2026/2027

GRADE 12 SET BOOK

Mrs. Shahinaz Hassan

Unit 1

1- What is the importance of law? **ما هي أهمية القانون؟**
- to protect our rights
- to reduce crimes
- to live in peace
- to punish criminals

2- How will our life be without laws? **كيف ستصبح حياتنا بدون القانون؟**
- We will live in chaos.
- There will be lots of crimes.
- We won't feel safe.
- Hatred will spread everywhere.

3- What are the different types of law? **ما هي الأنواع المختلفة للقانون؟**
- family law
- criminal law
- civil law
- property law

4- What is the purpose of sending criminals to prison? **ما الهدف من وضع المجرمين في السجن؟**
- to punish them
- to protect the society

5- How do Islamic values influence the system of laws in Kuwait?
كيف تؤثر القيم الإسلامية على نظام القوانين في الكويت؟
•The Kuwaiti laws are drawn from the teachings of Islam.

6- What is meant by the "Culture of blame"? **ما المقصود بثقافة اللوم؟**
- People search for someone to blame for their own faults.

7- What are the advantages of taking courts as the first port to solve our problems? (Petty litigation **ما هي إيجابيات أخذ المحاكم كملجأ أول لحل النزاعات؟**
- It protects our rights.
- It shows that our courts are working.

8- What are the disadvantages of taking courts as the first port to solve our problems?
ما هي سلبيات أخذ المحاكم كملجأ أول لحل النزاعات؟
- It clogs up courts.
- It prevents prosecution against real criminals.

9- How can we solve our problems away from courts? **كيف يمكن لنا حل النزاعات بعيدًا عن المحاكم؟**
- We can stick to our teachings of Islam.
- We can consult wise people.

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10- How can motorists who break the speed limits in residential areas be punished?
كيف يمكم معاقبة سائقي المركبات الذين يتجاوزون السرعة القصوى في المناطق السكنية؟

• They must pay fines.
• They must be banned from driving.

Unit 2

1- What are the reasons for migration? **ما هي أسباب الهجرة؟**

• seeking better life
• finding better jobs
• getting better education
• seeking better healthcare
• escaping wars, famine, and natural disasters

2- What are the disadvantages of migration? **ما هي مساوئ الهجرة؟**

• feeling lonely and homesick
• losing identity
• facing communication problems
• overpopulation in the host country
• lack of skilled people in the home country

3- What opportunities does Kuwait offer to the migrants? **ما الفرص التي توفرها الكويت للمهاجرين؟**

• good jobs
• good standard of living

4- Would you like to migrate one day? Why / Why not? **هل ترغب في الهجرة يومًا ما؟ لماذا؟**

• Yes, to complete my studies

Unit 3

1- Give examples of universal human values? **اذكر أمثلة على القيم الإنسانية العالمية؟**

• Freedom. • Tolerance • Compassion

2- Why are human values important? **ما أهمية القيم الإنسانية؟**

• to live in peace.
• to create a better future.
• to make the world a better place to live in.

3- From where do our human values spring? **من أين تنبع قيمنا الإنسانية؟**

• From the teachings of Islam.

4- How does the Kuwaiti government protect basic human rights ?
كيف تحمي الحكومة الكويتية الحقوق الإنسانية؟

• through laws and legislations.

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6- What is meant by compassion? **ما المقصود بالرحمة؟**
• Caring for other people such as the poor, the hungry, the elderly and the very young.

7- What is meant by tolerance? **ما المقصود بالتسامح؟**
• Accepting others even if they are different from us

8- Freedom means to do whatever you want. Do you agree? Why?
هل تتفق أن الحرية أن تفعل كما يحلو لك؟ ولماذا؟
• No, as there should be a balance between our needs and the limits of other people.

9- What are the aims of KRCS? **ما هي أهداف جمعية الهلال الأحمر الكويتية؟**
• to help and protect people in hardships

10- What does KRCS depend on? **علام تعتمد جمعية الهلال الأحمر الكويتية؟**
• It depends on volunteers and donations.

11- How should the KRCS volunteers be like? كيف يجب أن يكون متطوعو جمعية الهلال الأحمر الكويتية؟
• They should be helpful.
• They should be hard workers.

12- How can we encourage people to donate? **كيف نشجع الناس على التبرع؟**
• Telling them that it is a part of our religion
• Showing them other people's needs

13- Would you like to be a volunteer? **هل تحب أن تكون متطوعًا؟**
• Yes, to help poor people.

14- Donations can be performed in different ways. Mention some
التبرع يمكن أن يتم بصور عديدة. أذكر بعضًا منها
• We can donate money.
• We can provide shelter.

Focus on

1- What are the characteristics of a successful diplomat? **ما هي مواصفات الدبلوماسي الناجح؟**
• They should be confident.
• They should be friendly.

2- What are the aims of the Foreign Diplomatic Institute? **ما هي أهداف المعهد الدبلوماسي الكويتي؟**
•It holds meetings and seminars.
• It is training institute.

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Unit 4

1- Give examples of environmental problems. اذكر أمثلة على المشكلات البيئية.

• desertification • global warming • pollution • deforestation

2- What are the causes of desertification? ما هي أسباب التصحر؟

• unacceptable human activities
• climate change

3- Give examples of the unacceptable human activities towards the environment.
اذكر أمثلة على أنشطة الأنسان غير المقبولة تجاه البيئة.

• cutting down trees
• overcultivating the land
• polluting the atmosphere

4- What are the results of desertification? ما هي نتائج التصحر؟

• Winds become stronger.
• The soil becomes poor.

5- How can we solve the problem of desertification? كيف يمكن حل مشكلة التصحر؟

• by planting more trees
• by raising awareness

6- If you were the Earth, what would you say to man? ماذا ستقول للإنسان لو كنت الأرض؟

• Try to save me. I need your help.

7- What is the importance of water? ما هي أهمية الماء؟

• We use it for cooking.
• We use it for drinking.
• We use it for growing plants.
• We use it for generating electricity.

8- Mention some ways of wasting water. أذكر بعض طرق الإسراف في الماء.

• taking long showers
• using a hose to water plants

9- How can we consume water less? كيف يمكن لنا أن نستهلك الماء بشكل أقل؟

• taking short showers
• using cans to water plants

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Unit 5

1- Why has recycling become an important issue these days? **ما هي أهمية إعادة التدوير؟**

- It reduces pollution.
- It saves the environment.
- It provides more jobs.

2- What are the disadvantages of recycling? **ما هي مساوئ إعادة التدوير؟**

- It is expensive.
- It takes much time.
- It produces toxins.
- Recycled materials are of low quality.

3- What are the items that can be recycled? **ما الأشياء التي يمكن إعادة تدويرها؟**

- newspapers
- magazines
- glass
- metal

4- What is the role of Kuwait in recycling? **ما دور الكويت في عملية إعادة التدوير؟**

- It has built recycling centers.
- It spreads awareness about the need for recycling.

5- What happens to waste materials that are not recycled?
ما الذي يحدث للمواد التي لا يتم إعادة تدويرها؟

- They are burnt or buried.

6- How is burning rubbish harmful to the environment? **كيف يضر حرق النفايات البيئة؟**

- It causes air pollution.

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Unit 6

1- Why are pandas under threat? **لماذا تعد الباندا مهددة بالخطر؟**

- because of their habitat destruction
- because of hunting them

2- Why do we need to protect pandas from being extinct? **لماذا يجب حماية الباندا من الانقراض؟**

- to keep the environmental balance

3- How do the government protect endangered species?
كيف تحمي الحكومة الحيوانات المهددة بالانقراض؟

- by building natural reserves
- by raising awareness

4- What is land reclamation? **ما المقصود باستصلاح الأرض (من البحار)؟**

• taking land from the sea to create farmland, housing, resorts and even shopping centres

5- What are the advantages of land reclamation? **ما هي مميزات استصلاح الأرض (من البحار)؟**

• creating more green areas
• solving the problem of overpopulation

6- What are the disadvantages of land reclamation? **ما هي مساوئ استصلاح الأرض (من البحار)؟**

• It disturbs the local environment.
• It destroys animal habitat.

Focus On

1- What is the importance of Arfaj? **ما هي أهمية نبات العرفج؟**

• It is a source of food for animals.
• It is the national flower of Kuwait.

2- Why is it in danger? **لماذا يهدد نبات العرفج بالخطر؟**

• because of the unacceptable human activities

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Best of Luck