Refaa School C1

Science Teacher Arwa Al Mussabi

Science Grade 4 Semester 1 Book Part 2 Review

NAME	GRADE 4	4/ DATE/11
Chapter 4 Lesson1: Animal Adaptation: pag	ويوانات 103 -e : 92	درس تكيف الـ
Q1: Fill each blank with the best term from the		
A (Camouflage / echolocation / extinct / h		
Adaptation – Mimicry – accommodation)		•
1. The process of finding an object by using e	echos is	
2. When the last species dies		
3. To survive in cold winters, some animals		
4. When animal hides or blends with environr	nent	
5. Something in the environment that causes	an organism to	respond is called
6. Differences among members of the same s	-	
7. The response of a plant to light, water, or g	-	
8-Trait or behavior that helps a living thing su		
9-When one kind of living thing has similar tra		
10-An individual organism's response to char	nges in its ecosy	stem
Q2: Match the words with their meanings: ani	mals senses (n	ages 102-103)
		ضع اسم الحاسة عند الجملة المناسبة (
1. Butterflies use their sense of		•
to lay eggs.		n a piano a good piaco
2. Dogs use their sense of	o warn them of	danger.
3. Bats make an echo to help them keep safe		
4. Some animals have large eyes and rabbits help them	have eyes on the	e sides of their head to
5- Animals use this to help them find food		
Q 3: How do animals use their senses? حيوانات	أهمية الحواس لل	
	ve around	
Help them stay safe. • Help them find food.	• Find othe	ers of their own kind.

Q4: Match the number of animal to its adaptation and the kind of behaviors to correct meaning: ضع الرقم المناسب بين القوسين \ مثال 1 محلول

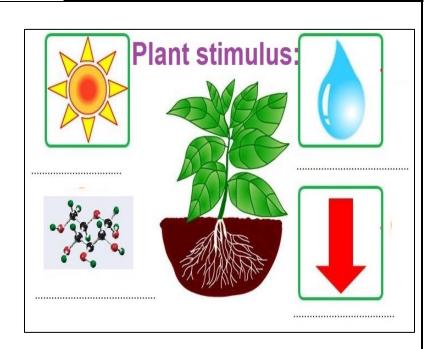
Kind of Animals Adaptation			
الصفات الجسدية Physical characteristic		السلوك Behaviors	
1-Polar pear	ر 7) Don't drink water, to Get water from food 1-Camouflage		(4) Lives off body fat and use little energy
2-Elephant	() long ear <u>To</u> Give off heat		() Leaving the place and go to another.
3-Sandgrouse birds	() a-Close nostrils : <u>To</u> keep out sand. b-Humps: <u>To</u> store fat. c-Wide hooves : <u>To</u> walk on sand.		() Animal like environment
4-Fennec fox	() feather keep water <u>,to</u> Carry water to baby 4-Hibernating: البيات الشتوى		() Animal like animals
5-Humming birds	() Long beak and narrow, to get food from flower	<u> </u>	
6-Camels:	() have fur, keep warm		
7-Kangaroo rat	() have trunk, to allow to take thing and feed		

Chapter 4 Lesson2: Plant Adaptation:

النباتات مع بيئاتها Page 110-114 Q1-Write under the figure the correct plant stimulus:

ضع اسم المحفز تحت صورته

Gravity – Water-Light -Chemicals



Q2: Write the plant adaptation your book page 112 اكتب اسم التركيب على الخط المنقط

from animals.	in water.		
Help store water.		Protect from animals	Small, Don't lose water
Soak up rain quickly.			Find stored water
الصبارSaguaro Cactus	THE THE		-

Q3: Complete the missing words: ضع الكلمة في مكانها الصحيح (Tropical – Temperate – leaves- grooves –Large-sunlight)

rain Forest: 1-Leaves have and drip tips, help rainwater flow off. 2-leaves are to catch more	Lose in Full & winter In spring tree grow newagain.
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Chapter 4 Lesson3: Changes in Ecosystem: Page 122 – 128 درس تغيرات النظام البيئي ضع الكلمة في مكانها الصحيح(Nature event- Locust- alligator) ضع الكلمة في مكانها الصحيح

What causes an ecosystem to change?				
A	B-Living thing	C- People Q2: Put the correct number near the meaning ضع الرقم المناسب عند التعريف		
 Hurricanes Volcanoes Landslides Droughts Earthquakes 	They can harm crops.	1-Pollution	() when too many (people)live in an area	
	Holes made by alligators that fill	2-Overpopulation	() When people cut down forests.	
		3-Deforestation	() adding harmful things to air, water and land.	

Q3: What happens when ecosystems change? Pu	it the correct word near the meaning:
(Endangered / Moving away/ Accommodation /	تسلسل الاحداث عند تغير النظام البيئي (Extinction
1-() living things will ch	ange their habits to survive. <u>تتأقلم</u>
2-() They will leave the	area and go somewhere else.الهروب
3-() if they cannot accommodate to	o change in ecosystem, they well die.
4-() when a species is in da	مهددة بالانقراض. Inger of becoming extinct
Q4: How can people prevent extinction? The UAI Oryx from extinction by most important project can be seen as a seen	alled: <u>"</u>
Chapter 5 Lesson 1 Choosing healthy food: Page	درس اختيار الغذاء الصحي 150 -140
Q1: Fill each blank with the best term from the lis	ضع الكلمة عند التعريف الصحيح:
(Carbohydrates / nutrient / balanced diet / e	ndurance / physical fitness / / bacteria /
protein / resource/ hygiene)	
1. When you eat meals and snacks that provide the	ne proper amounts of foods from each
food group, you follow an	
2. A substance in food that your body needs for g	growth, repair, and energy is (an)
3. Your body's main source of energy comes from	n nutrients called
4. The ability to perform an activity without become	ning tired is
5. The nutrient needed for growth and repair of be	ody tissues is
6. When your heart, lungs, muscles, and other bo	dy parts are all
working at their best, you have good.	
7. Minerals andare nutrients that he	elp your body grow and carry out
certain functions.	
8. The practice of keeping clean is called	
9. Ais a germ that causes disea	ase.
Q2-Match the nutrient to its role in your body	ضع الرقم المناسب بجوار المادة الغذائية: (p148-149)
1-Give a lot of Energy	() Proteins
2- Grow and certain functions.	() Fats and Oils
3-The main source of Energy.	() Carbohydrates
4- For grow and repair body & tissues.	() Vitamins and Minerals.

اكتب اسم المعدن او الفيتامين بجوار اهميته

Q3: Write the correct vitamins and minerals in correct space: (Calcium / C / iron / A)
A- Vitamin keep your eyes gums and skin healthy. It found in carrots. B- Vitamin Keep your blood, bones teeth and gums healthy. It found in citrus fruits.
C Used to build strong teeth and bones. It found in Milk
D Keep red blood cells working. It found in Meats.
درس البقاء بصحة وسلامة 170 -Chapter 5 Lesson 2 Staying Healthy, fit, and safe : Page 164- 170
Q1: Put the term near the meaning:
ضع الكلمة بجوار تعريفها اواسم الميكروب (Infectious disease / bacteria/ non-infectious/ fungi)
1. A is one that is transmitted from living things to
another.
2 disease did not transmitted from one person to another.
3-GramsمیکروباتSingle celled such as Viruses and and
ضع الرقم المناسب 1 أو 2 بجوار الجملة :Q2: Put the correct number near the sentences
1-Ways of disease transmitted. طرق انتقال المرض 2-The Symptoms
() Shaking hands () body temperature rise. () animals
() skin and eye redness. () patient's tools. () vomiting.
Q3: put the term near the meaning: (Immunity / Antibodies /Alexander Fleming\
Vaccination) ضع الكلمة عند تعريفها
1-() Physician injects with small amount of germ that body recognizes.
2-() Is the ability of the body to resist an infectious disease.
3-() Medicine used to cure a heathy condition caused by bacteria.
4-() the first scientist discover the antibiotic called penicillin.
Q4 <u>The Importance of Sleeping</u> : How many hours they need to sleep? كم ساعات النوم
1-Chlidren less than 5 years need to more thanhours.
2-Chlidren between 5 to 12 years need between to hours.
3-Adults need less than hours to sleep.
Q5: What are importance of Sleeping? Put the correct word (cell \ tissue \ brain) ضع الكلمة
a and body recover and rest.
b- All Body well repair damage and
انتهت المراجعة للكتاب الثاني تمنياتي لكم بالتوفيق والنجاح (: أروى المصعبي

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Science Grade 4 Semester 1 Book Part 2 Review

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درس تكيف الحيوانات Page : 92- 103 ورس تكيف الحيوانات 103 -92

ضع الكلمة عند التعريف :Q1: Fill each blank with the best term from the list

<u>A (Camouflage / echolocation / extinct / hibernate / stimulus / variations/ tropism-</u> Adaptation – Mimicry – accommodation)

- 1. The process of finding an object by using echos is echolocation
- 2. When the last species dies extinct
- 3. To survive in cold winters, some animals hibernate
- 4. When animal hides or blends with environment Camouflage
- 5. Something in the environment that causes an organism to respond is called stimulus
- 6. Differences among members of the same species are called <u>variations</u>
- 7. The response of a plant to light, water, or gravity is an tropism
- 8-Trait or behavior that helps a living thing survive in its environment Adaptation
- 9-When one kind of living thing has similar traits to another is Mimicry
- 10-An individual organism's response to changes in its ecosystem accommodation

Q2: Match the words with their meanings: animals senses (pages 102-103)

ضع اسم الحاسة عند الجملة المناسبة (sight hearing smell taste touch

- 1. Butterflies use their sense of teste to tell whether a plant is a good place to lay eggs.
- 2. Dogs use their sense of small to warn them of danger.
- 3. Bats make an echo to help them keep safe Hearing
- 4. Some animals have large eyes and rabbits have eyes on the sides of their head to help them Sight
- 5- Animals use this to help them find food. Touch

Q 3: How do animals use their senses? أهمية الحواس للحيوانات

Learned about the world around them
 Move around

Help them stay safe. • Help them find food. • Find others of their own kind.

Q4: Match the number of animal to its adaptation and the kind of behaviors to correct meaning: ضع الرقم المناسب بين القوسين \ مثال 1 محلول

Kind of Animals Adaptation			
الصفات الجسدية Physical characteristic		السلوك Behaviors	
1-Polar pear	(7) Don't drink water, to Get water from food		
2-Elephant	(4) long ear To Give off heat	2-Mimicry: المحاكاة	(5) Leaving the place and go to another.
3-Sandgrouse birds	out sand. b-Humps: <u>To</u> store fat. c-Wide hooves : <u>To</u> walk on sand. 3-Body structures: **Structures:** **Structures:** *		(1) Animal like environment
4-Fennec fox	(3) feather keep water <u>,to</u> Carry water to baby 4-Hibernating: البيات الشتوي		(2) Animal like animals
5-Humming birds	(<u>5)</u> Long beak and narrow, <u>to get food from flower</u>		(3) Snakes: have poison in jaws. Hedgehogs: cover with spines
6-Camels:	(1) have fur, keep warm		
7-Kangaroo rat	(2) have trunk, to allow to take thing and feed		

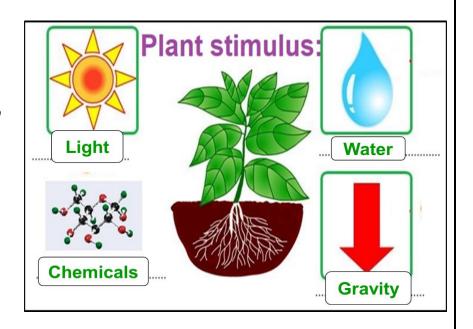
Chapter 4 Lesson2: Plant

Adaptation:

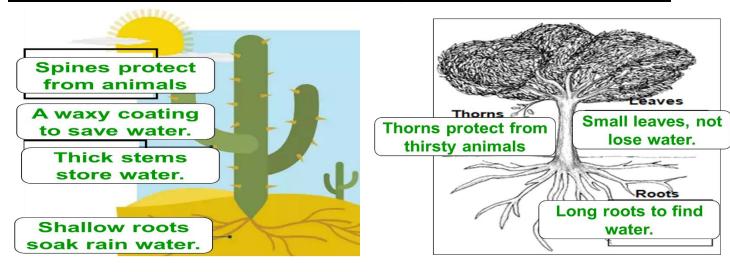
رس تكيف النباتات مع بيئاتها Page 110-114 Q1-Write under the figure the correct plant stimulus:

ضع اسم المحفز تحت صورته

Gravity – Water- Light -Chemicals



Q2: Write the plant adaptation your book page 112 اكتب اسم التركيب على الخط المنقط



طع الكلمة في مكانها الصحيح :Q3: Complete the missing words

(Tropical – Temperate – leaves- grooves –Large-sunlight)

Tropical rain Forest:

1-Leaves have **Grooves** and drip tips, help rainwater flow off.

2-leaves are Large .to catch more

sunlight

Temperate Forest:

Lose leaves in Full & winter

In spring tree grow new leaves .again.

Chapter 4 Lesson3: Changes in Ecosystem: Page 122 – 128 درس تغيرات النظام البيئي 21:Compelet with right answer: (Nature event- Locust- alligator) ضع الكلمة في مكانها الصحيح

What causes an ecosystem to change?			
A- Natural Event	B-Living thing	C- People <u>Q2</u> : Put the correct number near the meaning ضع الرقم المناسب عند التعريف	
Locust They can harm crops.		1-Pollution	(2) when too many (people)live in an area
 Volcanoes Landslides Droughts Earthquakes 	Alligator	2-Overpopulation	(3) When people cut down forests.
	Holes made by alligators that fill up with water.	3-Deforestation	(1) adding harmful things to air, water and land.

Q3: What happens when ecosystems change? Put the correct word near the meaning:

تسلسل الاحداث عند تغير النظام البيئي (Endangered / Moving away/ Accommodation / Extinction)

- عَتَاقَامِ. Accommodation) living things will change their habits to survive
- 2-(Moving away) They will leave the area and go somewhere else.الهروب
- 3-(Extinction) if they cannot accommodate to change in ecosystem, they well die.
- 4-(Endangered) when a species is in danger of becoming extinct مهددة بالانقراض.

Q4: How can people prevent extinction? The UAE succeeded in saving the Arabian Oryx from extinction by most important project called: 'Increasing Arabian Oryx project'

درس اختيار الغذاء الصحي 150 -140 Page الصحي 150 -140 Chapter 5 Lesson 1 Choosing healthy food: Page

ضع الكلمة عند التعريف الصحيح :Q1: Fill each blank with the best term from the list

(Carbohydrates / nutrient / balanced diet / endurance / physical fitness / bacteria / protein / Vitamins/ hygiene)

- 1. When you eat meals and snacks that provide the proper amounts of foods from each food group, you follow an balanced diet.
- 2. A substance in food that your body needs for growth, repair, and energy is (an) nutrient.
- 3. Your body's main source of energy comes from nutrients called carbohydrate
- 4. The ability to perform an activity without becoming tired is endurance
- 5. The nutrient needed for growth and repair of body tissues is protein.
- 6. When your heart, lungs, muscles, and other body parts are all physical fitness working at their best, you have good.
- 7. Minerals and Vitamins are nutrients that help your body grow and carry out certain functions.
- 8. The practice of keeping clean is called hygiene.
- 9. A bacteria is a germ that causes disease.

ضع الرقم المناسب بجوار المادة الغذائية: Q2-Match the nutrient to its role in your body (p148-149)

1-Give a lot of Energy (4) Proteins

2- Grow and certain functions. (1) Fats and Oils

3-The main source of Energy. (3) Carbohydrates

4- For grow and repair body & tissues. (2) Vitamins and Minerals.

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اكتب اسم المعدن او الفيتامين بجوار اهميته
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Q3: Write the correct vitamins and minerals in correct space: (Calcium / C / iron / A)

- A- Vitamin A keep your eyes gums and skin healthy. It found in carrots.
- B- Vitamin C Keep your blood, bones teeth and gums healthy. It found in citrus fruits.
- C Calcium Used to build strong teeth and bones. It found in Milk
- D Iron Keep red blood cells working. It found in Meats.

درس البقاء بصحة وسلامة 170 -140 Chapter 5 Lesson 2 Staying Healthy, fit, and safe : Page 164- 170

Q1: Put the term near the meaning:

ضع الكلمة بجوار تعريفها واسم الميكروب (Infectious disease / bacteria/ non-infectious/ fungi)

- 1. A Infection disease is one that is transmitted from living things to another.
- 2- Non- infection disease did not transmitted from one person to another.
- 3-GramsمیکروباتSingle celled such as Viruses and Bacteria and Fungi
- ضع الرقم المناسب 1 أو 2 بجوار الجملة :Q2: Put the correct number near the sentences
 - طرق انتقال المرض.1-Ways of disease transmitted

أعراض المرض 2-The Symptoms

- (1) Shaking hands
- (2) body temperature rise.
- (1) animals

- (2) skin and eye redness.
- (1) patient's tools.
- (2) vomiting.

<u>Q3: put the term near the meaning</u>: (Immunity / Antibodies /Alexander Fleming\ Vaccination) ضع الكلمة عند تعريفها

- 1- (Vaccination) Physician injects with small amount of germ that body recognizes. 2-(Immunity) Is the ability of the body to resist an infectious disease.
- 3-(Antibodies) Medicine used to cure a heathy condition caused by bacteria.
 - 4-(Alexander Fleming) the first scientist discover the antibiotic called penicillin.
- كم ساعات النوم ? The Importance of Sleeping: How many hours they need to sleep
 - 1-Chlidren less than 5 years need to more than More than 11 hours.
 - 2-Chlidren between 5 to 12 years need between 9 to 11 hours.
 - 3-Adults need less than 9 hours to sleep.
- Q5: What are importance of Sleeping? Put the correct word (cell \ tissue \ brain) ضع الكلمة
 - a- Brain and body recover and rest.
 - b- All Body well repair damage Cell and Tissue

انتهت المراجعة للكتاب الثاني تمنياتي لكم بالتوفيق والنجاح (: أروى المصعبي