



PERFECT

Grade Nine

FIRST TERM

(2026-2027)

Name: -

class: -

Unit 1

Stories of Success

Vocabulary

1. curious	(ADJ)	فضولي	13. merely	(ADV)	بمجرد أو ببساطة
2. talent	(N)	موهبة	14. mindset	(N)	عقلية
3. explorer	(N)	مستكشف	15. consistently	(ADV)	باستمرار
4. proudly	(ADV)	بفخر	16. efficiently	(ADV)	بكفاءة
5. highlight	(V)	يسلط الضوء - يُظهر	17. give up	(PHR V)	يستسلم
6. represent	(V)	يمثل	18. tough	(ADJ)	صعب أو قاسي
7. inspire	(V)	يلهم	19. positive	(ADJ)	إيجابي
8. remarkable	(ADJ)	مميز أو ملحوظ	20. trust	(V / N)	يثق - ثقة
9. fulfil	(V)	يحقق	21. progress	(N / V)	تطور - تقدم
10. expedition	(N)	رحلة استكشافية	22. trait	(N)	صفة أو سمة
11. will	(N)	إرادة	23. remain	(V)	يبقى
12. survive	(V)	يعيش أو ينجو	24. equally	(ADV)	بالتساوي

A) Fill in the blanks with the correct word:

(curious - survive - inspire - expedition - efficiently - trust)

- Young children are naturally _____ about everything around them.
- The brave explorers went on a long scientific _____ to the North Pole.
- Great leaders always _____ their team members to work hard and succeed.
- Animals in the desert have special features that help them _____ in hot weather.
- Using modern technology allows workers to complete their tasks much more _____.
- Good relationships are built on honesty, respect, and mutual _____.

B) Choose the correct word from a, b, c and d:-

- She worked hard with strong _____ to achieve her academic goals.
a) will b) talent c) trait d) progress
- Never _____ on your dreams, even when facing difficult challenges.
a) give up b) remain c) represent d) survive
- Maintaining a positive _____ is essential for overcoming daily stress.
a) mindset b) expedition c) highlight d) trait
- The football team played very well and made significant _____ this season.
a) progress b) talent c) will d) expedition
- Kindness is a wonderful personality _____ that everyone admires.
a) trait b) mindset c) progress d) talent
- The scientist gave a _____ speech that amazed all the attendees.
a) remarkable b) tough c) curious d) positive

Grammar
1-Past Simple
الماضي البسيط

*يتكون الماضي البسيط من التصريف الثاني للفعل

Form

Regular verbs

V+ed

play — played
start — started

Irregular verbs

Change

see — saw
go — went

- * I **played** football yesterday.
- * My mother **cleaned** the house last week.
- * We **went** to the zoo two days ago.
- * Ahmed **watched** T.V yesterday.
- * Ali **didn't visit** London last week.

Affirmative

- * Aya **didn't eat** meat yesterday.
- * Aml **didn't watch** T.V five hours ago.

Negative (فاعل + didn't + V1)

*Key words — Yesterday / last / ago / in the past.

Questions

Yes / No Questions

Did + S. + V + ...?

Did you eat yesterday?

- * Yes, I did.
- * No, I didn't.

Wh. Questions

Question word+(did)+ فاعل + المصدر (المصدر + فاعل + did)

When did you sleep?

- * I slept yesterday.

2) Past Continuous tense

I ,He, she, it was
you ,they,we were + S + Verb + ing

Ex:-

*Maha was travelling to London. affirmative

* We were visiting the USA when I saw them

*Maha wasn't travelling to London.

* We weren't visiting the USA when I saw them. negative



Was / Were + S. + V. ing

- * **Was** Ali playing tennis
- * **Were** you watching TV?
- * Yes, **I was**.
- * No, **I wasn't**.

Wh. + was / were + S. + V. ing?

- * What were you watching?
- * I was watching TV
- * What was she watching?
- * She was watching TV.

*key words:-

When + past simple past continuous

When the light **went** off , I **was studying**.

While + past continuous past simple

While I **was studying**, the light **went** off.

3-Both... and \ Neither... nor

A) Both... and

- Refers to two people or two things together.
- It is always considered plural in a sentence.

* Sara likes apples. Laila likes apples.

Both Sara and Laila like apples.

B) Neither... nor

- Makes a negative statement about two people or two things.
- When you use “neither...nor,” the verb should agree with the noun that comes closest to it. (after nor)

* Neither Ali nor **his brother is** coming.

* Neither Ali nor **his friends are** coming.

* Sara doesn't like tennis. Laila doesn't like tennis. (use Neither...nor)

Neither Sara nor Laila likes tennis.

A) Choose the correct answer :-

1. While the tourists _____ through the desert, they saw a rare bird.
a) walked b) were walking c) walk d) are walking
2. I was reading a book about Kuwaiti explorers when the phone _____.
a) rang b) was ringing c) rings d) is ringing
3. The electricity went out while Sara _____ her homework.
a) did b) was doing c) does d) is doing
4. When Mr. Ali _____ at the school, the students were doing a quiz.
a) arrived b) was arriving c) arrives d) is arriving
5. While we _____ for the bus, it started to rain heavily.
a) waited b) were waiting c) wait d) are waiting
6. They _____ a camel in the desert when they found an old oasis.
a) were riding b) rode c) ride d) are riding
7. As Bader was taking photos of Kuwait Towers, he _____ his camera.
a) dropped b) was dropping c) drops d) is dropping
8. The light turned off while I _____ a shower.
a) had b) was having c) have d) am having
9. What _____ you doing when the fire alarm rang yesterday?
a) are b) were c) did d) was
10. While the doctor _____ the patient, the nurse brought the report.
a) examined b) was examining c) examines d) is examining

11. _____ Mona and Dana passed the English test with top marks.
a) Both b) Neither c) Either d) Not only
12. _____ my brother nor my father is going to the stadium tonight.
a) Both b) Neither c) Either d) Nor
13. The new shopping mall is _____ large and modern.
a) both b) neither c) either d) nor
14. _____ Salem nor Ali wants to stay late at school today.
a) Both b) Neither c) Either d) And
15. She speaks _____ French and Spanish fluently.
a) both b) neither c) either d) nor

B) Do as shown between brackets:-

1. I was watching television when you called. (make negative)

- 2- I was doing my homework at 7 o'clock yesterday evening. (ask question)

3. They were playing football in the park yesterday afternoon. (make negative)

4. They saw a beautiful dolphin near the Kuwaiti coast. (ask question)

5. She spoke both French and Spanish during the conference. (make negative)

6. Ahmed was swimming in the sea when he lost his watch. (ask question)

7. Both Hamad and Ali passed the final exam. (make negative)

8. The tourists found a rare fossil in the desert. (make negative)

9. I was doing my research. The internet disconnected. (Join using: When)

10. She was walking in the park. She met her old friend. (Join using: while)

11. My father arrived home while my mother (prepare) lunch. (Correct the verb)

12. While the boys (play) football, it started raining. (Correct the verb)

13. The phone rang while I (watch) a movie. (Join using: When)

14. He was driving to work when he (see) an accident. (Correct the verb)

Writing

‘Exploring new places can be exciting, but it also comes with risks.’ Plan and write a two-paragraph report about **going on an expedition discussing the safety preparations people should make and the challenges they might face.**

Paragraph 1: (Safety Preparations)

Topic Sentence:- Expeditions need safety preparations.

Supporting details:- plan before travelling.

pack enough food and clean water.

should check the weather and clothing.

should take first aid kits.

Concluding Sentence:- Good safety planning helps keep everyone safe.

Paragraph 2: (Challenges)

Topic Sentence:- Explorers often face many challenges.

Supporting details:- weather can change
may get lost on the way.
may face wild animals.
Lack of food and water

Concluding Sentence:- These challenges make expeditions difficult but exciting.

Topic

Expeditions need safety preparations. People must plan before travelling. They pack enough food and clean water. They should take first aid kits. They should check the weather and clothing. Good safety planning helps keep everyone safe.

Explorers often face many challenges. The weather can change very quickly. Travelers may get lost on the way. They may face wild animals. Lack of food and water is a problem. These challenges make expeditions difficult but exciting.

Unit 2

Staying Safe Online

vocabulary

1. casually	(ADV)	بشكل عارض	13. cautious	(ADJ)	حذر أو حريص
2. claim	(V / N)	يدعي	14. genuinely	(ADV)	بصدق
3. reject	(V)	يرفض	15. replace	(V)	يستبدل
4. fake	(ADJ)	مزيف	16. software	(N)	برمجيات
5. uneasy	(ADJ)	غير مرتاح	17. manner	(N)	طريقة
6. access	(N / V)	مدخل / يصل إلى	18. assist	(V)	يساعد
7. update	(V / N)	يحدث	19. provide	(V)	يزود أو يوفر
8. install	(V)	يحمل أو يركب	20. efficient	(ADJ)	فعال
9. phishing	(N)	التصيد الاحتيالي	21. customer	(N)	زبون
10. scam	(N)	خدعة	22. accurate	(ADJ)	دقيق
11. seriously	(ADV)	بجدية	23. complex	(ADJ)	معقد
12. security	(N)	الأمن	24.increasingly	(ADV)	بازدياد

A-Fill in the spaces with the most suitable words from the list :

(cautious - scam - install - assist - accurate - software- complex)

1. Be careful with online messages asking for bank details; They might be a _____.
2. You should always be _____ when downloading files from unknown websites.
3. The IT technician helped us _____ the new antivirus program on our computers.
4. Our teacher is always ready to _____ students who need help with their homework.
5. Make sure that the information you provide in the report is 100% _____.
6. Don't forget to update your computer's _____ regularly to fix security bugs.

B) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:-

1. Cybercriminals use _____ emails to trick people into giving their passwords.
a) phishing b) manner c) customer d) access
2. Using strong passwords is necessary to increase your online _____.
a) security b) software c) scam d) manner
3. Users need a valid username and password to gain _____ to the website.
a) access b) customer c) software d) scam
4. The shop manager always treats every _____ with great respect and care.
a) customer b) phishing c) security d) access
5. He felt very _____ when he received a strange text message from a foreign number.
a) uneasy b) fake c) efficient d) complex
6. Solving this math problem is very _____; it requires many step-by-step calculations.
a) complex b) fake c) uneasy d) cautious

1- First conditional If

* " If 1 " is used for Things that are possible or likely to happen in the future,

* IF + Present simple → will + infinitive

*Examples:-

1. If she **runs** fast , she **will** win the race.
2. If I **sleep** late , I **will** be tired.
- 3-If you **don't** study hard , you **won't** get high marks.
- 4- If she **doesn't** sleep early , she **won't** get up early.

A-Do as shown:

1. If I go out tonight, I (go)to the theatre. (correct) .
2. If the weather (be)..... nice tomorrow, we will go to the zoo,. (correct).
3. If they go to bed late, they (be)tired in the morning. (correct)
4. If they play sports, (complete).

2- Second conditional If

* " If " is used for Things that are Imaginary / untrue situation, advice.

* IF + past simple → would + infinitive

- 1-If someone **got access** to your personal accounts, He **would misuse** your account.
2. If I **were** you, I **wouldn't click** on the link.

A-Do as shown:

1. If the website _____(be) real, people would trust it.
2. If I were Ahmed, I _____ (tell) the IT department immediately.
3. If they (have) enough space, they would buy a bigger laptop.
4. If Bader doesn't hurry up, he (miss) the morning bus.
5. If I won the competition, I (donate) part of the prize money.
6. You will get a stomachache if you (eat) too much junk food.

3) Relative pronouns:-

1-who-that

(connect two sentences refer to people)

*The man is a doctor, he lives downstairs.

The man **who** lives downstairs is a doctor.

*I saw Ahmed, he won the match

I saw Ahmed **that** won the match.

2-which-that

(connect two sentences refer to thing)

*The robber stole the car. The lady had parked it.

The robber stole the car **which** The lady had parked.

*This is the dog, I like it

This is the dog **that** I like.

3-when

(connect two sentences refer to certain time)

*Friday is the time **when** we enjoy.

*Ramadan is a month **when** we fast.

4-where

(connect two sentences refer to certain place)

*This is the school **where** we learn.

*This is the house **where** we live.

B) Join the following sentences:

1-I bought a book yesterday. It is very interesting.

2-It is Friday. We have a holiday on Friday.

3. This is the teacher. He teaches English.

4. I know the boy. He plays football every day.

5. This is the park. We play football there.

6. I visited the city. My uncle lives there.

*Remember:

*If the subject is a person, use who.

* If it is a thing or animal, use which.

*If it is a place, use, where.

* If it is a time, use when.

A) Choose the correct answer (15 Marks)

1. If you study hard, you _____ top marks in the exam.
a) pass b) will pass c) would pass d) passed
2. What would you buy if you _____ a million dollars?
a) have b) will have c) had d) would have
3. If Sara _____ to the party tomorrow, she will meet her old friends.
a) comes b) came c) would come d) coming
4. If I were you, I _____ click on suspicious links online.
a) won't b) wouldn't c) don't d) hadn't
5. We will go for a picnic if the weather _____ fine on Friday.
a) is b) was c) will be d) would be
6. If they practiced regularly, they _____ the championship easily.
a) win b) will win c) would win d) won
7. If Bader doesn't wear his seatbelt, he _____ a fine.
a) gets b) will get c) would get d) got
8. Where would you live if you _____ any country in the world?
a) choose b) chooses c) chose d) will choose
9. If my brother _____ enough money, he will buy a new smartphone.
a) saves b) saved c) would save d) saving
10. If she _____ more free time, she would learn how to code.
a) has b) had c) will have d) would have
11. The doctor _____ treated my grandfather was very kind and professional.
a) who b) which c) where d) when
12. This is the modern website _____ provides free educational courses.
a) who b) which c) where d) when
13. Farwaniya is the town _____ my family lived for ten years.
a) who b) which c) where d) when
14. 2020 was the year _____ the pandemic affected schools worldwide.
a) who b) which c) where d) when
15. The engineer _____ designed the tower received an award.
a) who b) which c) where d) when
16. I bought a smart device _____ can track my daily footsteps.
a) who b) which c) where d) when
17. This is the quiet library _____ students prepare for their exams.
a) who b) which c) where d) when
18. Ramadan is the month _____ Muslims fast from dawn to sunset.
a) who b) which c) where d) when

19. The police arrested the thief _____ stole the car last night.

- a) who b) which c) where d) when

20. She read a book _____ explains the secrets of artificial intelligence.

- a) who b) which c) where d) when

B) correct the verb between brackets:-

1. If you (call) me tomorrow morning, I will give you the notes.

2. If he trained harder, he (win) the race.

3. What will happen if we (not protect) our personal data online?

4. If I (be) you, I would report this online fraud immediately.

5. She will travel to London if she (get) a visa.

C) Join Sentences Using Relative Pronouns:-

1. This is the scientist. He invented a smart AI chatbot. (who)

2. I used the computer. It was on the teacher's desk. (which)

3. We visited the museum. We saw ancient artifacts there. (where)

4. I still remember the day. We received our graduation results then. (when)

5. The lady called the police. Her bag was stolen in the market. (who)



Writing

Plan and write a two-paragraph report “**explaining common online risks and giving useful safety tips to help people protect their information and stay safe online**”

Paragraph 1: (Online risks)

Topic Sentence:- Being safe online is very important.

Detail 1:- Strangers can use personal information in bad ways.

Detail 2:- Fake accounts can trick people easily.

Detail 3:- Hackers can steal photos or passwords.

Concluding Sentence:- We must be careful when we use the internet.

Paragraph 2: (Tips to stay safe online)

Topic Sentence:- There are many ways to stay safe online.

Detail 1:- Change your passwords from time to time.

Detail 2:- Do not share your real name or address.

Detail 3:- Avoid clicking on strange links.

Concluding Sentence:- These habits help keep you safe online.

Topic

Being safe online is very important. Strangers can use personal information in bad ways. Fake accounts can trick people easily. Hackers can steal photos or passwords. We must be careful when we use the internet.

There are many ways to stay safe online. Change your passwords from time to time. Do not share your real name or address. Avoid surfing strange links . Think before you post anything. These habits help keep you safe online.

Unit 3

Food for Life: Culture, Health, and the Future

vocabulary

1. reflect	(V)	يعكس أو يعبر	12. raw	(ADJ)	نيء أو غير مطبوخ
2. serve	(V)	يقدم	13. experience	(V / N)	يجرب / تجربة
3. symbol	(N)	رمز	14. energetic	(ADJ)	نشيط
4. occasion	(N)	مناسبة	15. source	(N)	مصدر
5. aromatic	(ADJ)	عطري	16. fibre	(N)	ألياف
6. ingredient	(N)	مكون	17. significantly	(ADV)	بشكل ملحوظ
7. distinctive	(ADJ)	متميز	18. homemade	(ADJ)	مصنوع بالبيت
8. recipe	(N)	وصفة	19. produce	(N / V)	إنتاج
9. commonly	(ADV)	بشكل شائع	20. organic	(ADJ)	عضوي
10. flavour	(N)	طعم	21. harmful	(ADJ)	مؤذي أو ضار
11. variety	(N)	متنوع - تنوع	22. label	(N / V)	ملصق / يضع ملصق

A) Fill in the spaces with the most suitable words from the list :-

(recipe - energetic - symbol - organic - label - maintain)

- The white flag is internationally known as a _____ of peace.
- My grandmother gave me a traditional _____ to cook delicious apple pie.
- Young athletes need to stay active and _____ during their daily training.
- Many people prefer buying _____ vegetables because they are grown without chemicals.
- Before buying any medicine, make sure to read the instructions on the _____.
- Eating healthy food and exercising regularly will help you _____ a healthy body.

B) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- Art and literature often _____ the culture and values of a society.
a) reflect b) serve c) maintain d) produce
- Fresh herbs and spices give this traditional dish a rich and unique _____.
a) flavour b) fibre c) symbol d) occasion
- The bakery offers a wide _____ of fresh cakes, pies, and pastries.
a) variety b) ingredient c) label d) source
- Arabic coffee has a very distinctive _____ smell that everyone loves.
a) aromatic b) harmful c) raw d) homemade
- Eating whole grains provides your body with plenty of natural dietary _____.
a) fibre b) recipe c) symbol d) occasion
- Smoking contains dangerous chemicals that are extremely _____ to health.
a) harmful b) energetic c) aromatic d) organic

Grammar

1) Passive Voice (Present & Past simple - Modals)

Active

S + V + O

Ali **plays** football

Ali **played** football

Ali **can play** football

passive

O + V + by + S

football **is played** by Ali.

football **was played** by Ali.

football **can be played** by Ali.

*لتحويل الجملة للمجهول:

1- نبدأ الجملة الجديدة بالمفعول ثم

2) am-is or are → at present & modal verb + be+P.P → at modals

Was – were + P.P → at past

*Ahmed watches T.V. (active)

*T.V **is watched** by Ahmed. (passive)

*My mother folds the blankets to tidy our rooms.

*The blankets **are folded** to tidy our rooms.

present

*Sara bought a mobile yesterday (active)

A mobile **was bought** by Sara yesterday

* Ahmad watched three new films last night .

Three new films **were watched** [by Ahmad] last night

Past

*Sara must open the door. (active)

* The door **must be opened** by Sara

* Ahmad should clean stairs .

*Stairs **should be cleaned** by Ahmed.

MODALS

***Remember:**

*Modal verbs include (must- could – should
– can -will- has to -have to – had to – going
to – ought to = may – might would).

2)The Comparative and Superlative adjectives

1-short adjectives:-(Monosyllable adjectives):-

A-comparative:-

adj + er + than

*Ali is **taller than** Salim.

* He is **smarter than** them

B-superlative:-

the + adj +est

*He is **the smartest** in the class

* My father is **the eldest** one in his family

2-long adjectives:- (Multi-syllable adjectives):-

A-comparative:-

more+adj+than

*She is **more generous than** him.

*Amany is **more beautiful than** Mona.

B-superlative:-

the+most+adj

*He is **the tallest** in his family.

*The **most incredible** thing about this star is its colour

*Irregular adjectives:-

*good----better than----the best

* bad---- worse than----the worst

*far-----farther than-----the farthest

*little---- less than----- the least

much / many----- more than ----- the most

A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. Fresh vegetables _____ to the local market every morning.
a) deliver b) are delivered c) delivered d) were delivering
2. The national dish _____ by hundreds of guests during the festival last week.
a) enjoyed b) was enjoyed c) is enjoyed d) enjoys
3. Organic food is considered much _____ for children than processed fast food.
a) healthy b) healthier c) healthiest d) more healthy
4. New food safety laws _____ by the ministry next month.
a) will enforce b) must enforce c) should be enforced d) enforced
5. This traditional restaurant serves _____ coffee in the entire city.
a) good b) better c) the best d) worst
6. Many traditional Kuwaiti recipes _____ down from generation to generation.
a) have passed b) were passed c) passed d) are passing
7. Eating fresh fruits is far _____ than consuming sugary desserts.
a) good b) better c) best d) more good
8. Plastic food containers _____ at high temperatures to prevent contamination.
a) should not heat b) should not be heated c) must not heat d) don't heat
9. That fast-food joint has _____ service in our neighborhood.
a) bad b) worse c) the worst d) far bad
10. The historic kitchen museum _____ by thousands of tourists every year.
a) is visited b) visited c) was visiting d) visits
11. 3D food printers _____ in school cafeterias in the near future.
a) can use b) can be used c) used d) are using
12. The ingredients _____ carefully before the chef started preparing the meal.
a) selected b) were selected c) are selected d) select
13. This hot sauce is _____ than the one we tried yesterday.
a) spicy b) spicier c) spiciest d) more spicy
14. Water _____ abundantly throughout the day to stay hydrated.
a) must drink b) must be drunk c) drinks d) should drink

15. Among all the dishes served, the seafood soup was _____ popular one.

- a) more b) the most c) most d) much more

B) Change in to passive :-

1. Chefs prepare national dishes with special spices.

2. The manager cancelled the food festival yesterday.

3. Students must wear clean aprons during cooking class.

4. They clean the restaurant kitchen every night.

5. The waiter served the hot soup to the guests.

6. People should store leftover food in the fridge.

7. Scientists create 3D food printers for future meals.

8. The health inspector closed the unhygienic restaurant last night.

9. Parents can teach children healthy eating habits.

C) Correct The Mistakes :-

1. Eating fresh fruits is more good for your health than drinking soda.

2. This traditional dish is the most deliciouser meal on the menu.

3. Fast food is bad, but energy drinks are worst for your heart.

4. Yesterday was the hottest day of the summer season in Kuwait.

5. My cooking skills are getting more better after attending the course.

6. Organic vegetables are expensive than non-organic ones.

7. That was the worse restaurant service I have ever experienced.

8. Spicy food is popularer in Asia than in Western countries.

9. Water is the most usefuler drink for staying healthy.

10. Home-cooked food is healthyer than canned meals.

Answers

writing
Composition

Plan and write a two-paragraph report "explaining what healthy food choices people can make and why eating healthily is becoming more important today".

Paragraph 1: (Healthy food choices)

Topic Sentence:- Healthy food choices help us stay strong.

Detail 1:- Eat fruits and vegetables.

Detail 2:- Drink water

Detail 3:- Avoid sugar.

Concluding Sentence:- Good choices keep our bodies fit.

Paragraph 2: (The importance of eating healthy food)

Topic Sentence:- Healthy food is very important for us.

Detail 1:- gives us energy.

Detail 2:- fight many diseases.

Detail 3:- makes our minds fresh and clear.

Concluding Sentence:- Healthy food keeps us happy.

Topic

Healthy food choices help us stay strong. We should eat fruits every day. Vegetables make our meals better. Drinking plenty of water is very important. Too much sugar and fast food are very bad for you. Good choices keep our bodies fit.

Healthy food is very important for us. It gives us energy to work. It helps us fight many diseases. It makes our minds fresh and clear. Healthy food keeps us happy. It helps us live a long life.

Unit 4

Simple Living, Better World vocabulary

1. focus	(V /N)	يركز على	12. packaging	(N)	تغليف
2.necessarily	(ADV)	بالضرورة	13. responsibly	(ADV)	بمسؤولية
3. instead	(ADV)	بدلاً من ذلك	14. minimise	(V)	يقلل أو يقلص
4. thoughtful	(ADJ)	مهتم - عميق التفكير	15. expense	(N)	مصرف / نفقة
5. benefit	(V /N)	يفيد / فائدة	16. preserve	(V)	يحمي - يحافظ
6. conserve	(V)	يحافظ على	17. disposable	(ADJ)	يمكن التخلص منه
7.meaningful	(ADJ)	له معنى	18.consumption	(N)	استهلاك
8. gadget	(N)	جهاز - أداة صغيرة	19. donate	(V)	يتبرع
9. valuable	(ADJ)	ثمين - قيم	20. mindful	(ADJ)	واعي / منتبه
10. balanced	(ADJ)	متوازن	21. wasteful	(ADJ)	مبذر - مسرف
11. discard	(V)	يتخلص من			

A) Fill in the spaces with the most suitable words from the list :-

(preserve -gadget - valuable - focus - conserve - donate - mindful)

- Students must _____ on their lessons to achieve top marks in exams.
- Smartwatches are a useful electronic _____ for tracking fitness.
- Time is extremely _____; we should spend it wisely and productively.
- Everyone should help to _____ water and energy at home.
- Generous people like to _____ clothes and money to charitable organisations.
- Be _____ of how much time you spend on social media every day.

B-Choose the correct answer from a,b,c and d:-

- He gave a very _____ gift that showed how much he truly cares.
a) valuable b) disposable c) wasteful d) balanced
- We should avoid buying _____ plastic items to reduce pollution.
a) balanced b) valuable c) disposable d) meaningful
- Scientists study the high _____ of electricity during summer months.
a) consumption b) packaging c) gadget d) expense
- Eco-friendly companies use _____ to protect the environment.
a) packaging b) expense c) consumption d) benefit
- Museums use special climate technology to _____ historical artefacts.
a) preserve b) discard c) minimise d) donate
- Recycling materials helps to _____ waste and lower pollution levels.
a) minimise b) preserve c) focus d) conserve

Grammar

1-present perfect simple

* An action that happened in the past and has an effect on the present.

Form:=

I, you, we, they → have → + (P.P) verb 3
He, she, it → has →

*Hassan has already bought a new ipad.

*Leila has already cooked the lunch.

Affirmative

*Hassan **hasn't** bought a new Ipad yet.

*Leila **hasn't** already cooked the lunch

Negative

*Has Ali gone to the cinema?

*Have you eaten food ?

*When have you visited london?

*Why has Ali gone to the club?

Question

*Key words

Since	منذ	For	لمدة	just	توا-حالا
Already	توا – حالا	yet	حتي	ever	من قبل

already:-I have already seen that movie.

yet:-I haven't finished the project yet.

Ever:-Have you ever been to London?

Never:-No, I have never been to London.

***Since**:- comes with the beginning of the time period of the event.

* We **have lived** in our house **since** 2011 / April / Friday

* I have learnt English **since** my birth

***For**:- comes with a time period specified in numbers.

* He **has learnt** English **for** two years / a month / an hour.

* He **has lived** in his house **for** a long time.

***How long**:-(**has-have + s + P.P +....?**) To ask about time length

* **How long** has she learnt English?

* **How long** have you lived in your house?

2. Present Perfect Continuous

* An action that started in the past and is still continuing.

* An action that has recently stopped, but we can see its result now.

Form:-

I, you, we, they → have → + (been + V +ing)
He, she, it → has →

* She has been working.

* I have been studying for two hours.

* He is tired because he has been running.

* She has been working here since 2020.

*Key words

Since	منذ	For	لمدة	just	توا حالا
Already	توا - حالا	yet	حتي	ever	من قبل
all	كل	still	ما زال	long	طوال

* She has been playing all day.

* They have been eating healthy food for a month.

* How long:-(has \ have + S + been +V +ing ?) To ask about time length.

* How long has she been learning English?

* How long have you been living in your house?



3-Quantifiers (some, any, much, many, few, little)

1.Some

is used with plural countable nouns and uncountable nouns. It is usually used in positive sentences , offers and requests.

*I have **some** books in my bag.

*She bought **some** milk from the supermarket.

*Would you like **some** water?

2.Any

is used with plural countable nouns and uncountable nouns.

It is usually used in questions and negative sentences.

*Do you have **any** questions?

*We don't have **any** money.

3. Much

is used with uncountable nouns. It means a large amount of something.

*How **much** money do you have?

*I don't have **much** time.

4. Many

is used with plural countable nouns. It means a large number of things or people.

*There are **many** students in the classroom.

*How **many** books do you have?

5. Few

is used with plural countable nouns. It means a small number of people or things.

***Few** students understand the lesson.

*I have **few** friends at school.

6. Little

is used with uncountable nouns. It means a small amount of something.

*I have **little** money.

*There is **little** water in the bottle.

A) Choose the correct answer: a, b, c, or d.

1. Sarah _____ her homework already.
a) has finished b) has been finishing c) have finished d) finished
2. We have lived in this neighborhood _____ five years.
a) since b) for c) already d) just
3. There aren't _____ students in the classroom today.
a) much b) little c) many d) few
4. Ahmed _____ for the bus for twenty minutes.
a) has waited b) has been waiting c) have waited d) is waiting
5. I haven't got _____ free time this week.
a) many b) much c) few d) a few
6. They have _____ arrived at the airport.
a) just b) since c) for d) any
7. My brother _____ three books this month.
a) has read b) has been reading c) have read d) reads
8. There are _____ apples in the basket, so we need to buy more.
a) little b) much c) few d) any
9. She _____ English since she was ten years old.
a) has studied b) has been studying c) both a and b d) studied
10. We don't have _____ information about the new project.
a) many b) few c) much d) a few
11. Have you _____ visited the new shopping mall?
a) some b) already c) much d) little
12. The children _____ football for two hours.
a) have played b) have been playing c) played d) are playing
13. There are _____ interesting books on the shelf.
a) some b) much c) little d) any
14. He hasn't called me _____ Monday.
a) for b) since c) already d) just
15. I have _____ finished my report.
a) just b) since c) many d) few
16. We have _____ sugar left, so we can make a cake.
a) a little b) a few c) many d) any
17. How _____ money have you spent today?
a) many b) much c) few d) some

B) Do as shown :-

Answers

1. She **have** finished her homework already. (Correct) -----
2. **They** has been studying English for three years. (Correct) -----
3. I haven't seen Ahmed **since** five days. (Correct) -----
4. There isn't **many** water in the bottle. (Correct) -----
5. We have been **lived** here since 2020. (Correct) -----
6. He has just **ate** his lunch. (Correct) -----
7. How **much** books have you read this month? (Correct) -----
8. There are **little** students in the library today. (Correct) -----
9. Sara has been **worked** on the project since morning. (Correct) -----
10. I haven't got **some** money with me. (Correct) -----
11. Ali has lived in Kuwait for five years. (Ask question) -----
12. Sara has been studying English since 2022. (Ask question) -----
13. They have worked on the project for three hours. (Ask question) -----
14. Ahmed has known his teacher since primary school. (Ask question) -----
15. She has already finished the report. (Make negative) -----
16. They have just arrived at the hotel. (Make negative) -----
17. Ahmed has already cleaned his room. (Make negative) -----
18. We have just eaten dinner. (Make negative) -----



Writing

'Many people today are choosing a simpler lifestyle than what we usually see.

Plan and write a two-paragraph report “explaining what living simply means and why some people choose to live a simple life”.

Paragraph 1: (What living simply means) + examples

Topic Sentence:- Living a simple life can make people happier.

Detail 1:- We do not need many things to enjoy life.

Detail 2:- Spending time with family brings us joy.

Detail 3:- Simple hobbies like reading reduce stress.

Concluding Sentence:- A simple life can make us feel calm.

Paragraph 2: (Why some people choose to live a simple life)

Topic Sentence:- Simple living can protect the environment.

Detail 1:- Turning off lights saves electricity.

Detail 2:- Walking or cycling reduces air pollution.

Detail 3:- Recycling and reusing things save natural resources.

Concluding Sentence:- Living simply is good for the Earth.

Topic

Living a simple life can make people happier. We do not need many things to enjoy life. Spending time with family brings us joy. Simple hobbies like reading reduce stress. A simple life can make us feel calm.

Simple living can protect the environment. Turning off lights saves electricity. Walking or cycling reduces air pollution. Recycling and reusing things save natural resources. Living simply is good for the Earth.



1) Reading Comprehension

Read the following passage carefully, then answer the questions that follow:-

Dreams are stories and pictures that our minds create while we sleep. Sometimes they are fun, strange, or even scary. But why do we dream?

When we sleep, our brain does not turn off. It keeps working, sorting through everything we saw, heard, and felt during the day. Dreams may help our brain comprehend our thoughts and feelings. They can also help us remember things or solve problems.

Some scientists believe that dreams are like movies made by our brain because they mix memories, feelings, and imagination together. They can also show how we feel inside. If you are worried, your dreams might be confusing or scary. If you are happy, your dreams might be fun. That is why you might dream about flying, talking to animals, or visiting places that you have never been before.

We usually dream during a part of sleep when our eyes move quickly. This is called "REM sleep". At this time, our brain becomes very busy, and most dreams happen then. Some people remember their dreams clearly, while others forget them quickly. It is said that if you wake up during the dream or right after it, you are more likely to remember it. But if you keep sleeping, the dream can be forgotten.

A good example of a dream that changed the world happened to Ibn Sina. He dreamed about solving a hard problem in medicine. In his dream, he saw the answer clearly. When he woke up, he wrote it down. That dream helped him understand the body better and became part of his famous book.

A. From a, b, c and d, choose the most suitable answer: (6 × 2 = 12 Marks)

09. The best title of the passage is:

- | | |
|--------------------------|--------------------|
| a. A Strange Scientist | b. A Creative Mind |
| c. The Secrets of Dreams | d. The Famous Book |

10. The underlined word "comprehend" in the 2nd paragraph means:

- | | | | |
|---------|-----------|-----------|---------------|
| a. hire | b. export | c. donate | d. understand |
|---------|-----------|-----------|---------------|

11. The underlined word "that" in the 3rd paragraph refers to:

- | | | | |
|------------|-----------|-------------|-------------|
| a. animals | b. places | c. feelings | d. memories |
|------------|-----------|-------------|-------------|

12. Some scientists believe that dreams are like a movie because they:

- | | |
|--|----------------------------------|
| a. make our eyes move quickly. | b. make us worried all the time. |
| c. mix memories, feelings, and imagination together. | |
| d. sort everything we see during the day. | |

13. Ibn Sina's dream helped him in his work because he:

- | |
|---|
| a. dreamed about flying and talking to animals. |
| b. used to sleep the whole night and wake up early. |
| c. saw the answer to his questions clearly and wrote it down. |
| d. used to have scary dreams that made him wake up worried. |

14. The purpose of the writer in writing this passage is to:

- a. persuade the readers to sleep early.
- b. warn the readers about reading scary books.
- c. tell us about the life story of a famous person.
- d. inform the readers about some facts about dreams.

B. With reference to the passage, answer the following questions: (2 × 2 = 4 Marks)

15. What happens during REM Sleep?

.....

16. Why do some people remember their dreams clearly?

.....

2) Reading Comprehension

Read the following passage carefully, then answer the questions that follow:

Although it's not the longest river in America, the Rio Grande has great importance. Its location makes it important. Since 1846, it has been the official border of Texas and Mexico.

The Rio Grande is either the fourth or fifth longest river system in North America. It all depends on how it is measured. Because the river twists so much, it occasionally changes course. The river starts in Colorado and extends downward to the Gulf of Mexico. Not only does the river extend south, but it also starts in the mountains and gets lower and lower in elevation as it extends to the Gulf. Its name is Spanish for the "Big River," but the Rio Grande is known as Rio Bravo in Mexico. "Bravo" translates as furious so the name makes sense. Because of its twists and turns, it certainly does seem to be angrier than most rivers!

The Rio Grande is mostly used as a source of drinking water. Sadly, much water has been drained from the river. This is because people use more water from the river than the river can get back from rain and other sources. Parts of the river are almost dry! Experts are working to correct this, though, with hopes of restoring the river to its past strength. Today, the river is important as a source of water for Texans and Mexicans. More important, it is a symbol of cooperation between two nations. Though borders like the Rio Grande separate nations, they are also shared spaces. The Rio Grande is a symbol of friendship between two peoples.

A. From a, b, c and d, choose the most suitable answer: (6 × 2 = 12 Marks)

9. The main idea of the second paragraph is:

- | | |
|-------------------------|------------------------|
| a) Rio Grande geography | b) Rio Grande today |
| c) Rio Grande length | d) Rio Grande location |

10. The underlined word "furious" in the second paragraph means:

- a) large b) twisted c) angry d) dry

11. The underlined pronoun "They" in the third paragraph refers to:

- a) nations b) borders c) peoples d) spaces

12. The river Rio Grande is one of the most important rivers in America because:

- a) it is an official border between Texas and Mexico
b) it is the only source of drinking water in America.
c) It starts in Colorado and extends to the Gulf of Mexico.
d) it is a symbol of cooperation between two nations.

13. According to the passage, all the following statements are Not True except:

- a. Rivers can't be official borders between countries.
b. The length of Rio Grande depends on how it is measured.
c. The Rio Grande River gets back its water only from the rain.
d. The Rio Grande River starts from the Gulf of Mexico.

14. What is the author's purpose in writing this text?

- a. To encourage people to save drinking water.
b. To compare between different rivers in the world.
c. To give information about the Rio Grande River.
d. To explain the different sources of fresh water.

B. Answer the following questions: (2 × 2 = 4 Marks)

15. What is the Rio Grande River known in Mexico?

16. How is the river a symbol of friendship between nations?



دولة الكويت
وزارة التربية
الادارة العامة لمنطقة الجهراء التعليمية
التوجيه الفني للغة الإنجليزية
امتحان نهاية الفترة الدراسية الاولى-الصف التاسع - 2025 / 2026

Total (60 Marks)

1-Reading (30 Marks)

A)Vocabulary (14 Marks)

A. From a, b, c and d, choose the most suitable answer:

1. My father always advises me to drive to avoid accidents.
a) commonly b) equally c) responsibly d) proudly
2. Young children are They often ask their parents many questions.
a) curious b) tough c) aromatic d) wasteful
3. Many people choose to food and clothes for families in need.
a) experience b) inspire c) survive d) donate
4. The shop owner welcomed the with respect and kindness.
a) mindset b) customer c) occasion d) consumption

B. Fill in the spaces with words from the list: (6 Marks)

(software - positive - access - symbol - disposable)

5. People use difficult passwords to prevent getting to their information.
6. The pigeon is usually considered a of hope and peace.
7. The players kept being and cheerful even after losing the game.
8. My father asked me to bring plates for our trip to the desert.

B- Reading Comprehension (16 Marks) -

A) Read the following passage, then answer the questions that follow:-

Many species have disappeared because of people. One of the most famous is the dodo, a large bird that could not fly. People told stories about the dodo, calling it fat, slow, or lazy. They also said humans hunted it until none were left. When such animals disappeared, the environment became less rich.

The dodo lived only on Mauritius, a small island east of Africa near Madagascar. Before people came, the island had no mammals. The dodo's ancestors were pigeons that had flown there long ago. They found fruit, clean water, and no enemies. Over many years, they grew bigger and stopped flying.

When Europeans reached Mauritius, the Dutch settled and stayed there in 1638. They turned land into farms and brought chickens, cats, deer, and even rats. People hunted dodos, but the real danger was these new animals. Dodos used to bury their eggs in the forest to protect them, but rats and cats ate them. Cows and sheep ate the plants the dodo needed. Dodos moved further into the island and left their nests unprotected. Forests were also cut down for farms.

The last dodo was seen in 1662, when sailors caught a male and a female dodo. At that time, no one knew the dodo was disappearing. People did not even have the word 'extinction' in this meaning until the 1700s. In 1833, scientists used the dodo to prove that humans could cause a bird to disappear. The Dutch left Mauritius in 1710, but by then many animals and plants were already gone forever.

a. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d: (6 × 2 = 12 Marks)

9. The best title for this passage is:

- a) Mauritius Forests b) Extinction of The Dodo
- c) Animals of Mauritius d) The Dutch in Mauritius

10. The underlined word 'settled' in the 3rd paragraph means:

- a) ate b) lived c) bought d) painted

11. The underlined word 'their' in the 3rd paragraph refers to:

- a) rats b) cows c) dodos d) eggs

12. According to the passage, why did dodos stop flying?

- a) They grew bigger. b) There were no enemies in Mauritius.
- c) They were caught by sailors. d) They went further into the island.

13. According to the passage, what happened to the dodos' eggs?

- a) The Dutch brought them to Mauritius. b) Cats and rats ate them.
- c) The dodos buried them in forests. d) Cows and sheep ate their food.

14. The writer's purpose in writing this passage is to:

- a) tell a story about the Dutch sailors.
- b) explain how humans caused the extinction of the dodo.
- c) describe the geography of Mauritius.
- d) show us that the dodo bird is fat and slow.

B. According to the passage, answer the following questions: (2 × 2 = 4 Marks)

15. What happened to the forests of Mauritius after the Dutch arrived?

.....

16. When did the Dutch leave Mauritius?

.....

A- Grammar (12Marks)

A. From a, b, c and d, choose the correct answer (4X2=8 Marks)

17. If I were you, I hard for the final exams.

- a) will study b) would study c) studied d) study

18. My father bought a book explains the history of Kuwait.

- a) which b) who c) where d) when

19. Mount Everest is mountain in the world.

- a) high b) higher c) the highest d) highest

20. people attended the meeting because of the rain.

- a) Any b) Many c) Few d) Little

B. Do as required between brackets: (3 x 2 = 6 Marks)

21. My brother doesn't like spicy food. My sister doesn't like spicy food.

----- (Join using "Neither..nor")

22. I (read) this exciting book for two hours.

(Correct the verb)

23. He was writing an email when his computer crashed.

(Ask a question)

B- Writing (18 Marks)

Nowadays, lots of people prefer living a very simple life.

Plan and write a report of two paragraphs (not less than 12 sentences) **“explaining what living simply means and why some people choose to live a simple life.”**

N.B (Your writing should include a topic sentence, supporting details and a concluding sentence for each paragraph)

The Plan (2 Marks)

Paragraph (1): what living simply means

Topic sentence: _____

Supporting details: _____

Concluding sentence: _____

Paragraph (2): why some people choose to live a simple life

Topic sentence: _____

Supporting details: _____

Concluding sentence: _____

Write your report here (16 Marks)

Mohammed

Test Bank

A- Vocabulary

Unit 1

A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. It was a _____ achievement to finish the marathon in under two hours.
a) remarkable b) tough c) positive d) curious
2. The historical museum displays artifacts that _____ Kuwait's rich heritage.
a) represent b) survive c) give up d) remain
3. Reading stories about great scientists can _____ students to invent new things.
a) inspire b) fulfil c) highlight d) trust
4. Working late every night was a _____ task, but the team completed the project.
a) tough b) curious c) positive d) equal
5. You need to work hard and stay committed to _____ your ultimate goals.
a) fulfil b) give up c) remain d) survive
6. With sheer power of _____, the injured climber made it back to the base camp.
a) will b) expedition c) mindset d) trait
7. Desert animals have adapted remarkable abilities to _____ without food for days.
a) survive b) give up c) represent d) inspire
8. Success is not _____ a matter of luck; it requires planning and dedication.
a) merely b) proudly c) consistently d) equally
9. Cultivating a growth _____ enables students to learn from their mistakes.
a) mindset b) explorer c) progress d) talent
10. The teacher praised the student for _____ submitting excellent essays every week.
a) consistently b) merely c) proudly d) toughly
11. Modern machinery processes raw materials very _____ and without wasting energy.
a) efficiently b) proudly c) merely d) curiously
12. Never _____ on your dreams, even when facing difficult times.
a) give up b) remain c) fulfil d) highlight
13. Maintaining a _____ attitude helps you handle daily stress and challenges.
a) positive b) tough c) curious d) merely
14. Building mutual _____ between team members is crucial for effective collaboration.
a) trust b) expedition c) progress d) trait
15. Both teams were treated _____ by the referee throughout the match.
a) equally b) proudly c) merely d) consistently

Unit 2

A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. The suspect tried to _____ that he was far away during the time of the incident.
a) claim b) install c) assist d) replace
2. The police warned citizens not to fall for _____ identity cards used by fraudsters.
a) fake b) efficient c) accurate d) cautious
3. She felt _____ about leaving her laptop unattended in the public library.
a) uneasy b) accurate c) complex d) efficient
4. Students can gain easy _____ to digital books through the school library portal.
a) access b) scam c) software d) manner
5. Technical support staff will _____ you in setting up your new computer account.
a) assist b) reject c) claim d) update
6. Banks constantly warn customers about fraudulent _____ emails.
a) phishing b) manner c) software d) security
7. Report any suspicious phone call immediately to avoid becoming a victim of a _____.
a) scam b) customer c) access d) manner
8. The doctor treated the patient's condition very _____ and ordered immediate tests.
a) seriously b) casually c) genuinely d) fake
9. Airports maintain strict _____ protocols to ensure the safety of all passengers.
a) security b) scam c) manner d) claim
10. She was _____ happy when her best friend won the scholarship.
a) genuinely b) casually c) complexly d) uneasily
11. We need to _____ the worn-out tyres on the car before taking a long road trip.
a) replace b) reject c) claim d) install
12. Modern accounting _____ helps businesses calculate their taxes without errors.
a) software b) customer c) scam d) manner
13. The new electric bus is highly _____ and produces zero carbon emissions.
a) efficient b) complex c) fake d) uneasy
14. The sales assistant gave every _____ personal attention to help them choose.
a) customer b) access c) security d) scam
15. Engineering drawings must be perfectly _____ to avoid errors during construction.
a) accurate b) uneasy c) fake d) complex

Unit 3

A) Choose the correct answer:

1. A person's actions often _____ their true personality and underlying values.
a) reflect b) serve c) maintain d) produce
2. The Olympic rings are a famous _____ representing international sports unity.
a) symbol b) recipe c) label d) fibre
3. National Day is a grand _____ celebrated with parades and fireworks across Kuwait.
a) occasion b) ingredient c) source d) label
4. Fresh garlic is a key _____ that gives Italian pasta sauces their great taste.
a) ingredient b) symbol c) occasion d) fibre
5. The palace features a highly _____ architectural design that stands out.
a) distinctive b) raw c) harmful d) organic
6. She followed her family's traditional _____ to bake a delicious chocolate cake.
a) recipe b) fibre c) label d) symbol
7. English is _____ spoken by people in many business sectors around the world.
a) commonly b) rawly c) harmfully d) organically
8. Adding lemon juice enhances the sour _____ of fresh salads.
a) flavour b) symbol c) fibre d) occasion
9. You should never consume _____ poultry meat without cooking it thoroughly.
a) raw b) aromatic c) energetic d) homemade
10. Visiting ancient historical monuments is a great way to _____ local heritage.
a) experience b) reflect c) serve d) produce
11. After a good night's sleep, children feel _____ and ready to learn at school.
a) energetic b) harmful c) raw d) distinct
12. Eating foods rich in natural _____ helps improve digestion and heart health.
a) fibre b) symbol c) occasion d) label
13. The new educational program _____ improved student test scores this term.
a) significantly b) harmfully c) rawly d) commonly
14. Everyone enjoys eating fresh _____ cookies hot out of the oven.
a) homemade b) harmful c) raw d) organic
15. Kuwaiti farms _____ metric tons of fresh dates and vegetables annually.
a) produce b) reflect c) serve d) maintain

Unit 4

A) Choose the correct answer:

1. Students need to _____ on their teacher's explanation during complex lessons.
a) focus b) discard c) donate d) conserve
2. Sending a handwritten note was a very _____ gesture that made her smile.
a) thoughtful b) disposable c) wasteful d) balanced
3. Regular physical activity provides great health _____ for people of all ages.
a) benefits b) expenses c) packagings d) gadgets
4. Turning off lights when leaving an empty room helps _____ energy.
a) conserve b) discard c) donate d) minimise
5. Volunteering at an animal shelter gives young people a _____ sense of purpose.
a) meaningful b) disposable c) wasteful d) expensive
6. Gold and diamonds are considered _____ minerals found deep in the earth.
a) valuable b) disposable c) wasteful d) balanced
7. Following a well-_____ diet ensures your body receives all essential nutrients.
a) balanced b) disposable c) wasteful d) thoughtful
8. Eco-friendly brands use minimal _____ to reduce environmental impact.
a) packaging b) expense c) consumption d) gadget
9. Citizens should act _____ by disposing of plastic waste in proper bins.
a) responsibly b) necessarily c) instead d) wastefully
10. We should try our best to _____ water consumption during hot summer months.
a) minimise b) preserve c) discard d) donate
11. Travelling during peak holiday seasons can be a major _____ for families.
a) expense b) gadget c) packaging d) benefit
12. Museums use special glass cases to _____ ancient historical documents.
a) preserve b) discard c) minimise d) donate
13. Using _____ plastic cups creates tons of unnecessary waste in landfills.
a) disposable b) valuable c) thoughtful d) meaningful
14. Reducing the _____ of sugary drinks helps prevent childhood health issues.
a) consumption b) packaging c) expense d) gadget
15. Many generous citizens choose to _____ blood at the central blood bank.
a) donate b) conserve c) discard d) preserve

B) Fill in the blanks:

(curious - highlight - expedition - progress - talent - remain) U 1

1. Students are naturally _____ to discover how scientific experiments work in the laboratory.
2. Showing exceptional musical _____ at a young age helped him join the national orchestra.
3. The school magazine decided to _____ the academic achievements of top students.
4. The scientific team prepared for a month before starting their dangerous polar _____.
5. With continuous daily practice, the young athlete showed steady _____ in swimming.

(reject - update - cautious - manner - casually - replace) U2

1. He was dressed _____ in comfortable clothes for a relaxing afternoon at home.
2. The committee had to _____ the application because it lacked essential documents.
3. You should regularly _____ your phone software to benefit from new security features.
4. Be extremely _____ when walking on slippery roads during heavy rain.
5. The customer service representative answered all our questions in a polite _____.

(aromatic - variety - source - organic - maintain- serve) U3

1. Waiters at the restaurant _____ hot soup to guests as an appetizer.
2. Fresh cardamom and cinnamon give the tea an inviting _____ scent.
3. The market offers a wide _____ of fresh tropical fruits imported weekly.
4. Rivers are a crucial _____ of fresh water for agriculture and drinking.
5. Farmers use natural compost to grow _____ vegetables without chemicals.

(instead - gadget - discard - mindful – conserve - necessarily) U4

1. Expensive electronics do not _____ mean they are more durable than cheaper ones.
2. If you don't want coffee, you can have green tea _____.
3. A modern smartphone is a versatile electronic _____ that does many tasks.
4. Please _____ all broken items properly into the designated recycling bins.
5. Drivers must be _____ of pedestrian crossings and speed limits at all times.

B) Grammar

A) Choose the correct answer :-

1. When the teacher walked into the class, the boys _____ quietly.
a) read b) were reading c) are reading d) reads
2. Ahmed lost his watch while he _____ in the sea.
a) swam b) was swimming c) swims d) is swimming
3. While my mother _____ dinner, my father was fixing the car.
a) prepared b) was preparing c) prepares d) is preparing
4. They saw a dolphin while they _____ near the beach.
a) sailed b) were sailing c) sail d) are sailing
5. When I saw Khalid yesterday, he _____ a red jacket.
a) wore b) was wearing c) wears d) is wearing
6. _____ the doctor nor the nurses were able to identify the rare disease.
a) Both b) Neither c) Either d) And
7. He is good at _____ math and science.
a) both b) neither c) either d) nor
8. _____ Hamad nor his friends arrived on time for the meeting.
a) Both b) Neither c) Either d) And
9. My uncle travels abroad for _____ business and pleasure.
a) both b) neither c) either d) nor
10. _____ the manager nor his assistant was present yesterday.
a) Both b) Neither c) Either d) And
11. If you don't set a strong password, hackers _____ your account.
a) accessed b) would access c) will access d) accesses
12. What _____ if you saw a digital scam message on your phone?
a) will you do b) would you do c) do you do d) did you do
13. If the teacher _____ us extra homework today, I will finish it early.
a) gives b) gave c) would give d) giving
14. If I had a private jet, I _____ around the world.
a) will fly b) would fly c) fly d) flew
15. If you mix red and yellow, you _____ orange.
a) get b) will get c) would get d) got
16. 8:00 AM is the time _____ our first lesson usually starts.
a) who b) which c) where d) when
17. The student _____ won the speech competition felt very proud.
a) who b) which c) where d) when
18. They fixed the computer _____ had a virus infection.
a) who b) which c) where d) when
19. The sports club _____ I practice swimming has a huge pool.
a) who b) which c) where d) when

20. Friday is the day _____ family members gather together.
a) who b) which c) where d) when
21. This recipe is _____ complicated than the one in the basic cookbook.
a) least b) far c) much d) more
22. The famous food festival _____ in the city park every spring.
a) holds b) is held c) held d) was holding
23. The damaged kitchen equipment _____ immediately after the accident.
a) replaced b) was replaced c) replaces d) is replacing
24. That chef is known as _____ pizza maker in the country.
a) the most famous b) more famous c) famousest d) most famous
25. Raw meat _____ away from fresh vegetables in the refrigerator.
a) should keep b) should be kept c) keeps d) must keep
26. The dessert tasted _____ than anyone had expected.
a) deliciouser b) more delicious c) most delicious d) delicious
27. All the dirty dishes _____ right after the dinner party ended.
a) washed b) were washed c) are washed d) wash
28. Kuwait Towers _____ as one of the most famous landmarks in the region.
a) regards b) is regarded c) regarded d) was regarding
29. This is by far _____ meal I have ever eaten in my life.
a) bad b) worse c) the worst d) more bad
30. Guidelines for healthy living _____ on the school bulletin board tomorrow.
a) will post b) will be posted c) posted d) are posting
31. They _____ the same car for more than ten years.
a) have owned b) have been owning c) owned d) are owning
32. There aren't _____ chairs in the meeting room.
a) much b) little c) any d) a little
33. Mona _____ her room all morning.
a) has cleaned b) has been cleaning c) cleaned d) is cleaned
34. Have you bought _____ vegetables for dinner?
a) some b) any c) much d) little
35. I have known my best friend _____ 2018.
a) for b) since c) already d) just
36. There are only _____ mistakes in your essay.
a) a little b) a few c) much d) any
37. The workers _____ the road since early morning.
a) have repaired b) have been repairing c) repaired d) repair
38. We have _____ completed the first part of the project.
a) already b) since c) for d) many
39. There is _____ milk in the fridge, but it is enough for breakfast.
a) a few b) a little c) many d) any

B) Do as shown

1. They have visited their grandparents since two weeks. (Correct)
2. There isn't many information about the competition. (Correct)
3. He has been waiting for the doctor since two hours. (Correct)
4. Have you already finish your work? (Correct)
5. We have bought few vegetables for dinner. (Correct)
6. She hasn't called me for Monday. (Correct)
7. There are much cars outside the school. (Correct)
8. I have been knowing him for ten years. (Correct)
9. They have just arrive at the station. (Correct)
10. We haven't got many time to finish the project. (Correct)
- 11. She has been waiting for the bus for thirty minutes. (Ask Questions)
12. We have lived in this house since 2019. (Ask Questions)
13. The students have been preparing for the exam for two weeks. (Ask Questions)
14. My father has worked at this company since 2015. (Ask Questions)
15. Sara has already sent the email. (Make Negative)
16. The students have just started the lesson. (Make Negative)
17. He has already repaired his bicycle. (Make Negative)
18. I have just spoken to the manager. (Make Negative)
19. We were waiting for the school bus when it started to rain. (Make Negative)
20. Mr. Bader explained the entire grammar lesson. (Make Negative)

21. Both the manager and his assistant attended the meeting. **(Make Negative)**

22. Farmers grow organic vegetables in local farms. **(Change into Passive)**

23. The chef baked a huge birthday cake for the party. **(Change into Passive)**

24. Workers must follow safety rules in food factories. **(Change into Passive)**

25. Kuwait imports fresh fruits from many countries. **(Change into Passive)**

26. The police arrested the scammer yesterday. **(Change into Passive)**

27. You should wash raw fruits before eating them. **(Change into Passive)**

28. They downloaded an application. It protects phones from scams. **(which)**

29. This is the laboratory. Students conduct science experiments here. **(where)**

30. 7:30 AM is the moment. The morning assembly begins then. **(when)**

31. The worker was very brave. He rescued the child from the fire. **(who)**

32. She bought a new car. It uses electrical power. **(which)**

33. They were sleeping. A loud noise woke them up. **(Join using: While)**

34. As Sara clean the kitchen, she broke a glass. **(Correct the verb)**

35. The lights went out. We study for the exam. **(Correct the verb)**

36. While Mr. Bader (explain) the lesson, the bell rang. **(Join using: When)**

Irregular verbs

1	be	was / were	been	يكون
2	become	became	become	يصبح
3	begin	began	begun	يبدأ
4	break	broke	broken	يكسر
5	bring	brought	brought	يجلب / يحضر
6	build	built	built	يبني
7	buy	bought	bought	يشترى
8	come	came	come	يأتي
9	do	did	done	بـ يقوم / يفعل
10	drink	drank	drunk	يشرب
11	drive	drove	driven	يقود
12	eat	ate	eaten	يأكل
13	find	found	found	يجد
14	get	got	got / gotten	على يحصل
15	give	gave	given	يعطي
16	go	went	gone	يذهب
17	have	had	had	لديه / يملك
18	know	knew	known	يعرف
19	make	made	made	يجعل / يصنع
20	meet	met	met	يقابل
21	read	read	read	يقرأ
22	run	ran	run	يركض / يجري
23	say	said	said	يقول
24	see	saw	seen	يرى
25	speak	spoke	spoken	يتحدث
26	take	took	taken	يأخذ
27	tell	told	told	لـ يقول / يخبر
28	think	thought	thought	يعتقد / يفكر
29	write	wrote	written	يكتب
30	win	won	won	يفوز

Good luck