

Unit (3)

ANIMAL KINGDOM

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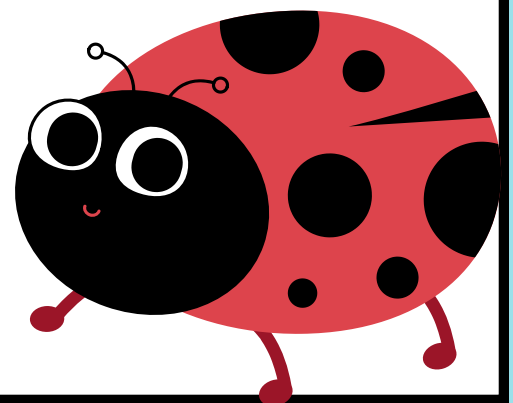
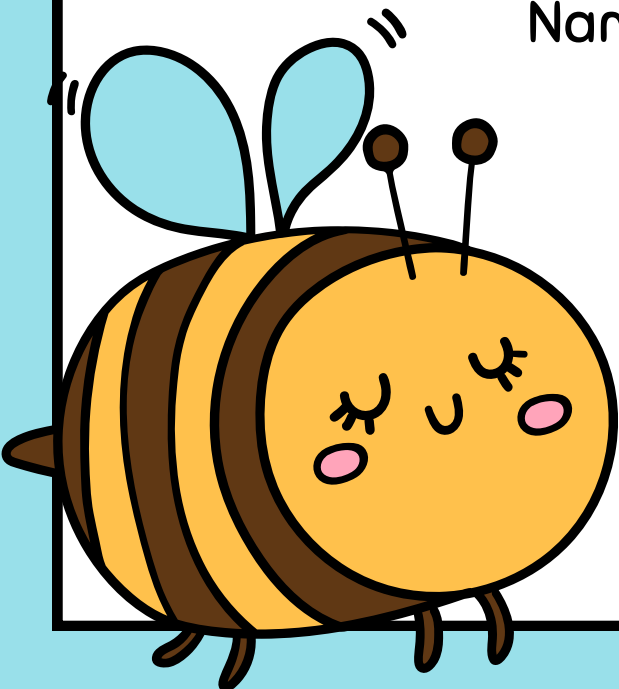
Wesal AlAradah

H.O.D:

Afrah AlMuhanna

Name _____

Class _____



Unit (3) Vocabulary معاني الكلمات

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dance	يرقص	colourful	ملون
danced	رقصت	spot	بقعة
way	طريق	spotted	مبقع
wing	جناح	butterfly	فراشة
hive	خلية النحل	strong	قوي
honeycomb	شمع العسل	hear	يسمع
fill	يملأ	heard	سمع
filled	ملاً	taste	يتذوق
beekeeper	مربي النحل - نحال	tasted	تذوق
sting	يلسع	life cycle	دورة حياة
amazing	مدهش	stage	مرحلة
insect	حشرة	caterpillar	يرقة الفراشة
except	ماعدا	chrysalis	شرنقة
ladybird	دعسوقة	adult	بالغ

Unit (3) Vocabulary معاني الكلمات

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spider	عنكبوت	body	جسم
abdomen	بطن	speedy	سريع
die	يموت	runner	عداء
wildcat	قطة برية	sense	حاسة
lizard	سحلية	hearing	السمع
rock	صخرة	smelling	الشم
hide	يختبئ	hunt	يصيد
hid	اختبأ	hunted	صاد
change	يتغير	dangerous	خطير
changed	تغير	heavy	ثقيل
move	يتحرك	light	خفيف
seagull	نورس	kilometre	كيلومتر
cheetah	الفهد	kilogram	كيلوجرام
Africa	أفريقيا	centimetre	سنتيمتر
		per hour	في الساعة

Vocabulary



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Read and choose the correct answer:

- 1) Bees the honeycomb with honey.
a. fill b. change c. hide d. hunt

- 2) Thecollects honey from the hive.
a. caterpillar b. ladybird c. beekeeper d. cheetah

- 3) The falcon has two
- a. insects b. wings c. spiders d. hives

- 4) Butterflies and spiders are
- a. hives b. insects c. rocks d. lizards

- 5) Cheetahs are runners.
a. colourful b. speedy c. wavy d. oval

- 6) Some animals their colours to hide.
a. die b. change c. dance d. taste

- 7) The can be found near the sea.
a. abdomen b. wing c. seagull d. chrysalis

- 8) Snakes very fast.
a. hear b. fill c. dance d. move

Unit (3) Grammar

قواعد الوحدة الثالثة



اضغطي لتشاهدي الشرح

T.Hanan AlSaqabi

المضارع البسيط Present Simple

يعبر زمن المضارع عن الروتين اليومي
والعادات والحقائق

نضيف نهاية الفعل **s** أو **es** مع الضمائر التالية: 

She/He/It/ مفرد "Sara/ Ahmad/ Brainy/ A dog ..." → likes, eats, plays, finishes

1) She always sleeps on the couch.

2) The cat eats fish.

يبقى الفعل كما هو ولا نضيف **s** عند استخدام الضمائر التالية: 

They/We/I/ You "Sara and Ahmad/ My friends ..." → like, eat, play

1) We like school.

2) Nasser and Brainy eat honey.

Read and choose the correct answer:

- 1) Brainy (like - likes) honey.
- 2) They (watch - watches) a movie every week.
- 3) I (go - goes) to work by bus.
- 4) He (live - lives) in London.
- 5) Ahmad never (speak - speaks) Arabic.
- 6) My friends (eat - eats) healthy food.



Unit (3) Grammar

قواعد الوحدة الثالثة



اضغطي لتشاهدي الشرح

T.Hanan ALSaqabi

The Present Continuous المضارع المستمر

يعبر عن شيء يحدث الآن 

look / listen/ now / at the moment: بعض الكلمات الدالة عليه:

She / He/ It (إسم مفرد) + is + verb (الفعل) + ing

- 1) She **is** smiling now.
- 2) Jassim **is** swimming.

They / We / You + are + verb (الفعل) + ing

- 1) The boys **are** playing football.
- 2) We **are** eating lunch at the moment.

I + am + verb (الفعل) + ing

- 1) I **am** reading a book.
- 2) I **am** painting now.

Read and choose the correct answer:

- 1) Ali is (make- -making) pizza.
- 2) Listen, she is (cry - crying).
- 3) The kids (is - are) sleeping.
- 4) Look, they are (jump - jumping).
- 5) I (am - is) cleaning my room.
- 6) Mona is (eat - eating) her lunch.

Add (ing) to the words:

cook + ing =

read + ing =

stop + ing =

swim + ing =

Unit (3) Grammar

قواعد الوحدة الثالثة



اضغطي لتشاهدي الشرح

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مقارنة الصفات The Comparative and Superlative

عند المقارنة بين اثنين

adjective (صفة) + er + than

1) Nora is taller than Sara.

2) The cat is faster than the mouse.

عند المقارنة بين أكثر من شيئين

the + adjective (صفة) + est

1) The red car is the fastest car in the race.

2) The giraffe is the tallest animal.

	Adjective	Comparative	Superlative
Examples:	small صغير	smaller than أصغر من	the smallest الأصغر
	fast سريع	faster than أسرع من	the fastest الأسرع
	cold بارد	colder than أبرد من	the coldest الأبرد

Read and choose the correct answer:

- 1) The white cat is (small- -smaller) than the brown dog.
- 2) Paris is (cold - colder) than London.
- 3) The desert is the (hotter - hottest) place.
- 4) She is the (taller - tallest) girl in the class.

YOU CAN
DO IT!

Unit (3) Grammar

قواعد الوحدة الثالثة

T.Hanan AlSaqabi

Present Simple with
sequence adverbs

المضارع البسيط مع
الكلمات الدالة على
التسلسل

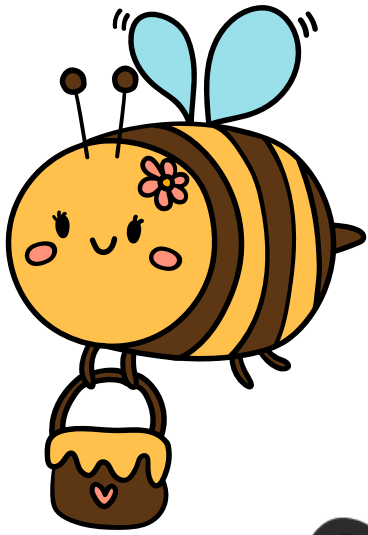
كلمات تدل على تسلسل الأحداث 

Example: How to make an omelette? 

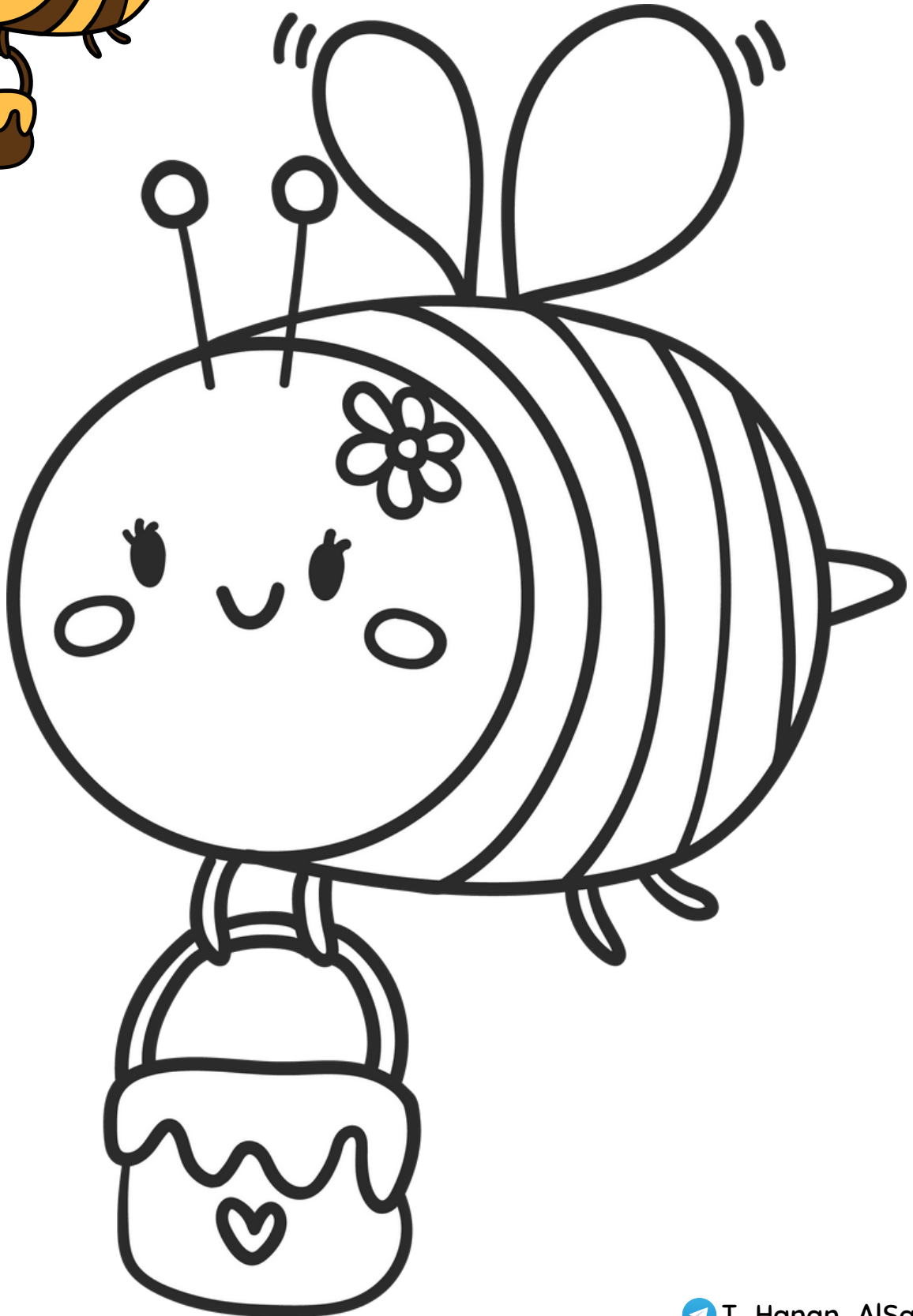
First, أولاً	First, break the eggs.
Then, ثم	Then, heat butter on a pan.
Next, بعد ذلك	Next, add the eggs.
Finally, وأخيراً	Finally, enjoy your omelette with your favourite vegetables.

Read and choose the correct answer:

- 1) They sometimes (go - goes - going) to the gym.
- 2) A whale is (big - bigger - biggest) than a shark.
- 3) Look, it is (rain - raining - rains) at the moment.
- 4) Tigers usually (hunt- hunts- hunting) gazelles.
- 5) I (play - plays - playing) football every weekend.
- 6) The snake (move - moves - moving) very fast.
- 7) The elephant is the (heavy - heavier - heaviest).



Take a break and
color the picture



Reading Comprehension

T.Hanan AlSaqabi

Read the passage and answer the questions:

Lions are wild animals and they come from Africa. They live with elephants, giraffes and monkeys in the jungle. They are one of the largest animals. Lions are often referred to as the “King of the jungle”. They can live more than 15 years in the wild. In Kuwait we don’t have jungles, but we can see lions at Kuwait Zoo. Lions are beautiful and very strong, they can run very **fast**. Lions have sharp teeth and they eat meat. Their colour is usually light brown. Lions are active at night, they are very dangerous. All animals are frightened when they hear the lion's shout.

A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and

1) The best title for the passage is:

- a. Animals in Kuwait
- b. Jungles
- c. King of the Jungle
- d. Elephants

2) The underlined word “They” in line 1 refers to:

- a. giraffes
- b. monkeys
- a.elephants
- d. lions

3)The opposite of the word “fast” in line 7 is:

- a. slow
- b. quick
- c.sad
- d. big

4) Lions can live for more than

- a. five years
- b. fifty years
- c. fifteen years
- d. five hundred years

B) Answer the following questions:

1- What do lions often referred to?

.....

2) When do animals frightened ?

.....

Writing

T.Hanan AlSaqabi

Write a paragraph of 3 sentences about "The lizard" with the help of guide words and a picture:

(clever - live - desert - change)



.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

Writing

T.Hanan AlSaqabi

Write a short paragraph of not less than four sentences about "Bees" with the help of guide words and a graphic organizer:

(fly – from – flower – sugar – honey – beekeeper)

What bees do

.....
.....

What bees collect

.....
.....



Who collects honey

.....
.....



Hint:

Use the adverbs of frequency.

What bees fill the honeycomb with

.....
.....

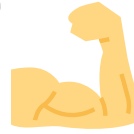
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Spelling

T.Hanan AlSaqabi

Write the missing words to complete sentences:

1) I do exercise to be



2) A comes in many colours.



3) The collects honey.



4) A butterfly life cycle has four



Combining Words:

Combine the following words:

1) big + er =

4) swim + ing =

2) run + ing =

5) sun + y =

3) stop + ing =

6) fun + y =

**GOOD
LUCK!**

From T. Hanan AlSaqabi

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