - c- Working children in poor countries.
- 2- The underlined word (**They**) refers to
 - a- children in poor countries
 - c- illegal odd jobs.
- 3- The underlined word (**exploitation**) refers to
 - a- importing products
 - c- providing safe environment

- b- Lack of jobs in poor countries
- d- Good education for children.
- **b-** factories in poor countries
- d- dark and dirty rooms
- b- having good education
- d- misusing children in poor countries

- 4- Dismissing children from work may lead them to
 - a- sell drugs or steal

b- have safe working environment,

c- have enough to eat.

- d- stop the problem of children work.
- 5- The United Nations try to solve the problem of exploiting children by encouraging countries to
 - a- stop importing products made by children
- b- import products made by children

c- Dismiss children from work

- d- hire kids to increase products
- 7- Which of the following statements is **not True** about the passage :
 - a- Factories try to exploit children in poor countries.
 - b- Children arc trapped for in dark and dirty rooms.
 - c- Children are paid minimal wages.
 - d- Children should work and learn at the same time
- 8- The main idea of the last paragraph is to
 - a- stop the problem of child exploitation

b- give more money for kids

c- minimize the working hours of kids

d- solve kids problems at work

Summary Making

In Four sentences of your own summarize the following passage in answer to the following question:

How is coffee processed?

The coffee plant, an evergreen shrub or small tree of African origin, begins to produce fruit 3 or
4 years after being planted. The fruit is hand-gathered when it is fully ripe and a reddish purple
in colour. The ripened fruits of the coffee shrubs are processed where they are produced to
separate the coffee seeds from their covering and from the pulp. Two different techniques are
in use: a wet process and a dry process. The wet process First the fresh fruit is pulped by a
pulping machine. Some pulp still clings to the coffee, however, and this residue is removed by
fermentation in tanks. The few remaining traces of pulp are then removed by washing. The
coffee seeds are then dried to a moisture content of about 12 per cent either by exposure to the
sun or by hot-air driers. If dried in the sun, they must be turned by hand several times a day for
even drying.