

# Dazzling



## Grade10

### HHHD

### 2018-2019

### Second Term

منطقة حوي التعليمية

ثانوية ناصر عبد المحسن السعيد بنين

قسم اللغة الإنجليزية

### HOD

أ. هشام السخاوي

## Grade 10-Module 3 Power

### MODULE 3 (SB PAGES ; 55 - 76)

#### Sources of Energy

Non-  
renewable  
sources  
(Fossil fuels)

Renewable  
sources  
(Alternative  
energy  
sources)

Oil

coal

Natural  
gas

Sun  
(solar  
power)

water

wind

#### advantages

generating electricity - making petrol for cars- operating machines - heating - making diesel for buses

#### Disadvantages

- finite - causes pollution - harms the environment - destroys animals' natural habitat

#### Advantages

Clean - green - renewable- free- not polluted

#### Disadvantages

- **Solar Power** can't be collected at night  
- can't be collected when it is cloudy  
- solar panels are expensive

- **Wind Power** needs large space  
- dangerous for birds  
- destroys the beauty of fields

- **Wave Power** is dangerous for fish and ships  
- puts tourists off





## Unit 7 introduction (Power the alternatives)

**"The future of our children, the future of our planet is in our hand. That's why energy matters."**

There are different types of energy resources. They go into two groups, which are **Non-renewable** and **Renewable**.

**NON-RENEWABLE ENERGY SOURCES** (fossil fuels) Once are consumed, they cannot be replaced while, **RENEWABLE ENERGY SOURCES** (Alternative Sources) can be used again and again.

Oil, coal and natural gas are **NON-RENEWABLE ENERGY SOURCES (fossil fuels)**. **Oil** is formed deep under the ground. It is used for making petrol, plastic and tar. It is also used for generating electricity. Unfortunately, oil, like all fossil fuels, is finite. It causes too much pollution and harms the environment. Moreover, drilling for oil causes destruction to animals' natural habitat. As a result, it is very important for governments to invest new technologies to provide energy.

**What is ALTERNATIVE ENERGY?** Alternative energy is power that comes from sources which are not going to run out, do not pollute as much as fossil fuels. Electric energy that is generated from the sun (solar), the wind, the ocean (waves, currents or tides) is considered renewable energy.

**Solar Power** is available at no cost, and will be available to generate energy tomorrow and for millions of years to come. **Wind Power** is used to generate electricity. These days, very large wind farms provide an efficient amount of electricity. **Wave Power** is as well used to generate electricity. Turbines under water are utilised to make use of the power of water current. **The farming industry**, among other industries, is using corn and other plants as a biomass alternative energy source that can be put into the gas tanks of cars and trucks to replace earth-damaging fossil fuels.

There are so many **advantages** of **alternative energy**. Alternative energy sources are renewable. They are non toxic. This means that they do not emit harmful chemicals into the atmosphere. Alternative energy sources are available everywhere and can be put to use at any location. They are sustainable sources of energy. These sources of energy do not cause pollution. These sources reduce the dependence on oil or coal for the energy needs.

On the other hand, there are some **demerits** of **alternative sources of energy**. The production of alternative sources of energy is expensive in the beginning. It is difficult to make a lot of energy in a short period of time. Wind turbines cause noise pollution and may even kill or injure birds. Wave machines could be dangerous for ships and fish. They also put tourists off. Solar power cannot be collected at night or when it cloudy.

Finally, with a number of advantages, alternative sources of energy can be used to meet the growing needs of energy across the world.

Lessons 1/2Vocabulary

Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning
1- crude oil (n.)	نفت خام	5- fractional distillation (n.)	التقطير الجزئي
2- entirely (adv.)	كلياً	6- polymer (n.)	مركب كيميائي
3- finite (adj.)	منتهى - محدود	7- refining (n.)	تكرير تنقية
4- fossil fuel (n.)	الوقود الحفري		

Choose the best answer from a, b, c, and d :

- 1- Greenhouse gases generated by burning ..... are the main causes of global warming.  
 a. fractional distillation      b. fossil fuels      c. refining      d. polymer
- 2- Plastic is originally produced from .....  
 a. fractional distillation      b. fossil fuels      c. crude oil      d. polymer
- 3- Man should be wise in using the Earth's natural resources because they are .....  
 a- irreversible      b- strong      c- invisible      d- finite

Fill in the spaces with words from the list :

( refining / fractional distillation / finite / entirely / fossil fuel)

- 1- ..... crude oil is important to separate out the different elements, such as benzene.
- 2- Substances such as gas, coal, and oil, that were formed underground are called.....
- 3- I admit it was ..... my fault.
- 4- ..... is a process of separating different substances.

Set-Book Questions

1- The use of oil and fossil fuels is contributing to environmental damage and global warming. Discuss this statement.

.....

.....

.....

2- In your opinion, how can we protect the world's energy sources?

.....

.....



**3- Fractional distillation is a process by which oil is spilt into its different types. Mention some of these types.**

.....

.....

.....

**4- Imagine what would happen if the world continued to use oil at a constant rate?**

.....

.....

.....

**5- Why are Scientists developing sustainable fuels for use worldwide?  
(Why is it important for governments to invest in new technologies to provide energy?)**

.....

.....

.....

**6- Without oil life would be a different place. Explain.**

.....

.....

.....

**7- Drilling oil can have detrimental effects on the environment. Discuss.**

.....

.....

.....

**8- What are the consequences if the world's industry reduces its energy use?**

.....

.....

.....

**Lessons 3 / Vocabulary**

Word	Meaning
1- invisible (adj.)	غير مرئى
2- megawatt (n.)	وحدة قياس القدرة
3- resolve (v.)	يحل مشكلة
4- spoil (v.)	يفسد

**Fill in the spaces with words from the list :**

( megawatts / spoiled / resolved / invisible)

1-Ripe tomatoes cannot normally be trucked long distances because they can be ..... quickly.

2- These bacteria are ..... unless viewed with a microscope.

3-Mobile phones' ability to communicate with unseen, distant people using ..... radio waves is almost magical.

4-He .....his financial problems by taking a loan from the bank.

**Set-Book Questions**

What are the advantages and disadvantages of natural sources of energy like Wind power, Wave power and Solar energy?

	<u>Disadvantages :</u>	<u>Advantages:</u>
Wind power	..... ..... .....	..... ..... .....
Wave power	..... ..... .....	..... ..... .....
Solar energy?	..... ..... .....	..... ..... .....



Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning
1- actually (adv.)	حقاً- فعلاً	5- last (v.)	يستمر – يدوم
2- appliance (n.)	جهاز	6- motoring (n.)	قيادة السيارات
3- breakdown (n.)	تعطل	7- strong (adj.)	قوي
4- generate (v.)	يولد طاقة		

**Fill in the spaces with words from the list :**

( lasted - breakdown - generate - strong - appliances - actually - motoring )

- 1- The hot weather .....for the whole month of June.
- 2- The rice that we eat is .....a grain that is found inside the seed hull .
- 3- Scientists predict that..... storms will become more frequent as the climate changes.
- 4- The flowing water is used to operate turbines, which .....electricity.
- 5- I was late for work because I had a .....in the middle of the road.
- 6- Phillips is one of the world's largest producer of household .....
- 7- It was the first time he'd paid a ..... fine.

**Strong & Heavy**

**Complete the sentences using (strong) or (heavy) :**

- 1 - Some people don't drink .....coffee at night because it stops them from sleeping.
- 2- It took him two hours to drive there because of the.....traffic.
- 3- To play football at night, you need very .....lights.
- 4- The boat sailed quickly because of the .....wind.
- 5- My father is a .....smoker, but he's trying hard to quit.
- 6- The company is in a very .....position to compete with the new one.

**Homework**

**Complete the sentences using (strong) or (heavy) :**

- 1 - My uncle broke his leg when he suffered a.....fall.
- 2 - There is a .....smell of curry coming from the kitchen.
- 3- The newspaper reports.....fighting in central Africa.
- 4- Building houses is .....work.
- 5- I think it's going to rain very soon because I saw .....clouds in the sky.

**Grammar**  
**If Conditional**

**Zero Conditional**

**Do as required in brackets:**

- 1- Water freeze if the temperature falls below zero. ( Correct the Underlined )  
.....
- 2- If you select reverse gear, .....( Complete )  
.....
- 3- The machine not work if it doesn't have enough oil. ( Correct the Underlined )  
.....
- 4- If you heat water to 100 c, .....( Complete )  
.....

**Type 1**

**Choose the best option:**

- 1- If he buys that car, it.....him much.  
a- would have cost      b- will cost      c- would cost      d- cost
- 2- If the weather .....warm , we'll go to the sea .  
a- is      b- was      c- were      d- be
- 3- If you don't pay the money, you .....to jail.  
a- Would have gone      b- will go      c- would go      d- could go
- 4- His teeth will become bad if he .....much sweets .  
a- had eaten      b- eating      c- eats      d- ate
- 5- The neighbours.....if the dog keeps barking .  
a- could complain      b- will complain      c- would complain      d- complain

**Type 2**

**Correct the underlined mistakes**

- 1- If he succeeded, he .....the university .  
a- could have joined      b- would join      c- will join      d- can join
- 2-You would meet them if you.....earlier.  
a- come      b- comes      c- came      d- coming
- 3- If I were a bird , I.....  
a- would have flown      b- will fly      c- would fly      d- can fly
- 4- If you.....to him , he would forgive you.  
a- apologize      b- apologizes      c- apologizing      d- apologized
- 5- She.....to the manager if she didn't like the food .  
a- would have tell      b- will tell      c- would tell      d- can tell



**Homework****Complete the following sentences:**

- 1 - If you put on a coat, you, .....
- 2 - If he's angry, .....
- 3 - If I saw a ghost, .....
- 4- The radio doesn't work if.....
- 5- If I were you,.....
- 6- If it is sunny,.....
- 7- ..... if she drives very fast.

**Lessons 7+8 / Vocabulary**

Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning
<b>asthma</b> (n.)	مرض الربو	<b>motorist</b> (n.)	قائد السيارة
<b>congestion</b> (n.)	ازدحام	<b>procure</b> (v.)	يحصل علي
<b>consult</b> (v.)	يستشير	<b>recently</b> (adv.)	مؤخراً - حديثاً
<b>diminish</b> (v.)	يقلل- يضعف	<b>self-employed</b> (adj.)	يعمل لحسابه الشخصي
<b>end up with</b> (Ph.v.)	ينتهي بـ	<b>smog</b> (n.)	مزيج من دخان وضباب
<b>government</b> (n.)	الحكومة	<b>squander</b> (v.)	يبدد- يسرف - يبذر
<b>hazardous</b> (adj.)	خطير	<b>waste</b> (n.)	تبيد   إضاعة
<b>irreversible</b> (adj.)	لا رجوع عنه		

**Fill in the spaces with words from the list**

( **self-employed - irreversible - recently - hazardous - diminish- congestion** )

1. Smoking is ..... to your health.
2. Fossil fuels have caused .....damage to the environment.
3. I have..... been trying to lose weight.
4. We will pay less tax if we are.....
5. We need to .....the amount of petrol we use in our cars.
6. A new high way opens later this week, promising to relieve traffic.....

**Choose the best answer from a , b , c , and d :**

- 1- The ..... should invest in new technology to provide energy .  
**a. government                      b. motorist                      c. asthma                      d. smog**
- 2- Studies have linked lung disease with air pollution, particularly.....  
**a. government                      b. motorist                      c. asthma                      d. smog**
- 3- A ..... was stopped by the police for exceeding the limited speed on the high way.  
**a. government                      b. motorist                      c. asthma                      d. smog**
- 4- You'd better ..... a financial adviser before you start a new company.  
**a. squander                      b. procure                      c. consult                      d. diminish**

5. He ..... all his money on gambling . He is really an irresponsible father.

- a. squandered                      b. procured                      c. consulted                      d. diminished

6. He tried hard but ..... a poor grade.

- a. squandered                      b. procure                      c. consulted                      d. ended up with

7. As fossil fuels are ....., we have to find other sources of energy.

- a. squandering                      b. procuring                      c. diminishing                      d. ending up with

8. She ..... an expensive diamond necklace from her husband on her birthday.

- a. squandered                      b. procured                      c. consulted                      d. diminished

### Set Book Questions

1- Using cars too much can lead to many health problems such as....

.....

.....

.....

2- There is too much road congestion in Kuwait. Mention the reasons & solutions?

.....

.....

.....

3- Suggest some practical ways for diminishing the amount of energy used in cars?

.....

.....

.....



## Persuasive Writing

A **persuasive essay** is used to convince a reader about a particular idea or focus, usually one that you believe in. Your **persuasive essay** could be based on anything about which you have an opinion or that you can make a clear argument about.

### Some Persuasive Topics for you to practice:

- 1- Students should have less homework.
- 2- Kids should be able to vote.
- 3- Country life is better than city life.
- 4- City life is better than country life.
- 5- We should provide food for the poor.
- 6- Children should be required to read more.
- 7- All students should be given the opportunity to study abroad.
- 8- Cell phones should never be used while driving.
- 9- All schools should implement bullying awareness programs.
- 10- Bullies should be kicked out of school.
- 11- The school year should be longer.
- 12- The school year should be shorter.
- 13- Kids under 15 shouldn't have Facebook pages.
- 14- Teachers should be paid more.
- 15- There should be one world currency.
- 16- Parents should talk to kids about drugs at a young age.
- 17- Free speech should have limitations.
- 18- Nuclear power should be illegal.

## Useful Words and Phrases for Top-Essays

- 🌀 *In other words*
- 🌀 *To put it another way*
- 🌀 *That is to say*
- 🌀 *To that end*
- 🌀 *What's more "moreover" "furthermore".*
- 🌀 *Likewise*
- 🌀 *Similarly*
- 🌀 *Another key thing to remember*
- 🌀 *As well as*
- 🌀 *Not only... but also*
- 🌀 *Coupled with*
- 🌀 *Firstly, secondly, thirdly...*
- 🌀 *Not to mention/to say nothing of*
- 🌀 *With this in mind*
- 🌀 *In view of/in light of*
- 🌀 *To give an illustration*
- 🌀 *In addition*
- 🌀 *All in all it is now clear that*
- 🌀 *To summarize*
- 🌀 *Finally*



 **Composition**

**Persuasive**

**Scientists are looking for alternative sources of energy.**

Write an essay of 4 paragraphs ( 12 sentences- 140 words) persuading people around you of the benefits and the reasons for using alternative sources of energy and the new ways to reduce the energy used nowadays.

 **Writing outline**

**Introduction:**

.....  
.....

**Body 1:**

.....  
.....  
.....  
.....

**Body 2:**

.....  
.....  
.....  
.....

**Conclusion:**

.....  
.....





**Translate from English into Arabic:**

١ - عملية التقطير الجزئي هي العملية التي يتم فيها فصل النفط الي عدة أنواع

.....

.....

٢ - هذا صحيح ، و يمكن أن تستخدم في عدة أغراض أيضاً

.....

.....

٣ - يجب علي الدول أن تبحث عن مصادر بديلة للطاقة مثل الطاقة الشمسية والطاقة المستمدة من الرياح.

.....

.....

٤ - إذا لم نعمل شيئاً لنوفر به الطاقة سينتهي بنا المطاف إلي مشاكل بيئية لا يمكن تغييرها .

.....

.....

٥ - بدون النفط سيكون العالم مكان مختلف جداً.

.....

.....

٦ - أنت محق تماماً ، و لن تجد اي منطقة في الحياة الحديثة لا تستخدم النفط بطريقة او باخري.

.....

.....

٧ - إذا قللنا من الاستخدام المفرط للسيارات فسوف نقلل من التلوث الذي يؤذي البيئه.

.....

.....

٨ - تحاول الدول حول العالم البحث عن مصادر جديدة للطاقة لتستبدل الوقود الأحفوري .

.....

.....



**Quiz Unit 7****Vocabulary**

**Choose the most suitable answers from a, b, c and d**

1☺ Some countries use nuclear power plants to ..... electricity.

- a) **spoil**                      b) **generate**                      c) **last**                      d) **diminish**

2☺ Working with chemicals is extremely .....

- a) **irreversible**      b) **hazardous**                      c) **finite**                      d) **strong**

3☺ The traffic .....gets worse during the morning hours.

- a) **motoring**                      b) **breakdown**                      c) **megawatt**                      d) **congestion**

4☺ Man should be wise in using the Earth's natural resources because they are.....

- a) **finite**                      b) **strong**                      c) **invisible**                      d) **irreversible**

**Grammar**

**Choose the most suitable answers from a, b, c and d**

1☺ What would you do if you .....in my position?

- a) **are**                      b) **were**                      c) **was**                      d) **being**

2☺ I couldn't see the cat passing in front of my car , there were..... lights from the cars.

- a) **heavy**                      b) **strong**                      c) **heavier**                      d) **stronger**

**Complete the following sentences:**

3☺ If you practiced more exercise, .....

4☺ If she runs quickly, .....

**Writing**

Write a letter of about 6 sentences persuading your friend to try using electric cars instead of the cars that work with petrol showing him **the disadvantages of fossil fuels.**

---



---



---



---



---



---



---



---



---



---

**Reading Comprehension Passage 1**

**Read the following passage carefully, then answer the question below:**

Nelson Mandela was South Africa's first black president. He died on December 5, 2013. He was 95. Mandela was born in 1918. He was the son of a tribal chief. At that time, most of Africa was under European rule. Mandela moved to Johannesburg in 1940. There, he did many things. He worked as a policeman. He was also a boxer, and he studied law. In 1944, he started working against apartheid as a political activist. Apartheid laws kept people apart by race

In 1952, Mandela asked people to break laws that segregated schools, marriage, housing, and jobs. The government told Mandela to stop causing trouble. But Mandela did not follow the **orders**. In 1962, he was arrested. He was sent to prison for five years. A year later, police found that Mandela had been making plans against the government. In 1964, **he** was found guilty of treason. He was sentenced to life in prison.

Mandela called his years in jail the "long, lonely, wasted years." But while he was there, people around the world learned about apartheid. By the time, Mandela turned 70, he was **famous**. In 1989, F.W. de Klerk became the president of South Africa. De Klerk saw that the end of apartheid was near. He let Mandela out of prison. On February 11, 1990, Mandela went free. People across the country were filled with joy. Mandela became an icon of freedom.

Mandela continued to work against apartheid. He shared the 1993 Nobel Peace Prize with de Klerk for his work. One year later, Mandela was voted president in South Africa's first all-race election. Mandela was president until 1999. He stepped down at age 80. For many, Mandela's death was sad news. "We've lost our greatest son," said South African President Jacob Zuma. " Before his death, Mandela said: "I would like to be remembered not as anyone unique or special, but as part of a great team in this country that has struggled for many years, for decades and even centuries," he said. "The greatest glory of living lies not in never falling, but in rising every time you fall."

**A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:**

- 1- The main idea of the passage is:.....  
 a- The police in South Africa    b- South Africa's first black president  
 c- The 1993 Nobel Peace Prize    d- Africa under European rule
- 2- The underlined word **he** in the 2nd paragraph refers to.....  
 a- Mandela                            b- police                            c- treason                            d- the government
- 3- The underlined word **orders** in the 2nd paragraph means .....  
 a- Directions                            b- Reasons                            c- Lessons                            d- Predictions



4- Circle the opposite of the word **famous** in the 3rd paragraph:.....

- a- renowned
- b- brave
- c- unknown
- d- free

5- The main idea of paragraph 3 is :.....

- a- Mandela was never in prison
- b- Mandela's freedom
- c- the president of South Africa.
- d- F.W. de Klerk is the icon of freedom

6- Mandela sentenced to life prison because .....

- a- he had been making plans against the government.
- b- he got the Nobel Peace Prize
- c- he is black
- d- he was a boxer

7- What made people across the country happy on February 11, 1990?

- a- Mandela was in prison
- b- Mandela got his freedom
- c- Mandela became a president
- d- Mandela was voted president

8- Mandela granted the noble prize because .....

- a- he became the president
- b- he continued to struggle against injustice
- c- he was in prison
- d- he was the first black president

**Summary Making 1**

**In Four sentences, explain what Carol Bergman thinks is important in preparing reading materials for black pupils.**

**Helping black teenagers to read**

There have been substantial numbers of black children in Britain's secondary schools for many years now, but most of the reading material available to them is still directed at the white majority. Carol Bergman, a young American who taught remedial reading classes for the Inner London Education Authority from 1968 until last year, believes that the lack of material to appeal directly to black students is part of the reason many of them need remedial reading at secondary level. To solve this problem, she published books that the heroes are black to boost them to read. In addition, She suggested hiring the black in good positions because there is much higher unemployment among black school-leavers than white. It doesn't help to lie about the fact that there is discrimination. In her opinion, black kids should learn to read side by side with the white. This will help them read and go on further education. They must be awarded if they deserve so.

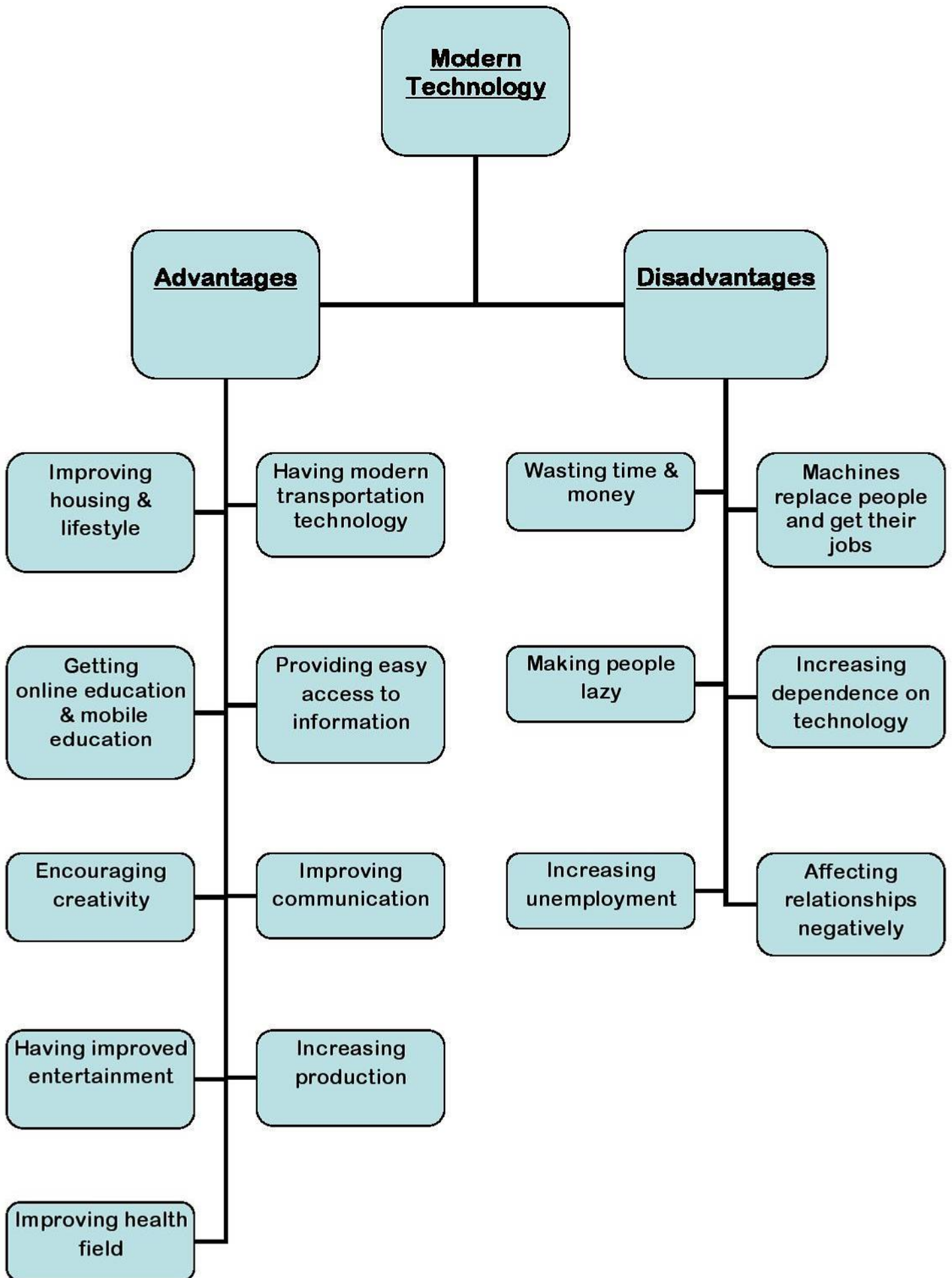
.....

.....

.....

.....

.....





**Unit 8 The Power of Technology Introductions****"Technology is a useful servant BUT a dangerous master."****"Modern technology owes ecology an apology."**

Modern technology is simply an advancement of old technology; the impact of technology in modern life is immeasurable. For example, mobile phone technology has evolved with years; nowadays we use smart phones which have been an advancement of an ordinary mobile phone.

There are many advantages of modern technology in all life fields. It has become very easy to get access to relevant information at anytime anywhere. Modern technology has blessed us with advanced communication technology tools. Modern transportation technology makes it very easy to travel long distances. It has improved our housing and lifestyle: This is another great way how modern technology has simplified our lives. If you compare the type of housing we used to have in the past and the houses today, the difference is very big. Modern technology has made it simple for students to learn from anywhere through online education and mobile education. Also students now use modern technology in classrooms to learn better.

For example, students use I-pads to share visual lessons in the classroom. Nowadays most hospitals have implemented modern technology in surgical rooms, this has reduced on mistakes made by doctors as Nanoshells can help doctors and destroy cancer tumours . Household robots can do jobs around the house. They can remind you about important dates. So-called "smart clothing" is a futuristic form of clothing that functions as an active device. They can control our temperature and check heart rate and blood pressure.



On the other hand, there is a negative side of modern technology. people are spending more time playing video games, learning how to use new modern technologies, using social networks and they neglect their real life. Modern technology has replaced many humans; robots are doing of the jobs which used to be done by humans. Many firms have employed robots to increase production, this is good news for businesses because it helps them make more money, but it is bad news to employees because they get replaced by a robot.

Now that we have seen some of the impacts of technology in modern life, it is our responsibility to use technology to improve our lives and society not to harm them.

Word	Translation	Word	Translation
contact lens (n.)	العنسة اللاصقة	latest (adj.)	آخر – أحدث
cure-all (n.)	علاج لكل الأمراض	micro-robot (n.)	آلي صغير
currently (adv.)	حالياً	nanoshell (n.)	شريحة تزرع بالجسم لمقاومة مرض
draw (v.)	يسحب	satnav (n.)	الملاحة عن طريق الأقمار الصناعية
gold-coated (adj.)	مطلي بالذهب	shock (n.)	صدمة
innovate (v.)	يبتكر - يبدع	sophisticated (adj.)	متطوراً معقد
instantly (adv.)	فوراً – حالاً	tumour (n.)	ورم

Fill in the spaces with words from the list :

( sophisticated \ latest \ drawn \ instantly \ innovate \ currently \ gold-coated )

- Modern vaccines are .....being tested on human volunteers.
- The more appliances become....., the harder they will be to use.
- .....inventions will seem old-fashioned in just a few years.
- I think, in the future, money will be .....by our mobile phones.
- Milk contains calcium and other good substances that will help you fall asleep .....
- Medical inventions that scientists..... can improve our life for.

Choose the best answer from a , b , c , and d :

- It is important to keep our .....clean to get rid of bacteria.  
a. micro-robot    b. contact lens    c. satnav    d. cure-all
- This diet pill is certainly not a ..... for those struggling to lose weight.  
a. micro-robot    b. contact lens    c. satnav    d. cure-all
- With the use of ....., drivers save time.  
a. micro-robot    b. contact lens    c. satnav    d. cure-all
- A.....can repair organs that are not working properly.  
a. micro-robot    b. contact lens    c. satnav    d. cure-all
- ..... are designed to destroy tumours and avoid the unwanted side effects .  
a. tumour    b. shock    c. nanoshells    d. cure-all
- Sometimes it's difficult to remove the ..... within the brain.  
a. tumour    b. shock    c. nanoshell    d. cure-all
- It was a real ..... to hear that the factory would have to close.  
a. tumour    b. shock    c. nanoshell    d. cure-all



Set-Book Questions

1) Are you for or against modern technology? Give reasons.

For            because .....

.....

Against     because .....

.....

2) What do think mobile phones will be like in the future?

.....

.....

.....

3 ) How will micro-robots help doctors?

.....

.....

.....

4) What can human beings do now that they couldn't do 100 years ago ?

.....

.....

.....

5) "Islamic society always respects science and societies." Discuss.

.....

.....

.....

6) There are lots of inventions nowadays that make our life easier. Explain.

.....

.....

.....

7) What are the benefits of gold coated nanoshells?

.....

.....

.....



## Lessons 3 / Vocabulary

Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning
1- bio-fuel (n.)	الوقود الحيوي	4- Outlandish (adj.)	غريب- غير مألوف
2- Implement (v.)	ينفذ – يطبق	5- Suspension (n.)	أداة تحمل عجلات العربة لامتصاص الصدمات
3- Obstacle (n.)	عقبة – عائق	6- Windscreen wipers (n.)	ماسحات زجاج أمامية

✎ Fill in the spaces with words from the list :

( bio- fuel / implement / obstacles / outlandish / suspension / windscreen wipers )

1-The..... on your car maximizes friction between the tires and the road.

2- To facilitate the teaching process, principals have to .....a more restrictive policy .

3. I think .....is preferable to petrol as a fuel source .

4. Everyone was staring at the strangers in their..... clothing.

5. The explorer faced some .....to go through before he could reach his destination.

✎ Set-Book Questions

**1- Bio-fuel is preferable rather than petrol as a source of energy. Why?**

.....

.....

.....

**2- What are the benefits of making engines more efficient and economical ?**

.....

.....

.....

**3- How are cars changing? Why?**

.....

.....

.....

**4- How do you think technology will affect the way we travel in the future?**

.....

.....

.....

**Lessons 4+5 / Vocabulary**

Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning
1- Bifocal (adj.)	ثنائي البؤرة	6- Patient (adj.)	صبور
2- frequent (adj.)	متكرر	7- reputation (n.)	سمعة
3- instigate (v.)	يحرّض على القيام بعمل ما	8- software (n.)	برامج الكمبيوتر
4- legible (adj.)	واضح   مقروء	9- spot (n.)	بقعة   مكان
5- obedient (adj.)	مطيع		

**Choose the right answer**

- A good teacher should be ....., hardworking and honest.  
a. frequent                      b. obedient                      c. legible                      d. patient
- Ali's handwriting was not ....., so the teacher could not grade it.  
a. patient                      b. obedient                      c. legible                      d. frequent
- The most ..... cause of car accidents nowadays is high speed.  
a. patient                      b. obedient                      c. legible                      d. frequent
- Jassem is a/an.....boy .He always listens to older people.  
a. patient                      b. obedient                      c. legible                      d. frequent
- .....contact lenses are designed to provide good vision to people.  
a. Patient                      b. Obedient                      c. Legible                      d. Bifocal

**✎ Fill in the spaces with words from the list :**

( instigate - software - spot - reputation )

- The government will ..... new measures to solve unemployment.
- Sony company has a worldwide .....for quality.
- We don't know where to find the perfect..... for the vacation.
- You can also download ..... to view documents from this page.

**Grammar****can / could / able to / should / must**

From a, b, c and d choose the correct answer :

- 1-When the fog lifts, we .....to see clearly  
 a. can                      b. could                      c. will be able                      d. may
- 2-I am an adult I .....to understand teenagers.  
 a. am unable                      b. won't                      c. can't                      d. could
- 3-I had no keys, so I ..... lock the door.  
 a. can't                      b. wasn't able to                      c. might not                      d. must
- 4-Employers ..... reach their offices on time because the heavy traffic is heavy.  
 a. can                      b. mustn't                      c. couldn't                      d. can't
- 5-You .....drink this. It is poisonous.  
 a. have to                      b. mustn't                      c. wouldn't                      d. can
- 6- I think I must ..... again.  
 a. to try                      b. trying                      c. try                      d. tries

**Homework**

- 7- You should ..... here.  
 a. don't smoke                      b. not smokes                      c. no smoking                      d. not smoke
- 8- She doesn't .....pay for water in restaurants.  
 a. has to                      b. had to                      c. have to                      d. must
- 9- Long ago, people .....move from place to place easily because of slow transportations.  
 a. can                      b. couldn't                      c. could                      d. should
10. I hope I.....to come to your graduation.  
 a. can                      b. will be able                      c. could                      d. should
11. She.....swim when she was two years old.  
 a. can                      b. will                      c. could                      d. can't
12. Mona.....speak five languages.  
 a. can                      b. couldn't                      c. could                      d. shall
13. I lost my glasses three days ago. I .....read since then.  
 a. can                      b. couldn't                      c. could                      d. should



**Wish + simple past / past perfect****Wish + past simple**

- ☛ We can use 'wish' to talk about something that we would like to be different in the present or the future. It's used for things which are impossible or very unlikely.

Use wish to complete the following sentences:

1- I don't have a big house.

I wish.....

2- You don't live close by.

I wish.....

3- Unfortunately, he is busy tomorrow.

I wish .....

**Wish + could:**

- ☛ We use 'could' with 'wish' to talk about ability and to talk about possibility.

1- Unfortunately, I can't speak Spanish.

I wish .....

2- Unfortunately, we can't go to the party tonight.

I wish .....

**Use Hope Not Wish**

- ☛ We don't usually use 'wish' for things that are really possible in the future. Instead, we use 'hope'.

I hope that you pass your exam (NOT: ).

1- Julie has a lovely holiday tomorrow.

I hope .....

**Wish + would:**

- ☛ We use 'would' with 'wish' about other people who are doing (or not doing) something that we don't like and we want that person to change that behaviour.

- ☛ We usually use it about the weather.

1- John usually eats all the chocolate.

I wish.....

2- Our neighbours always make much noise.

I wish.....

3- Mr. Adel smokes a lot of cigarettes.

I wish.....

4- It rains a lot today.

I wish.....

- ☛ **Note : don't use wish + would about yourself**

1- I don't always wear my seatbelt.

I wish.....

### Wishes about the past

#### Wish + past perfect:

We can use 'wish' with the past perfect to talk about regrets from the past. This use of 'wish' is very similar to the **third conditional**.

1- I didn't study hard at school, and now I'm sorry about it.

I wish.....

2- The train was late today.

I wish.....

### Other uses of 'wish'

#### Wish + to + infinitive:

✿ We can use 'wish' with the infinitive to mean 'would like'. This is very formal.

Ex: I wish to speak to the headmaster. = I would like to speak to the headmaster'.

Ex: I wish to go now. = I would like to go now

#### Wish + object + to + infinitive:

✿ In the same way, we can use 'wish' with an object and an infinitive.

Ex: I do not wish you to publish this article.

#### Wish + somebody + something:

✿ This is used mostly in set phrases.

Ex: I wished him a happy birthday.

### Homework

#### Choose the right option:

1. I wish I.....Italian.

a- speak                      b- spoke                      c- speaks                      d- speaking

2. I wish my dad.....a bigger car.

a- has                              b- have                              c- having                              d- had

3. I wish we .....last weekend at the beach.

a- spend                              b- spending                              c- had spent                              d- spends

4. I wish I.....to my mom and studied harder.

a- had listened                      b- listening                              c- listens                              d- listen

5. I wish I.....time to come with you.

a- has                                      b- had                                      c- having                                      d- have

6. I wish I.....a new car now.

a- buy                                      b- bought                                      c- buying                                      d- buys

7. I wish you.....that point yesterday.

a- explain                              b- explains                              c- had explained                              d- explaining

8. I wish I.....him the story now.

a- don't tell                              b- didn't tell                              c- hadn't told                              d- hasn't told

9. I wish you.....me to your party last week.

a- invited                              b- had invited                              c- invites                              d- inviting

10. I wish you.....the previous meeting .

a- attends                              b- attending                              c- attend                              d- had attended



## Lessons 7+8 / Vocabulary

Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning
1- anniversary (n.)	الذكرى السنوية	6- torso (n.)	جذع الانسان أو
2- heart rate (n.)	معدل نبضات القلب	7- transmit (v.)	ينقل – يبيث
3- recharge (v.)	يعيد شحن	8- trespass (v.)	يتعدى على حرمة
4- remind (v.)	يذكر (شخص آخر)	9- wearer (n.)	الشخص المرتدي الملابس
5- terminal (n.)	جهاز بالكمبيوتر لعرض البيانات		

**Choose the best answer from a , b , c , and d :**

1. We always celebrate our .....in France.

- a . anniversary                      b. wearer                      c. heart rate                      d. torso

2- The number of ..... per unit of time, usually expressed as beats per minute.

- a . anniversary                      b. wearer                      c. heart rate                      d. torso

3. .... exercises help in strengthening the trunk of the body.

- a . Anniversary                      b. Wearer                      c. Heart rate                      d. Torso

4. Smart clothing offer protection to its .....

- a . anniversary                      b. wearer                      c. heart rate                      d. torso

5. This .....shows the data you need , it is computerized.

- a . anniversary                      b. terminal                      c. heart rate                      d. Torso

6. These devices send and..... information to experts.

- a. remind                      b. trespass                      c. transmit                      d. recharge

7. I hope this is a public area and we're not ..... someone's land.

- a. reminding                      b. trespassing                      c. transmitting                      d. recharging

8. I rang Hassan and ..... him that the conference had been cancelled.

- a. reminded                      b. trespassed                      c. transmitted                      d. recharged

9. A car battery takes about three hours to .....

- a. remind                      b. trespass                      c. transmit                      d. recharge

**Set Book Questions**

1. How do you think clothes will be able to save lives?

.....

.....

2. Robomates will be desired by housewives in the futures . Why ?

.....

.....



Composition

Nowadays more youngsters are increasingly dependent on their cell phones, video and computer games, and social networking websites.

Plan and write an essay of 4 paragraphs (12 sentences- 140 words) in which you convince and warn teenagers of the adverse effects of the addiction of using modern technology on their health, school results and social relationships.

Writing outline

**Introduction:**

.....  
.....

**Body 1:**

.....  
.....  
.....  
.....

**Body 2:**

.....  
.....  
.....  
.....

**Conclusion:**

.....  
.....



## Translation

**Translate into English:**

١- يستطيع الإنسان الآلي الاعتناء بمنزلك وأنت خارج المنزل.

.....

.....

.....

٢- هذا صحيح ، ويمكنه أيضا حراسة المنزل والاتصال بك إذا تعدى عليه أحد.

.....

.....

.....

٣- في خلال العشر أعوام القادمة سيمكننا شراء الثلاجات الذكية والتي يمكنها إبلاغنا بنقص الطعام بداخلها.

.....

.....

.....

٤- بحلول عام ٢٠٢٠ ستنتهي مشاكلنا المرورية وسيقل عدد الحوادث في الطرقات

.....

.....

.....

٥- أنت محق تماما، وستتمكن السيارات الذكية من قيادة نفسها على الطرقات الذكية.

.....

.....

.....

٦ - ستكون الملابس الذكية قادرة علي في درجة حرارة أجسامنا، فهي تبقيها باردة في الصيف و دافئة في الشتاء .

.....

.....

.....

٧- ستحافظ الملابس الذكية علي حياتنا من خلال فحص معدل نبضات القلب و نقل هذه المعلومات إلي الطبيب .

.....

.....

.....



**Quiz Unit 8**

**Vocabulary**

**Choose the most suitable answers from a, b, c and d**

1☺ These photos ..... me of my graduation party.

- a) remind            b) implement            c) suspend            d) draw

2☺ I managed to overcome all the ..... that faced me.

- a) suspension            b) obstacles            c) wearer            d) nanoshells

3☺ In the future mobile phones will be more .....

- a) economic            b) patient            c) sophisticated            d) frequent

4☺ The government will ..... new measures to combat terrorism.

- a) last            b) squander            c) innovate            d) instigate

**Grammar**

**Choose the most suitable answers from a, b, c and d**

5☺ Students ..... reach their schools on time because of the heavy traffic.

- a. can            b. must            c. could            d. can't

6☺ Alice didn't get a good grade. She wishes she\_\_\_\_\_ harder.

- a. work            b. worked            c. works            d. had worked

**Do as required:**

7☺ She has to go to the doctor.

( Negative )

.....

8☺ The weather is very cold today.

I wish..... ( Complete)

**Writing**

**Write a paragraph of about 6 sentences about "Cell phones should never be used while driving."**

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

**Reading Comprehension Passage 2**

**Read the following passage, then answer the questions below:**

Nowadays, families are not as close as in the past and a lot of people have become used to this. Why is this happening? Do the advantages of this trend outweigh the **drawbacks**?

There has been a trend over recent decades for families to become less close than they were in the past and this situation is largely accepted in society. This essay will discuss the reasons for this and examine the benefits and drawbacks of this development.

One of the first reasons for a decline in the closeness of families is connected to the busy lifestyles that we now lead. Most people are having to work longer hours and often both parents work, so **they** simply do not have as much time to spend with each other as they did in the past. Another factor is the materialistic and consumer driven culture we now live in, which has led to less value being placed on family relationships. Modern technology also means that people are more interested in their online life than interacting with their family in their free time.

It could be argued that this has benefits. If people are not so close with their family, they are free to pursue their own dreams and aspirations, and to focus on improving their own lifestyle. However, I believe that there are far more negative outcomes. The most important factors leading to a fulfilled and happy life are emotional security and comfort. Without these we are in danger of feeling lost. It is a difficult world we live in and we need the support of people close to us to cope with modern life. We are seeing a rise in mental health problems in many countries and this may well be a factor in this.

To conclude, busy modern lifestyles, changing cultural values and modern technology are causing families to become less close. We should try to **halt** this trend as it has more negative than positive outcomes

**A). From a, b, c and d choose the right answer:**

**1. The main idea of the passage is .....**

- a) Greater families in the past
- b) A new trend in family relationships
- c) The belief that families are very close
- d) The importance of families

**2. The underlined word " drawbacks " in the 1st paragraph is Opposite to .....**

- a) snags
- b) block
- c) advantages
- d) catch

**3. The underlined pronoun " they " in the 3rd paragraph refers to .....**

- a) grandparents
- b) friends
- c) neighbors
- d) parents

**4. The meaning of the underlined word " halt " in the last paragraph is .....**

- a) embrace
- b) pray
- c) kill
- d) stop

**5. According to the writer; changing cultural values and modern technology is .....**

- a) causing families to become less close.
- b) causing families to become less close.
- c) not protecting families
- d) destroying families

**6. .... is one of the benefits of not being so close with families.**

- a- Focusing on improving one's own lifestyle
- b- Having to work longer hours
- c- Being placed on family relationships
- d- changing cultural values and modern technology

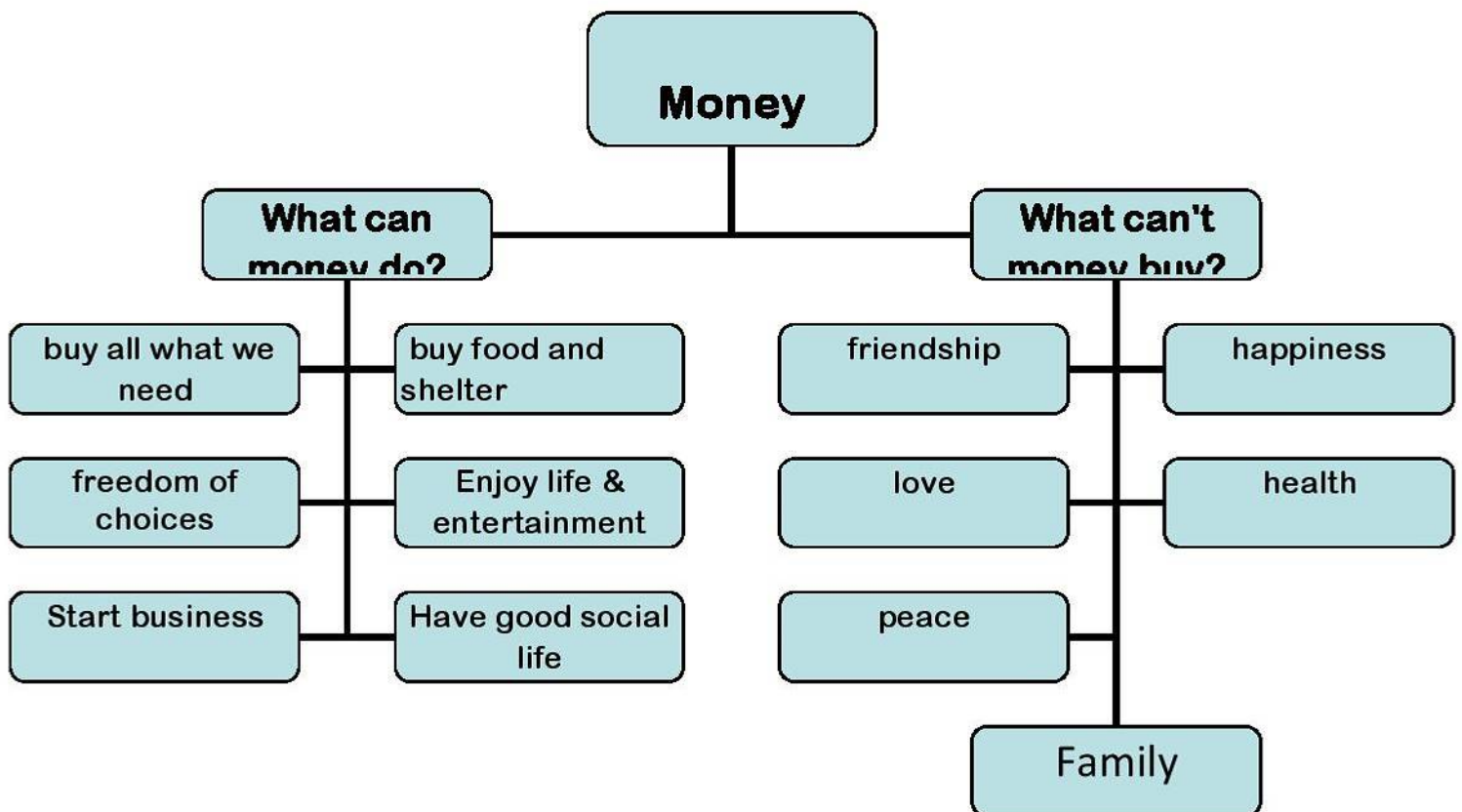
**7. Without emotional security and comfort .....**

- a- We will gain many benefits
- b- We will be lost
- c- We are more interested in our online life

**8. All the following statements about the passage is correct EXCEPT .....**

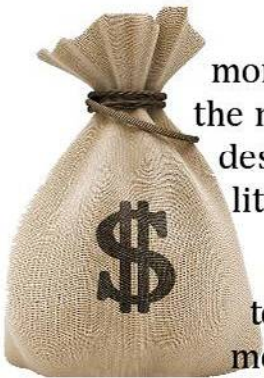
- a- Family relations have been affected negatively because of modern technology.
- b- The lifestyle we are living has a positive impact on family relations.
- c- We don't have much time now to stay together.
- d- People are more sociable now than they used to be.



**Unit 9 Money****Unit 9 introduction / Money**

**"If you want to be rich, just count the things you have that money can't buy."**

Many people today feel that money is the key to happiness. "If only I had more money," they say, "I would really be happy." The more money we have, the more we need—and the more we make, the more we spend. Someone has described money as simply "a device which permits people to get into debt a little farther."



Is money the key to everything? Can money bring solutions to all of life's problems? I think that many things in life cannot be bought by money. For example, we cannot buy happiness, friendship and love as they are totally free. Also, family and generosity are more important than money.

It is said that "The love of money is the root of all evil." Money is something most people want, we need money to buy all what we need. Obviously, you need money to cover your basic expenses: food and shelter. Money is not an end by itself but a means of higher values. What money can do for you is what is really important. Money gives you freedom and choices. You can decide where and how you want to live when you have a good income or financial resources. On the other hand, when you do not have much money, choice may be something that you cannot afford. The choices available to you may not really be choices at all. Money sometimes spurs criminal behavior.

To sum up, money is a bless; if it is earned, invested and spent carefully, it will reward the individual, their families and society, if it is not it will be a curse.



Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning
1- accounting (n.)	محاسبة	6- invest (v.)	يستثمر
2- barter (v.)	يقايض – يبادل	7- investment (n.)	استثمار
3- confidentiality (n.)	سرية	8- loan (n.)	قرض
4- economics (n.)	الاقتصاد	9- management (n.)	إدارة
5- insurance (n.)	التأمين	10- transaction (n.)	تحويل أموال

**Choose the best answer from a , b , c , and d :**

1- She's in her third year of ..... at Kuwait University.

- a. transaction      b. confidentiality      c. economics      d. insurance

2-The relationship between the lawyer and the client should be based on.....

- a. transaction      b. confidentiality      c. economics      d. insurance

3-The bank's ATM machine is so slow and each .....takes more than five minutes.

- a. transactions      b. confidentiality      c. economics      d. insurance

4- After the fire , they were able to rebuild their house with the .....

- a. transaction      b. confidentiality      c. economics      d. insurance

5. He got a bank.....to pay for the new car.

- a. investment      b. loan      c. management      d. accounting

6. Most investors realize that it's important for a company to have a good .....team.

- a. investment      b. loan      c. management      d. accounting

7. Governments have to reduce taxes to encourage .....

- a. investment      b. loan      c. management      d. accounting

8. Ahmed graduated last year, and now he is taking a job at a/an ..... firm.

- a. transaction      b. loan      c. confidentiality      d. accounting

**Set-Book Questions**

1- People pay for their needs in different ways. How?

.....

.....

.....

2- What are the qualities needed to make a good bank manager?

.....

.....

.....

3- Money is not an end in itself ,but a means to higher values. Explain.

.....

.....

.....

4- How do you think life would be without money?

.....

.....

.....

5- Bartering was very difficult in the past. Do you agree?

.....

.....

.....

### Lessons 3 / Vocabulary

Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning
1- billionaire (n.)	بليونير بليونير	4- philanthropic (adj.)	محب للخير – انساني
2- charitable (adj.)	خيري	5- tax return (n.)	تصريح ضريبة
3- inherit (v.)	يرث		

✎ Fill in the spaces with words from the list :

( invest / tax returns / charitable / inherit / insurance )

1. He began to ..... in the stock market at an early age.
2. If you ..... less wealth from your parents you will be forced to work for living.
3. ....deeds are beloved by Allah and will bring a great reward from Him.
4. He's written a piece of software which calculates your ..... for you.

### ✎ Set-Book Questions

1. How should the wealthy help the poor?

.....

.....

.....

2- Money management is necessary in our life. How can that be achieved?

.....

.....

.....

3- Imagine that you became a millionaire, what would you do?

.....

.....

.....



Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning
1- auction (n.)	مزاة علني	4- tax (n.)	ضريبة
2- complimentary (adj.)	مجاناً	5- log in (n.)	يسجل الدخول
3- shipping (n.)	الشحن		

**Fill in the spaces with words from the list :**

( tax / auction / complimentary / shipping / log in )

- In many countries, citizens have to pay a yearly .....upon their income.
- If you want to get a bargain, we can go to see a/an ..... where a big collection of articles are available.
- You must .....before you access your face book account.
- .....will be badly affected in our sea ports because of bad weather conditions.
- Governments should take responsibilities to ensure ..... education up to higher secondary level.

Grammar

**Have to \ Should \ Must**

**Choose the best answer from a , b , c and d :**

- These books are complimentary. You.....pay for them.  
a. must            b. mustn't            c. don't have to            d. have to
- You.....be more careful with your savings.  
a. mustn't            b. must            c. have to            d. shouldn't
- You.....drive someone's car without asking them first.  
a. should            b. mustn't            c. must            d. have to
- You.....see the doctor , you look terrible.  
a. don't have to            b. must            c. shouldn't            d. mustn't
- My boss needs this report immediately. I.....finish it now.  
a. must            b. mustn't            c. don't have to            d. have to
- You.....come to school late.  
a. mustn't            b. must            c. have to            d. shouldn't
- I.....hurry or I'll miss my flight.  
a. should            b. mustn't            c. must            d. have to
- You.....call your friend. She is sick.  
a. don't have to            b. must            c. should            d. mustn't



**Homework**

**Choose the best answer from a , b , c and d :**

1- This meal is free. We.....pay for it.

a. **must**                      b. **mustn't**                      c. **don't have to**                      d. **have to**

2-The secretary.....answer the phone. It's a part of her job.

a. **mustn't**                      b. **must**                      c. **has to**                      d. **shouldn't**

3- You.....enter someone's house without being permitted.

a. **should**                      b. **mustn't**                      c. **must**                      d. **have to**

4- You.....have some rest , you look tired.

a. **don't have to**                      b. **should**                      c. **shouldn't**                      d. **mustn't**

5- The teacher needs this assignment tomorrow. I.....finish it today.

a. **must**                      b. **mustn't**                      c. **don't have to**                      d. **have to**

6- Students .....pay for their books. they are free.

a. **mustn't**                      b. **must**                      c. **don't have to**                      d. **have to**

7- It's raining outside. Tim .....take his umbrella.

a. **mustn't**                      b. **must**                      c. **don't have to**                      d. **have to**

8- I can give you my car, so you..... buy a new one.

a. **has to**                      b. **must**                      c. **don't have to**                      d. **have to**

9- They .....be in a hurry, because they have got more than enough time.

a. **mustn't**                      b. **must**                      c. **don't have to**                      d. **have to**

10- You .....stop at the red light.

a. **mustn't**                      b. **must**                      c. **don't have to**                      d. **shouldn't**

11- Tomorrow is Friday. You .....get up very early.

a. **should**                      b. **must**                      c. **don't have to**                      d. **have to**

12- Mrs. Parks can't see very well. She .....wear glasses.

a. **mustn't**                      b. **must**                      c. **don't have to**                      d. **have to**

13. You .....return them. They are too small for you.

a. **mustn't**                      b. **shouldn't**                      c. **don't have to**                      d. **have to**

14- I am broke, I .....borrow some money to buy a car.

a. **mustn't**                      b. **should**                      c. **have to**                      d. **don't have to**

15. You .....stop smoking. It is very harmful.

a. **mustn't**                      b. **should**                      c. **has to**                      d. **don't have to**

16 . Mr. Dickson is travelling abroad this summer, so he .....get his passport soon.

a. **mustn't**                      b. **has to**                      c. **don't have to**                      d. **have to**

17. All the students .....obey the school rules.

a. **mustn't**                      b. **shouldn't**                      c. **don't have to**                      d. **have to**

18. Students .....look at their notes during the test.

a. **mustn't**                      b. **must**                      c. **should**                      d. **has to**

19. I have a terrible headache, so I .....leave early.

a. **mustn't**                      b. **shouldn't**                      c. **don't have to**                      d. **have to**


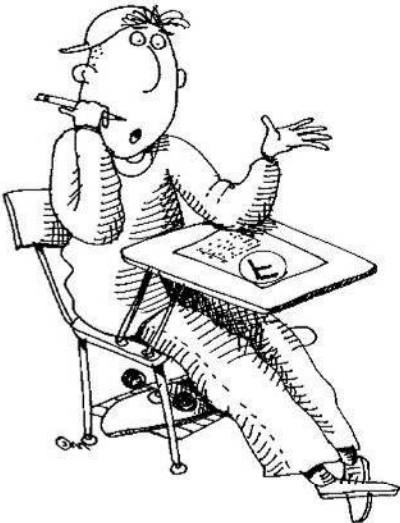
20. Snow has blocked the roads. We .....stay here until it's cleared.

a. **mustn't**                      b. **have to**                      c. **don't have to**                      d. **shouldn't**

20. teenagers .....should seek the elders' advice.

a. **mustn't**                      b. **has to**                      c. **should**                      d. **shouldn't**

GrammarReported Speech

<b>1. Pronouns &amp; possessive adjectives</b>	<b>Direct</b>	<b>Indirect</b>
	I	he - she
	me	him - her
	my	his - her
	myself	himself - herself
	we	They
	us	Them
	our	Their
	ourselves	Themselves
<b>2. The tense of the verb</b> 	<b>Direct</b>	<b>Indirect</b>
	am - is	was ⇒ had been
	Are	were ⇒ had been
	have - has	had ⇒ had had
	Will	Would
	Can	Could
	Shall	Should
	May	Might
	simple present	simple past
	simple past	past perfect - simple past
<b>3. Time &amp; place references</b> 	<b>Direct</b>	<b>Indirect</b>
	This	That
	These	Those
	Here	There
	Yesterday	the day before ( the previous day )
	Tomorrow	the day after ( the following day )
	Today	that day
	Tonight	that night
	Now	Then
	Ago	Before
	Last .....	The previous .....
	next .....	the following .....
	Thus	So



**Reported Speech / Statements****Change into reported speech:**

1- I 'm glad to meet you.

John told me .....

2- We lost our way to the park yesterday.

David said .....

3- I'll be here in the café tomorrow.

Sara said .....

4 - Our teacher asks too many questions in our class.

Our colleagues told us.....

5- I 'm going to pay for your friend's ticket tonight.

He told me.....

**Wh- questions**

1. Where have you been?

The father asked his son.....

2. How long are you going away?

My friend asked me.....

3. Where will you spend this weekend?

I asked my friend.....

4- Where did you go yesterday?

The mother asked her daughter.....

5- Why are you laughing at me?

He asked her.....

6- What do you usually do in your freetime?

.....

7- Where does she stay?

.....

**Yes/No- questions****Correct the underlined mistakes**

1. Can parrots speak?

She wanted to know.....

2. Can I go out with my friends?

Jane asked her mother.....

3. Will you go shopping tomorrow with me?

Mariam asked her friend.....



4. Have you already been on holiday?

Omar asked us.....

5. Are you hungry now?

My mother asked me.....

6- Do you live in this house?

.....

7- Does he carry more than 100 kilos?

.....

8- Did you broadcast the post yourself yesterday?

The manager asked me.....

### **Commands & Prohibition**

1. Copy these words into your notebooks.

He told us.....

2. Study your lessons.

The teacher advised the students.....

3. Tell me the way to the hospital, please.

The man asked me.....

4. Don't make any noise.

Our mother warned us .....

5. Don't forget to bring my bag today.

Mona told me .....

6. Study your lessons and don't waste your time.

The teacher advised the students.....

### **Homework**

**Choose the best answer from a, b, c and d:**

1- She ..... that she had been waiting for the bus when he arrived.

**a- says**

**b- said**

**c- saying**

**d- say**

2- Mary said she ..... chocolate.

**a- loved**

**b- love**

**c- loves**

**d- loving**

3- She asked us if we .....Angela.

**a- Meet**

**b- meets**

**c- meeting**

**d- had met**

4- He asked us ..... Mark had passed all of his exams.

**a- if**

**b- that**

**c- not to**

**d- to**

5- He warned me .....tell lies.

**a- to**

**b- not to**

**c- so as to**

**d- that**

Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning
1- affluent (adj.)	غني \ ثري	6- in this sense ( expr.)	بهذا المعنى
2- evil (adj.)	شرير	7- profit (n.)	ربح \ فائدة
3- extinct (adj.)	منقرض	8- spur (v.)	يحفز \ يشجع
4- generosity (n.)	كرم	9- success (n.)	نجاح \ انجاز
5- gross (v.)	يكسب		

**Choose the best answer from a , b , c and d :**

- Money is a double- edged weapon as it brings about.....deeds as well as the good.  
a . affluent                      b. evil                      c. extinct                      d. complimentary
- Many species have gone ..... in the last 100 years. They no longer exist.  
a . affluent                      b. evil                      c. extinct                      d. complimentary
- We must overcome ..... with good to live in peace.  
a . affluent                      b. evil                      c. extinct                      d. complimentary
- To get ..... in any profession, two things are necessary, study and practice.  
a . success                      b. profit                      c. generosity                      d. Tax
- Arab people treat their guests warmly because they are known for their.....  
a . success                      b. profit                      c. generosity                      d. tax

**SET Book Questions**

- Money makes the world go round. Do you agree? Why or why not?  
" Money talks." Explain this proverb.

.....  
.....

- Most people spend too much money on things they don't really need.  
What are the reasons behind that?

.....  
.....

- "Love of money is sometimes the root of evil." Explain.

.....  
.....

- Do you think that the best things in life are free?

.....  
.....

**Focus on III**

- Why is the National Assembly Building so special? The National Assembly building has become a symbol of political representation within Kuwait. ( What does the Kuwait National Assembly building house ?)

.....  
.....



**Adjective + to + verb is a common pattern in English****Do as shown in brackets:**

- 1- It's **hard to imagining** the world without money. **(Correct the underlined)**  
.....
- 2- It's impossible to **(live- lives – lived – living)**without water. **(Choose)**  
.....
- 3 - I find it difficult ..... understand physics without a teacher. **(Add a Preposition)**  
.....
- 4- I'm lucky to **knew** a friend like you. **(Correct the underlined)**  
.....

**Adverb Clauses (cause / effect and opposition)****{ although, even though, though****whereas, while, but****due to the fact that because, since, as****as long as, so long as }****Choose the right option:**

1. We go to the library .....we need to increase our general knowledge.  
a- because      b- although      c- though      d- whereas
2. She didn't play music.....she was ill.  
a- but      b- although      c- as      d- whereas
- 3- .....she did her best, she got very low marks.  
a- but      b- although      c- as      d- whereas
- 4- We are very happy for you to stay at our house ..... you like.  
a- but      b- although      c- while      d- as long as
- 5- I'll remember that film .....I live.  
a- but      b- although      c- while      d- as long as
- 6- You can borrow the car .....you don't drive too fast.  
a- so long as      b- although      c- though      d- whereas
- 7- .....we are broke, we won't be able to buy food.  
a- but      b- although      c- since      d- whereas

**Do as required:**

- 1) She was beautiful. She wasn't attractive. **(use :Although)**  
.....
- 2) They work hard . they aren't tired . **(use: although)**  
.....



3) He is coward. He could face the problem.

(Use: although)

4) In spite of having an exam , she doesn't study .

(Use: although)

5) They are classmates but they don't like each other.

(Use :although)

**In spite of = Despite**

**Do as required :**

1 ) Salim was poor . He didn't ask for money .

(Use: in spite of)

2 ) Although Ahmed was poor , he never asked anybody for help. (Use: Despite )

3) Fatma goes to London every summer but she has never been to Hyde Park.

(Use : Despite )

4 ) Although Hassan bought a new car , he didn't sell the old one. (Use : In spite of)

5 ) Khaled succeeded in the exams but he looks unhappy.

(Use: Despite )

6) Although the storm was violent , we could reach the beach .

(Use :in spite of/Despite )

**Translation****Translate into English:**

١- يعتقد بعض الناس أن المال هو أصل كل الشرور.

٢- يجب على مدير البنك أن يكون أميناً و يكتسب مهارات التواصل الجيدة التي تمكنه من إدارة البنك.

٣- كان الناس في الماضي يقايضوا بالملابس والذهب والمحاصيل الزراعية.

٤- يعتبر مجلس الأمة الكويتي أول مجلس أمة في الخليج العربي.

٥- المال ليس غاية بحد ذاته ، ولكنه وسيلة لتحقيق غايات أسمى .

**Composition**

**Money makes the world go round. Nobody can live without it.** Write an essay of 4 paragraphs ( 12 sentences – 140 words ) Persuading young people to keep money and spend it carefully. Also, not to spend money on things they don't really need.

**Writing outline****Introduction:****Body 1:****Body 2:****Conclusion:**





**Grade 10 2<sup>nd</sup> Quiz**

**Vocabulary**

**Choose the most suitable answers from a, b, c and d :**

1☺ Some countries use nuclear power plants to \_\_\_\_\_ electricity.

- a) **spoil**                              b) **generate**                              c) **last**                              d) **diminish**

2☺ I managed to overcome all the \_\_\_\_\_ that faced me.

- a) **suspension**                              b) **obstacles**                              c) **wearer**                              d) **nanoshells**

3☺ My dad supports many \_\_\_\_\_ projects.

- a) **philanthropic**                              b) **affluent**                              c) **obedient**                              d) **charitable**

**Grammar**

**Do as shown:**

1☺ He has no money. He wants to buy a car.                              **( Join Using : Inspite of)**

.....

2☺ Alice didn't get a good grade. She wishes she work harder. **( Correct )**

.....

**Writing**

Being a successful manager is not easy. Your close friend has been promoted a bank manager In not less than **(6 sentences)** write a paragraph discussing with him **the characteristics and the skills needed to be in such position**

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---



**Reading Comprehension Passage 3**

**Read the following passage carefully, then answer the questions below:**

It is natural for young people to be critical of their parents and to blame them for most of the misunderstandings between them. They have always complained that their parents are out of touch with modern ways that **they** don't trust their sons, they have no sense of humour and they are fond of giving orders. They are different in the way of thinking as parents always want their children a typical copy of them. Also they see every conduct of their sons as indifference and no care of the traditions they were taught in the past.

Young people like to get what they want to show that they can accept a challenge. They often **annoy** their parents with their choice of clothes and try to take decisions alone to prove that they are not children anymore. When they feel that their music or hair styles annoy their parents, this gives additional enjoyment because they want to be leaders in style and taste.

When parents are away or always busy, their children try to find someone else to consult to solve their problems, so they form a society of their own. Child's life is therefore not perfectly happy. Young people should accept responsibilities because if they break the laws of society as they used to break the laws of their parents, they may go to prison.

Each age has its pleasures and pains. Old age has always been thought of as the worst age to be; but it is not necessary for the old to be unhappy. With old age should come wisdom and the ability to help others with advice wisely given. The old can have the joy of seeing their children making progress in life. They can watch their grand-children growing up around them. Perhaps best of all they can, if their life has been a good one, feel the happiness of having come through the battle of life safely. On reaching a retirement, they can lie back and rest. They also have a sense of responsibility and always plan ahead.

**A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:**

**1-The best title for the passage can be.....**

- a- A grown-up has no opinion      b- Giving orders  
c- Solving problems                  d- Misunderstanding

**2- The underlined pronoun they in line three refers to.....**

- a- Parents      b- Young people      c- Grandfathers      d- Complaints

**3. From the second paragraph in the passage, the word annoy means.....**

- a- please      b-upset      c-satisfy      d-glorify

**4-The main idea of the third paragraph is.....**

- a-The challenge of young people      b-The advantages of old age  
c-Young people's complaints      d-Grandfathers' fight

**5- Young people like to get what they want to show that**

- a- they can accept a challenge.  
b- they hate choosing their own clothes.  
c- they never take their own decisions.  
d- they can lie back and rest

6- If young people break the laws of the society, .....

- a- they are welcomed.
- b- they may go to prison.
- b- this gives additional enjoyment
- d- the old never advise them

7- The main idea of paragraph 4 is .....

- a- to blame the old for most of the misunderstandings
- b- to advise the young to plan ahead
- c- the ups and downs of the old age
- d- to advise the young to bear responsibility

8- All the following statements about the passage are true EXCEPT.....

- a- The young complain that their parents misunderstand them
- b- Parents always want their children be same like them
- c- Young people shouldn't bear responsibilities
- d- When we become old, we have wisdom to judge things.

 **Summary Making**

**Explain in four short sentences of your own:**

**why the author believes that MOST children fail.**

Most students fail because they are afraid, above all else, of failing, of disappointing or displeasing the many anxious adults around them, whose limitless hopes and expectations for them hang over their heads like a cloud. In addition, they are bored because the things they are given and told to do in school are so trivial, so dull, and make such limited and narrow demands on the wide spectrum of their intelligence, capabilities, and talents. One of the most important reasons of students' failure is that they are confused because most of the torrent of words that pours over them in school makes little or no sense. It often *flatly* contradicts other things they have been told, and hardly ever has any relation to what they really know - to the rough model of reality that they carry around in their minds. Furthermore, school regulations might also affect their standards and cause them to fail. Finally, bad companions is a fundamental reason of students' failure.

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

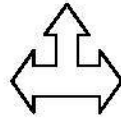


**Module 4 – Facts and Fiction ( SB PAGES ; 77 - 97 )**

**Unit 10: Stories**

**Benefits of Telling Stories**

- the tools to wisdom
- the wings for imagination
- gaining experience
- reducing social isolation



**Types Of Stories**

- Stories that entertain
- Moral stories

**Stories in the Holy Qura'an**

**Types**

Stories about Prophets

Stories about Old Nations

Stories about The life of Prophet

**Benefits**

Knowing the hardships Prophet Mohammed faced

Ensuring faith in Allah

Setting Examples

**Example**

**Luqman The Wise Advised his son**

To  
- pray  
- be patient  
- be humble  
- be grateful

Not to  
- raise his voice  
- be arrogant  
- join anything with Allah

## Unit 10 Introduction

### The benefits of telling stories

**"Children are made readers on the laps of their parents."**



By telling stories to children, we give them the tools to wisdom, understanding, compassion, harmony, peace and spiritual guidance, as well as the wings for imagination, hope, freedom, courage and joy to follow them throughout their lives. Since the beginning of time story telling has helped people of all ages to build blocks for the skills they need to manage and enjoy their lives. Stories that have a moral message is more important than stories that entertain because they will be stuck in mind and give them lessons in life.

There are some types of stories in the Holy Qur'an. The Holy Quran is rich with moral stories, Wisdom stories, Stories about the prophet's lives, Historic stories and Stories about good people and prophets. **Luqman** [the wise] is a well-known sage, whose advice to his son has been mentioned in the Holy Qur'an. Luqman's sayings and the words of advice he gave to his son, contain rare wisdom, and quite a number of traditions refer to "Luqman's advice to his son". He was not a prophet but he was granted enormous wisdom by Allah. His wisdom serves as instructions to all humanity. **Luqman advised his son** to pray, to be patient, to be humble and to reduce his voice.

To sum up, we gain a lot of benefits from these stories by setting examples, understanding the hardship that the prophets faced and ensuring the trust of people in God ( Allah ). Stories help develop emotional intelligence. They can encounter exciting and imaginative experiences far beyond their own environment or even their dreams. Storytelling is a great shared experience, helping children bond with their siblings, their friends and family, and their teachers. The confidence to communicate helps reduce the social isolation.



## Lessons 1 &amp; 2 / VOCABULARY

Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning
1- composure (n.)	رباطة الجأش	5- injustice (n.)	الظلم
2- constancy (n.)	وفاء – إخلاص	6- insolence (n.)	غطرسة – وقاحة
3- enjoin (v.)	يأمر – يفرض	7- self-restraint (n.)	ضبط النفس
4- gratefulness(n.)	امتنان - شكر		

**✎ Fill in the spaces with words from the list:**

(enjoins \ insolence \ composure \ injustice \ gratefulness \ self- restraint \ constancy)

- 1- Keep calm; don't lose your .....
- 2- Never doubt the .....of my loyalty to you, sir.
- 3- We must avoid .....when we talk to elder people.
- 4- No religion approves.....
- 5- .....should be shown to anyone who does us a favour.
- 6- Islam.....us to treat others well.
- 7- People who have.....rarely get in to trouble with others.

**✎ SET BOOK QUESTIONS**

**1- There are some different types of stories in the Holy Qur'an. Mention two of them.**

.....

.....

.....

**2-What do you know about Luqman and his wisdom?**

.....

.....

.....

**3- What pieces of advice did Luqman give to his son ?**

.....

.....

.....

**4- Mention two of Luqman's virtues described in the Holy Quran.**

.....

.....

.....



5- What are our duties towards our parents?

.....

.....

6- What are the pieces of advice that Luqman told his son not to do?

.....

.....

7- How do the stories in the Holy Quran benefit us?

.....

.....

### Lesson 3 / Vocabulary

Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning
1- Chuckle (v.)	يضحك بصوت خافت	3- Fleet (n.)	أسطول
2- Firmly (adv.)	بقوة – بشدة	4-Retire (v.)	يتقاعد

✎ Fill in the spaces with words from the list:

( firmly / fleet / retires / chuckled)

- 1) My father will set up his own business after he.....
- 2) My friend's father is a wealthy man . He has a .....of boats.
- 3) Instructions should be given.....
- 4) My neighbour .....when I told him that I lost my way home.

### ✎ SET BOOK QUESTIONS

- 1) What would you do if you were a millionaire ?  
.....  
.....
- 2) What can people do after retirement ?  
.....  
.....
- 3) In your own point of view , what makes a person happy and satisfied in life?  
.....  
.....
- 4) Which is more important, stories that entertain or that have a moral message, why?  
.....  
.....

## Lesson 4, 5&amp; 6 / Vocabulary

Word	Translation	Word	Translation
1- Border (N)	حدود بين الدول	6- Set off (V)	ينطلق – يبدأ
2- Drop off (V)	يوصل شخص	7- Smuggle (V)	يهرب بضائع
3- Pick up (V)	يحضر شخص من مكان	8- Sudden (Adj)	مفاجيء
4- Register (V)	يسجل	9- Touch down (V)	تهبط
5- Re-load (V)	يعيد تحميل	10-Turn up (V)	يصل

Fill in the spaces with words from the list

( border/smuggle/touch down /set off /re-load / turned up /register /sudden / pick up /drop off )

- 1) Last night, a man was caught trying to cross the Kuwaiti Saudi.....
- 2) The.....stop of the plane frightened the passengers.
- 3) I will .....for a special course to improve my language.
- 4) The plane will.....in a few minutes.
- 5) When I arrived from London, I was surprised when no one.....to meet me.
- 6) Those who.....drugs should be punished severely.
- 7) Mother usually .....me..... at time after school.
- 8) The customs officer asked the truck driver to.....the goods.
- 9) What time shall we.....on this long journey?
- 10) When I went in my friend's car, I asked him to.....me .....at the nearest bus station.

### Grammar Adverbs of Manner

Choose the right Option

- 1- She planned their trip to Greece very .....  
a- carefully                      b- careful                      c- more careful                      d- most careful
- 2- Jim painted the kitchen very .....  
a- bad                              b- badly                              c- more bad                              d- most bad
- 3- She gave me a ..... look.  
a- carefully                      b- careful                              c- more careful                              d- most careful
- 4- She speaks very .....  
a- most quiet                      b- more quiet                              c- quietly                              d- quiet
- 5- Tina is a ..... runner.  
a- slowly                              b- slow                              c- slowest                              d- slower
- 6- Turn the stereo down. It's too .....  
a- loud                              b- loudly                              c- more loud                              d- most loud
- 7- He skipped ..... down the road to school.  
a- more happy                      b- most happy                              c- happily                              d- happy



**Homework****Choose the right Option**

- 1- My sister bought a very ..... dress yesterday.  
 a- nicely                      b- nice                      c- nicer                      d- nicest
- 2- He drives too .....  
 a- fast                      b- the faster                      c- fastest                      d- faster
- 3- She knows the road .....  
 a- well                      b- good                      c- better                      d- best
- 4- He plays the guitar .....  
 a- more terrible                      b- terribly                      c- terrible                      d- most terribly
- 5- We're going camping tomorrow so we have to get up .....  
 a- the earlier                      b- early                      c- earlier                      d- earliest
- 6- Andy doesn't often work .....  
 a- hardly                      b- hard                      c- harder                      d- hardest
- 7- Sometimes our teacher arrives ..... for class.  
 a- lately                      b- late                      c- later                      d- latest

**Phrasal Verbs****Study the following phrasal verbs**

Phrasal Verb	Meaning	Phrasal Verb	Meaning
Go back	يعود	Set off	يبدأ رحلة
Take off	تقلع الطائرة	Touch down	تهبط الطائرة
Check in	يسجل البيانات	Turned up	يصل
Pick up	يوصل شخص	Drop off	ينزل شخص

**Fill in the spaces with Phrasal verbs from the list :**

checked in \ took off \ dropped off \ set off \ turned up \ picked up \ touched down

We (1) ..... for the airport at 7.30 a.m. in the morning. As soon as we got to the airport, we (2) ..... Forty-five minutes later our plane (3) ..... We (4) ..... on time. Unfortunately nobody had (5) .....to meet us at Madrid Airport, so we called a taxi. Ten minutes later the taxi (6) .....us ....., drove us into the city and (7) .....right outside the hotel.



**Used to****Choose the right option :**

1- When I was a child I ..... go swimming in the lake.

a- used to            b- use to            c- am used to            d- get used to

2. In the army I ..... at six every morning.

a- get up            b- getting up            c- used to get up            d- used to getting up

3. I used to .....a school uniform, but now I don't.

a- wears            b- wearing            c- wore            d- wear

**Do as required in brackets:**

1- She used to wear a school uniform.

( Negative )

2- Students used to studies in large groups.

(Correct the underlined)

3- No, I didn't use to study in groups.

( Ask a question )

4- We used to stay in an old hotel?

( Ask a question )

**Homework****Do as shown in brackets:**

1- When are you going .....to your house?

(Add a Preposition)

2- She sang beautiful in the party last week.

(Correct the underlined)

3- My stomach felt funny when the plane took.....

(Add a Preposition)

4- My brother drives careless.

(Correct the underlined)

5- What time are you going to pick me.....

(Add a Preposition)

6- He talk very quick when he is on the phone. (Correct the underlined)

7- These children are very politely . (Correct the underlined)

8- They need to check .....before noon. (Add a Preposition)

9- The plane sets .....for Europe at 3pm. (Add a Preposition)

10- The spacecraft touched .....on schedule. (Add a Preposition)

11- No one turned.....to meet us at the airport. (Add a Preposition)

12- The driver drop us.....right outside the hotel. (Add a Preposition)

13- There used to was a cinema in the town but now there isn't. (Correct)

14- I used to drink milk in the morning.

( Negative )

15- Yes, I used to walk along the beach.

( Ask a question )

Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning
1- Crazyly (adv.)	بشدة \ بجنون	5- Monotonous (adj.)	ممل
2- Dreadful (adj.)	سيء جدا	6- Overtake (v.)	يتجاوز \ يتخطى
3- Emotive (adj.)	مثير للعواطف	7- Recuperate (v.)	يتعافى \ يسترد صحته
4- Knock off (Ph.v.)	يقع \ يسقط	8- Stacks of (n.)	أكوام من

**Fill in the spaces with words from the list**

**overtake/crazily /dreadful /emotive / knocked off /recuperate/stacks of/ monotonous**

- 1- It took me two weeks to .....after I broke my leg.
- 2- Do you usually work with these ..... books in front of you.
- 3- Mike's arm was broken when a car .....him.....
- 4- It's dangerous to ..... round a bend.
- 5- Some works are..... They make us feel bored.
- 6- Yesterday, I was fed up because the traffic was.....
- 7- His speech was .....so people sympathized with him.
- 8- My father shouted at me .....when I threw water on the laptop.

**SET BOOK QUESTIONS**

**What are the causes of road accidents? How can we avoid them?**

.....

.....

.....



**Translate into English :**

١- ماذا تعرف عن لقمان وحكمته؟

٢- لقمان لم يكن نبياً ولكن أوتي الحكمة من عند الله وذكر اسمه في القرآن الكريم.

٣- أعطى لقمان ولده عدة نصائح مثل التواضع و ضبط النفس.

٤- هناك الكثير من الفضائل التي يجب علينا أن نراعيها مثل احترام الآخرين .

٥- هناك انواع عديدة من القصص في القرآن الكريم مثل قصص الانبياء والرسل السابقين وقصص الامم السابقة .

٦- أفضل القصص التي بها دروس أخلاقيه عن قصص التسليه لانها تظل عاقة بالذهن وتعلمنا دروس في الحياة.

**Composition**

By telling stories to children, we give them the tools to wisdom. Write an essay of 4 paragraphs (12 sentences 140 words) telling your young siblings about the types of stories, their benefits and give an example of a religious story.

**Writing outline****Introduction:****Body 1:****Body 2:****Conclusion:**





**Quiz Unit 10****Vocabulary****Choose the most suitable answers from a, b, c and d**

1 ☺ The students always ..... at him while reading.

- a) register      b) chuckle      c) smuggle      d) retire

2 ☺ Songs nowadays have become ..... You never listen to them twice.

- a) monotonous      b) sudden      c) emotive      d) extinct

3 ☺ One of the plane's tires burst when it .....

- a) checked in      b) got up      c) picked up      d) touched down

4 ☺ Please take this as a token of my ..... for all your help.

- a) border      b) fleet      c) injustice      d) gratefulness

**Grammar****Choose the most suitable answers from a, b, c and d**

1 ☺ Jane wrote the homework .....

- a- neat      b- neatly      c- neater      d- neatest

2 ☺ Alice didn't use to ..... hard.

- a. work      b. worked      c. works      d. had worked

**Do as required:**

1 ☺ My mom dropped me ..... right outside the school.

( Add a Preposition )

2 ☺ Yes, I used to practice sports when I was young.

( Ask a question )

**Writing**

You have been chosen by the teacher to introduce a presentation about "**how we should deal with our parents**". In not less than (6 sentences) write a paragraph through which you persuade your colleagues about the great role of parents in our life.

---



---



---



---



---



---



---



---



---



---



---



---



---



---



---



---

**Reading Comprehension Passage 4**

Most children in poor countries don't have enough food to eat. They don't have the fancy clothes, toys and other things that children of more developed countries have. Instead of going to school to gain a good education, children in underdeveloped countries set out to work from as young as four or five years old. By the age of twelve, most of them are given the responsibilities of looking after and supporting their parents who are often weak from hunger and ill health.

Deprived of any form of education from such a young age, these underprivileged children are forced to take up illegal odd jobs which often have hazardous and unsuitable working conditions. Since it is illegal for young children to work, the corporations or factories that do hire these children hide them away from the main working areas. **They** trap children for long stretches of time in dark and dirty rooms. In India, for example, there are children who work in factories which manufacture matches. The working hours in these factories are long and the work is tedious, but what is most significant is that such factories are potential fire hazards. Not only do these children risk their lives by working, but they are also exploited as they are paid minimal wages.

The United Nations encouraged countries to prohibit the import of products made by children under the age of 15. We may think such measures will stop the problem of child **exploitation**, but the truth is they may lead to other problems. Even though the garment factories may be exploiting children by paying them low salaries, they do nevertheless provide them with a more or less safe working environment and proper jobs. Dismissing children from work does not necessarily mean that children will no longer work. In fact, they may end up in the hands of drug pushers or other criminals and lead a life of vice selling drugs or steal for a living.

**Choose the best completion from a, b, c and d :****1- The best title for this passage is .....**

- |  |                                   |
|--|-----------------------------------|
| a- The problems of poor countries      | b- Lack of jobs in poor countries |
| c- Working children in poor countries. | d- Good education for children.   |

**2- The underlined word ( They ) refers to .....**

- |                               |                                |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| a- children in poor countries | b- factories in poor countries |
| c- illegal odd jobs.          | d- dark and dirty rooms        |

**3- The underlined word ( exploitation ) refers to .....**

- |                               |  |
|-------------------------------|--|
| a- importing products         | b- having good education               |
| c- providing safe environment | d- misusing children in poor countries |

**4- Dismissing children from work may lead them to.....**

- |                        |                                       |
|------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| a- sell drugs or steal | b- have safe working environment.     |
| c- have enough to eat. | d- stop the problem of children work. |

**5- The United Nations try to solve the problem of exploiting children by encouraging countries to.....**

- |   |                                     |
|---|-------------------------------------|
| a- stop importing products made by children | b- import products made by children |
| c- Dismiss children from work               | d- hire kids to increase products   |

**7- Which of the following statements is not True about the passage :**

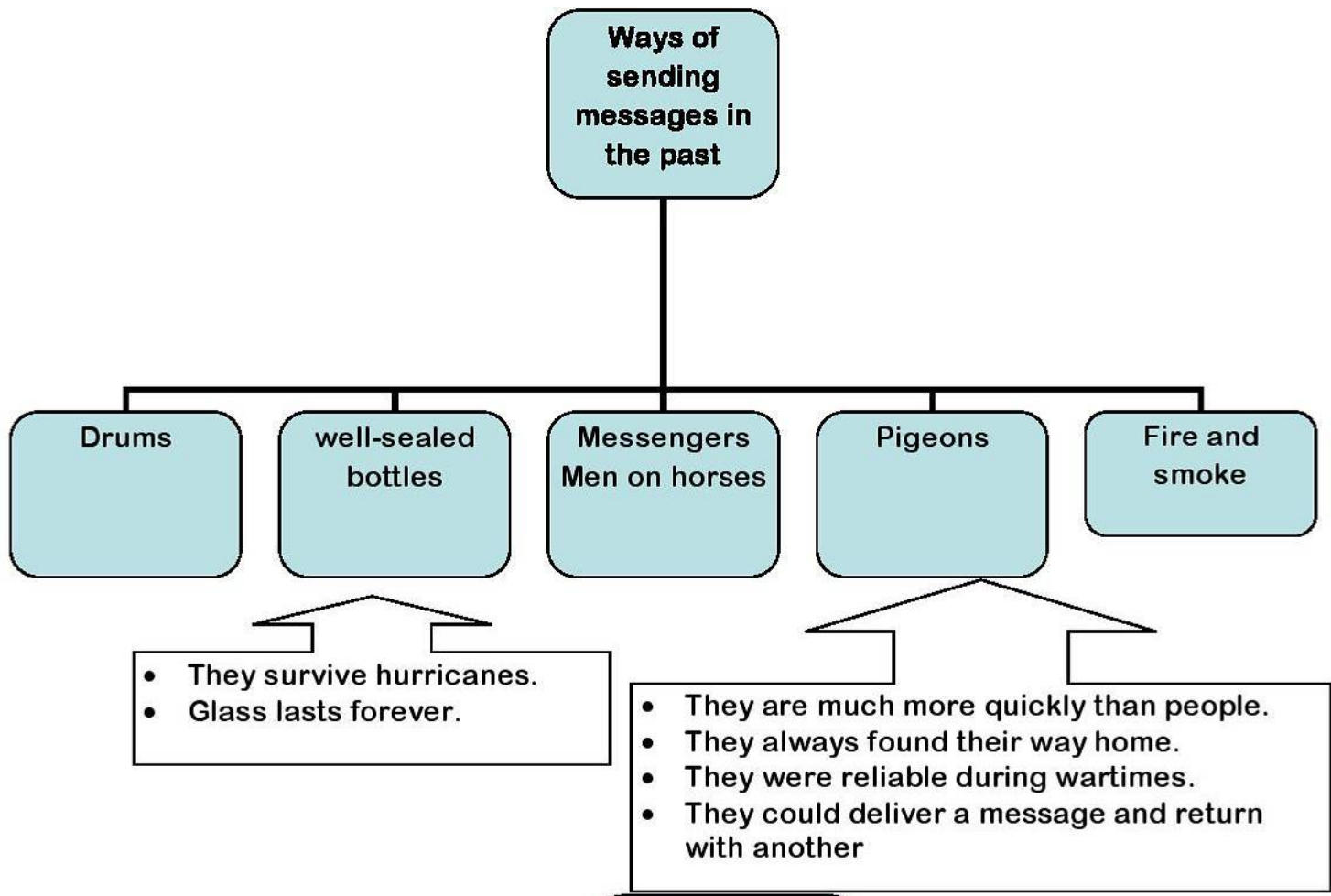
- a- Factories try to exploit children in poor countries.
- b- Children are trapped for in dark and dirty rooms.
- c- Children are paid minimal wages.
- d- Children should work and learn at the same time

**8- The main idea of the last paragraph is to.....**

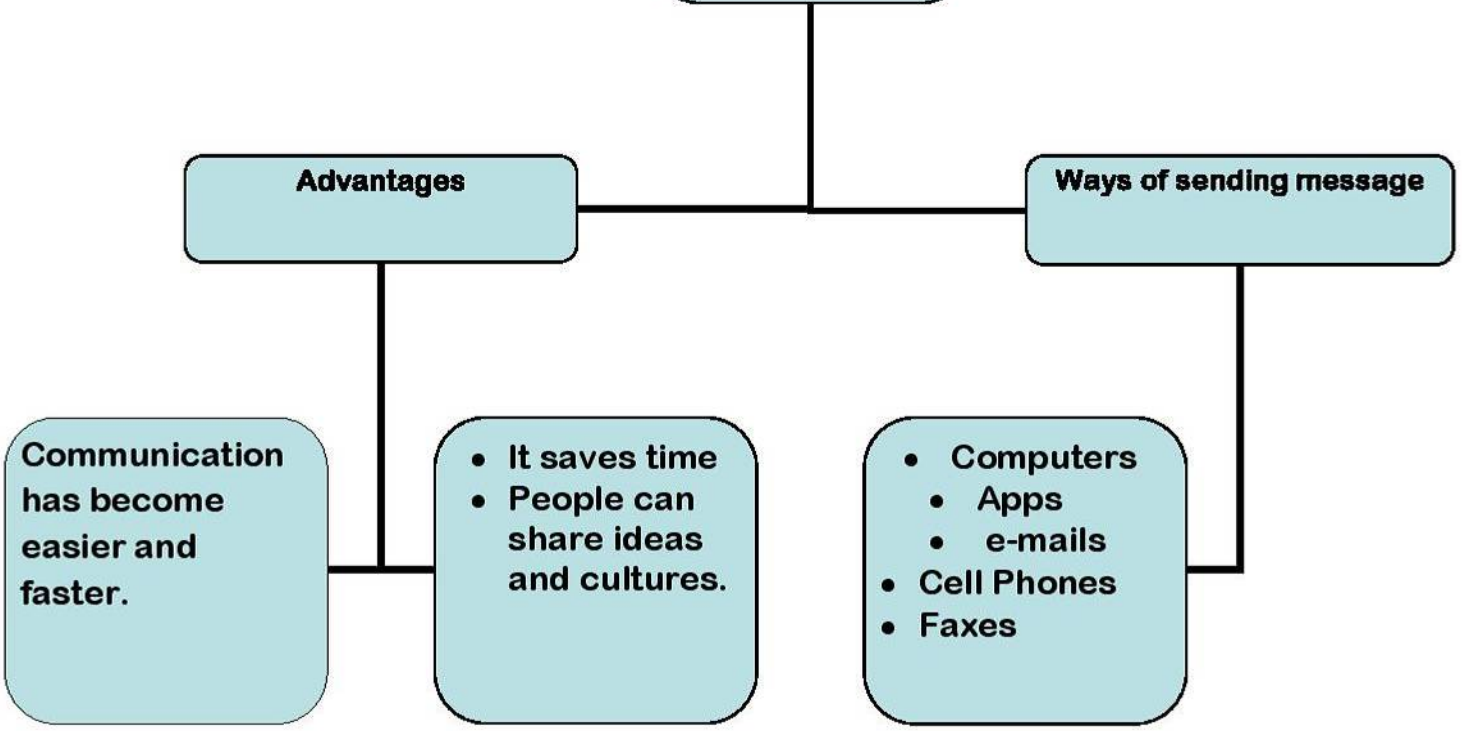
- |   |                                |
|---|--------------------------------|
| a- stop the problem of child exploitation | b- give more money for kids    |
| c- minimize the working hours of kids     | d- solve kids problems at work |

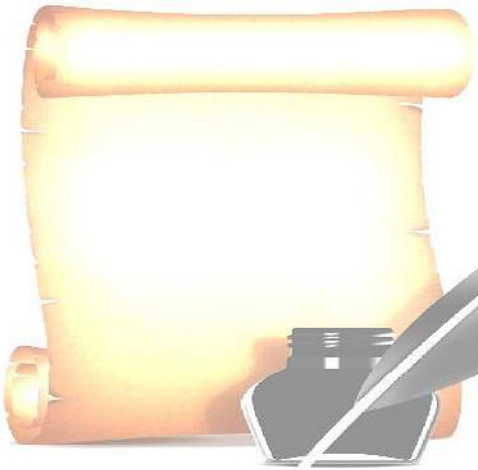


**Unit 11 Messages**



**Sending messages in the modern world**



**Unit 11 Introduction****Messages**

When people started to talk to each other and write things down, they wanted to share their ideas with others. It was easy to communicate with people who were close, but it was difficult to communicate with people over long distances. People had to invent ways to send their messages to people who were sometimes hundreds or thousands of kilometers away.

In the first human societies, well-sealed bottles were used as a means to send messages as they survive hurricanes and glass lasts forever. Also, Pigeons have carried messages for thousands of years and can deliver messages much more quickly than people. They were even used by pharaohs to deliver messages in Ancient Egypt. Pigeons were reliable for delivering messages because they always found their way home. The Greeks used pigeons messaging for carrying the news of the Olympic games. The Caliph used pigeons messaging for carrying mail all over the Arab world. Pigeons were also used to send military reports back to leaders when it was too dangerous to use normal postal services. Pigeons were called “boomerang” because they were trained to deliver one message and return with another.

With the help of modern technology, communication have become easier and faster. People use e-mail, mobile phones and answering machines to communicate over long distances and in a very short time. Communication Technology has not only brought the world closer together, but it has allowed people to share ideas and cultures and to understand each other.

## Lessons 1&amp;2 / Vocabulary

Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning
1- asap (expr.)	بأسرع ما يمكن	6- starvation (n.)	مجاعة
2- colleague (n.)	زميل العمل	7- unreliable (adj.)	غير موثوق به
3- current (n.)	تيار	8- urgent (adj.)	عاجل – ضروري
4- impromptu (adj.)	مرتجل – عفوي	9- well-sealed (adj.)	محكم الغلق
5- rearrange (v.)	يعيد ترتيب		

**Fill in the spaces with words from the list**

{ current / unreliable / asap / well-sealed / impromptu / starvation }

- 1- They passed electric ..... to the machine to test it.
- 2- The boss ordered, 'I want two good engines down here.....'
- 3- Make sure that the bottles are ..... before distributing them.
- 4- It's embarrassing to be asked to give a/an.....speech on a certain occasion.
- 5- Some internet websites are.....We should never trust them.
- 6- Millions of poor people face ..... because of shortage of food.

**Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:**

- 1- .....aids must be sent to people in the draught that hit African parts.  
a- Emotive      b- Urgent      c- Brief      d- Portable
- 2- One of my .....at work advised me to stop smoking.  
a- bands      b- colleagues      c- currents      d- tones
- 3- When she returned, she found the servants had.....all her furniture.  
a- rearranged      b- activated      c- picked up      d- registered

**Set-book questions**

1- People send messages for many reasons. What are they?

.....  
.....

2- Why were well-sealed bottles were used as a means to send messages ?

.....  
.....

3- There are different ways of sending messages now and in the past. Mention some.

.....  
.....



## Lesson 3 / Vocabulary

Word		Meaning
1- fasten	(v.)	يربط – يثبت بإحكام
2- homing	(adj.)	قادر علي معرفة طريق العودة
3- illegally	(adv.)	بصورة غير شرعية
4- instinct	(n.)	غريزة

**✎ Fill in the spaces with words from the list**

( fastened / homing / illegally / instinct )

- Pigeons that are trained to return home are called .....pigeons.
- Pigeons were used to smuggle diamonds ..... to other countries.
- Make sure the lid is tightly .....
- Cats possess a natural hunting .....

**✎ Set-book questions**

**1-Why did people use pigeons for carrying messages in the past?**

.....

.....

.....

**2- Pigeons messaging have been used in wartime. Why?**

.....

.....

.....

**3- Why are some kinds of pigeons called “ boomerang” Pigeons ?**

.....

.....

.....

**4- In what ways has sending messages changed since the first carrier pigeons ?**

.....

.....

.....

**5- Why are pigeons sometimes called “homing pigeons”?**

.....

.....

.....

## Lessons 4, 5 &amp; 6 / Vocabulary

Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning
1- activate (v.)	ينشط – يفعل	8- Harmony (n.)	انسجام – ونام
2- band (n.)	موجة الراديو – تردد	9- Hassle (n.)	إزعاج
3- conference call (n.)	المكالمة الجماعية	10- portable (adj.)	محمول – سهل الحمل
4- deadline (n.)	-الموعد النهائي	11- Slide (v.)	ينزلق
5- flash (v.)	يضيء-يومض	12- unlock (v.)	يفتح
6- frequency (n.)	تردد	13- upgrade (v.)	يطور
7- Handy (adj.)	سهل – ملائم – مفيد		

**From a, b, c and d choose the correct answer :**

1-You must wear your seat belt to avoid the ..... road accidents.

**a-hassle                      b-band                      c-frequency                      d-colleague**

2-I'm too busy writing a research and I want to meet the.....tomorrow.

**a-starvation                      b-deadline                      c-harmony                      d-band**

3-Your desk top computer looks so old that it needs to be.....

**a-rearranged                      b-replaced                      c-upgraded                      d-exchanged**

4-My k-net card has become invalid and should be.....by the bank.

**a-registered                      b-fastened                      c-fixed                      d-activated**

5-Can you tell me the.....of the holy Quran station of Kuwait radio?

**a-harmony                      b-deadline                      c-band                      d-instinct**

**Fill in the spaces with words from the list :**

( flash / frequency / handy / harmony / portable / slide / unlock /deadline )

1-The reason for living in this street is that it is.....for shops and schools.

2-When one deals with others gently and politely, he will feel great.....

3-Some of the advantages of this mini robot are that it's.....and rechargeable easily.

4- ..... your phone before calling .

5-You can listen to Marina FM at the.....of 88.8

6-Don't ..... the front lights of your car when driving at night.

7- Be careful or you will.....There is a lot of oil slipped on the ground .

**Set-book questions**

**1- SIM card is good for international travellers and is regarded as a mini hard disk because .....**

.....

.....

.....



Change into passive

1- The boys play chess weekly.

.....

2- They collect shells by the seashore.

.....

3- I changed my address last year.

.....

4- They arranged the files properly.

.....

5- The students are writing Arabic in class now.

.....

6- The Government is planting trees all over Kuwait.

.....

7-My mom was making a big cake.

.....

8- She was cleaning the carpets when we entered the house.

.....

9- She has already bought a new film.

.....

10- He has fulfilled the aims of the project.

.....

11-By 11 a.m. the students had finished the exam.

.....

12- They had ordered three meals before we arrived.

.....

13- They can illustrate the lesson to their colleagues.

.....

14-The citizens has to respect law.

.....

15- She will give him a present.

.....

16- she is going to bring me some books to read.

.....



**Homework****Change into passive**

1- I will give some advice to Rachel.

.....

2- Our neighbour gave me a lift.

.....

3- They transport Oranges from Valencia to Germany.

.....

4- They are sending the parcel by sea.

.....

5- His father punished him for what he did.

.....

6- They are building a hut in that hill.

.....

7- The children gave Fatma a lovely birthday card.

.....

8- The university will award Samuel a scholarship.

.....

9- The teacher has given a good piece of advice.

.....

10- He should tell her the truth.

.....

11- The gardener is watering the flowers.

.....

12- The mechanic repaired the car.

.....

13- The restaurant prepared the meal for five persons.

.....

14- They will give you a present if you succeed.

.....

**Grammar****Causative Verbs( present – past – future )**

Verb Tense	Examples	Causative Forms
Present Simple	He <u>paints</u> his portrait.	He <u>has</u> his portrait <u>painted</u> .
Present Continuous	He <u>is painting</u> his portrait.	He <u>is having</u> his portrait <u>painted</u> .
Past Simple	He <u>painted</u> his portrait .	He <u>had</u> his portrait painted.
Past Continuous	He <u>was painting</u> his portrait.	He <u>was having</u> his portrait painted.
Future Simple	He <u>will paint</u> his portrait.	He <u>will have</u> his portrait <u>painted</u> .
Future Continuous	He <u>will be painting</u> his portrait.	He <u>will be having</u> his portrait <u>painted</u> .
Present Perfect	He <u>has painted</u> his portrait .	He <u>has had</u> his portrait <u>painted</u> .
Past Perfect	He <u>had painted</u> his portrait.	He <u>had had</u> his portrait <u>painted</u> .
Present Perfect Continuous	He <u>has been painting</u> his portrait.	He <u>has been having</u> his portrait <u>painted</u> .
Past Perfect Continuous	He <u>had been painting</u> his portrait.	He <u>had been having</u> his portrait <u>painted</u> .
Infinitive	He <u>can paint</u> his portrait.	He <u>can have</u> his portrait <u>painted</u> .
-ing form	He <u>likes painting</u> his portrait.	He <u>likes having</u> his portrait <u>painted</u> .

**Choose the right option:**

- Instead of buying a new bicycle, why don't you have your old one .....?  
**a- repair                      b- repaired                      c- repairs                      d- repairing**
- She had her hair ..... at QuickCuts for only \$25.  
**a- cut                              b- cuts                              c- cutting                      d- being cut**
- We had our house ..... last year.  
**a- paint                              b- painting                              c- paints                              d- painted**
- I ..... my car washed yesterday.  
**a- has                              b- have                              c- having                              d- had**
- I had the oil in my car .....by the mechanic.  
**a- changed                              b- change                              c- changes                              d- had changed**

**Change into causative:**

- She repairs her computer herself.  
.....
- He prepared his lessons.  
.....
- She will arrange the files.  
.....
- He has presented the lectures.  
.....
- She runs the firm herself.  
.....

**Take & Make**

✚ **( Take ) Study the following table**

Word	Meaning	Example
Take	Steal	He takes his father's car without asking.
Take	Travel by	Let's take a taxi.
Take	Carry	You'd better take your coat.
Take	Swallow	I'm going to take some tablets.

✚ **( Make ) Study the following table**

Word	meaning	Example
Make	Force me to	My parents made me tidy my room before I went.
Make	Produce	They make cars in Japan.
Make	Earn	How much does he make a year?
Make	Attend	I can't make the meeting tomorrow.

**Choose either make or take:**

- 1- This machine is ( took – made ) in France.
- 2- I can't ( take- make ) all these bags in one hand.
- 3- How much do you ( take – make ) a week?
- 4- ( Take – Make ) this pill and you will be fine.
- 5- He ( made- took) the money and ran away.
- 6- They ( made- took) a taxi and went to the airport.
- 7- We will not( make- take) the conference next Sunday.
- 8- The boss( made – took ) me do the job in the weekend.



Word	Meaning	Word	meaning
1- alarm (v.)	يقلق - يخيف - ينذر بالخطر	5- next of kin (n.)	أقرب الأقارب
2- answer phone (n)	جهاز الرد الآلي	6- ring (n.)	جرس الهاتف - رنين
3- briefly (adv.)	بإيجاز	7- tone (n.)	نغمة
4- confident (adj.)	واثق	8- tutor (n.)	معلم خصوصي

**✎ Fill in the spaces with words from the list**

briefly / ring / tutor / next of kin

- 1-What a strange..... tone of your mobile phone!
- 2-I think your child needs a good ....., he is a low achiever.
- 3- He is my dearest and nearest. Actually, he' s my.....
- 4- you need to answer the questions....., don't give details.

**✎ Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:**

- 1-All Muslims know the fact that strong faith in Allah makes people feel more.....  
a- unreliable      b- portable      c- confident      d- frequent
- 2-Tom keeps some dogs on his farm to .....him in case of any danger of robbers.  
a- alarm      b- flash      c- unlock      d- overtake
- 3-Can you tell me what happened .....I have no time to waste.  
a- urgently      b- currently      c- confidently      d- briefly
- 4- Do you know how this .....works?  
a- frequency      b- answerphone      c- tutor      d- conference

**✎ Set-book questions**

- 1- When leaving a message on someone's answer phone, you need to mention:
- .....
- .....

- 2- Communication via the internet is preferable to other ways of communication by some people ? Why? (What are the benefits of e-mail and phone text messages)
- .....
- .....

- 3- Are you for or against the new language which developed because of the abbreviated text messages. Why?
- .....
- .....

In an essay of about (12 sentences 140 words) tell your friends about **the benefits of sending messages, the different ways of sending messages now and why communication via the internet is preferable to other ways of communication by people .**

 **Writing outline**

**Introduction:**

.....  
.....

**Body 1:**

.....  
.....  
.....  
.....

**Body 2:**

.....  
.....  
.....  
.....

**Conclusion:**

.....  
.....





Translate into English:

١. لماذا يتبادل الناس الرسائل النصية على المحمول أو عن طريق البريد الإلكتروني؟

.....

.....

٢. أعتقد أن هذه الرسائل تعتبر أهم وأسرع وسائل التواصل الاجتماعي في الحاضر.

.....

.....

٣. الزجاجات المحكمة الغلق يمكنها ان تنجو من الاعاصير لأن الزجاج يدوم للابد.

.....

.....

٤. يمكن لشريحة الهاتف أن تحتفظ بمعلومات شخصية ورسائل نصية وصور وبيانات أخرى.

.....

.....

٥. يرسل الناس الرسائل ليتبادلوا المعلومات والأفكار والمشاعر.

.....

.....

٦. استطاع الحمام الزاجل ان يحمل رسائل منذ أكثر من ٥٠٠٠ عام .

.....

.....

٧. أستخدم الحمام الزاجل وقت الحروب لارسال تقارير عسكرية للقادة لأنه كان من المستحيل استخدام البريد العادي.

.....

.....

٨. سمي الحمام الزاجل بالديار لأنه يعرف طريق العودة للديار.

.....

.....

**Quiz Unit 11****Vocabulary**

➤ Choose the most suitable answers from a, b, c and d

1-I advise you not to go swimming. The \_\_\_\_\_ is strong and the waves are high.

- a) **current**                      b) **harmony**                      c) **hassle**                      d) **starvation**

2☺ This bottle is \_\_\_\_\_. I can't open it with my hands.

- a) **unreliable**                      b) **homing**                      c) **impromptu**                      d) **well-sealed**

3☺ I need to \_\_\_\_\_ my computer. It has a very old windows version.

- a) **flash**                      b) **upgrade**                      c) **unlock**                      d) **slide**

4☺ They entered the country \_\_\_\_\_. They don't have passports.

- a) **illegally**                      b) **crazily**                      c) **actually**                      d) **currently**

**Grammar**

➤ Choose the most suitable answers from a, b, c and d

5☺ Lunch \_\_\_\_\_ by mom at the moment.

- a- prepares                      b- preparing                      c- is preparing                      d- is being prepared

6☺ This car is \_\_\_\_\_ in Japan.

- a. take                      b. takes                      c. make                      d. made

➤ Change into Passive

7☺ I will repair my car.

---

8☺ Students have to respect School rules.

---

**Writing**

In not less than (**6 sentences**) write a paragraph through which you persuade your colleagues that Kids under 15 shouldn't have Facebook pages.

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---







**Unit 12 Flying Stories****The pilot's job****Pros**

- seeing different countries
- travelling around the world
- making many friends
- earning high salary

**Cons**

- being responsible for people's lives.
- being away from home for a long time.
- facing many dangers

**Qualifications**

- attending special flying courses
- being ready to deal with emergencies
- training and updating himself

**Unit 12 Introduction  
Flying Stories**

For many people, flying, and particularly the job of an airline pilot has always had a certain degree of excitement. The road to becoming an airline pilot can be long and difficult. It requires patience and commitment. A pilot needs to attend special flying courses to be ready to fly planes. He must be physically fit and mentally ready to deal with emergencies. He will always train and up-date himself all the time.

There are many advantages of working as a pilot; the pilot has a chance to see different countries and travel around the world spending no additional cost. This profession requires communication with people. He is able to socialize a lot and therefore find many friends among colleagues. He earns high Salary.

On the other hand, there are some important cons of being a pilot. Pilots are responsible for people's lives. They must be ready to guarantee people's safety. Pilots are away from home for a long time. There are flights that can last longer than two days and some trips can take pilot a week to get back home. They should be ready to be far from their family and relatives. Furthermore, any minor error can lead to a horrible disaster. The pilot has a big responsibility upon his shoulders. Hundreds of people put their lives in the hands of flight crew every time they fly. Pilots might face many dangers like bad weather, faulty plane appliances , shortage of fuel and jet-lag.

It is very clear now that being a pilot is not an easy task. It needs special skills and qualifications. You need to think a hundred times beforehand.

Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning
1-aviation (n.)	الطيران	5- instructor (n.)	مدرب - معلم
2- coincide with (v.)	يتزامن مع	6- intensely (adv.)	بحدة - بكثافة
3- exemplary (adj.)	نموذجي - مثالي	7- notably (adv.)	علي وجه الخصوص
4- gliding (n.)	الطيران الشراعي		

✎ Fill in the spaces with words from the list :

(exemplary , aviation , gliding ,intensely, coincide with , instructor , notably)

- 1- Before having a private aircraft, we have to get permission from the .....department.
- 2- She is a student of..... character .That is why she was chosen as the student of the year.
- 3- My ..... was excellent. He taught me really well.
- 4- We are sure we will win the match. We have practiced .....
- 5- At school I was ..... impressed by my teachers personalities.
- 6- I timed my holiday to .....the children's school holiday.
- 7- .....is a very dangerous sport.

#### ✎ Set Book Questions

**1- What are the advantages and disadvantages of working as a pilot?**

.....

.....

**2-What are the qualities and skills do you need to achieve your goals?**

.....

.....

**3- What are the skills needed to be a pilot? (To become a pilot you should..... )**

.....

.....

**4- What dangers might pilots face while flying by plane?**

.....

.....

**5- What problems might passengers face while travelling by plane ?**

.....

.....

**6-What is interesting about being a pilot( flying a plane)?**

.....

.....



Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning
1- Biplane (n.)	الطائرة ذات الجناحين	4- prejudicial (adj.)	ضار
2- landmark (n.)	علامة بارزة	5- Rusty (adj.)	صديء
3- Plague (v.)	يزعج \ يعترض طريق	6- transcontinental (adj.)	عبر القارات

✎ Fill in the spaces with words from the list

( plagued / transcontinental / landmark / prejudicial / rusty / biplane )

- 1- Kuwait towers is the most familiar ..... to foreigners.
- 2- Her business was ..... by some financial problems last year.
- 3- This project is ..... to our company. I am not ready to take a risk.
- 4- This nail is .....you should use a new one.
- 5- A..... is an old-fashioned type of airplane.
- 6- The.....railway goes from New York in the east to San Francisco in the west.

✎ Set Book Questions

**In what way has air travel changed the way people live ?**

.....

.....



Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning
1- acclaimed (adj.)	مبجل - محترم	7- expression (n.)	تعبير الوجه
2- attendant (n.)	مضيفة طيران	8- mumble (v.)	يتمتم
3- cabin (n.)	قمرة الركاب	9- resemble (v.)	يشبه
4- confrontational (adj.)	قادر على المواجهة	10- stern (adj.)	عابس - صارم
5- corporation (n.)	شركة مساهمة	11- stunned (adj.)	مذهول - مندهش
6- courteously (adv.)	بأدب \ بلطف		

**Fill in the spaces with words from the list:**

**(courteously / stern / acclaimed / resembles / mumble / stunned)**

- 1- The Mona Lisa is a highly ..... piece of art .
- 2- The receptionist deals ..... with the guests.
- 3- Don't ..... if you want to say something, say it loudly.
- 4- The girl ..... her mother closely.
- 5- I think my teacher has a/an.....personality.
- 6- Everyone in the theatre was ..... by her performances. It was the best show I've ever seen.

**Fill in the spaces with words from the list:**

**(cabin - expression - corporation -- attendant)**

- 1- In the future, I'd like to be a flight .....
- 2- He sat in the First Class.....,he looked relaxed and pleased with the service.
- 3- She didn't want to work for a big .....,she wanted to have a personal business.
- 4- His facial .....shows his inner feelings.

**Grammar**  
**If Conditional**

**Zero Conditional**

**Do as required in brackets:**

- 1- Water freeze if the temperature falls below zero. ( Correct the Underlined )  
.....
- 2- If you select reverse gear, .....( Complete )  
.....
- 3- The machine not work if it doesn't have enough oil. ( Correct the Underlined )  
.....
- 4- If you heat water to 100 c, .....( Complete )  
.....

**Type 1**

**Choose the best option:**

- 1- If he buys that car, it.....him much.  
a- would have cost      b- will cost      c- would cost      d- cost
- 2- If the weather .....warm , we'll go to the sea .  
a- is      b- was      c- were      d- be
- 3- If you don't pay the money, you .....to jail.  
a- Would have gone      b- will go      c- would go      d- could go
- 4- His teeth will become bad if he .....much sweets .  
a- had eaten      b- eating      c- eats      d- ate
- 5- The neighbours .....if the dog keeps barking .  
a- could complain      b- will complain      c- would complain      d- complain

**Type 2**

**Correct the underlined mistakes**

- 1- If he succeeded, he.....the university .  
a- could have joined      b- would join      c- will join      d- can join
- 2-You would meet them if you.....earlier.  
a- come      b- comes      c- came      d- coming
- 3- If I were a bird , I.....  
a- would have flown      b- will fly      c- would fly      d- can fly
- 4- If you.....to him , he would forgive you.  
a- apologize      b- apologizes      c- apologizing      d- apologized
- 5- She.....to the manager if she didn't like the food .  
a- would have tell      b- will tell      c- would tell      d- can tell

**Type 3****Choose the right answer:**

1-If I had seen him, I .....him about the party.

e- will tell                      b- would tell                      c- would have told                      d- tell

2-If Maha had studied hard last year, she .....

a- would have succeeded                      b- would succeed                      c- will succeed                      d- succeed

3-If I.....in Egypt , I would have visited the pyramids.

a- am                                      b- were                                      c- was                                      d- had been

4- If he hadn't been late, he.....the plane.

a- would have missed                      b- will miss                                      c- could miss                                      d- miss

5- If my car .....out of petrol, I wouldn't have taken a taxi.

a- didn't run                                      b- hadn't run                                      c- doesn't run                                      d- don't run

**Homework****Complete the following sentences:**

1 - If you put on a coat, you, .....

2 - If he's angry, .....

3 - If I saw a ghost, .....

4- The radio doesn't work if.....

5- If I were you,.....

6- If it is sunny,.....

7- ..... if she drives very fast.

8- If I had had enough money,.....

9- If I had come earlier,.....

**Phrasal verbs with take****Study the following :**

1- take after (someone)	يشبه	4- take (someone) out	يخرج مع
2- take (something) back	يرجع	5 -take (something) over	يسيطر
3- take off	تقلع الطائرة	6- take (something) up	يتخذ (هواية)

**Choose the right option:**

1- When I have more time, I'm going to take..... tennis.

a- up                      b- off                      c- after                      d- out

2- Mohammed takes.....his father. They're both very good at Maths.

a- up                      b- off                      c- after                      d- out



3- A big corporation is trying to take .....our family business.

a- up                      b- off                      c- after                      d- over

4- Our plane couldn't take .....on time because of strong winds.

a- up                      b- off                      c- after                      d- out

5- We eventually took.....at 11 am and arrived in Venice at 1.30.pm.

a- up                      b- off                      c- after                      d- over

### Relative Pronouns

#### Choose the right option:

1. He is the person-----car was stolen.

a) who                      b) whose                      c)which                      d)when

2. She is the new doctor-----is coming to the hospital next week.

a) who                      b) whose                      c)which                      d)when

3. She is the journalist-----article was on the front page.

a) who                      b) whose                      c)which                      d)when

4. This is the chair-----my parents gave to me.

a) who                      b) whose                      c)which                      d)when

5. We visited the school-----my father taught.

a) who                      b) whose                      c)where                      d)when

6. I met her last month-----she came to our school.

a) who                      b) whose                      c)where                      d)when

#### Do as required in brackets:

1. This is the pilot. He travelled solo around the world.                      ( Join using: Who )

.....

3. This test is for students. Their language is not English.                      ( Join using: Whose )

5. The student lost his bag. He is waiting in the office.                      ( Join using: Who )

.....

7. Look at the horses. They are drinking in the river.                      ( Join using : that)

.....

**Homework****Choose the right option:**

1. This is the woman ----- gave me the money.  
a) whom            b) who            c) whose            d) which
2. I met the girl ----- you told me to help.  
a) whom            b) who            c) whose            d) which
3. Do you remember the day -----we first met ?  
a) when            b) where            c) which            d) who
4. The student-----has been training well won the grand prize.  
a) when            b) whose            c) who            d) where
5. The man ----- invented the first Television system was John Long.  
a) when            b) whose            c) who            d) which
6. An inventor -----inventions benefit people shouldn't be forgotten.  
a) who            b) which            c) whose            d) where
7. Did they tell you the reason----- they were late?  
a) who            b) why            c)where            d)when
8. That is the house ----- Hassan lives.  
a) who            b) when            c) where            d) whose
9. I talked to Fawaz ----- father is the manager of KOC.  
a) whom            b) who            c) whose            d) which
10. I ate all the cake .....you gave me.  
a) whom            b) who            c) whose            d) which
11. I still remember the day .....we first met.  
a) when            b) who            c) whose            d) which

**Do as required in brackets:**

1. If you had come with us, you have a nice time.            (Correct )  
.....
2. He did not want to take .....a competitive sport.            (Add a Preposition)
3. If she had tried harder, .....( Complete )  
.....
4. If he hadn't had an argument with his friend, .....(Complete )  
.....



Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning
Altitude (n.)	الارتفاع	eyewitness (n.)	شاهد عيان
aviate (v.)	يقود طائرة	fog (n.)	ضباب
baby carriage (n.)	عربة الطفل	headline (n.)	عنوان رئيسي
buzzing (adj.)	طنان - دنان	incident (n.)	حدث
control (n.)	جهاز أو مفتاح التحكم	radar (n.)	رادار
copilot (n.)	مساعد الطيار	velocity (n.)	السرعة
custom-built (adj.)	مصنوع بناء على طلب الزبون	voice activated (adj.)	جهاز يعمل بالصوت
endeavour (v.)	يسعى \ يحاول		

**Fill in the spaces from the list :**

(endeavour, voice-activated, altitude, incident, headline, buzzing, velocity)

- 1- The plane crashed because it was at a higher ..... than it should have been.
- 3- I was listening to the TV announcer who was describing the ..... of the crime.
- 4- I think the news of his death is going to be the ..... in all news papers.
- 5- I don't know how we can calculate the .....of light.
- 6- That phone has a ..... dialing.

**Fill in the spaces from the list :**

( custom- built \eyewitness \ baby carriage\ velocity - co-pilot \ radar \ fog \ aviate )

- 1- Thick.....has frightened me, the road got darker and the vision was not clear.
- 2- The.....of an aircraft is a pilot who assists the chief pilot.
- 3- These are..... products. They are designed for particular persons in high cost.
- 4- The captain was able to.....the plane with great skill in spite of the storm.
- 5- We bought her a.....because she was about to have her first child.
- 6- The accurate description of the .....helped the police to catch the thief.
7. They located the ship by .....

**Set book Questions**

**1- In your view, how can man achieve success in life.**

.....

.....

.....

**Focus on**

**Why do you think Ahmed Meshari Al-Adwani is a good example as a famous Kuwaiti character?**

.....

.....



Your brother wants to work as a pilot. Write an essay of 4 paragraphs ( 12 sentences 140 words ) **telling him disadvantages of working as a pilot and the dangers he faces convincing him to choose another career.**

 Writing outline

**Introduction:**

.....

.....

**Body 1:**

.....

.....

.....

.....

**Body 2:**

.....

.....

.....

.....

**Conclusion:**

.....

.....



**Translate the following into good English :**

١ . كيف يستطيع طيار أعمى أن يقود طائرة ؟

.....

.....

٢ . إنها طائرة مزودة بحاسوب خاص يحسب الارتفاع والسرعة وموقع الطائرة .

.....

.....

٣ - ساهم أحمد مشاري العدواني في جعل الكويت عاصمةً ثقافية واجتماعية وفنية في الشرق الأوسط .

.....

.....

٤ - ساهم العدواني في بناء معرض الفنون الجميلة وقسم الثقافة الموسيقية .

.....

.....

٥ - من أفضل الأعمال التي قدمها أحمد مشاري العدواني هي نشيد الكويت الوطني والذي أذيع يوم ٢٥ فبراير عام ١٩٧٨ .

.....

.....

٦ - من مزايا مهنة الطيار السفر إلى دول عديدة وعمل صداقات عديدة وتعلم ثقافات وعادات مختلفة .

.....

.....

٧ - يواجه الطيارين مشاكل عديدة منها التقلبات الجوية و أعطال ميكانيكية ونفاذ الوقود .

.....

.....



**Quiz Unit 12****Vocabulary**

**Choose the most suitable answers from a, b, c and d**

1 ☺ Mountain climbers use oxygen when they reach high .....

- a) **aviations**                      b) **altitude**                      c) **instructions**                      d) **starvation**

2 ☺ We must .....to locate the source of the problem and solve it.

- a) **resemble**                      b) **mumble**                      c) **aviate**                      d) **endeavour**

3 ☺ The news of his death was splashed in ..... across all the newspapers.

- a) **instructors**                      b) **biplanes**                      c) **headlines**                      d) **incidents**

4 ☺ According to a/an..... account, the thief was inside a van near the scene of the robbery.

- a) **eyewitness**                      b) **expression**                      c) **cabin**                      d) **corporation**

**Grammar**

**Choose the most suitable answers from a, b, c and d**

1 ☺ The man .....invented the first telephone was A. G. Bell.

- a- **when**                      b- **whose**                      c- **who**                      d- **which**

2 ☺ Fatma takes.....her mother. They're both very good at Maths.

- a. **up**                      b. **off**                      c. **after**                      d. **out**

**Do as required in brackets:**

1 ☺ If you had waited longer, .....(Complete)

.....

2 ☺ I met the man. He lost his suitcase.

(Join Using: Who)

.....

**Reading Comprehension Passage 6**

I have returned to my hometown of Wilson Creek after an absence of 10 years. So many things have changed around here. When I left Wilson Creek, there was a small pond on the right as you left town. They have filled in this pond and they have built a large shopping mall there. There is a baseball stadium on the outskirts of Wilson Creek which has been changed completely. They have now added a new **stand** where probably a few thousand people could sit.

The biggest changes have taken place in the downtown area. They have pedestrianized the center and you can't drive there anymore. A European-style fountain has been built and some benches have also been added along with a grassy area and a new street cafe. My street looks just the same as **it** always has but a public library has been built in the next street along. There used to be a great park there but they have cut down all the trees which is a pity. The library now has a large green area in front of it but it's not the same as when the park was there. A Chinese and an Italian restaurant have opened in the town center and a Mexican restaurant has opened near my home. This is where I am going tonight!

**From a , b , c and d choose the right answer:**

**1) The underlined word (stand) means -----**

- a. park                                      b. position                                      c. restaurant                                      d. tree

**2) The underlined word (it) in line 11 refers to -----**

- a. new street café                                      b. public library                                      c. street                                      d. park

**3) The best title for the passage is-----**

- a. A big change                                      b. a Mexican restaurant  
c. a baseball stadium                                      d. a public library

**5).....restaurants have opened in the town center.**

- a. Italian                                      b. Mexican                                      c. Chinese                                      d. All

**6) The writer used to live in.....**

- a. Wilson Creek                                      b. Europe                                      c. Africa                                      d. Asia

**7) People can't drive through the center of the downtown because of.....**

- a- the pedestrian zone.                                      b- wide streets                                      c- narrow roads                                      d- restaurants

**8- All the following statements about the passage are true EXCEPT:**

- a- The writer is back again to Wilson Creek.  
b- Wilson Creek has been slightly changed.  
c- A Chinese and an Italian restaurant have opened in the town center.  
d- The stadium of Wilson Creek which has become bigger.

**Summary Making**

In Four sentences of your own summarize the following passage in answer to the following question:

**How is coffee processed?**

The coffee plant, an evergreen shrub or small tree of African origin, begins to produce fruit 3 or 4 years after being planted. The fruit is hand-gathered when it is fully ripe and a reddish purple in colour. The ripened fruits of the coffee shrubs are processed where they are produced to separate the coffee seeds from their covering and from the pulp. Two different techniques are in use: a wet process and a dry process. *The wet process* First the fresh fruit is pulped by a pulping machine. Some pulp still clings to the coffee, however, and this residue is removed by fermentation in tanks. The few remaining traces of pulp are then removed by washing. The coffee seeds are then dried to a moisture content of about 12 per cent either by exposure to the sun or by hot-air driers. If dried in the sun, they must be turned by hand several times a day for even drying.

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....



**Language Functions**

**Write What you would say in the following situations:**

1-One of your friends says that oil isn't a finite resource.

.....

2-You predict bad weather for tomorrow.

.....

3-One of your friend's relatives has died in an accident.

.....

4- Your friend wants to diminish the amount of energy used in his car.

.....

5- In a cafe, the waitress is carrying a tray full of food and is about to empty the tray over you.

.....

6- Someone says that the computer is said to be the worst machine ever produced.

.....

7. A friend asks you if you'd rather live in Cairo.

.....

8-It's windy outside and your friend wants to go for a walk.

.....

9-Your teacher said something that you didn't hear well.

.....

10-You can't deal with your new i-pad, seek your brother's recommendation.

.....

11-You ask your sister to make a new e-mail for her .

.....

12- Your friend has a terrible stomach-ache.

.....

13-You had a meal at a restaurant. A friend of yours asked you if you had enjoyed it.

.....

14-Your mother is very angry because you didn't wake up easily to go to school .

.....

15- Your sister is not sure about what to wear in her party .

.....

16 -You can't reach the glass of water at the far end of the table.

.....

17- Your friend always makes the class desk dirty by writing and drawing funny things.

.....

18 -Your brother thinks he will never be able to write or read English well.

.....