

sprinting	N	الركض	arrow	N	سهم
extremely	Adv	للغاية	strict	Adj	شدید – صارم
resistance	N	مقاومة	risk	N	مخاطرة
flexible	Adj	مرن	obesity	N	سمنه
session	N	جلسة – نشاط	gain	V	يحصل علي
regimen	N	نظام غذائي	amount	N	كمية
cool down (ed)	Ph V	يهدئ - يبرد	lack -ed - ed	V	ينقص
promise -d – d	V	يوعد	adequate	Adj	دقیق

0-4 1---1.

Grammar

هو فعل مضاف له (ing) و يستخدم كاسم

Stretching keeps your body flexible.

I enjoy playing football.

Huda is good at cooking many dishes.

My brother prefers drinking milk.

I try going on a diet.

هو حالة الفعل في التصريف الأول مسبوقا بـ (to)

We need to train hard for the race.

It is important to eat fruit and vegetables.

I try to go on a diet.

It is easy to practise a sport.

I study hard to get high marks.

Choose the correct verb:

- 1- Students go to school to (learn / learning / learns learned) many subjects.
- 2- I dream of (am / as / be / being) a famous scientist.
- 3- (Read / Reads / Reading / To read) is my favourite hobby.
- 4- (Eat / Eating / Eats / ate) proteins is very important for athletes.

Present Simple	المضارع البسيط	
	لبسيط من التصريف الأول ويعبر عن:	* يتكون المضارع اأ

1- عادة (habit):

I **pray** at the mosque every day.

We always **get** up early.

2- حقيقة (Fact):

It gets cold in winter in Kuwait.

Ice melts in hot weather.

*نضيف للفعل ع مع:

Ali <u>usually</u> reads the Quran.

* يأتى المضارع البسيط مع:

every	کل	always	دائما	usually	عادة
sometimes	احيانا	often	لبالذ	rarely	نادرا

Correct the following verbs:

1. They usually (play) football at school.	1
2. Hamad (visit) his uncle every day.	2
3. We (go) to the club every Friday.	3
4. She always (eat) chocolate.	4
5. The boy always (come) here.	5
6. He (like) drinking milk.	6
7. My friend rarely (eat) ice cream.	7
8. They (like) to repair cars.	8
9. She (drink) tea every day.	9
10. Children (suffer) from diseases in poor countries.	10

المضارع المستمر Present Continuous

يتكون المضارع المستمر من:

Ι	am	
He / She / It (اسم مفرد)	is	+ verb + ing
You / We / They	are	

I am reading English now.

Look, he is watching TV.

Listen, they are playing music.

يدل المضارع المستمر على شيء يحدث الان ويأتي مع:

now	الأن	still	لا يزال
look	أنظر	at the moment	في هذه اللحظة
listen	استمع	at the present time	في الوقت الحالي

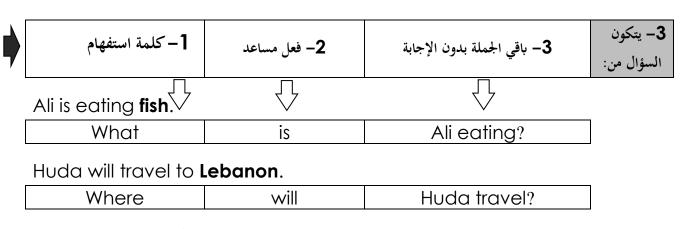
Choose:

- 1. Now, we (am is are was) eating our lunch.
- 2. Look, they are (run runs running ran) quickly.
- 3. Listen, Huda (speaks speak is speaking are speaking) English.
- 4. What are you (do does did doing) now?
- 5. They (is -am are were) watching TV at that moment.

Question Forming تكوين السؤال

What	ماذا	When	متى	Where	أين	1-كلمات
Why	لماذا	Who	من	How	کیف	الاستفهام

am	is	are	was	were	can	2- أفعال
could	will	would	shall	should	have	مساعدة



Ahmed can run fast.

How	can	Ahmed run?

إذاكان الفعل مضارع	do	١	يأتي الفعل بدون إضافة (تصريف	
إذا كان الفعل مضارع به \$	does		ً أول) بعد:	إذا لم يوجد فعل مساعد نأتي به:
إذاكان الفعل ماضي	did		do/does/did	

The boys **like** playing football.

What	do	the boys like?
Nora plays tennis a		

Where	does	Nora play tennis?
Sami bought a car	yesterday.	
When	did	Sami buy a car?

Make questions:

I -	171	ai i	u	VV	'III	111	u		1	~	٦ĸ	$\overline{}$	•												
	• • • •		• • • •		• • • •			 	• • •	• • • •			• • •	• • • •	 • • •	 	••••	• • •	• • •	 • • •	 	 • • •	• • •	 	

- 2- I can go at 7 o'clock.
- 3- Sami went to the cinema.
- 4- Osama goes to the market to buy a shirt.

...?

The negative النسفي

أفعال مساعدة!

have	- is – are – was – were – can – e – has – had – must 		would – s	shall – should -
1) ~~	I am a doctor. I am <u>not</u> a doctor.	(Negative)	n بعد الف	ot
Ansv	She can cook meat. She can <u>not</u> cook meat. <u>ver</u> : 1- Ali is a policeman.	(Negative)		
	2- They will travel to Bahrain	n.		
0 \	3- We are eating fish now.			
2) ~ <i>·</i>	I like fish. I don't like fish.	(Negative)	do not	
	Samy plays football. Samy doesn't play football.	(Negative)	loes not	إذا كان الفعل مضارع به
A now	She <u>didn't</u> wash the dishes.	(Negative) d	lid not	إذاكان الفعل ماضي
<u>Ansv</u>	1- We study in the street.			
	2- Hamad eats rice.			
	3- Nada walked to school.			
3) ~	~~~~~~~~~~	~~~~~~	~~~~~	~~~~~
	Sara {always usually sometimes} walks to sch	ool.		
	Sara never walks to school.			

<u>Exercises</u> Vocabulary

A) 61		cabulary		
A) Choose the correct				
1				
a) Obesity	b) Stretching	c) Resistance	d) Sprint	ing
2- Stretching keeps our	body fit and			
a) extreme	b) adequate	c) flexible	d) strict	ţ
3- My father	to give me	e special present whe	n I pass the ex	kam.
a) cooled	b) promised	c) lacked	d) gaine	ed
4- A good exercise a) arrow		_		
B) Fill in the spaces wi	th words from the list:			
	lack – amounts – g	gained – regimen – r	risk	
2- It is important to ha3- There is more energy source of the food of4- Vegetarians who do	gy hain.	. from vegetables be	cause they are	the primary
Read the following pas		Comprehension uestions below:		
them more respected swimming pools or sport One often sees part that pushing the little codo is that they give the that it is dangerous to go	orts clubs on holidays. ents anxious trying to hild to the water can be children a rubber ring get his head under wate were young, we usua ank. It was about two r s or water wings while	force their <i>frightene</i> a big mistake. Anote or wings to help the er. Ily spent the weeker metres deep. I let my they were in water.	usually take and children to ther mistake them. This makes the mountained in mountained the children swing My eldest sor	swim. I believe nat these parents s the child think hins where there m there. I never n began to jump
A) Choose the correct	answer from a, b c a	<u>nd d:</u>		
1- The underlined wor a) parents		dren c) neigh	bours	d) friends

2- The underlined word frighten a) strong		sc) afraid	d) upset
3- The purpose of the writer is to a) Children can swim in E c) Children must learn to s	ingland.	b) Children should	learn at their own speed.
B) Answer the following questi	ions:		
4- How deep was the tank?			
5- Where did they use to spend t			
6- What are the mistakes of the p	•		
	<u>Gram</u>	<u>mar</u>	
A- Choose the correct answer:			
(Cycle – Cycles – Cycling coming) with me to the club. Bu had) an exam tomorrow.	-· •	•	•
B) Do as shown between brack	eets:		
1- The waiter has brought the c			{Ask a Question}
2- A sheep is kept for its wool.			{make plural}
3- I sometimes stay up till midr			{Make negative}
4- My friend travels abroad ever	ry summer.		{Ask a Question}
5- A Muslim (fast) in Ramadan			{Correct}
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	••••••	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••

Writing

Write Two paragraphs of (10) sentences about: "Exercises"

with the help of the following guide words.



<u>First Idea</u>: {Types of exercises}

(aerobic – resistance – stretching – walking – weightlifting)

Second Idea: {What are these exercises good for?}

(lungs – build up - muscles – flexible)

	Introduction	 All of us agree that exercises are important activities.
		o Aerobic
	Types of exercises	 Resistance
Dody.		 Stretching
Body	What are these evereing	 Good for lungs
	What are these exercises	 Building up muscles
	good for?	 Making body flexible
Conclusion		 I advise everyone to do exercises daily.

Types of Exercises



lead - led -led	V	تؤدي إلى	master - d - d	V	يجيد -يتحكم
theme	N	موضوع رئيس	frequently	Adv	مرارا وتكرارا
provide - d - d	V	یزود / یمد	infection	N	عدوي
cavern	N	کهف کبیر	sight	N	رؤية – منظر
voluntary	Adj	تطوعي	determination	N	تصميم - إصرار
native	Adj	أصلي - وطني	overc $\underline{\mathbf{o}}$ me – $\underline{\mathbf{a}}$ - $\underline{\mathbf{o}}$	V	يتغلب على
recently	Adv	حديثا	barrier	N	مانع - حاجز
achieve - d – d	V	ينجز – يحقق	inspire - d - d	V	يلهم
improve - d – d	V	يحسن	incredibly	Adv	لا يصدق
require - d - d	V	يتطلب	capable	Adj	قادر

Grammar

المضارع التام Present Perfect

= يتكون المضارع التام من:

I / You / We / They	have	+ verb 3
He / She / It (اسم مفرد)	has	, , , , ,

I have visited the museum. Huda has acted in a play.

= ننفي المضارع التام بوضع (not) بعد (have / has):

Affirmative	الاثبات	Negative	النفي
I have visited the	museum.	I have <u>not</u> visited	I the museum.
Huda has acted in	a play.	Huda has <u>not</u> act	ed in a play.

Question	السؤال					
Have you ever eaten Italian food?	= Yes, I have.	= No, I haven't.				
Has she ever visited a museum?	= Yes, she has.	= No, she hasn't.				

= يعبر المضارع التام عن احداث تمت و لكن اثرها موجود و لا نذكر وقت حدوثها ويأتي مع:

since	منذ	for	لمدة	just	حالا
already	من قبل	notyet	ليسبعد	ever	ذات مرة

EX. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

1- Dana	to the museum.		
a) were	b) has been	c) been	d) have been
2- My relatives	together for	the Hajj.	
a) travelling	b) have travelled	c) has travelled	d) travels
3- We	the Queen in the cele	ebration.	
a) are met	b) meeting	c) has met	d) have met
4- I	. my long hair.		
a) cutting	b) have cut	c) has cut	d) was cut
EX. Change into neg	gative:		
1-I have met m	y favourite movie star.		
2- We have tall	ked to the manager.	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•••••

to / in order to / so that

= تأتي كل من (to / in order to) بمعنى (لكي) وتعبر عن الغرض ويأتي بعدها فعل بدون إضافة:

Ahmed studies hard <u>to</u> achieve his dreams. Huda gets up early <u>in order to</u> help her mother.

3- Ahmed has seen a flying saucer.

= تستخدم (so that) بمعنى (لهذا السبب) وتعبر عن الغرض من فعل الشيء و يأتي بعدها فاعل وفعل مثل (can/could):

Ali practised a lot so that he could improve his skills.

Exercises Vocabulary

A) Choose the correct word from a, b, c and d:

- 1- You should choose a good...... for your blog.
 - a) obesity
- b) theme

- c) resistance
- d) cavern
- 2- Charity organisations depend on..... efforts.
 - a) voluntary
- b) capable
- c) flexible
- d) strict
- 3- I have joined summer courses to my English.
 - a) cool
- b) improve
- c) lack
- d) gain

- 4- She has bought a new car.....
 - a) extremely
- b) incredibly
- c) frequently
- d) recently

B) Fill in the spaces with words from the list:

capable - barrier - determination - regimen - masters

- 1- Visual handicap shouldn't be a between the blind and the world around him/her.
- 2- My uncle five foreign languages.
- 3- I haveto achieve all my dreams.
- 4- My friend was......of winning the game.

Reading Comprehension

Read the following passage and, then, do as required:



Last Saturday, Adel and his brother went to the library. Adel wanted to find a book to read. His brother wanted to use a computer there. When they got to the library, Adel found a book about basketball, his favourite sport. He also found a book about desert animals. Finally, he found a book about a man who lived alone in the **woods** without any family or friends. Adel put the books on the front desk and waited for his brother who was sitting at one of the computers in the library checking his e-mail. Then he read a news article on a website.

After half an hour, Adel's brother walked over holding up something for him. "I got that movie for us to watch tonight." Said Adel's brother. "Are you ready to leave?" "Sure!" Adel said. Then he put his books and the movie on the front desk to check out. A librarian stood behind the counter holding an electronic scanner. "How long can we keep them?" Adel asked him," Three weeks for the books and the movie" said the librarian." Cool" said Adel. Suddenly Adel was surprised because <u>he</u> saw his brother checking out a big picture of the ocean. "What's that for?" Adel asked. "To put on our wall at home but remember we must return it in three months." Said his brother.

	vord <u>" woods</u> "in line 4 i		
a) forest	b) a big picture		
2. The underlined v	word <u>"he"</u> in line 13 refe	ers to	
a) Adel			d) Adel's brother
3. The best title for	this passage is		
a) Using a Computer b) News Articles on Websites			
c) Going to the L		d) An Electronic	
B) Answer the follo	owing questions:		
4. When did Adel an	nd his brother go to the li	ibrary?	
5. How many books			
6. What was the sec		•••••	
A. Character than a		<u>rammar</u>	
A- <u>Cnoose the corr</u>	rect answer form a, b, c	or a:	
1- I have just	my hor	nework.	
a- write	_	c- writing	d- written
2- Many people tr	avel abroad	O	
a- because	b- in order to	c- so that	d- so
3- Noor studies hi	s lessons regularly	he ca	n get high marks.
a-because	b- in order to	c- so that	d- to
4	you ever made you	ır own website? =	Yes, I have.
a- Has	b- Have	c- Can	d- Will
Do as shown betwe	een brackets:		
5 No I have nove	or washed the dishes		{Ask a Question}
5- No, I have never washed the dishes.			
•••••	•••••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
7- Ahmed studies hard he can pass the exam.			. {Complete}
		-	(t)
8- I have just cleaned the kitchen.			{Make negative}

Writing

Write Two paragraphs of (10) sentences about: "Creating a Blog"

with the help of the following guide words.

First Idea: {Why do you create a blog?}

(connect-voice-images-experiences)

Second Idea: {How do you create a blog?}

(theme - name - plan - account)

Introduction		 In fact, creating your own blog is a great event. 	
		 Connecting the world. 	
	Why do you create a	 Voice to be heard. 	
blog?	blog?	 Images to be seen. 	
		 Experiences to be read. 	
Body Ho	How to create a blog?	 Logging into WordPress. 	
		 Choosing a theme. 	
		 Choosing a name. 	
		 Choosing a plan. 	
		 Creating an account. 	
Conclusion		 I advise everyone to have his own website. 	

<u>(</u>	Creating a Blog	
		•••••