|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| غطاء زيني/ مظلة | canopy ( n) | An ornamental cloth covering hung or held up over something, esp. a throne or bed  |
| مبهر | dazzling ( adj. ) | Extremely bright, esp. so as to blind the eyes temporarily |
| فرع من الدراسة  | discipline (n) | A branch of knowledge, typically one studied in higher education |
| مهرجان/  | extravaganza(n)  | An elaborate and spectacular entertainment or production |
| يجمع | gather ( v) | To come together, to assemble or accumulate |
| ينطلق | launch (v) | To start or set in motion |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Module**  | **Unit One** |  **Festivals and Occasions** |
| يرعي | Nurture (v) | to care for or encourage the growth or development of |
| وطني | Patriotic (adj.) | Having or expressing devotion to and support for one's country |
| سيل من الاحداث | Stream (n) | A large number of things that happen or come one after the other |
| منقطع النظير | Unrivalled (adj. ) | Better than everyone or everything of the same type |
| اكاديمي | academic (adj.) | Of or relating to education and scholarship |
| ازهار/ زهرة | blossom ( n ) | A flower or a mass of flowers on a tree or bush |
| يدعي | claim (v ) | To state that something is the case, typically without providing evidence |
| يزرع | cultivate (v )  | To prepare and use( land) for crops or gardening |
| يبسط - يسهل | facilitate ( v ) | To make easy or easier |
| ينظر بتمعن | gaze (v ) | To look steadily and intently, esp. in admiration, surprise or thought |
| عالم الأرصاد الجوية | Meteorologist (n ) | A specialist in the branch of science that is concerned with the phenomena of the atmosphere |
| فائق الروعة  | outstanding (adj. ) | exceptionally good  |
| بائع متجول | vendor (n ) | A person or company offering something for sale, esp. a trader in the street |
| مزمار | bagpipes ( n) | A musical instrument with reed pipes that are sounded by the pressure of wind emitted from a bag squeezed by the player's arm. |
| كرنفال | carnival ( n ) | A period of public celebration that takes place at a regular time each year |
| احتفالي | celebratory(adj.) | Done in order to celebrate a particular event or occasion. |
| عرض | display (n )  | A performance, show or event intended for public entertainment |
| احتفالية | festivity ( n) | The celebration of something in a bubbly and exuberant way |
| يستاجر | hire (v) | To obtain the temporary use of something for an agreed payment ,rent. |
| مشغول | preoccupied (adj.) | Be so engrossed or absorbed in something that one doesn't notice other people or things |
| يشارك | Take part in  | To participate |
| حيوي  | bubbly ( adj.) | Lively, high-spirited |
| سلسة | chain ( n ) | A group of establishments, such as hotels, stores or restaurants, owned by the same company |
| يحيي ذكرى  | commemorate(v) | To mark or celebrate a special occasion |
| يركب سفينة او طائرة | embark (v )  | To go on board a ship, aircraft or other vehicle |
| مليئ بالحيوية | exuberant ( adj.) | Filled with or characterized by a lively energy and excitement to depart from an established course  |
| وهمي | fanciful (adj.) | Over imaginative and unrealistic |
| معقد | intricate (adj.) | Very complicated or detailed |
| انسجام | unison (n) | Simultaneous performance of action  |
| حياكة | weaving(n)  | the act of forming fabric by interlacing long threads passing in one direction with others at a right angle to them |
| عدد كبير من | Multitude (n) | A large number  |

**Unit 2**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| متماسك مترابط | Close-knit ( adj.) | United or bound together by strong relationships and common interests |
| الأكبر عمرا | eldest ( adj. ) | (of a member of a group of people) of the greatest age, the oldest |
| رسمي | formal (adj.) | Done according to rules of convention |
| لقاء اجتماعي | get-together (n )  | A sociable meeting or conference |
| يعقد | hold ( v) | To arrange and take part in  |
|  حدث هام | milestone (n) | (figurative) an action or event marking a significant change or stage in development |
| يبدل  | swap (v) | To take part in an exchange of something  |
| مؤثر | touching (adj.) | Arousing strong feelings of sympathy, appreciation or gratitude |
| حفلة للمولود | Baby shower ( n.) | A party at which presents are given to someone, typically a woman who is about to have a baby |
| سرير الطفل | crib ( n. ) | A young child's bed with barred or latticed sides |
| متوقع | expectant (adj.) | Having or showing an exited feeling that something is about to happen. |
| الأبوة أو الأمومة | parenthood (n. )  | a state of being a mother or father |
| عربة الطفل | pram ( n.) | A baby carriage |
| نسخة طبق الأصل | replica (n.) | An exact copy or model of something |
| يفصل | separate (adj.) | Forming or viewed as a unit apart or by itself |
| أدوات مائدة فضية  | silverware (n.) | dishes, containing or cutlery made of or coated with silver |
| التالي – اللاحق | Subsequent (adj.) | Coming after something in time, following |
| انتقال | Transition (n.) | The process or a period of changing from one state to another |
| فترة راحة | Breathing space (n) | An opportunity to pause, relax or decide what to do next |
| عشيرة  | clan (n ) | A group of close-knit or interrelated families |
| يهجر | desert (v) | The act of running away or leaving |
| داخلي | interior (n )  | The inland part of a country or region |
| مستحقة  | Well-deserved (adj.) | Well-earned |
| يعمل بإدارة مقبض | Wind-up (ph.v) | To make a clock or other device operate by turning a key or handle |
| سكان استراليا الأصليين | aborigine (n) | A person, animal or plant that is an inhabitant of Australia |
| أداة تستخدم للصيد | boomerang ( n ) | A curved flat piece of wood that can be thrown so as to return to the thrower, traditionally used by Australian Aboriginals as a hunting weapon |
| إلى الأبد | For good  | Forever, definitively |
| البدو | nomad (n )  | A member of people having no permanent home, and who travel from place to place to find fresh pasture for their live stock |
| بداية | originally ( adv.) | From or in the beginning, at first  |
| يستعيد الذكريات | reminisce (v) | To indulge in enjoyable recollection of past events |
| دوار | roundabout (n) | A road junction at which traffic moves in one direction around a central island |
| تقليدي | traditionally(adv.) | Habitually done, used or found |

**Unit 3**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| هيل | Cardamom(n) | The aromatic seeds of plant of the ginger family used as a spice and also medicinally |
| بمودة | cordially(adv.) | Warmly and friendly |
| خالي من الكافيين | Decaffeinated(adj.) | (of coffee or tea)not containing caffeine |
| مميز | distinctive (adj )  | Characteristic of one person or thing, and so serving to distinguish it from others  |
| صنف من القهوة | espresso ( n) | Strong black coffee made by forcing steam through ground coffee beans  |
| رائحة زكية | fragrance  | A pleasant, sweet smell |
| حسن الضيافة | hospitality (n) | The friendly and generous reception and entertainment of guests, visitors or strangers |
| فوري | immediate  | Occurring or done at once, instant |
| يستورد | import (v.) | To bring(good or services)into a country from abroad for sale |
| جاهز  | instant (adj.) | Happening or done immediately |
| يسجل | Log on | To do the necessary actions on a computer system that will allow one to begin using it |
| حبة دواء | pill (n.) | A small round mass of solid medicine to be swallowed |
| شجار | quarrel (n.) | An angry argument or disagreement typically between people who are usually on good terms |
| يعيد تعبئة | refill (v.) | To fill a container again |
| يتواصل اجتماعيا | Socialize (v.) | To mix socially with others |
| ظرف | circumstance  | a condition connected with an event or action |
| موظف | Civil servant  | A member of the civil service |
| كاكاو | Cocoa (n.) | A chocolate powder made from roasted and ground cacao beans |
| زراعة | cultivation  | Agriculture |
| امتنان | gratitude ( n.) | The quality of being thankful |
| الخزف  | porcelain  | A hard shiny white substance used for making expensive plates, cup,  |
| حرير | silk (n.) | A fine, soft fiber produced by silkworms and collected to make fibre |
| توقيع تذكاري | Autograph ( n) | A signature, esp. that of a celebrity written as a souvenir for an admirer  |
| يتحدث | converse (v ) | To engage in conversation  |
| مسئول عن | In charge of (expression ) | Responsible |
| يضايق –يزعج | irritated (adj. )  | Annoyed, angry |
| وحيد | lonesome (adj.) | Solitary or lonely |
| ميدان عام | plaza (n.) | A public square, market place or similar open space in a built-up area |
| مريض | Sickly (adj.) | Often ill, in poor health |
| إستاد رياضي | Stadium ( n) | A sport arena with rows of seats for spectators |
| إبريق الشاي | teapot (n.) | A pot with a handle, spout and lid, in which tea is brewed and from which it is poured |
| مرهق | Weary (adj.) | Feeling or showing tiredness |
| مشروبات  | beverage (n) | A drink, esp. one other than water |
| لقاء بين الأصدقاء | Catch up ( n ) | A meeting among friends who haven't seen one another for ages. |
| يحضر | Make it  | To attend |
| يقابل بالصدفة  | Meet up  | To meet someone, either by arrangement or by chance |
| يعيد جدولة | reschedule  | To change the time of a planned event |
| تخفيضات | sales (n.) | An event for the rapid disposal of goods at reduced prices for a period, esp. at the end of a season |
|  | Window shopping (n) | Looking at merchandise in store windows or show cases without buying any thing |

**Vocabulary Exercises**

**1- From a, b, c and d choose the correct answer**

1. The new player has made a…………………….performance.

 **d- subsequent c- academic b- patriotic a- dazzling**

2. After school, students have to choose a …………to study at college or university.

 **d- Discipline c- chain b- fragrance a- nomad**

3. I had a constant…………………….of visitors while I was ill.

 **d- clan c- stream b- patriotism a- beverage**

4. The government is planning to………………….a new campaign to combat H1N1

 **a- catch up b- converse c- launch d- socialize**

5. She wants to stay at home and…………………….her children

 **d- quarrel c- nurture b- refill a- facilitate**

**2- From a, b, c and d choose the correct answer**

1. Kuwaitis felt it was their…………………….duty to defend their country.

  **d- subsequent c- academic b- patriotic a- separate**

2. The museum displays an…………………….collection of Islamic architecture.

 **a- exuberant b- immediate c- unrivalled d- irritated**

3. The city has a……………….of problems from homelessness to drugs and murder.

 **a- weaving b- nomad c- unison d- multitude**

4. The new roads and bridges will………………….the entry of people to new areas.

 **d- facilitate c- wind up b- display a- gather**

5. For the past few months she's been working as a ……… selling fruit and vegetables.

  **c- carnival d- vendor b- get together a- cardamom**

**3- Fill in the spaces with words from the list :**

 **(multitude – bubbly- preoccupied –festivity – patriotic)**

1- Salem was too …………………..to notice anything wrong.

2- Wedding ………………………needs some preparations.

3- People who serve their country well are ……………………….. .

4- This case has raised a …………………………..of questions.

5- She seemed …………………………. all the time I was talking to her.

**4- Fill in the spaces with words from the list :**

 (**displayed – chain – commemorate – intricate –unison**)

1- We've witnessed a remarkable …………………….of events in the middle east early this year.

 2- They build this statue to ………………………the 100th anniversary of the poet's birthday.

3- The watch's mechanism is extremely ……………………. and difficult to repair.

4- Try to sing in ………………..if you can .

5- Family photographs were …………………… on the wall.

**5- Fill in the spaces with words from the list :**

**(academic - unrivalled - gather - multitude – nurture - festivity - disciplines )**

1- We study many ………………….such as Engraving and Poetry.

2- Can you all …………………round? I've got something to tell you.

 3- The authorities are doing their best to satisfy people in their …………………. .

4- 360 has an ………………………..collection of items.

5- The ………………………year here in Kuwait starts in Sept. to June.

**6- Fill in the spaces with words from the list :**

**( cultivate – vendor – claim – outstanding – facilitate – gazing )**

1- I like Mr. Ramzy because he tries to ………………….any difficult point.

2- Al Kheran Resort is an area of ………………………..natural beauty.

3- Most of the land in the Arabia is too poor to …………………….. .

4- Hassan doesn't understand because he spends most of the time ……………… out of the window.

5- Street ………………….sell things at high prices.

6- The company ……………….that it is not responsible for the pollution in the river.

**Grammar Exercises:**

**A) Choose the correct answer from a, b ,c or d:**

1- When I …………… home last night I discovered that Jane had prepared a beautiful dinner.

**a. arrive b. arriving c. arrives d- arrived**

2- By the time I got to the office, the meeting……………..……. .

**a. began b. begins c. had begun d- begin**

3- Yesterday, a boy destroyed the snowman that we……………….

**a. had built b. building c. builds d- build**

4- When she arrived, the match…………………. .

**a. start b. had already started c. starting d- starts**

5- If Ali had been more careful, he ……………(avoid) would have avoided the accident.

**a. will avoid b. would avoid c. can avoid d- would have avoided**

## B) From a, b, c and d choose the correct answer:-

1- If the price of petrol …………….., I'll stop using my car.

**a- goes down b- goes out c- goes off d- goes up**

2- My alarm clock ………..…… at seven o'clock every morning.

**a- goes off b- goes without c- goes on d- goes away**

3- Last night, the heavy rain ………….…. for nearly five hours.

**a- went through b- went out c-went on d- went away**

**C) Do as shown between brackets:**

1- He missed the train; so he had to wait for one more hour. (Use: **if** )

…………………………………………………………………………………..

2- The teacher has already explained the lesson. (**Change into** **passive**)

…………………………………………………………………………………..

3- She used to get up early. (**Change into negative**)

…………………………………………………………………………………..

4- She reads a lot of books to get more information. (**Ask a question**)

…………………………………………………………………………………..

**D) Correct the underlined mistakes.**

1. If you work **hardly**, you **would** succeed. 1…………… 2- …………..
2. My mother will **been** back in a **little** minutes. 1………..…. 2- …………..
3. Ali was **do** his homework when I saw **he**. 1…………… 2- …………..
4. While we **are** driving on a ring road, we **have** a flat tyre. 1…………. 2- ………..
5. **Hardly** had the plan **take** off than I reached the airport. 1…………. 2- ………..
6. If he **play** well, he would **winning**. 1…………… 2- …………..

## E) Do as shown between brackets:

1- The earthquake has ruined many houses. (**Passive**)

…………………………………………………………………………………..

2- "Don’t play with knives!” (**Complete**)

 She advised me ……………………………..…………………………………

3- He bought some books yesterday. (**Ask a question**)

……………………………..………………………………………………..……… 4- The war lasted for a whole month. ( **Ask a question** )

……………………………..………………………………………………………… 5- I'd rather stay at home, ………………….? (**Add tag question**)

**F) From a, b, c and d choose the correct answer**

1- The mechanic hasn’t repaired the car ………….….... .

 **a- since b- yet c- but d- just**

2- Mr. Fahmy was tired and went home .…………….. have some rest.

 **a- so that b-in order that c- for d- in order to**

 3- I have forgotten my book. Can I use ....…………?

 **a- your b- yours c- you d- my**

## G) From a, b, c and d choose the correct answer:-

1. I like to choose my clothes by …………………………

**a. herself b. myself c. himself d. ourselves**

2. Arabic is ……………………………… than English.

 **a. interesting b. more interesting c. most interesting d- the most interesting**

3. I won the competition two days …………………………………….

 **a. since b. for c. ago d. yet**

4. You must put …………………………….the lights before you sleep.

 **a. in b. on c. up d. off**

**H) From a, b, c and d choose the correct answer :**

1- This camera is expensive and I don’t have ………………money

 **a- little b- much c- many d- few**

2- I can’t drink the tea, It’s.…………….... hot

 **a- such b- enough c- quite d- too**

 3- Is this the house ……………... Miriam lives in?

 **a- where b-when c- what d- which**

4- I’ve badly hurt.………...

 **a- herself b- himself c- myself d- yourself**

5- I have been living in Kuwait..…………. twenty years

 **a- since b- for c- just d- already**

**I) From a, b, c and d choose the correct answer:**

1- Gardens are places ……………….. you can enjoy flowers and fresh air.

 **a- whom b- which c- where d- who**

2- I have been teaching English ……………….... 1989.

 **a- since b- until c- after d- for**

 3- The Everest is the …………….... Mountain in the world

**a- higher b- as high as c- high d- highest**

 4- I like coming to school.……………… I dislike getting up early.

 **a- because b- although c- then d- therefore**

 5- …. .... do yon go to the cinema?

 **a- How many b- How long c- How much d- How Often**

**J ) From a, b, c and d choose the correct answer :**

1- I can't buy this scarf..…………….…. , I haven't got enough money.

 **a- so b- because c- but d- although**

2- ……………….... books have you got in your bag?

**a- How long b- How far c- How big d- How many**

3- My uncle lives in London .…………... is the capital of England

**a- which b- where c- when d- whose**

4- Ali and Fahd lost..…………... books at school

 **a- they b- theirs c- their d- them**

**C- Correct the underlined mistakes.**

1. If you had **work** hard, you would have **succeed**. 1……………. 2- …………..
2. We **would** graduate from university **on** 2020. 1……………. 2- …………..
3. The film will **started** **yesterday**. 1……………. 2- …………..
4. Fatima will **visits** her sister **in** Monday. 1……………. 2- …………..
5. After he had **watch** TV, **him** slept. 1……………. 2- …………..
6. By the time **eat** him breakfast, **him** had wash his hands. 1…………. 2- ………..

**General Grammar Exercises**

**A ) From a, b, c or d choose the correct answer :**

1 - It’s the ……………restaurant I’ve ever been to .

a ) bad b ) worse c ) worst d)much worse

2 -…………..does it take you to come to school ?

a ) How far b ) How many c ) How long d) How often

3 - Students ………………………wear a school uniform. It is a must.

a ) mustn’t b ) don't have to c ) shouldn't d) have to

4 - ……..…………..they are very rich people , they use bicycles in this city .

a ) But b ) Although c ) Because d) As

5 – Young people are ………………..to solve a lot of problems these days.

a ) can b ) could c ) able d) capable

**B ) Correct the mistakes of the underlined words:**

1 - I **just have** **many** apple juice .

1. ………………………………… 2. ………………………………….

2 - If I **am** a soldier, I **will defend** my country against enemies, but I am not.

 1.………………………………… 2. ………………………………….

**Language Functions**

**A ) Write what you would say in the following situations :**

1- You saw your brother trying to touch the electric wires with wet hands.

 ………………………………………………………………………………….…….

2- It's winter and there is a lot of clouds in the sky.

 ……………………………………………………………………………………….

3- Your classmates decided to make your school more beautiful.

 ……………………………………………………………………………………..….

4- The waiter is asking you whether you'd like coffee or tea.

 ……………………………………………………………………………………….

5- You broke your friend’s camera.

 …………………………………………………………..…………………………….

6-Your sister bought a new jacket.

 ……………………………………………………..………………………………….

7-You saw your brother trying to touch the electric wires with wet hands.

 ……………………………………………………………………………………….

8-It's winter and there is a lot of clouds in the sky.

 ……………………………………………………………………………………….

9-Your classmates decided to make your school more beautiful.

 ……………………………………………………………………………………….

10. A friend finds English hard to learn but you have another point of view.

 ……………………………………………………………………………………….

11. Your friend is a heavy smoker.

 ……………………………………………………………………………………….

12. Your father is angry with you. You did something wrong.

 ……………………………………………………………………………………….

13. Your family is planning to spend a holiday abroad.

 ……………………………………………………………………………………….

14.You ate a very nice meal in good restaurant.

 ……………………………………………………………………………………….

15.Your mother bought a new ring for her. She wanted your opinion.

 ……………………………………………………………………………………….

16.Your little sister always uses a sharp knife.

 ……………………………………………………………………………………….

17.Your father is hiding something in his car.

 ……………………………………………………………………………………….

18.Ask your father politely to give you some money.

 ……………………………………………………………………………………….

19.Your father went through the red traffic red light .

 ……………………………………………………………………………………….

20. Your friend looks unhealthy and tired .

 ……………………………………………………………………………………….

21.Someone broke your new camera .

 ……………………………………………………………………………………….

22.Your friend helped you change a flat tyre .

 ……………………………………………………………………………………….

**First period Set book questions**

**Unit 1**

**1-Why is the Hala February Festival a patriotic celebration ?**

a-The festival coincides with Kuwait National Day on 25th Feb. and The liberation Day on 26th Feb

 b- It inspires a sense of patriotism for Kuwaitis , as well as the citizens of Kuwait’s sister countries .

**2-Why has the festival become an important economic event for Kuwait?**

1. Many shops offer huge discounts.
2. Many people come from all over the world to celebrate and enjoy buying things at low prices.

**3-What can visitors to Hala February festivals enjoy ?**

They can enjoy the wondrous mix of-

a- culture , b- entertainment , c - shopping ,

d- carnivals , e- raffles and f- concerts .

**4-Why has the Qurain Cultural Festival become the centre of Cultural dialogue in Kuwait ?**

1. Because artists gather from throughout the area to share their talents with the audience , as well as with each other .
2. Every year , more and more guests from outside Kuwait are participating in the festival .

**5-Why is the Haj important ?**

1. People feel that they are equal before Allah . All people , rich or poor feel the same feelings .
2. All people feel sorry of the bad deeds they have done so they gather to ask mercy and forgiveness from Allah .

**6-What preparations should be made before going for Haj ?**

1. The clothes specialized for Haj . b- Checking money . c- Freeing their hearts from hate .

**7-What is the Cherry Blossom in Japan ? When does it begin ?**

It is a Japanese blossom festival that takes place during spring .

**8-Why are festivals important ?**

Because Festivals are an important way of reminding the individuals within a community of their shared heritage and culture.

**9-Festivals are an important way of reminding the individuals within a community of their shared heritage and culture .Do you agree or disagree ? Why or Why not ?**

 Yes , I totally agree because during this time people can enjoy the wondrous mix of culture , entertainment , shopping , carnivals , raffles and concerts .

**10-Do you think it is important for the members of families to meet on important**

**occasions ? Give reasons.**

1. Yes , I think so because all family members meet to discuss family matters .
2. It is the time when they can share happiness and sorrows together .

**Set Book (Unit 2)**

**1-What is a baby shower ?**

1. It is a tradition that is popular in England . The baby shower involves giving gifts to expectant parents .
2. The gifts are things which are needed to care for the new baby , such as cribs , prams , clothing or toys. They are normally given to the first child .

**2-Why is the baby shower an important event ?What is the main purpose of the baby shower ? -Why is the baby shower organized by friends or relatives rather than the expectant parents ?**

1. Because it is intended to welcome the parents into parenthood .
2. It is also intended to ease this transition , by removing some of the burden placed up on new parents by showing support and friendship .

**3-What do some people inherit during baby showers?**

Family items such as a- clothing b- toys c- silverwares

**4-Who attends the baby shower ?**

1. The mother’s female relatives b- Friends

**5-Is it common in Kuwait to have a baby shower ?**

Yes , but in a different name . All the family members gather to celebrate the newly expected babies . They relative gather showing support and friendship and buy presents for the coming baby .

**6-What is your favourite family celebration in Kuwait ? Why ? Describe the event .**

My favourite is the birthday because we all gather celebrating just one person , giving him presents and enjoying a very happy time.

**Set Book Unit 3**

**1-Mention two places where Kuwaiti people meet for different purposes.**

a- In coffee shops. b- In Diwaniyas c- shopping malls

**2- People go to the coffee shops for different reasons as:**

a- To meet friends b- For business matters .

**3- What type of people went to coffee shops in the past?**

a- Businessmen b- Writers c- Politicians d- Scientists

**4-Why are most people fond of drinking coffee?**

 a – It is tasty b- it is easy-made c- It gives people energy

**5- How has coffee become popular in Arab countries ?**

a- It has become a sign of hospitality

b- coffee is still central to the ways people work , relax and socialize in

**6- Coffee is a significant part of Kuwaiti hospitality .Discuss this statement .**

a- People in Kuwait meet over a cup of delicious coffee .

b- A guest’s coffee cup is never empty in a Kuwaiti home

**Focus on**

**1- What purposes do Diwaniyas serve nowadays?**

 A family, public and political meeting places.

**2- How do Diwaniyas serve a political and social function?**

1. Some Kuwaiti politicians hold Diwaniya for their constituents.
2. Citizens can come to meet their MP face to face.

**Reading Comprehension**

**Read the following passage then answer the questions below:-**

An elderly woman wakes up one morning, thinking that that day is going to be great. She travels about her house as she performs her daily house chores and up-keep. All of a sudden, she feels an unbearable pain in her chest. **She** is having a heart attack. Aware that she is all alone in the house, she tries to reach the nearest phone but cannot get to it. She collapses on the floor, quickly losing consciousness. Not a minute later, an ambulance arrives at her house and takes her to the hospital, where the doctors are able to revive her. Because she could not reach the phone to call for help, only one thing saved her, the smart clothes she was wearing.

In the past, “smart clothes” simply described a stylish outfit. But in the 21st century, the phrase has changed completely to take a whole new meaning. Today's smart clothes are high-tech garments that do a whole lot more than just cover your body. These clothes offer a variety of cool high-tech functions. Some types of smart clothing have already hit the market. A German clothing maker has introduced what it calls the “mp3blue jacket.” This garment can be used as both an MP3 player and cell phone So we can say that the "smart clothes" is a future form of clothing that functions as an active device. Scientists have worked hard to make the ordinary clothes as computers. They are trying hard to **embed** some kind of electronics to the clothes. Many people believe that it would be great to have clothes that just not serve the purpose of fashion only. It will go farther than that and serve people in many fields in life.

The first most important benefit of smart clothes is that they are of a great interest to the world’s militaries, which often try supply their soldiers in the wars with such kinds of clothes. Military and commercial research scientists try hard to develop smart clothing that possesses many of the useful properties of computers like the ability to store and control data; display images, text, and video; connect to the Internet; offer input devices; and so on. Other possible features of smart clothing include the ability to detect chemicals in the air, record the wearer’s speech and activity, and even give an image of the scene behind the soldier.

**A) From a,bc and d, choose the right answer:-**

**1- The best title of this passage is ………………**

a- A stylish outfit. b- Detecting chemicals

c- the benefits of smart clothes. d- The woman who had a heart attack.

**2- The underlined word " she " refers to ……………..**

a- input device b- doctor. c-dentist. d-elderly woman

**3- The underlined word " embed " means …………………….**

a- insert b- record c- detect d- hit

**B) Answer the following questions :-**

**4- What do smart clothes offer for ordinary people ?**

……………………………………………………………………………………………..

**5- How was the elderly woman rescued?**

………………………………………………………………………………………………

**C) Summary Making**

 **In four sentences of your own, write about the benefits of smart clothes to the
 militaries.**

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**D) Translation**

**Translate the following into English.**

**1- يحتفل الناس بمهرجان هلا فبراير كل عام ويشعر الجميع بالسعادة في هذه المناسبة**

**2- يحلم الكثير من الناس بالسفر إلي مكة لأداء فريضة الحج.**

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